# Tutorial: Running ANTx on machines without graphic support "working without graphical user interfaces, GUIs"

This tutorial shows how to perform some basic steps without GUIs, for instance when running on a HPC-machine.

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## 1) OPTIONAL: How to set the paths of ELASTIX in UNIX (LINUX)-systems:

```
MAKE ELASTIX RUNNING ON UNIX/LINUX-Systems
1) SET PATH OF ELASTIC IN .bashrc-FILE
FOR INFORMATION:
see: Elastix-manual (section 3.2)
see: https://usermanual.wiki/Document/elastix490manual.1389615963/html#pf17
Linux: Add the following lines to your .bashrc file:
export PATH=folder/bin:$PATHexport
LD LIBRARY PATH=folder/lib:$LD LIBRARY PATH
 ..where "folder" is the path to the linux-Elastix-folder (which is located in the antx2-
folder): YOUR-DRIVE\antx2\mritools\elastix\elastix linux64 v4.7
My linux-elastix-folder is "/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-
2/ressources/antx2/mritools/elastix/elastix linux64 v4.7/". Thus, my bahrc-file it modified as
         -----[ELASTIX-PATH in bashrc]-----
export PATH=/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-
2/ressources/antx2/mritools/elastix/elastix linux64 v4.7/bin:$PATH
export LD LIBRARY PATH=/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-
2/ressources/antx2/mritools/elastix/elastix linux64 v4.7/lib:$LD LIBRARY PATH
2) RELOAD .bashrc-FILE & TEST ELASTIX
- save .bashrc-file, exit editor, than type the following to reload the .bashrc-file again:
source .bashrc
- check installation, by typing:
elastix
 - if successful, a message is displayed:
Use "elastix --help" for information about elastix-usage.
```

## 2) OPTIONAL: Open interactive session on HPC and start Matlab

#### **OPEN INTERACTIVE JOB on HPC (optional)**

srun --time 7-00 --mem=64G --ntasks=8 --pty bash -i

-Please check the parameters, here for 7 days, 64 Gb Ram, 8 cores

## LOAD MATLAB-MODULE AND START MATLAB (optional)

module load scientific/matlab/R2021b matlab

-to access Matlab might be different on another machine!

#### 3) BASICS

FROM NOW ON type in the MATLAB CMD-WINDOW...

#### **ADD ANTx-PATHS**

Go to the ANTx-patd and link all necessary paths using " $\underline{\text{antlink}}$  "-command:

cd /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/ressources/antx2/

#### **GO TO STUDY-FOLDER**

Create an empty study folder (here "groeschel"). The study-folder is the folder where the registration of several animals of a study is performed.

cd /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/

#### **UPDATE ANT-TOOLBOX**

This is not mandatory... just type **updateantx(2)** to update the toolbox, i.e. obtain the latest version from GitHub. For more info type help updateantx.

updateantx(2)

#### **CREATE AN ANTX-PROJECT-FILE:**

makeproject('projectname',fullfile(pwd,'proj.m'), 'voxsize',[.07.07.07],'wa\_refpath','/sc-projects/sc-projagtiermrt/Daten-2/ressources/anttemplates/mouse Allen2017HikishimaLR','wa species','mouse');

-here the project-file "proj.m" is created using a target voxel size of 0.07 x 0.07 x 0.07 mm, the <u>animal</u> template is "mouse\_Allen2017HikishimaLR", with the species 'mouse'.

- a suitable template has to be downloaded from google-drive :

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1q5XOOVLvUYLqYsQJLqNRF7OK8fNwYhI9

The template should be unzipped and stored where it could be reached (do not save the downloaded template in the current project-folder!). Creating a project-file has to be done only once!

#### LOAD THE PROJECT-FILE "proj.m"

Here we load the created project-file "proj.m":

loadconfig(fullfile(pwd,'proj.m'));

#### **CHECK WHETHER THE PROJECT-FILE IS LOADED**

global an;

The global variable "an" (struct) contains the basic information for this study. In the CMD-window you should the following:

project: 'NEW PROJECT'

datpath: '/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/dat'

voxsize: [0.0700 0.0700 0.0700]

wa: [1x1 struct]

## 4) IMPORT BRUKER-DATA

Before doing this step, I just created the 'raw'-folder within the study's folder and copied the datasets of two animals into the 'raw'-folder. First we just read the file-information of the Bruker raw-data from the "raw"-folder (fullfile(pwd,'raw')) which is located in the current study folder.

