VO1 Zufallszahlen

April 4, 2019

1 VO1 Zufallszahlen

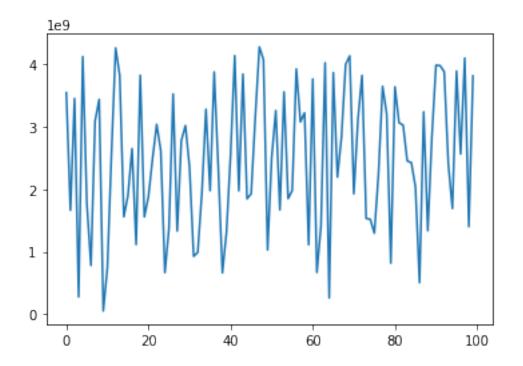
```
In [243]: import matplotlib
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import numpy as np

from tqdm import tqdm_notebook as tqdm
    import urllib.request
    import json
```

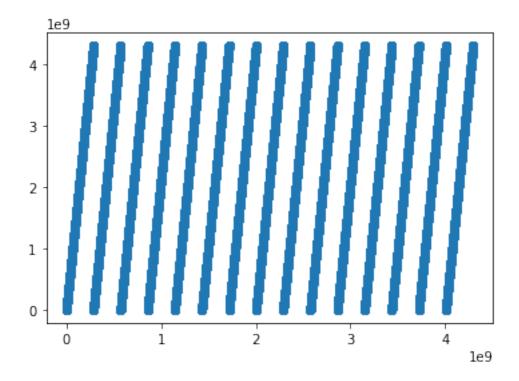
1.1 Helper functions

1.2 Lineare Kongruenz

```
for i in tqdm(range(100000)):
              random_num = (random_num*a+c)%m
              x.append(random_num)
              if(i < 10):</pre>
                  print(i, random_num)
              if(i == 100):
                  period_num = random_num
              if(i > 100 and period_num == random_num):
                  print("period is: %i" % (i-100))
          print("max(x): %i, min(x): %i" % (max(x), min(x)))
          plot_interval(x)
          show_linear_dependency(x)
          # holy shit, hyperplanes visible
a (multiplier): 15
c (increment): 0
m (modulus): 4294967296
HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=100000), HTML(value='')))
0 15
1 225
2 3375
3 50625
4 759375
5 11390625
6 170859375
7 2562890625
8 4083621007
9 1124772961
max(x): 4294935215, min(x): 15
```



starting show_linear_dependency plot



1.2.1 Periods can be very small!

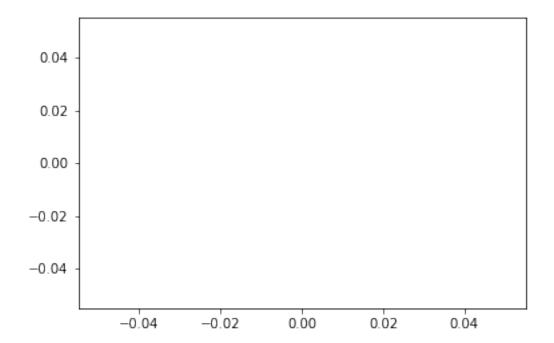
The period is m1 if the multiplier a is chosen to be a primitive element of the integers modulo m.

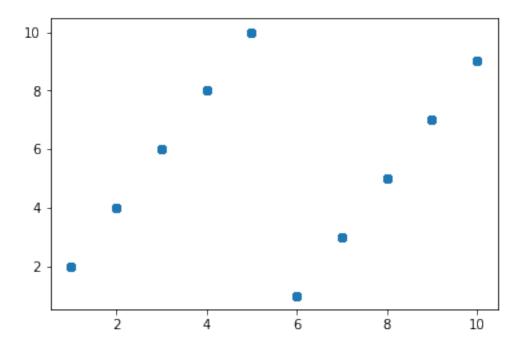
```
In [238]: a = 2
          c = 0
          m = 11
          print("a (multiplier): %i" % a)
          print("c (increment): %i" % c)
          print("m (modulus): %i" % m)
          random num = 1
          x = []
          period_num = 0
          shown_period = False
          for i in tqdm(range(1000)):
              random_num = (random_num*a+c)%m
              x.append(random_num)
              if(i < 10):
                  print(i, random_num)
              if(i == 10):
                  period_num = random_num
              if(i > 10 and period_num == random_num and shown_period == False):
                  print("period is: %i" % (i-10))
                  print("period should be m-1: %i" % (m-1))
                  shown_period = True
          print("max(x): \%i, min(x): \%i" \% (max(x), min(x)))
          plot_interval(x)
          show_linear_dependency(x)
a (multiplier): 2
c (increment): 0
m (modulus): 11
HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=1000), HTML(value='')))
0 2
1 4
2 8
3 5
4 10
5 9
6 7
7 3
```

