

Algorithm-8

—— FlowShop

A. Problem Description

The scheduling problem, under consideration, is called flow-shop scheduling where given a set of parts to be processed (jobs) and a set of machines for processing. Each part has the same technological path on all machines; the order of jobs is arbitrary. The goal is to find the appropriate sequence of jobs that minimizes the sum of idle times.

B. Description of algorithm

$$\min\{b_{\pi(i)}, a_{\pi(j)}\} \geq \min\{b_{\pi(j)}, a_{\pi(i)}\} \quad \text{JOHNSON'S}$$

ALGORITHM:

If any two jobs in the π schedule met the JOHNSON'S ALGORITHM, then the total time must be the minimum.

FlowShop()

$$[i] \quad N1 = \{ i \mid \quad \} \quad \& \quad a_i \geq b_j \quad N2 = \{ i \mid \quad \}$$

[ii] sort the set N1 in non-descending order

[iii] sort the set N2 in non-ascending order

[iiii] Concatenate the sets N1 & N2

C. Time Complexit

Step [i]: → $O(n)$

Step [ii] & [iii]: → $O(n \log n)$ if using MergeSort-Algorithm

Step [iiii]: → $O(n)$

Therefore, the total time

$T = O(n \log n)$

D. Code/Python]

```
#!/usr/bin/python
```

```
# Filename: FlowShop.py
```

```
class JobType:
```

```
    def judgeJob(self, x, y):
```

```
        self.job = (x <= y)
```

```
        self.key = x if x <= y else y
```

```
        return self.job
```

```
    def judgeIndex(self, index):
```

```
        self.index = index
```

```
def sort(array, n):
```

```
    for i in range(0, n - 1):
```

```
        k = i
```

```
        for j in range(i + 1, n):
```

```
            if array[k].key > array[j].key:
```

```
                k = j
```

```
        temp = array[k]
```

```
        array[k] = array[i]
```

```
        array[i] = temp
```

```
def FlowShop(n, a, b, c):
```

```
    d = []
```

```
    temp = JobType()
```

```

for i in range(0, n):
    d.append(JobType())
    d[i].judgeJob(a[i], b[i])
    d[i].index = i

sort(d, n)

'''
for i in range(0, n):
    print d[i].job, d[i].key, d[i].index
'''

```

```

j = 0
k = n - 1
for i in range(0, n):
    if d[i].job:
        c[j] = d[i].index
        j += 1
    else:
        c[k] = d[i].index
        k -= 1

```

```

j = a[c[0]]
k = j + b[c[0]]
for i in range(1, n):
    j += a[c[i]]
    k = (k + b[c[i]]) if j < k else (j + b[c[i]])

return k

```