

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY HYDERABAD**III B.Tech I Semester Regular Examinations, January 2026****MULESOFT INTEGRATION & DATAWEAVE**

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours**Max. Marks: 70**

*Note: This question paper contains two parts A and B.**Part A is compulsory which carries 25 marks. Answer all questions in Part A.**Part B consists of 5 Units. Answer any one full question from each unit. Each question carries 9 marks.*

PART - A

(25 Marks)

1. [2M] Define API-led connectivity. Name the three layers involved.
2. [3M] Explain the purpose of the X-Correlation-ID header in a distributed transaction.
3. [2M] What is the output of the DataWeave expression: "Hawkins" ++ " " ++ "Lab"?
4. [3M] Differentiate between map and mapObject in DataWeave with a one-line example for each.
5. [2M] Why is a System API considered the "Gatekeeper" of backend data?
6. [3M] In the context of transaction tracking, what is "Split Brain" logging, and how do you prevent it?
7. [2M] Write a DataWeave script to handle a null payload.power field by defaulting it to "None".
8. [3M] Explain the use of the pluck operator. How would you use it to extract all keys from an object?
9. [2M] Why should Experience APIs never call System APIs directly in a mature architecture?
10. [3M] What is the output of: [1, 2, [3, 4]] reduce ((item, acc = []) -> acc ++ flatten([item]))?

PART - B

(45 Marks)

UNIT - I

11. a) [5M] You are designing the security architecture for Hawkins National Laboratory. Illustrate the API-led connectivity approach for a "Demogorgon Sighting" system. Define the responsibilities of the System, Process, and Experience layers for this specific use case.
- b) [4M] Explain the request flow when a scientist reports a sighting via a Mobile App, ensuring the data reaches the secure mainframe.

OR

12. [9M] "Without Transaction Tracking, a distributed system is a Black Box." Justify this statement. Detailed the step-by-step implementation of generating, logging, and propagating a Correlation ID through three Mule flows.

UNIT - II

13. [9M] *Scenario: The Mind Flayer's Hive Mind.* You have received a chaotic JSON object representing the Hive Mind's connected hosts.

```
{ "hosts": { "Billy": "Flayed", "Heather": "Flayed", "Mike": "Safe" } }
```

Write a DataWeave script to: 1. Filter out the "Safe" hosts. 2. Transform the remaining data into an Array of Objects: [{"name": "Billy", "status": "Flayed", ...}] 3. Add a timestamp field scannedAt with the current time.

OR

14. a) [5M] Explain the groupBy operator. How would you use it to categorize a list of radio frequencies by "Clear" vs. "Static" signals?
- b) [4M] Given the array [10, 20, 30], write a script using map to multiply each element by 2, and then use filter to keep only results greater than 30.

UNIT - III

15. [9M] *Scenario: Cerebro's Encryption.* You are intercepting Russian transmissions. The data format is XML with attributes:

```
<message encryption="high" id="99">  
  <content>The gate is open</content>  
</message>
```

Write a DataWeave script to transform this into JSON.

- Extract the encryption attribute.
- If encryption is "high", mask the content to "****".
- If ID is "99", add a field priority: "URGENT".

OR

16. a) [5M] Discuss the importance of Type Coercion in DataWeave. How do you safely convert a String "100" to a Number, handling potential nulls?
- b) [4M] Write a script to merge two arrays: `names = ["Will", "Lucas"]` and `roles = ["Wizard", "Ranger"]` into a single object `"Will": "Wizard", "Lucas": "Ranger"`.

UNIT - IV

17. [9M] *Scenario: The Upside Down Timeline.* A portal opens in Hawkins (EST) at "2026-11-06T22:00:00". Calculate: 1. The time in California (PST) where Eleven is located. 2. The time in Russia (MSK, +3 UTC) where Hopper is located. 3. The duration between the portal opening and "now". Show the DataWeave logic for these time manipulations.

OR

18. a) [5M] Explain the concept of Custom Functions in DataWeave. Define a function `formatCode(code)` that upper-cases a string and appends "-HAWKINS".
- b) [4M] Using the update operator (or functional equivalent), show how to modify a specific field status in a payload from "Pending" to "Closed" without rewriting the whole object.

UNIT - V

19. [9M] Compare and contrast the "System Layer" and the "Process Layer". Why do we need a separate Process layer if the Experience layer can just call the System layer directly? Use the "Starcourt Mall" example (Customers + Inventory = Sales) to illustrate your answer.

OR

20. [9M] *Scenario: Vecna's Curse (Recursive Logic).* You have a nested employee object where each Manager has a list of 'reports', and those reports have 'reports'. Write a ****Recursive DataWeave function**** that flattens this hierarchy into a single list of all employee names, regardless of how deep the reporting structure goes.