The file-information will be stored in the resulting w-struct.

w=xbruker2nifti(fullfile(pwd,'raw'),0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',1); % first read all data and show it

The w-struct contains the file-information table "d" with header "hd". This table is listed in the CMD-window when running this command. You could save & reload the struct and import some data later on (advantage: loading time is reduced). To show the table again just type:

w.showtable(w); %to show the table in CMD-window

If graphic is supported you could also visualize the table in an extra window via w.showtable2(w) . Here, the raw-data folder contains two data-sets (i.e. the data from two animals):

Here we want to import the turboRARE-image <u>("03 T2 TurboRARE CRP.nii")</u> and the image <u>"DTI\_EPI\_seg\_b100\_6dir"</u>.

To visualize the filtered table run the following command (note that the w-struct is used as 1<sup>st</sup> argument): w2=xbruker2nifti(w,0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',1,'flt',{'pro','03\_T2\_TurboRARE\_CRP|EPI\_seg\_b100'}); the table now looks as follows:

```
BRUKER DATA

set SubjectId StudNo ExpNo PrcNo MRseq protocol sizeMB date

1 20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025 1 3 1 RAME 03_T2_TurborARE_CRP 6.5536_20-Oct-2020_15:05:38_/sc-projects/sc-

1 20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027 1 4 1 DitEpi 02_1_DTI_EPI_seg_bi00_6dir 20.64384_20-Oct-2020_15:08:11 /sc-projects/sc-

2 20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027 1 4 1 DtiEpi 02_1_DTI_EPI_seg_bi00_6dir 20.64384_20-Oct-2020_14:58:07 /sc-projects/sc-
```

Now let's import these data. For this just set the 'show'-parameter to 0: w2=xbruker2nifti(w,0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',0,'flt',{'pro','03\_T2\_TurboRARE\_CRP|EPI\_seg\_b100' } );

## 5) VISUALIZE FILES AND FOLDERS

-type **dispfiles** to see a file-by-folder matrix in the command-window (see dispfiles for further help): dispfiles

The following is displayed in the CMD-window:

Here we see that the study's "dat"-folder now contains two animal-folders ("20200925MG\_LAERMRT\_MGR000025" and "20200925MG\_LAERMRT\_MGR000027"). Each Folder contains the two imported files ("02 1 DTI EPI seg b100\_6dir\_1.nii") and "03\_T2\_TurboRARE\_CRP\_1.nii").

## 6) SELECTION OF ANIMALS

Before renaming the files let's first select the animals we want to process.

Here we will select all animals:

```
mdirs=antcb('getallsubjects')
```

Note that the variable "mdirs" contains the full paths names of the selected animals:

```
{'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/dat/20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025']
{'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/dat/20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027']
```

Alternative selection of all animals:

```
mdirs =antcb('selectdirs',[1:2])
mdirs=antcb('selectdirs','all')
```

## 7) RENAME FILES

Here we rename the file <u>'03\_T2\_TurboRARE\_CRP\_1.nii'</u> to 't2.nii'. Note that the name convention of <u>"t2.nii"</u> is mandatory, because this file is used for registration to standard space. I.e., the registration relies on the name 't2.nii'!

The renaming of the file 'O3 T2 TurboRARE CRP 1.nii' is just because I hate long names.

Let's rename '03\_T2\_TurboRARE\_CRP\_1.nii' to t2.nii':

```
xrename(0,'03_T2_TurboRARE_CRP_1.nii','t2.nii',':','dirs',mdirs);
```

and rename '02 1 DTI EPI seg b100 6dir 1.nii' to 'dti b100.nii':

```
xrename(0,'02_1_DTI_EPI_seg_b100_6dir_1.nii','dti_b100.nii',':','dirs',mdirs);
```

Here for safety reasons, we make a copy of the original file and rename the copied file. Note that copying and renaming of the copied version is defined via the colon-symbol (:); the 4<sup>th</sup> input arg). Alternatively, to rename the original files just keep the 4<sup>th</sup> arg empty.

Now, we check whether the new files exist via dispfiles:

## 8) REGISTER "t2.nii" TO TEMPLATE SPACE (STANDARD SPACE)

Registration of "t2.nii" to standard space is done in 4 steps: [1] initialization, [2] rough rigid registration, [3] segmentation and [4] warping. You can perform these steps ('task') isolated & sequentially or combined,. Note however, that task '2' can be only performed when task '1' has been already performed. Here the rough registration is done automatically (autoreg', 1). We also use parallel processing across animals ('parfor',1); Please check the memory and number of cores when using parallel processing:

```
xwarp3('batch','task',[1:4],'autoreg',1,'parfor',1, 'mdirs',mdirs(:));
```

