1) Code in linear folder

The solutions to the system of equations are:

$$x = 3, y = -2.5, z = 7$$

Symbolab substitution answer^

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/linear$ ./gewpp Lintest1.dat
Using custom input file ./gewpp: argc=2, argv[0]=./gewpp, argv[1]=Lintest1.dat
Example 1
Dimension of matrix = 3
Memory allocation done
Coefficient array read done
RHS vector read done
Matrices read from input file
Matrix A passed in
  10.0000
            -7.0000
                         3.0000
  -6.0000
              8.0000
                         4.0000
   2.0000
              6.0000
                         9.0000
RHS Vector b
   5.0000
   7.0000
  -1.0000
Augmented Coefficient Matrix A with RHS
                      3.0000
  10.0000
           -7.0000
                                 5.0000
  -6.0000
            8.0000
                      4.0000
                                7.0000
   2.0000
            6.0000
                      9.0000
                                -1.0000
Augmented Coefficient Matrix A with RHS passed to GEWPP
                      3.0000
  10.0000 -7.0000
                               5.0000
            8.0000
  -6.0000
                       4.0000
                                 7.0000
   2.0000
            6.0000
                       9.0000
                                -1.0000
Pivot row=0
Augmented Matrix A with RHS after row scaling with xfac=-0.600000
  10.0000
            -7.0000
                      3.0000
                                5.0000
                                10.0000
             3.8000
   0.0000
                       5.8000
```

gewpp.c on Lintest1.dat^

```
Pivot row=2
Row swaps with pivot row=2, search idx=1
Augmented Matrix A with RHS after row swaps
  10.0000
            -7.0000
                        3.0000
                                  5.0000
             7.4000
                        8.4000
                                 -2.0000
   0.0000
   0.0000
              3.8000
                        5.8000
                                 10.0000
Augmented Matrix A with RHS after row scaling with xfac=0.513514
  10.0000
            -7.0000
                        3.0000
                                  5.0000
             7.4000
                                 -2.0000
   0.0000
                        8.4000
   0.0000
              0.0000
                        1.4865
                                 11.0270
Augmented Matrix A with RHS after lower diagonal decomposition step 2
                        3.0000
  10.0000
            -7.0000
                                  5.0000
   0.0000
             7.4000
                        8.4000
                                 -2.0000
   0.0000
             0.0000
                        1.4865
                                 11.0270
Number of row exchanges = 1
Solution x
  -7.8091
  -8.6909
   7.4182
Computed RHS is:
   5.0000
   7.0000
  -1.0000
Original RHS is:
   5.0000
   7.0000
  -1.0000
```

gewpp.c on Lintest1.dat continued & answer^

$$10x - 7y + 3z = 5$$
, $-6x + 8y + 4z = 7$, $2x + 6y + 9z = -1$

Solution

$$x = -\frac{859}{110}, y = -\frac{478}{55}, z = \frac{408}{55}$$

Symbolab confirmation on Lintest1.dat numbers^

```
3.0000
-2.5000
7.0000
Computed RHS is:
7.8500
-19.3000
71.4000
Original RHS is:
7.8500
-19.3000
71.4000
```

gewpp.c results on Lintest4.dat^

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/linear$ ./gsit
Enter tolerable error:
0.00000000000001
Count
              -2.7571 7.1400 --- INITIAL GUESS
       2.6167
              -2.4940 7.0001, e1=0.384095238095238, e2=0.263131972789115, e3=0.139903074829933
       3.0008
              -2.5000 7.0000, e1=0.000555805895692, e2=0.005987905979916, e3=0.000103083942727
       3.0002
       3.0000 -2.5000 7.0000, e1=0.000206469128846, e2=0.000001468324276, e3=0.000006164707379
       3.0000 -2.5000 7.0000, e1=0.000000362036350, e2=0.000000259029797, e3=0.000000005680493
       3.0000 -2.5000 7.0000, e1=0.000000008255627, e2=0.000000000361387, e3=0.000000000254897
       3.0000 -2.5000 7.0000, e1=0.0000000000000000, e2=0.0000000000000, e3=0.00000000000000
GSIT Solution: x=3.000, y=-2.500 and z = 7.000
Computed RHS is:
  7.8500
 -19.3000
 71.4000
Original RHS is:
 7.8500
-19.3000
 71.4000
```