8 6 9 1

period is: 10

period should be m-1: 10 max(x): 10, min(x): 1





1.2.2 RANDU -> a shit random number generator -> Pay attention to your parameters

```
In [239]: a = 2**16-1 \# 2**16-1
          c = 0
          m = 2**32 # 2**32-1
          print("a (multiplier): %i" % a)
          print("c (increment): %i" % c)
          print("m (modulus): %i" % m)
          random_num = 1
          x = []
          for i in tqdm(range(100000)):
              random_num = (random_num*a+c)%m
              x.append(random_num)
              if(i < 10):</pre>
                  print(i, random_num)
              if(i == 100):
                  period_num = random_num
              if(i > 100 and period_num == random_num):
                  print("period is: %i" % (i-100))
          print("max(x): %i, min(x): %i" % (max(x), min(x)))
          plot_interval(x)
          show_linear_dependency(x)
```

a (multiplier): 65535
c (increment): 0

m (modulus): 4294967296

HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=100000), HTML(value='')))

0 65535

1 4294836225

2 196607

3 4294705153

4 327679

5 4294574081

6 458751

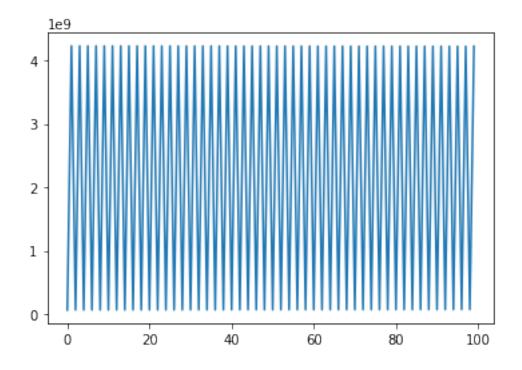
7 4294443009

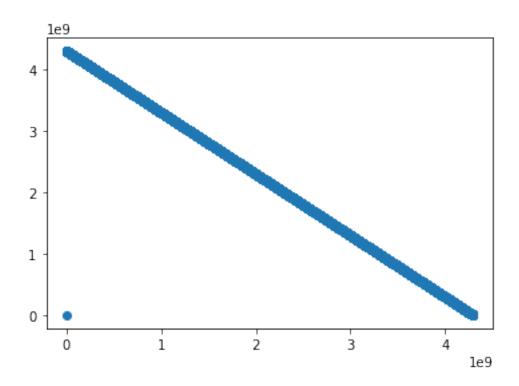
8 589823

9 4294311937

period is: 65536

max(x): 4294901759, min(x): 1





1.3 Fibonacci Generators

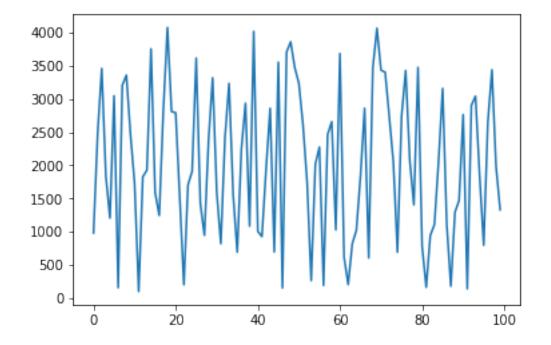
```
In [240]: m = 2**12
          print("a (multiplier): %i" % a)
          print("c (increment): %i" % c)
          print("m (modulus): %i" % m)
          # x = [55, 24]
          x = [1279, 418]
          print(x[-1],x[-2])
          for i in tqdm(range(2,10000)):
              random_num = (x[-1]+x[-2])\%m
              x.append(random_num)
              if(i < 10):</pre>
                   print(i, random_num)
          #
                 if(i == 100):
           #
                     period_num = random_num
           #
                 if(i > 100 \text{ and } period\_num == random\_num):
                     print("period is: %i" % (i-100))
          print("max(x): \%i, min(x): \%i" \% (max(x), min(x)))
          plot_interval(x)
```