Now let's check whether the <u>"t2.nii"</u> is transformed to standard-space (new name is: <u>"x t2.nii"</u>) and the template <u>("AVGT.nii")</u> and atlas (<u>"ANO.nii"</u>) is back-transformed to native-space (new names: <u>"ix ANO.nii"</u> & <u>"ix AVGT.nii"</u>) via:

```
dispfiles('flt','^x.*.nii|^ix.*.nii');

FILE x FOLDER

202080325MG_LAERMRT_MGR808025 202080325MG_LAERMNT_MGR808027 counts

ix_AMO.nii + 2/2
ix_AMS.nii + 2/2
x_tZ.nii + 2/2
counts 3/3 3/3
```

Here we see that all three files were created for each data set

## 9) Extract the first 3d-volume from the 4D-vlume 'dti b100.nii'

Use the following command to extract the 1<sup>st</sup> volume (4<sup>th</sup> input arg: 1) of 'dti b100.nii' and save it as 'dti b100 1stlMG.nii' for all animals (mdirs):

```
xrename(0,'dti_b100.nii','dti_b100_1stIMG.nii','1','dirs', mdirs);
```

Again, check the existence of the new files via:

```
| Clist | County | Co
```

## 10) COREGISTER 'dti b100 1stIMG.nii' to 't2.nii'

```
Now let's coregister the <u>file 'dti_b100_1stIMG.nii'</u> (moving image) to the 't2.nii'-image (fixed image): z=[];
```

```
z.TASK={ '[2]' }; ;% flag 2 (or '2') signals to perform coregistration via SPM z.targetImg1={ 't2.nii' }; ;% TARGET-IMAGE
```

```
z.sourceImg1={ 'dti_b100_1stIMG.nii' }; ;% SOURCE-IMAGE
                                       ;% IN CASE OF 4D-vol use 1<sup>st</sup> 3d-volume of SOURCE
z.sourceImgNum1=[1];
                                        ; % HERE, THE TRAFO IS NOT APPLIED TO OTHER IMAGES
z.applyImg1= "
z.cost fun='nmi';
z.sep=[7 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0.5 \ 0.1 \ 0.05];
z.tol=[0.01 0.01 0.01 0.001 0.001 0.001];
z.fwhm=[4 4];
z.centerering=[0];
z.reslicing=[1];
                                        ;% OUTPUT-IMAGE IS RESLICED TO MATCH WITH TARGET
z.interpOrder='auto';
z.prefix='r3';
                                        ;% OUTPUT FILE-PREFIX
z.warping=[0]; %WARPING IS "OFF"
z.isparallel=1;
                                        :% PARALLEL PROCESSING ENABLED
xcoreg(0,z, mdirs);
```

Again, check existence of the registered file:

Here we see that that the file <u>'r3c\_dti\_b100\_1stIMG.nii'</u> exists for each animal. The file <u>"r3c\_t2.nii"</u> is just a copy of the unchanged target-file ('t2.nii', fixed image).

## 11) TRANSFORM ANOTHER IMAGE TO STANDARD-SPACE

Now, we want to transform the image <u>"r3c dti b100 1stlMG.nii"</u> to standard-space (1<sup>st</sup> arg: 1) for all selected animals (mdirs), using b-spline interpolation (4<sup>th</sup> arg: 4), using the local reorientation information estimated from the rough rigid registration step (5<sup>th</sup> arg: 'local') and indicate that the input-file is located in the animal folder (6<sup>th</sup> arg: struct('source','intern'). This will create the file "x r3c dti b100 1stlMG.nii" in standard-space:

```
fis=doelastix (1, mdirs, \{'r3c\_dti\_b100\_1stIMG.nii'\}, 4, 'local', struct('source', 'intern'));
```

Let's check the existence of the file <u>"x\_r3c\_dti\_b100\_1stIMG.nii"</u>:

## 12) TRANSFORM ANOTHER IMAGE TO NATIVE-SPACE

In the same way we could also transform an image from standard-space to the the template space (for instance the Atlas). Here we transform the template's hemispheric mask <u>('AVGThemi.nii'</u>) to native space (new name: <u>'ix\_AVGThemi.nii'</u>). For transformation to native space the 1<sup>st</sup> arg is -1, we use NN-interpolation to preserve numbers/hemispheric-IDs (4<sup>th</sup> arg: 0):

fis2=doelastix(-1, mdirs,{'AVGThemi.nii'},0,'local',struct('source','intern'));

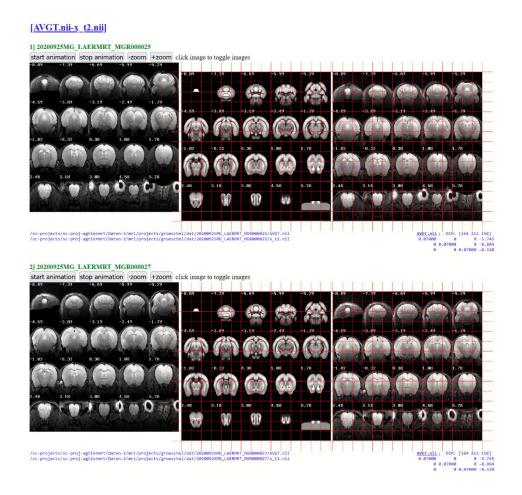
Let's check the existence of the file 'ix\_AVGThemi.nii':

#### 13) CHECK REGISTRATION in STANDARD-SPACE - CREATE HTML-FILE

Next, we will create an HTML-file to visualize the overlay of the template <u>"AVGT.nii"</u> and <u>"x\_t2.nii"</u> (animal in standard-space). The 3<sup>rd</sup> arg defines the output-folder, the 4<sup>th</sup> input, defines the size of the images and the number of slices to visualize:

checkreghtml(mdirs,{'AVGT.nii','x\_t2.nii'},fullfile(pwd,'checks'),struct('size',300,'slices','n20'))

Now you can visualize the registration with your Web-browser. The 1<sup>st</sup> image is an animated gif, showing the overlay of the 'AVGT.nii' and 'x t2.nii' images. Click onto the image to toggle between the two images, or hit 'start animation'-button to see the animated gif. The 2<sup>nd</sup> ('AVGT.nii') and 3<sup>rd</sup> image ('x t2.nii') shows the two images side-by-side.



## 14) CHECK REGISTRATION in NATIVE-SPACE - CREATE HTML-FILE

In the same, we can create an overlay of images in native-space. Here we compare the images <a href="t2.nii"/">"t2.nii"</a> and "ix\_AVGT.nii" for all animals and save the output as HTML-file.

Note that the slicing is now done from the 1<sup>st</sup>-dimension ('dim': 1)

checkreghtml(mdirs,{'ix\_AVGT.nii','t2.nii'},fullfile(pwd,'checks'),struct('size',300,'slices','n20','dim',1))

## 15) Regionwise parameter-extraction

We now extract parameters such as volume, mean, median etc. for each region using the image "t2.nii" and the standard atlas (z.atlas= 'ANO.nii'). Here, from the image in native space (z.space= 'native') the parameters are aggregated over the left and right hemisphere (z.hemisphere= 'both'). The resulting Excelfile 'regwise\_t2' is stored in the 'results'-folder (subfolder of the study-folder).

The resulting excel-file contains a sheet for each parameter. Here see the volume-sheet ("vol") with region-wise volume in mm3 for each region (rows) and each animal (columns). See "info"-sheet & xgetlabels4.m for more information:

1 region	20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025	20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027
2 root	494.8288316	483.2800356
Basic cell groups and regions	439.7092504	430.7632534
4 Cerebrum	261.3599111	260.6777113
Cerebral cortex	209.5541287	207.7019293
6 Cortical plate	200.5649318	198.6353324
7 Isocortex	112.9841616	113.9579612
Frontal pole cerebral cortex	0.883799699	0.854999709
Frontal pole layer 1	0.131399955	0.17639994
0 Frontal pole layer 2/3	0.363599876	0.280799904
1 Frontal pole layer 5	0.313199893	0.320399891
2 Frontal pole layer 6a	0.075599974	0.077399974
3 Frontal pole layer 6b	0	0
4 Somatomotor areas	23.08859214	22.43699237
5 Somatomotor areas Layer 1	0	0
6 Somatomotor areas Layer 2/3	0	0
7 Somatomotor areas Layer 5	0	0
8 Somatomotor areas Layer 6a	0	0
9 Somatomotor areas Layer 6b	0	0
O Primary motor area	10.50299643	10.2779965
Primary motor area Layer 1	1.349999541	1.274399566
2 Primary motor area Layer 2/3	3.648598759	3.639598762
INFO frequency percOverlapp vol	volref volPercBrain mean std med	dian min max atlas 🕦 :

Note: Zero volume entries as for the "somatomotor areas" is because the region-IDs are not defined/exist in the Allen brain Atlas (see also: <a href="http://atlas.brain-">http://atlas.brain-</a>

map.org/atlas#atlas=1&plate=100960428&structure=500&x=5245.5&y=3833.5&zoom=-4&resolution=33.45&z=6) Here we see that the layers of "somatomotor areas" are grayed, i.e. not further specified