gsit.c output on Lintest4.dat^

$$3x - 0.1y - 0.2z = 7.85$$
, $0.1x + 7y - 0.3z = -19.3$, $0.3x - 0.2y + 10z = 71.4$
Solution $x = 3$, $y = -2.5$, $z = 7$

Symbolab confirmation on Lintest4.dat^

I prefer gewpp.c simply because it runs faster, but I do like the iterative guess process of gsit.c.

2) Code in cude_transpose and hello_cluster folders

Run transpose.c on 256x256 matrix[^]

```
Matrix size: 512x512 (32x32 tiles), tile size: 16x16, block size: 16x16

transpose simple copy

Throughput = 549,6682 GB/s, Time = 0.00355 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose haive

Throughput = 389,2548 GB/s, Time = 0.00382 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose coalesced

Throughput = 511.3535 GB/s, Time = 0.00382 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose optimized

Throughput = 511.3535 GB/s, Time = 0.00382 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose coarse-grained

Transpose coarse-grained

Transpose claegonal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00380 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00350 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00350 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00350 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, NumbevsUsed = 1, Workgroup = 256 transpose chaogenal

Throughput = 543.4042 GB/s, Time = 0.00370 ms, Size = 262144 fp32 elements, Numbev
```

Output of 512x512 matrix[^]

Output of 1024x1024 matrix[^]

Output of 4096x4096 matrix[^]

```
Matrix size: 8192x8192 (512x512 tiles), tile size: 16x16, block size: 16x16
transpose simple copy
transpose shared memory copy,
transpose naive
transpose coalesced
transpose ordinated
transpose diagonal
transpose di
```

Output of 8192x8192 matrix[^]

Sequential Times:

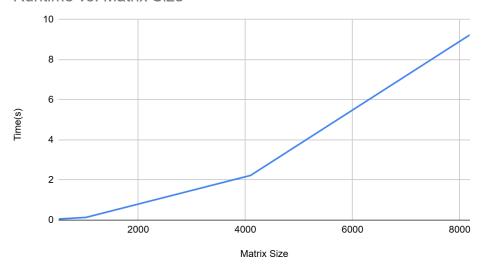
Matrix Dimensions	Sequential	CUDA
256	0.014s	0.028s
512	0.060s	0.053s
1024	0.278s	0.132s
4096	3.871s	2.226s
8192	15.498s	9.241s

Parallel portion => P% = C(1-1/SU)/C-1:

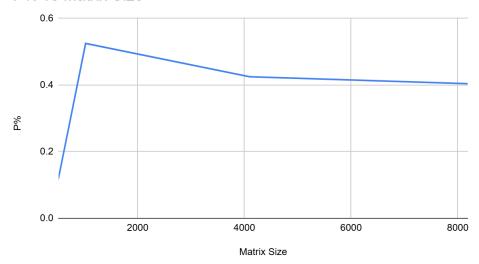
256: 6912(1-1/0.5)/6911 = -1.0001 => Sequential was faster so this breaks the equation

512: 6912(1-1/1.132)/6911 = 0.117 => **11.7% P**1024: 6912(1-1/2.106)/6911 = 0.525 => **52.5% P**4096: 6912(1-1/1.739)/6911 = 0.425 => **42.5% P**8192: 6912(1-1/1.677)/6911 = 0.404 => **40.4% P**

Runtime vs. Matrix Size



P% vs Matrix Size



Runtimes and P% visualized^

```
MPI Elapsed time
    = 0.000179 seconds
```

MPI execution on 10 iterations[^]

With only 10 iterations, the pi estimation is expectedly guite off. Quite satisfyingly, every multiple of 10 that the iterations are increased also increases the estimated pi value accuracy by a multiple of 10. With this trend, I found that beyond 1 billion iterations, the estimation was much better within a hundred-millionth of the expected value.