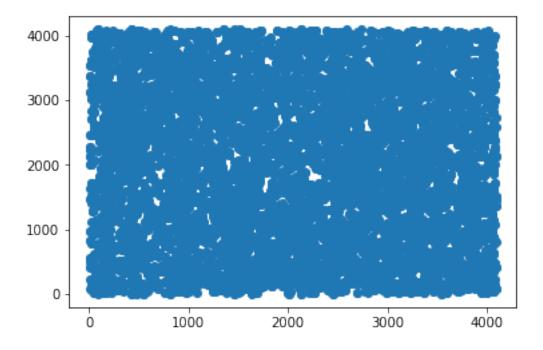
```
show_linear_dependency(x)
# looks better
```

a (multiplier): 65535
c (increment): 0
m (modulus): 4096
418 1279

HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=9998), HTML(value='')))

2 1697 3 2115 4 3812 5 1831 6 1547 7 3378 8 829 9 111 max(x): 4095, min(x): 1





1.4 Von Neumann Random Number Generator

https://pdfs.semanticscholar.org/feaf/6a5176e197ec7afbc6e56e1f9136b5f24aa4.pdf

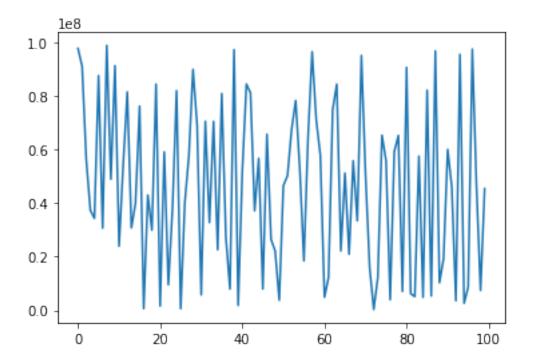
```
In [241]: # usually 10 digit numbers are used
          x = [57934063]
          str_len = len(str(x[0]))
          print(str_len)
          # if assertion error not passed, please change the number of digits
          assert str_len/2\%1 == 0
          cliper = int(str_len/2)
          for i in tqdm(range(10000)):
              squared = str(x[-1]**2).zfill(str_len*2)
              random_num = int(squared[cliper:-cliper])
                print(i, random_num)
              if(random_num in x):
                  print("%i, break, number repeated" % i)
                  break
              else:
                  x.append(random_num)
          print("max(x): %i, min(x): %i" % (max(x), min(x)))
```

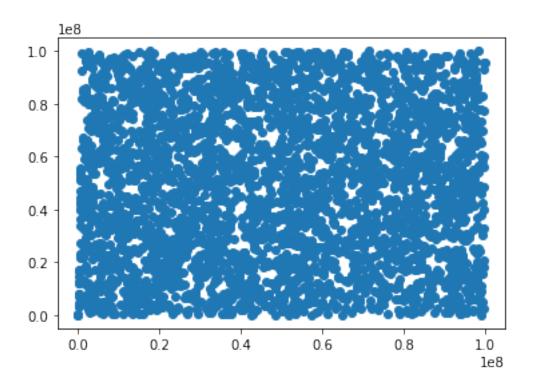
```
plot_interval(x)
show_linear_dependency(x)
```

8

HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=10000), HTML(value='')))

