

Project Title:ESP32-CAM Microcontroller Hand Written Detection

Hardware Requirements:

- ESP32-CAM module
- Arduino IDE or PlatformIO extension for VS Code
- Python
- Tesseract OCR
- OpenCV library for Python

Python Code

The Python script reads the live stream from the ESP32-CAM, performs OCR using Tesseract, and displays the stream with extracted text using OpenCV.
Snippet:

```
# Python Code Snippet

# (Refer to the full Python code in main.py)

Import cv2

Import urllib.request

Import numpy as np

Import pytesseract

# ...
```

While True:

```
# Read live stream from ESP32-CAM

Img_resp = urllib.request.urlopen(url)
```

```
Imgnp = np.array(bytarray(img_resp.read()), dtype=np.uint8)

Frame = cv2.imdecode(Imgnp, -1)

# Extract text using Tesseract

Text = pytesseract.image_to_string(frame, config='—psm 6')

# ...

Key = cv2.waitKey(1) & 0xFF

If key == ord('q'):

    Break

cv2.destroyAllWindows()
```

Applications:

Document Digitization & OCR:

Real-time document scanning: Capture images of documents and instantly process them for text extraction.

Business card readers: Automatically extract information from scanned business cards.

Receipt processing: Automate the process of extracting data from receipts.

Text Recognition: Implement Optical Character Recognition (OCR) to convert handwritten text into digital format.

Text-to-speech applications: Convert handwritten text into spoken words.

Industrial Applications:

Serial number reading: Detect and read serial numbers on products.

Product label verification: Verify the authenticity of product labels.

Quality control: Automate visual inspection tasks.

Educational Tools:

Interactive learning systems: Create interactive learning experiences where students can interact with handwritten content.

Language learning aids: Help language learners practice writing and recognition.

Text-to-speech applications: Convert handwritten text into spoken words for educational purposes.

Project Title: QR Code detection Using ESP 32 Cam

Requirements:- ESP32-CAM Module, USB-to-TTL Programmer, Arduino IDE

Python Code:- #include <esp_camera.h>

```
#include <ESP32QRCodeReader.h>
```

```
// Camera configuration
```

```
#define PWDN_GPIO_NUM    -1
```

```
#define RESET_GPIO_NUM   -1
```

```
#define XCLK_GPIO_NUM    0
```

```
#define SIOD_GPIO_NUM    26
```

```
#define SIOC_GPIO_NUM    27
```

```
#define Y9_GPIO_NUM    35
#define Y8_GPIO_NUM    34
#define Y7_GPIO_NUM    39
#define Y6_GPIO_NUM    36
#define Y5_GPIO_NUM    21
#define Y4_GPIO_NUM    19
#define Y3_GPIO_NUM    18
#define Y2_GPIO_NUM     5
#define VSYNC_GPIO_NUM 25
#define HREF_GPIO_NUM   23
#define PCLK_GPIO_NUM   22
```

```
ESP32QRCodeReader reader(CAMERA_MODEL_AI_THINKER);
```

```
void setup() {
    Serial.begin(115200);

    camera_config_t config;
    config.ledc_channel = LEDC_CHANNEL_0;
    config.ledc_timer = LEDC_TIMER_0;
    config.pin_d0 = Y2_GPIO_NUM;
    config.pin_d1 = Y3_GPIO_NUM;
```

```
config.pin_d2 = Y4_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_d3 = Y5_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_d4 = Y6_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_d5 = Y7_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_d6 = Y8_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_d7 = Y9_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_xclk = XCLK_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_pclk = PCLK_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_vsync = VSYNC_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_href = HREF_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_sscb_sda = SIOD_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_sscb_scl = SIOC_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_pwdn = PWDN_GPIO_NUM;  
config.pin_reset = RESET_GPIO_NUM;  
config.xclk_freq_hz = 20000000;  
config.pixel_format = PIXFORMAT_JPEG;  
  
  
config.frame_size = FRAMESIZE_QVGA;  
config.jpeg_quality = 12;  
config.fb_count = 1;  
  
  
// Initialize camera
```

```

esp_err_t err = esp_camera_init(&config);

if (err != ESP_OK) {

    Serial.printf("Camera init failed with error 0x%x", err);

    return;
}

reader.setup();

}

void loop() {

    reader.read();

    if (reader.hasPayload()) {

        Serial.println("QR Code Detected:");

        Serial.println(reader.getPayload().c_str());

    }

    delay(200);

}

```

Applications:- 1. Access Control / Smart Door Lock

- Scan a QR code to unlock a door or gate.
- Only valid QR codes (authorized users) trigger relays or servos.

2. Attendance System

- Students or employees scan a QR code as proof of presence.
- ESP32 sends data to a server or logs via SD card.

3. Inventory Management

- Scan QR codes on products to update or verify stock.
- ESP32 can log items to the cloud or send via Wi-Fi.

4. Wireless QR Scanner

- Use the ESP32-CAM as a portable QR scanner.
- Detected data can be sent via Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, or saved.

5. Payment Terminals / Vending Machines

- Detect payment or identity QR codes to approve transactions.
- Compact, low-power setup for standalone machines.

6. IoT Device Authentication

- Scan a QR to securely identify and authorize other IoT devices or users.

7. Library / Book Checkout

- Scan book QR codes to manage borrowing.
- ESP32 can link with a cloud-based database.

8. Event Ticket Validation

- Validate event tickets or passes using QR codes at the entrance.
 - Standalone system without need for PC or large hardware.
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