OpenMP and MPI execution of 1 billion iterations[^]

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello_cluster$ mpiexec -n 2 -ppn 2 -f c1_hosts ./piseriesreduce 100000
comm_sz=2, length=100000, sub_length=50000
my_rank=1, iterated up to 100000, local_sum=0.00000250000000
my_rank=0, iterated up to 50000, local_sum=0.78539316339745
my_rank=0, iterated up to 100000, local_sum=0.00000250000000
my_rank=0, iterated up to 50000, local_sum=0.78539316339745
20 decimals of pi = 3.14159265358979323846
C math library pi = 3.14159265358978, ppb error = 10000.00001338818765
Euler modified pi = 3.14158765358982, ppb error = 4999.99997094491300
MPI Elapsed time = 0.000513 seconds
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello cluster$ mpiexec_-n 2 -ppn 2 -f c1 hosts ./piseriesreduce 1000000
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello_cluster$ mpiexec -n 2 -ppn 2 -f c1_hocomm_sz=2, length=1000000, sub_length=500000
my_rank=1, iterated up to 1000000, local_sum=0.000000250000000
my_rank=0, iterated up to 500000, local_sum=0.78539766339742
my_rank=1, iterated up to 1000000, local_sum=0.00000025000000
my_rank=0, iterated up to 500000, local_sum=0.78539766339742
20 decimals of pi = 3.14159265358979323846
C math library pi = 3.14159265358999
Madhava-Leibniz pi = 3.14159265358991, ppb error = 1000.00010094802860
Euler modified pi = 3.14159215358991, ppb error = 499.99988460669442
MPI Elapsed time = 0.003800 seconds
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello_cluster$ ./piseriesreduce_omp 100000
20 decimals of pi = 3.14159265358979
Madhava-Leibniz pi = 3.14158265358979, ppb error = 10000.00000583867222
Euler modified pi = 3.14158265358979, ppb error = 4999.99998693212456
Elapsed time = 0.000571 seconds
     dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello_cluster$ mpiexec -n 2 -ppn 2 -f c1_hosts ./piseriesreduce 1000000
 Euler modified pt = 3.14159/65358981, ppb error = 4999.9998693212456

Elapsed time = 0.000571 seconds

dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5/hello_cluster$ ./piseriesreduce_omp 1000000

20 decimals of pi = 3.14159265358979323846

C math library pi = 3.14159265358979

Madhava-Leibniz pi = 3.14159165358978, ppb error = 1000.00001213018663

Euler modified pi = 3.14159215358989, ppb error = 499.99989926163835
                                                                                                = 0.003257 seconds
```

OpenMP and MPI execution on range between 100,000 - 1,000,000

There was very little difference between OpenMP and MPI outputs. The most notable difference was that the Euler estimation was more accurate than the Madhava-Leibniz at 1 million iterations for both implementations.

3)

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ time ./matrix test3x3.txt
Matrix Multiplication Result (m1 * m2):
  30.0 24.0
84.0 69.0
               18.0
               54.0
              90.0
 138.0 114.0
Matrix-Vector Multiplication Result (m1 * v1):
 157.0
 250.0
real
        0m0.005s
user
        0m0.001s
sys
        0m0.001s
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ time ./matrix_omp test3x3.txt
Matrix Multiplication Result (m1 * m2):
 30.0 24.0
               18.0
              54.0
90.0
 84.0 69.0
138.0 114.0
Matrix-Vector Multiplication Result (m1 * v1):
 157.0
 250.0
real
        0m0.004s
        0m0.002s
user
        0m0.002s
```

Run on given 3x3 matrix[^]

Unfortunately, rather than reaching speedup analysis, I instead ran into precision issues, so I'm pretty certain that any comparison would be incorrect. In the very least, the OpenMP implementation didn't run into such extreme rounding errors.

```
107.0 (18.0 c) 108.0 (18.0 c) 108.0
```

Overflowing output of sequential implementation on 10x10[^]

```
gin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ time ./matrix_omp test10x10.txt
Matrix Multiplication Result (m1 * m2):
1157.0 1143.0 1129.0 1115.0 1101.0 1087.0 1073.0 1059.0 1045.0 1031.0 5167.0 5103.0 5039.0 4975.0 4911.0 4847.0 4783.0 4719.0 4655.0 4591.0
9177.0 9063.0 8949.0 8835.0 8721.0 8607.0 8493.0 8379.0 8265.0 8151.0
13187.0 13023.0 12859.0 12695.0 12531.0 12367.0 12203.0 12039.0 11875.0 11711.0
17197.0 16983.0 16769.0 16555.0 16341.0 16127.0 15913.0 15699.0 15485.0 15271.0
21207.0 20943.0 20679.0 20415.0 20151.0 19887.0 19623.0 19359.0 19095.0 18831.0 25217.0 24903.0 24589.0 24275.0 23961.0 23647.0 23333.0 23019.0 22705.0 22391.0 29227.0 28863.0 28499.0 28135.0 27771.0 27407.0 27043.0 26679.0 26315.0 25951.0 33237.0 32823.0 32409.0 31995.0 31581.0 31167.0 30753.0 30339.0 29925.0 29511.0 37247.0 36783.0 36319.0 35855.0 35391.0 34927.0 34463.0 33999.0 33535.0 33071.0
Matrix-Vector Multiplication Result (m1 * v1):
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
     0.0
 real
              0m0.004s
              0m0.000s
user
sys
              0m0.004s
```

OpenMP implementation on 10x10[^]

The answers seem quite off. Answers for the 3x3 were only off by ~5-10, but as the expected answers increased in size, so too did the margin of error.

I unfortunately can't work any further on this problem due to time.

4)

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ ./gaussian Solution:
c1 = 11.509434
c2 = 11.509434
c3 = 19.056604
c4 = 16.998285
c5 = 11.509434
```

Gaussian elimination run on hardcoded problem values^

a = 11.509434	= 11.509434
b = 11.509434	= 11.509434
c = 19.056604	= 19.056604
d = 16.998285	= 16.998285
f = 11.509434	= 11.509434
6a-c	= 50
-3a+3b	= 0
-b + 9c	= 160.000002
-b - 8c + 11d - 2f	$=1\times10^{-6} \bigcirc$
-3a-b+4f	= 0

Values confirmed on Desmos scientific calculator^

```
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ ./gaussian_omp
Solution:
c1 = 11.509434
c2 = 11.509434
c3 = 19.056604
c4 = 16.998285
c5 = 11.509434
dgin@o251-03:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ ./gaussian
Solution:
c1 = 11.509434
c2 = 11.509434
c3 = 19.056604
c4 = 16.998285
c5 = 11.509434
```

Confirmation of matching outputs[^]

There was no speedup due to the minimal parallelism in my code. As is standard with too small of application, the parallel version ended up being slower due to resynchronizing operations.

```
dgin@ecc-linux2:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ time ./gaussian
Solution:
c1 = 11.509434
c2 = 11.509434
c3 = 19.056604
c4 = 16.998285
c5 = 11.509434
real
        0m0.010s
user
        0m0.001s
        0m0.003s
sys
dgin@ecc-linux2:~/Documents/csci551/assignment5$ time ./gaussian_omp
Solution:
c1 = 11.509434
c2 = 11.509434
c3 = 19.056604
c4 = 16.998285
c5 = 11.509434
real
        0m0.051s
user
        0m0.040s
        0m0.000s
sys
```

Sequential vs. parallel runtimes^