3641, break, number repeated max(x): 99934745, min(x): 23064





1.5 NIST randomness beacon

```
In [477]: url = 'https://beacon.nist.gov/beacon/2.0/pulse/last'

def response(url):
    with urllib.request.urlopen(url) as response:
        return response.read()

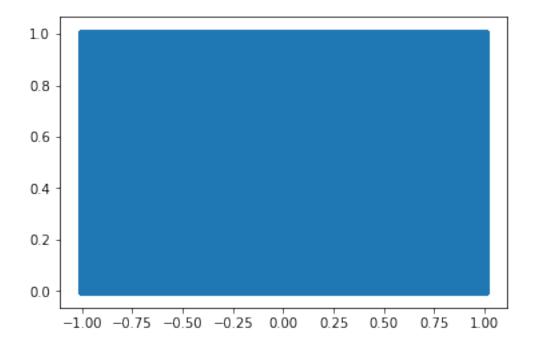
res = response(url)
res = json.loads(res)
# print(res)
print("latest pulse: %s" % res["pulse"]["listValues"][0]["value"])
```

latest pulse: 05C55046B6BACCEC94399EEA8DE9CA6A17D20980F42FC6FCCDBECC0D5A2CE969C9AFADE4F4BA47924

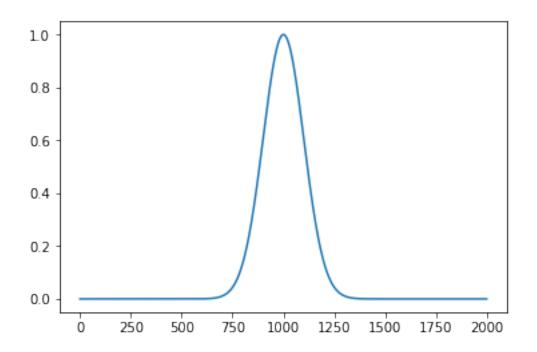
1.6 Non Uniform Distribution TEST (Generate Gaussian Dist)

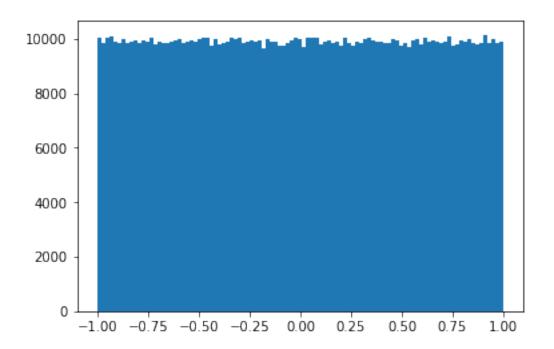
HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=999998), HTML(value='')))

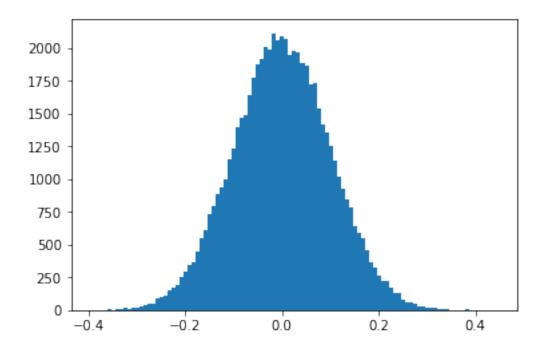
-1.00099779289 1.00099999953



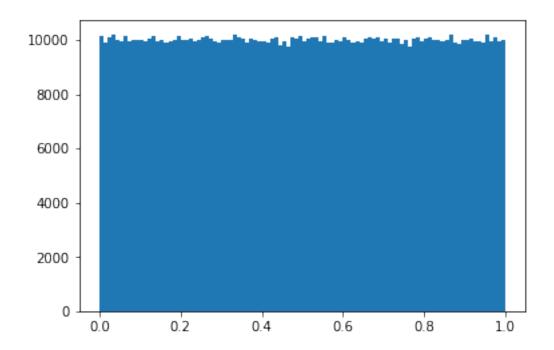
```
if(i < 10):
                  print(np.abs(fib[i*2]), gaussian_func(fib[i*2+1]*10, a, b, c),
                        np.abs(fib[i*2]) < gaussian_func(fib[i*2+1]*10, a, b, c))</pre>
              if(np.abs(fib[i*2]) < gaussian_func(fib[i*2+1]*10, a, b, c)):</pre>
                  x.append(fib[i*2+1])
          print(len(x))
          # TEST gaussian func
          test = []
          for i in range(-1000,1000):
              test.append(gaussian_func(i/100, a, b, c))
          plt.plot(test)
          plt.show()
          plt.hist(fib, bins= 101);
          plt.show()
          plt.hist(x, bins= 101);
          plt.show()
1.00089068945 1.76270385985e-22 False
1.00079051546 1.80004933184e-22 False
1.00048085645 1.89600840295e-22 False
0.999652053432 2.16945886972e-22 False
0.997475303378 3.08302584962e-22 False
0.991773856236 7.69008815553e-22 False
0.976846264863 8.08418943372e-21 False
0.937764937887 2.90060706524e-18 False
0.835448548331 2.13162159948e-12 False
0.567580706641 0.0112050571557 False
62460
```