Of course you could extract parameters from images in standard space as well: Example: Just change the following from the above example:

```
z.files = 'x_t2.nii'; i.e. the t2w-image in standard space is use
z.space = 'standard'; this indicated that the image is in standard space
z.fileNameOut = 'regwise_x_t2' just another name for the resulting Excelfile:
```

## **EXAMPLE: PARAMTER EXTRACTION FROM STANDARD SPACE**

```
z=[];
z.files = 'x_t2.nii'; % file used for parameter extraction
z.atlas = 'ANO.nii'; % selected atlas name, atlas has to be the standard space atlas name
z.space = 'standard'; % use images from "standard" space
z.hemisphere = 'both'; % hemisphere used: [left,right or both]
z.fileNameOut = 'regwise_x_t2'; % <optional> name of the output-file.
xgetlabels4(0,z,mdirs);
```

## **DTI-preprocessing**

In the upcoming steps we want to prepare the data for the DTI-pipeline, the DTI-processing is done using the MRtrix software package. Several steps have to be done before running the MRtrix-pipeline. Note that a multishell-approach is used for this data.

## 16) DTI-preprocessing: Import DTI/DWI-files from Bruker rawdata

For the preprocessing we first have to import the DWI-files.

First load the struct with the available files from the raw data-folder:

w=xbruker2nifti(fullfile(pwd,'raw'),0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',1);

```
BRUKER DATA
set SubjectId
                               StudNo ExpNo PrcNo MRseq
                                                              protocol
                                                                                           siz..
                                  7 1
   20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025 1
                                                 DtiEpi
                                                              02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b900_13dir
                                                                                           41...
                                                  SINGLEPULSE 02_4_freqAdj_SINGLEPULSE
   20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025 1
                                  8 1
9 1
                                                                                           0.0..
   20200925MG LAERMRT MGR000025 1
                                                             02_5_DTI_EPI_seg_b1600 25dir
1
                                                 DtiEpi
                                                                                          76...
   20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027 1
                                                 SINGLEPULSE 02 2 freqAdj SINGLEPULSE
                                                                                           0.0..
                                                  DtiEpi 02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b900_13dir
   20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027 1
   20200925MG LAERMRT MGR000027 1
                                            2
                                                 DtiEpi
                                                                                           129
   20200925MG LAERMRT MGR000027 1
                                      8
                                            1
                                                  DtiEpi
                                                             02 5 DTI EPI seg b1600 25dir
                                                                                           76
   20200925MG LAERMRT MGR000027 1
                                                  SINGLEPULSE 02 6 freqAdj SINGLEPULSE
                                                                                           0.0..
```

The cmd-window displays all available files. Here we are interested in the files which protocol-name contains the string "DTI\_EPI\_seg\_" (bold) . To filter those files we use:

```
w2=xbruker2nifti(w,0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',1,'flt',{'pro','EPI_seg_'});
```

```
        BRUKER DATA

        set
        SubjectId
        StudNo
        ExpNo
        PrcNo
        MRseq
        protocol
        sizeMB

        1
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000025
        1
        11
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_7_DTI_EPI_seg_b2500_37dir
        112.0666

        1
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000025
        1
        4
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b900_13dir
        41.28768

        1
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000025
        1
        9
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_5_DTI_EPI_seg_b1600_25dir
        76.67712

        2
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000027
        1
        10
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_7_DTI_EPI_seg_b2500_37dir
        112.0666

        2
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000027
        1
        4
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_1_DTI_EPI_seg_b1600_6dir
        20.64384

        2
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000027
        1
        4
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b100_6dir
        20.64384

        2
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000027
        1
        6
        1
        DtiEpi
        02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b100_6dir
        20.64384

        2
        20200925Mg_LAERMRT_MGR000027
        1
        6
```

Now let's import those files by setting the 'show'-flag to 0:

w2=xbruker2nifti(w,0,[],[],'gui',0,'show',0,'flt',{'pro','EPI seg '});

Use dispfiles to check whether the data where imported for our two animals:

dispfiles('flt','EPI\_seg');

Here we see that for the two animals 4 DWI-files where imported

#### 17) DTI-preprocessing: rename DWI-files

First select all animal-dirs. Let's make a copy of the DWI-files files and renames them to make it easier. Note that the colon-sign (:) as 4<sup>th</sup> input arg of in **xrename** result in a copy of the files (If you want to rename the original file just keep the 4<sup>th</sup> arg empty).

```
mdirs=antcb('selectdirs','all')
xrename(0,'02_1_DTI_EPI_seg_b100_6dir_1.nii' ,'q_b100.nii' ,':','dirs',mdirs);
xrename(0,'02_3_DTI_EPI_seg_b900_13dir_1.nii' ,'q_b900.nii' ,':','dirs',mdirs);
xrename(0,'02_5_DTI_EPI_seg_b1600_25dir_1.nii' ,'q_b1600.nii',':','dirs',mdirs);
xrename(0,'02_7_DTI_EPI_seg_b2500_37dir_1.nii' ,'q_b2500.nii',':','dirs',mdirs);
```

Let's check files via dispfiles:

#### 

Here we see that for the two animals copies of the 4 DWI-files where created with simpler filenames.

## 18) DTI-preprocessing: A special DTI-atlas is needed

We need a special atlas with comparable fewer regions for DTI-processing (compared to the Allen mouse brain atlas, ABA). Otherwise the parcellation would be too fine-grained. For this, a NIFTI-file with regions of interest (regions partially merged from fine-grained regions from the ABA) was created ('atl\_auditsys\_08dec20.nii', here termed "DWI/DTI-filename"). Additionally a corresponding look-up-table was created ('atl\_auditsys\_08dec20\_INFO.txt', here termed "lutfile") which contains the region IDs in subsequent order and looks as follows:

```
#ID Labelname R G B A

1 L Supplemental somatosensory area layer 6b MODIF 24 128 100 255

2 L Ventral auditory area layer 6b MODIF 1 147 153 255

3 L_Primary_auditory_area_layer_6b_MODIF 1 147 153 255

4 L_Postrhinal_area_layer_6b_MODIF 1 147 255

5 L_Anterior_cingulate_area_ventral_part_6b_MODIF 64 166 102 255

...

36 R_Nucleus_y_MODIF 255 179 217 255

37 R Flocculus MODIF 255 252 145 255

38 R Triangular nucleus of septum MODIF 150 167 211 255
```

For sake of simplicity, a new folder 'atl\_auditsys\_08dec20\_v1' was created in the study-folder which contains these two files (Note that these files are needed for DTI-processing using MRtrix). To create your own Atlas you could use **ANT-Menu: Tools/"Make Atlas From Excelfile"** (xexcel2atlas.m). Before doing that you have to make a local copy the "ANO.xlsx"-file and add (somewhere) two columns:

- 1) a column with new IDs for those regions that should appear in the new atlas. The same new IDs can be given to regions that should be merged (i.e incorporated into one larger region). Keep sequential order (i.e do not use ID=20 if lower IDs are newer given in the new atlas)
- 2) a column that define the hemispheric set-up (such as splitted region for left and right hemisphere) ... see help of **xexcel2atlas.m**.

## 19) DTI-preprocessing: Perform DTI-preprocessing

The registration of "t2.nii" to standard-space is mandatory before performing the DTI-preprocessing step. Luckily, we have already done this in step-8 (REGISTER "t2.nii" TO TEMPLATE SPACE (STANDARD SPACE)). The DTI-preprocessing steps contains a number of operations:

## (1) Prepare data

- -make DTI-folder & create the DTIprep-struct
- -assign a sample Bruker-raw data set to extract the b-tables
- -assign DTI-atlas (d.DTItemplate & d.DTItemplateLUT) (.. those from above..:-)
- -assign DWI/DTI-files (d.DTIfileName)

#### (2) perform the following tasks:

- 1. distribute files -> copy DTI-atlas/lutfile & b-tables to animal-dirs
- 2. deform files -> transform DTIatlas, brainmask etc. to native space
- 3. register files -> register "t2.nii" to DWI-file, than apply trafo to native space files such as ("ix "+DTIatlas, "ix"+brainmask etc.)
- 4. rename files -> rename files (names are fixed and names are expected from shellscripts)
- 5 export files -> export files to "DTI\_export4mrtrix"-folder (OPTIONAL STEP!)

- 6 check registration-> create HTML-files with overlays of images to visualize the coregistration
  - -this step is done using the data from the 'dat'-folder (not the export-folder!)
  - -HTML-files are stored in the "checks"-folder within the study's folder
  - -OPTIONAL STEP!

First for safety reasons let's first delete the "DTI"-folder within the study-folder. Note that the "DTI"-folder will be created in the next step and will contain basic parameters, the b-tables and the DTI-atlas & lutfile.

## DTIprep('delete');

Now we prepare the data and assign the following variables:

- (1) assign the fullpath name of one Bruker rawdata set. This is necessary to obtain the b-tables (d.brukerdata).
- (2) assign the fullpath name of the DTI-atlas (NIFTI-file, **d.DTItemplate**)
- (3) assign the fullpath name of the lutfile (textfile with region-IDs, d. DTItemplateLUT)
- (4) assign the short names of the DWI-files (files should now exist in the animal-dirs (**d.DTIfileName**). Please preserve the order of the DWI-files (100,900,1600,2500).

#### clear d;

```
 d.brukerdata = fullfile(pwd,'raw','20200925\_092655\_20200925MG\_LAERMRT\_MGR000025\_1\_1'); \\ d.DTItemplate = fullfile(pwd,'atl\_auditsys\_08dec20\_v1','atl\_auditsys\_08dec20.nii'); \\ d.DTItemplateLUT = fullfile(pwd,'atl\_auditsys\_08dec20\_v1','atl\_auditsys\_08dec20\_INFO.txt'); \\ d.DTIfileName = \{'q\_b100.nii' 'q\_b900.nii' 'q\_b1600.nii' 'q\_b2500.nii'\};
```

#### now run the initialization step:

DTlprep('ini',d); % initialize DTlprep-struct and fill requested parameters

The cmd-window displays the content of the DTIprep-struct:

...with "YES" for all "initialization" steps.

Now, let's import the B-tables from the raw-data and the DTI-atlas (DTItemplate/lutfile) DTIprep('import'); % import b-table and DTItemplate/DTItemplateLUT

The cmd-window should display the found B-tables (source/output/number of agu. directions):

```
as //sc-projects//sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2//mri//projects//groeschel//DTI//grad_b100.txt
7 (with 1 image(s) acquired without diffusion gradients)
[grad_b100.txt]:/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI/grad_b100.txt,>> /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI/grad_b100.txt,>> /sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-projects/sc-p
                                                                                               z4
as //sc-projects//sc-proj-agtiermrt//Daten-2//mri//projects//groeschel//DTI//grad_b900.txt
14 (with 1 image(s) acquired without diffusion gradients)
tiles : 20 (with 1 image(s) acquired without diffusion grainents;

file : [grad_b1600.txt]./sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI/grad_b1600.txt,>> /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Da
.input file: /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/raw/20200925_092655_20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025_1_1/9/method
.scan-No : 29

'2500" stored as //sc-projects//sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2//mri//projects//groeschel/DTI//grad_b2500.txt
rections : 38 (with 1 image(s) acquired without diffusion gradients)
tile : [grad_b2500.txt]:/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI/grad_b2500.txt,>> /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI/grad_b2500.txt,>> /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/raw/20200925_092655_20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025_1_1/11/method
.scan-No : 3
```

The DTIprep-struct should now look as follows:

```
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel'
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI'
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/DTI'
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/raw/20200925_092655_20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR0000025_1_1'
[4x1 cell]
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/atl_auditsys_08dec20_v1/atl_auditsys_08dec20_nii'
'/sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/atl_auditsys_08dec20_v1/atl_auditsys_08dec20_INFO.txt'
```

...with "YES" for all "import"-steps.

To show the status of the DTIprep struct again just type:

#### DTIprep('check');

Note that the information is stored in the DTIprep-struct and you can also close the session and resume later on (just type: DTIprep or DTIprep('check');

Please note that the order of the B-tables ans DTI/DWI-files should match and should start from lowest to highest number (100,900,1600,2500). If this is not the case use either DTIprep('reorder','b',<reorderIndex>) or DTIprep('reorder','d',<reorderIndex>) to reorder the Btables and/or DWIfiles, respectively, example:

```
DTIprep('reorder', 'b',[1 4 3 2]); % to reoder files of 'DTIfileName' accord index 1,4,3,3
DTIprep('reorder','d',[1 2 4 3]); %reoder files of 'btable' accord index 1,2,4,3
```

After the initialization- and import-steps we next perform the following tasks:

(1) distribute files, (2) deform files, (3) register files, (4) rename files, (5) export files and (6) check registration. These tasks have to be performed in that order (except step 5 and 6; both tasks are optional). Note that the tasks can be performed sequentially; example: DTIprep('run',1:2,mdirs); % to run the step-1 and step-2 only.

In order to run all 6 tasks we can run DTIprep('run',1:6,mdirs) or simply DTIprep('run','all',mdirs): DTIprep('run','all',mdirs);

When DTI-preprocessing is finished we can check the status of the DTIprep struct again:

Note that "YES" is displayed for all mandatory tasks.

The study folder should now contain a new folder "**DTI\_export4mrtrix**" with all data necessary for DTI-processing (except the shellscripts).

```
DTI_export4mrtrix
—dat
—20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000027
—20200925MG_LAERMRT_MGR000025
```

Each of the exported anima-folder contains the following files (multishell-approach):

```
'ANO DTI.nii'
                   -DTI-atlas, back-transformed to native space and than
                        transformed to DWI-space, renamed
'ANO_DTI.txt'
                     -DTI-labels lookup table, renamed
'atlas_lut.txt' -DTI-labels lookup table (copy of 'ANO_DTI.txt'), renamed
'c t2.nii' -t2.nii registered to DMI-file cross
'c t2.nii'
                       -t2.nii registered to DWI-file space
'rc_ix_AVGTmask.nii' -brain mask, back-transformed to native space and
                       transformed+resliced to DWI-space
                    -bias-corected t2.nii,transformed+resliced to DWI-space
'rc mt2.nii'
'rc t2.nii'
                      -t2.nii, transformed+resliced to DWI-space
'dwi_b100.nii'
                      -original DWI-file, copied & renamed
'dwi_b1600.nii'
                        'dwi b3400.nii'
                         -11
'dwi_b6000.nii'
                         -1.1
'grad b100.txt'
                       b-table
'grad_b1600.txt'
                         \perp
'grad_b3400.txt'
                         \perp
'grad b6000.txt'
```

It is necessary to check that the registration of the images is in line with the DWI-file (1<sup>st</sup> 4D-DWI-volume: 'dwi\_b100.nii'). Task-6 of the DTIprep-command did this and HTML-files where created in the "checks"-folder. We visually inspect the registration quality and check whether the data are ready for DTIprocessing using MRtrix.

When open the "index.html" (in the "checks"-folder) in a browser we can inspect the coregistration with the 1<sup>st</sup> DWI-file. Note that the registration of the other DWI-files is done within the MRtrix-pipeline. (Again, that's the reason why B-tables and DWI/DTIfiles should be ordered from lowest to highest and should match):

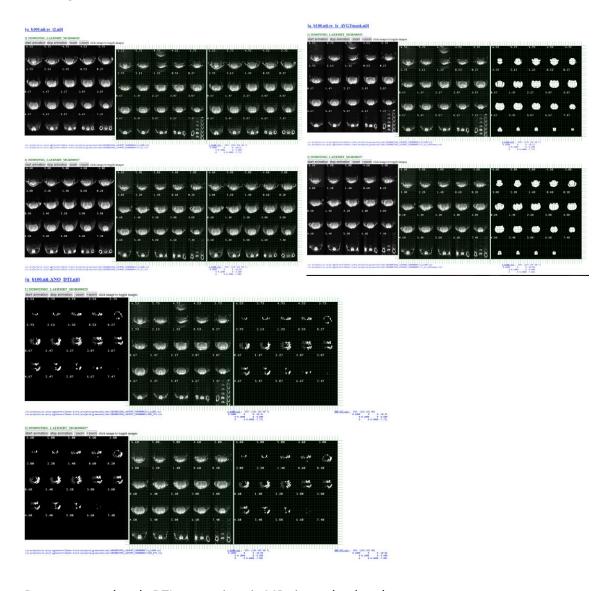
## **OVERLAYS**

Path: /sc-projects/sc-proj-agtiermrt/Daten-2/mri/projects/groeschel/checks

- DTIreg q b100--ANO DTI dim1.html Created: 30-May-2022 13:28:21
- DTIreg q b100--rc ix AVGTmask dim1.html Created: 30-May-2022 13:28:20
- DTIreg q b100--rc t2 dim1.html Created: 30-May-2022 13:28:19
- r AVGT--x t2 dim2.html Created: 13-May-2022 16:08:10
- r ix AVGT--t2 dim1.html Created: 13-May-2022 16:08:51

Created: 30-May-2022 13:28:21

Images below: overlay of the 1<sup>st</sup> DWI-file ("q\_b100.nii") with "rc\_t2.nii" (left), "rc\_ixAVGTmask.nii" (right) and "ANO.nii" (bottom). In the browser: click left image to toggle between foreground and background images. Note that the HTML-files are created from the data of the "dat"-folder (not from the export-folder "DTI\_export4mrtrix", because exporting the data is optional). Note that the DWI-files are preserved (fixed image) while all other images (moving images) are registered to the 1<sup>st</sup>. DWI-file.



Data seems to be ok. DTI-processing via MRtrix can be done!

 $\ldots\!$  End of this tutorial. More progress is hopefully coming soon.