# Al1110 : Probability and Random Variables Assignment 5

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## **Outline**

- Question
- Solution
  - Proof
  - Derivation
- Verification

#### Question

Prove and generalise the following identity

$$Pr(A + B + C) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) + Pr(C)$$

$$- Pr(AB) - Pr(BC)$$

$$- Pr(CA) + Pr(ABC)$$
(1)

### Solution:Proof

We will use the following identity,

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) - Pr(AB)$$
(2)

Now from (2)

$$Pr(A + (B + C)) = Pr(A) + Pr(B + C)$$
 (3)  
-  $Pr(A(B + C))$ 

$$Pr(B+C) = Pr(B) + Pr(C) - Pr(BC)$$
(4)

$$Pr(A(B+C)) = Pr(AB+AC)$$
 (5)

$$= \Pr(AB) + \Pr(AC) \tag{6}$$

$$-\Pr\left(\textit{ABAC}\right)$$

$$= \Pr(AB) + \Pr(AC) \tag{7}$$



Substitute (4) and (7) in (3), we get

$$Pr(A + B + C) = Pr(A) + Pr(B) + Pr(C)$$

$$-Pr(AB) - Pr(BC) - Pr(CA) + Pr(ABC)$$
(8)

Now using induction, we can show similarly that,

$$Pr(A1 + ... + An) = Pr(A1) + .... + Pr(An)$$

$$- Pr(A1A2) - ... - Pr(An - 1An)$$

$$+ ... (-1)^{n-1} Pr(A1A2...An)$$
(9)

#### Solution: Derivation

We will derive (2) using Boolean Algebra. For any two events A,B

$$A.1 = A \left( B + B' \right) \tag{10}$$

$$= AB + AB' \tag{11}$$

$$Pr(A) = Pr(AB + AB')$$
 (12)

$$= \Pr(AB) + \Pr(AB') \tag{13}$$

Since AB and AB' are mutually disjoint sets. Now.

$$A + B = A (B + B') + B (A + A')$$
 (14)

$$= (AB + BA) + BA' + B'A \tag{15}$$

$$= AB + A'B + B'A \tag{16}$$

$$= A + A'B \tag{17}$$



Now,

$$Pr(A+B) = Pr(A+A'B)$$
 (18)

Since both events are mutually disjoint.

$$Pr(A + B) = Pr(A) + Pr(A'B)$$
(19)

$$= \Pr(A) + \Pr(B) - \Pr(AB) \tag{20}$$

# Verification

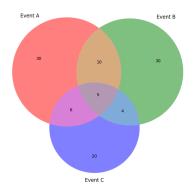


Figure 0: Figure generated by python



The python code ./codes/verify.py is used to verify the equation (8) using above python generated figure. The ouput of code is shown below,

```
The identity is verified successfully with LHS=RHS= 1.0
Figure 0
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