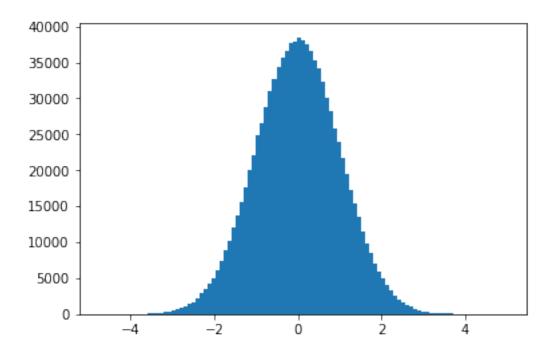


1.7 Box Muller (Generate Gaussian Dist)



/Users/christoph/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:3: RuntimeWarning This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports until

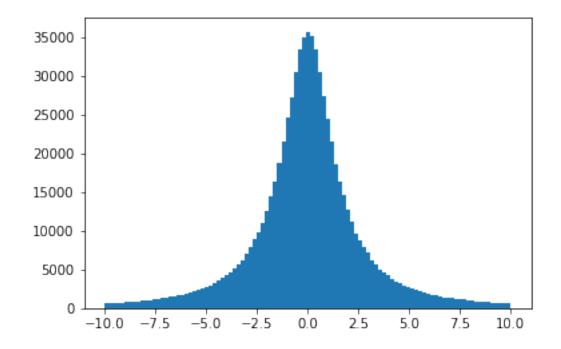
```
In [487]: plt.hist(x, bins=101);
```



1.8 Polarmethode

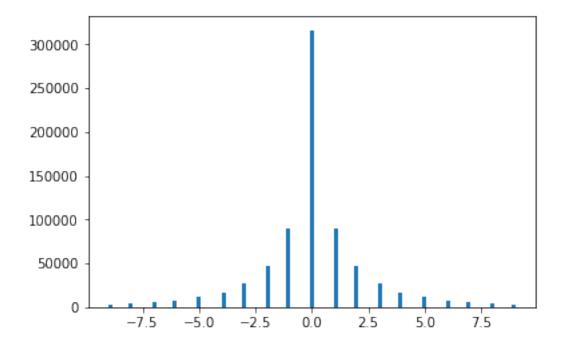
```
In [488]: fib = generate_fibonacci(1000000, 2**32, 234509, 214907)
          fib = np.array(fib)
          fib = fib-min(fib)
          fib = fib/max(fib)
          print("min(fib): %f, max(fib): %f" % (min(fib), max(fib)))
HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=999998), HTML(value='')))
min(fib): 0.000000, max(fib): 1.000000
In [489]: x = []
          for i in tqdm(range(int(len(fib)/2))):
              s, t = 2*fib[i]-1, -2*fib[i+1]+1
              w = s**2+t**2
              if(w < 1):
                  x1, x2 = s/w*np.sqrt(-2*np.log(w**2)), t/w*np.sqrt(-2*np.log(w**2))
                  if(np.isfinite(x1)):
                      x.append(x1)
                  if(np.isfinite(x2)):
                      x.append(x2)
```

HBox(children=(IntProgress(value=0, max=500000), HTML(value='')))



1.8.1 Ganzzahlig

In [498]: x = x.astype(int)plt.hist(x[(x>-10) & (x<10)], bins=101);



In []: