

CITS5504 DATA WAREHOUSING

Project 2 – GRAPH DATABASE

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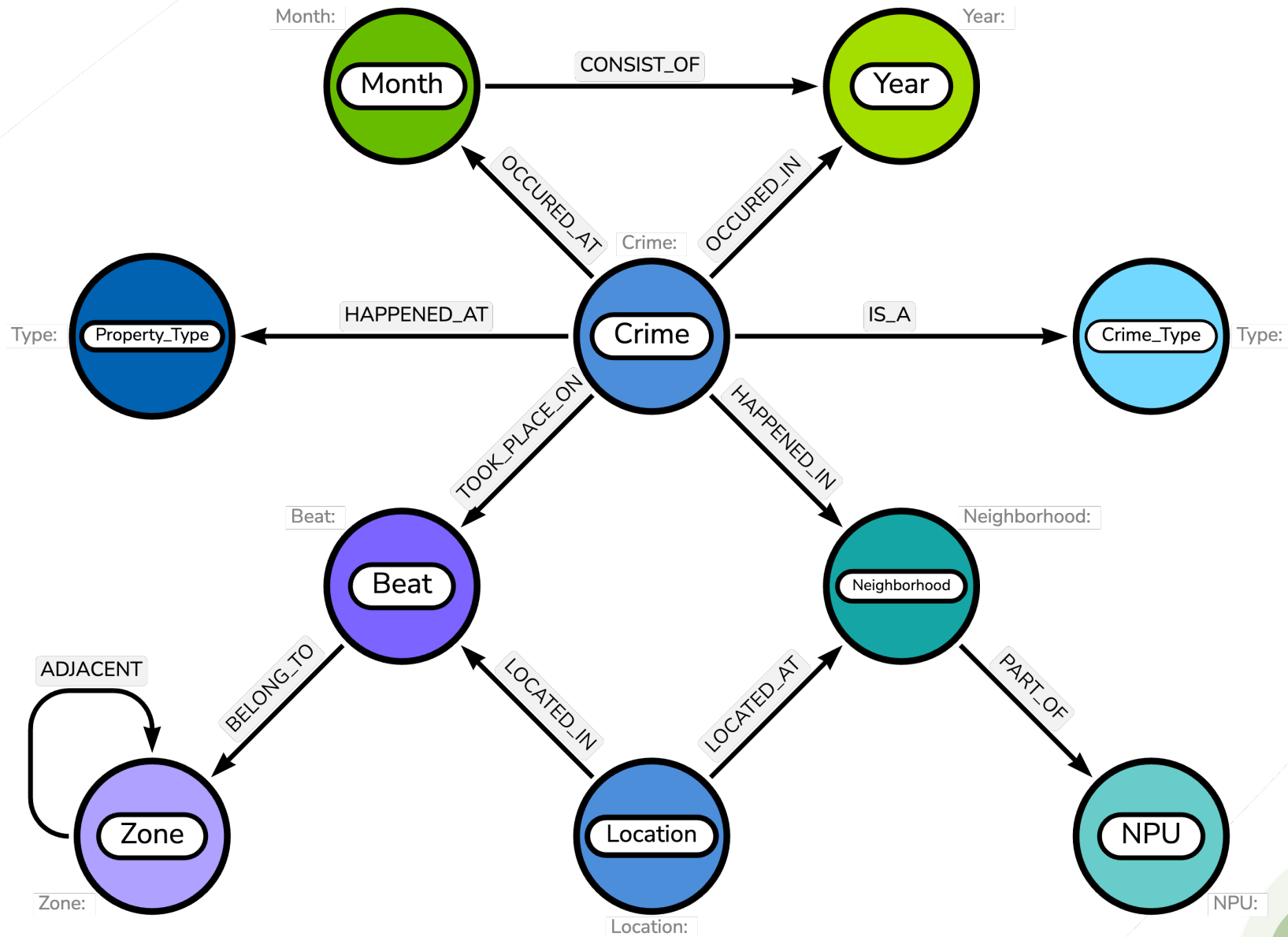
Lei Chen



- **Graph Database Design**
- **Nodes Design & Relation Design**
- **Questions answering**
- **Arrow tool import**
- **Graph to answer useful queries**
- **Answer the queries**

CONTENT

Graph Database Design



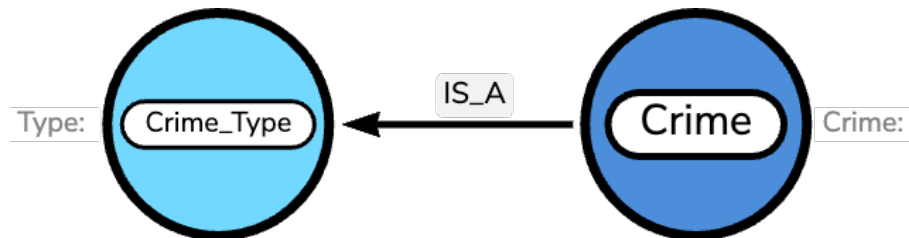
Nodes Design & Relationship Design



Nodes:

**Crime
Property Type**

Relationship: HAPPENED AT

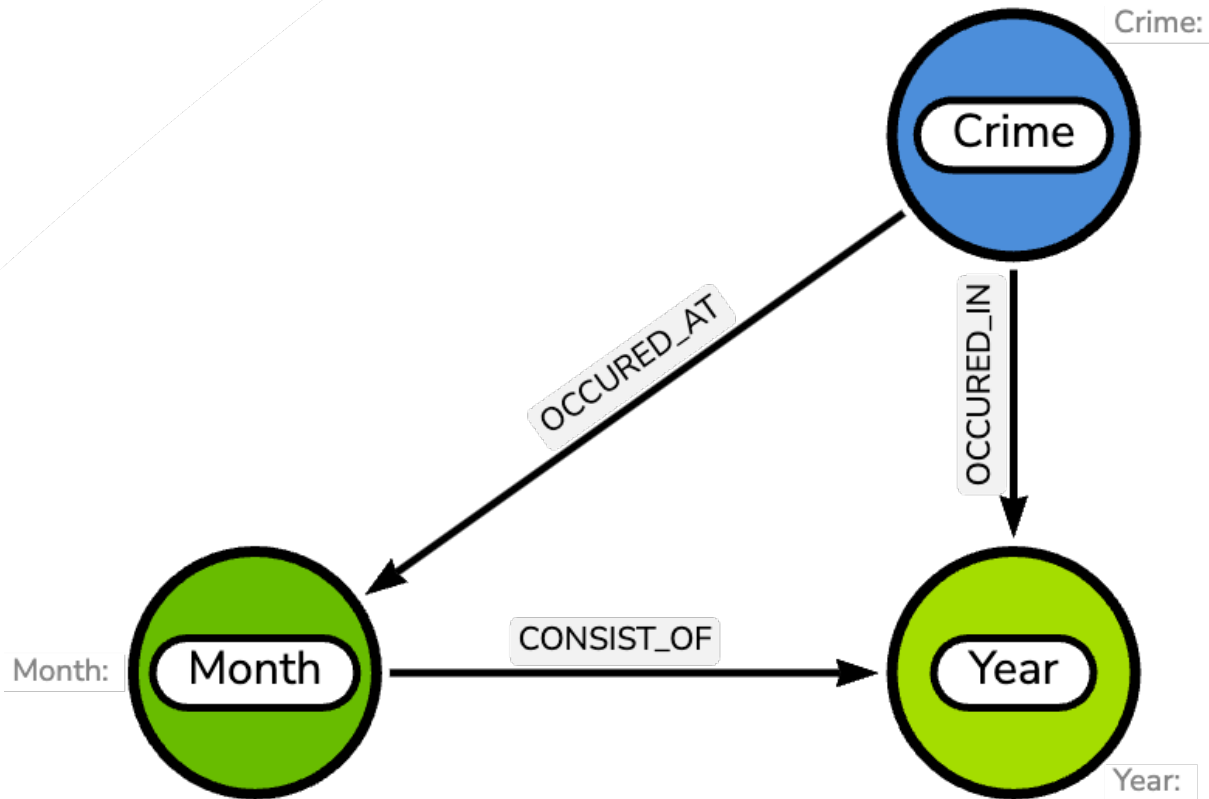


Nodes:

**Crime
Crime Type**

Relationship: IS A

Nodes Design & Relation Design



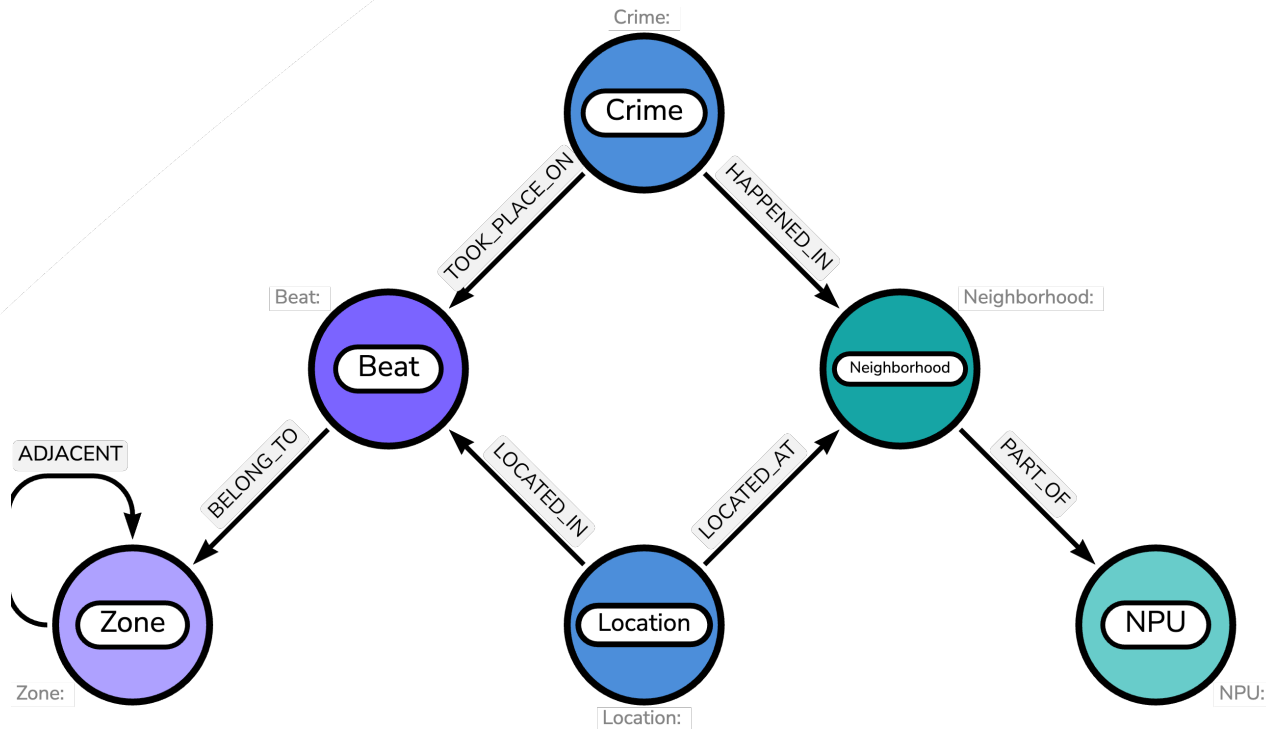
Nodes:

**Crime
Month
Year**

Relationship:

**OCCURED AT
OCCURED IN
CONSIST OF**

Nodes Design & Relation Design



Nodes:

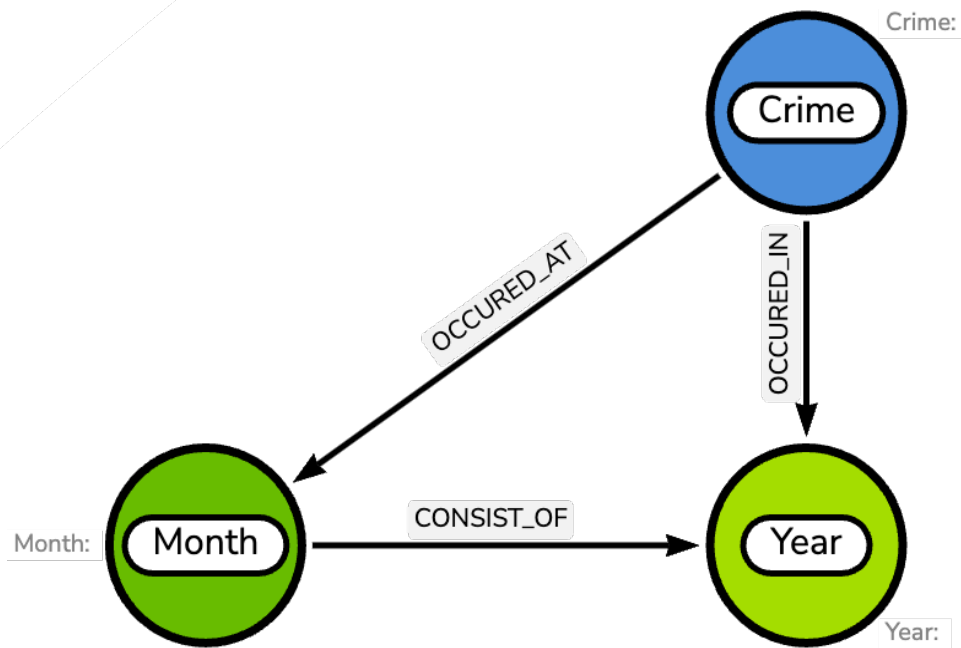
Crime
Neighborhood
NPU
Beat
Zone
Location

Relationship:

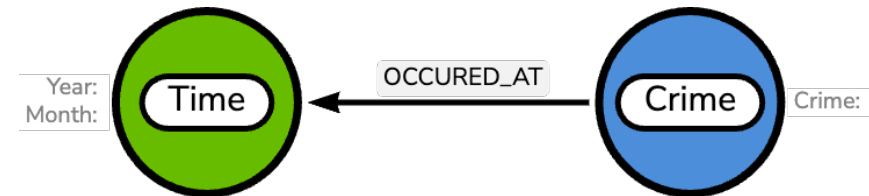
HAPPENED AT
PART OF
TOOK PLACE ON
BELONG TO
ADJACENT
LOCATED AT
LOCATED IN

When to use a property rather than a node

Data Complexity & Query requirements



Or
?



When to add properties to a relation

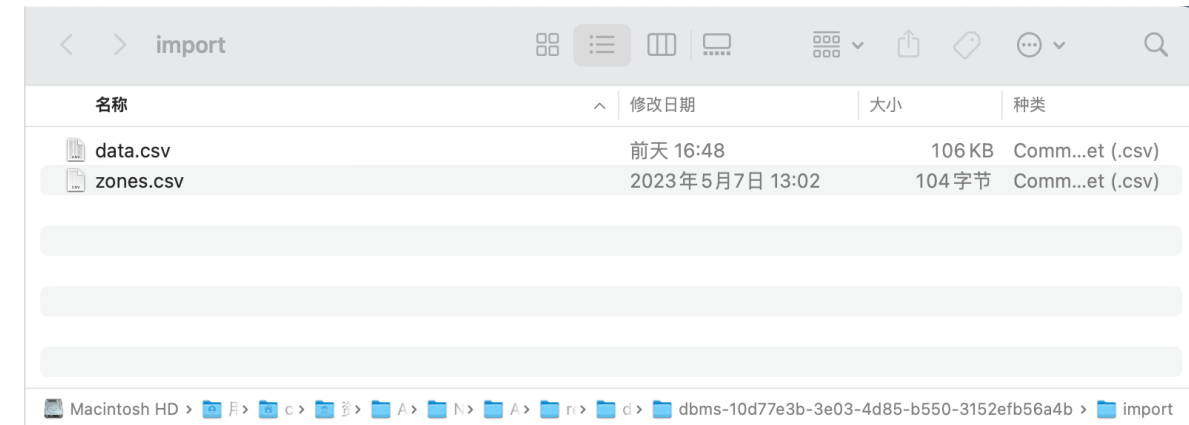
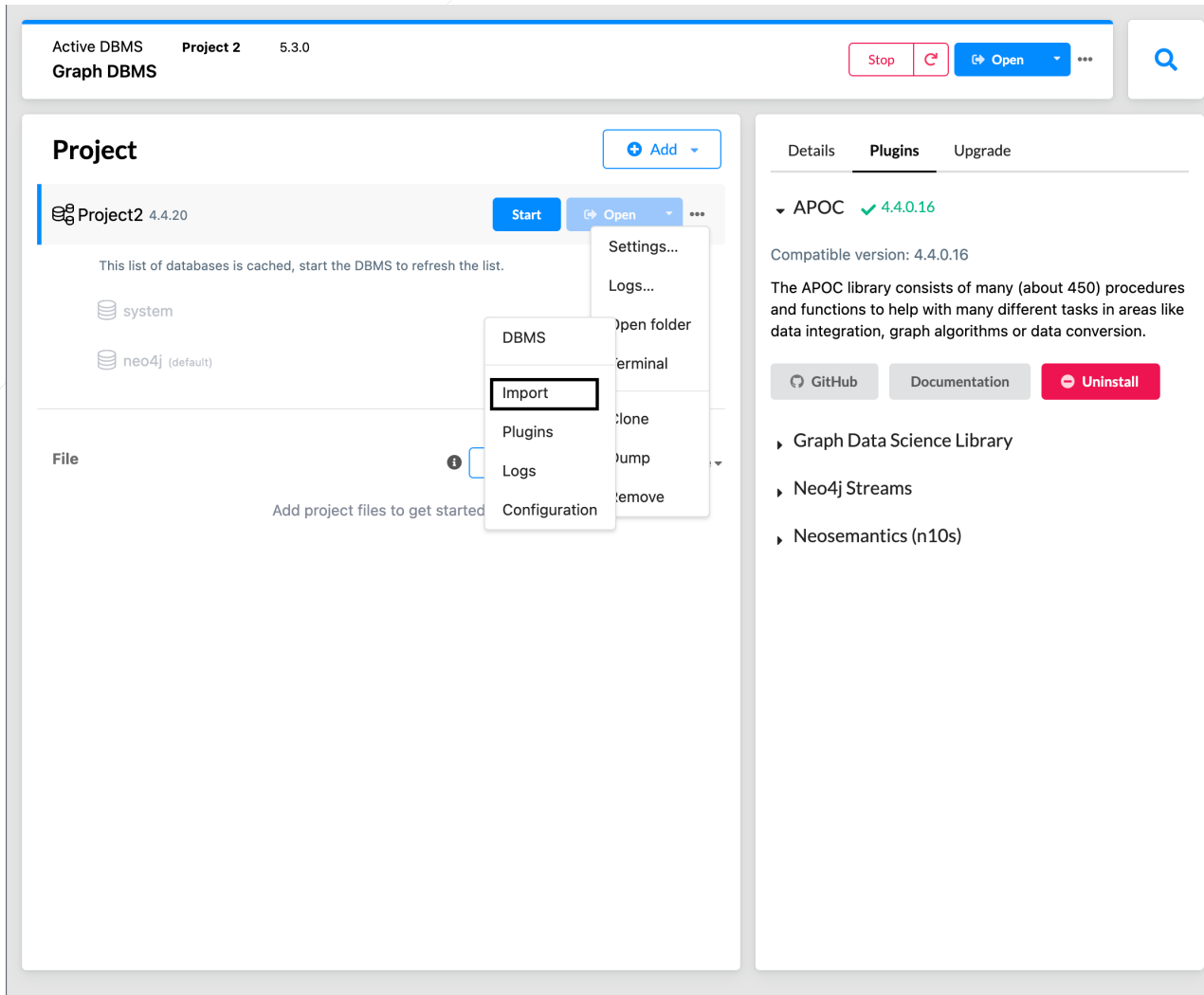
- **Detailing the Relationship**
- **Temporal Context**
- **Quantifying the Relationship**
- **Status or State**

When to add extra nodes and for what type of queries

- **Increase Query Efficiency**
- **Additional Details/Complexity**
- **Expand Scope of Analysis**
- **Handling Hierarchical Data**
- **Enable New Types of Relationships**

Arrow tool import

a. Load the data into the graph database



Arrow tool import

b. Zone table and data table showing

zones.csv

ZoneKey	AdjacentZoneKey
1	2
1	3
1	4
1	5
2	1

data.csv

CrimeType	Location	Beat	Neighborhood	NPU	PropertyType	Year	Month	Zone	Crime	ZoneKey
BURGLARY-RESIDENCE	242 ANDERSON AVE NW	108	Dixie Hills	J	house_number	2011	10	Zone1	1	1
AUTO THEFT	1270 CAROLINE ST NE	609	Edgewood	O	amenity	2012	10	Zone6	2	6
LARCENY-FROM VEHICLE	3180 ARDLEY RD SW	406	East Ardley Road	I	house_number	2016	10	Zone4	3	4
AGG ASSAULT	738 PRINCE PL NW	109	Center Hill	J	neighbourhood	2016	10	Zone1	4	1
AUTO THEFT	2909 CAMPBELLTON RD SW	409	Southwest	R	house_number	2010	10	Zone4	5	4

Arrow tool import

c. Creating nodes and establishing relationships

Create

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///zones.csv' AS row
MERGE (z1:Zone {Police_Area: "Zone" + row.ZoneKey})
MERGE (z2:Zone {Police_Area: "Zone" + row.AdjacentZoneKey})
MERGE (z1)-[:ADJACENT]->(z2)
```

```
LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///data.csv' AS row
MERGE (z:Zone {Police_Area: "Zone" + row.ZoneKey})
MERGE (b:Beat {Beat: row.Beat})
MERGE (n:Neighborhood {Neighborhood: row.Neighborhood})
MERGE (npu:NPU {NPU: row.NPU})
MERGE (p:Property_Type {Type: row.PropertyType})
MERGE (m:Month {Month: row.Month})
MERGE (y:Year {Year: row.Year})
MERGE (ct:Crime_Type {Type: row.CrimeType})
MERGE (l:Location {Location: row.Location})
MERGE (c:Crime {Crime: row.Crime})
MERGE (b)-[:BELONG_TO]->(z)
MERGE (c)-[:TOOK_PLACE_ON]->(b)
MERGE (c)-[:HAPPENED_IN]->(n)
MERGE (n)-[:PART_OF]->(npu)
MERGE (c)-[:HAPPENED_AT]->(p)
MERGE (c)-[:OCCURED_AT]->(m)
MERGE (c)-[:OCCURED_IN]->(y)
MERGE (m)-[:CONSIST_OF]->(y)
MERGE (c)-[:IS_A]->(ct)
MERGE (l)-[:LOCATED_IN]->(b)
MERGE (l)-[:LOCATED_AT]->(n)
```

```
neo4j$ LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///zones.csv' AS row MERGE (z1:Zone {Police_Are...
```



Created 20 relationships, completed after 110 ms.

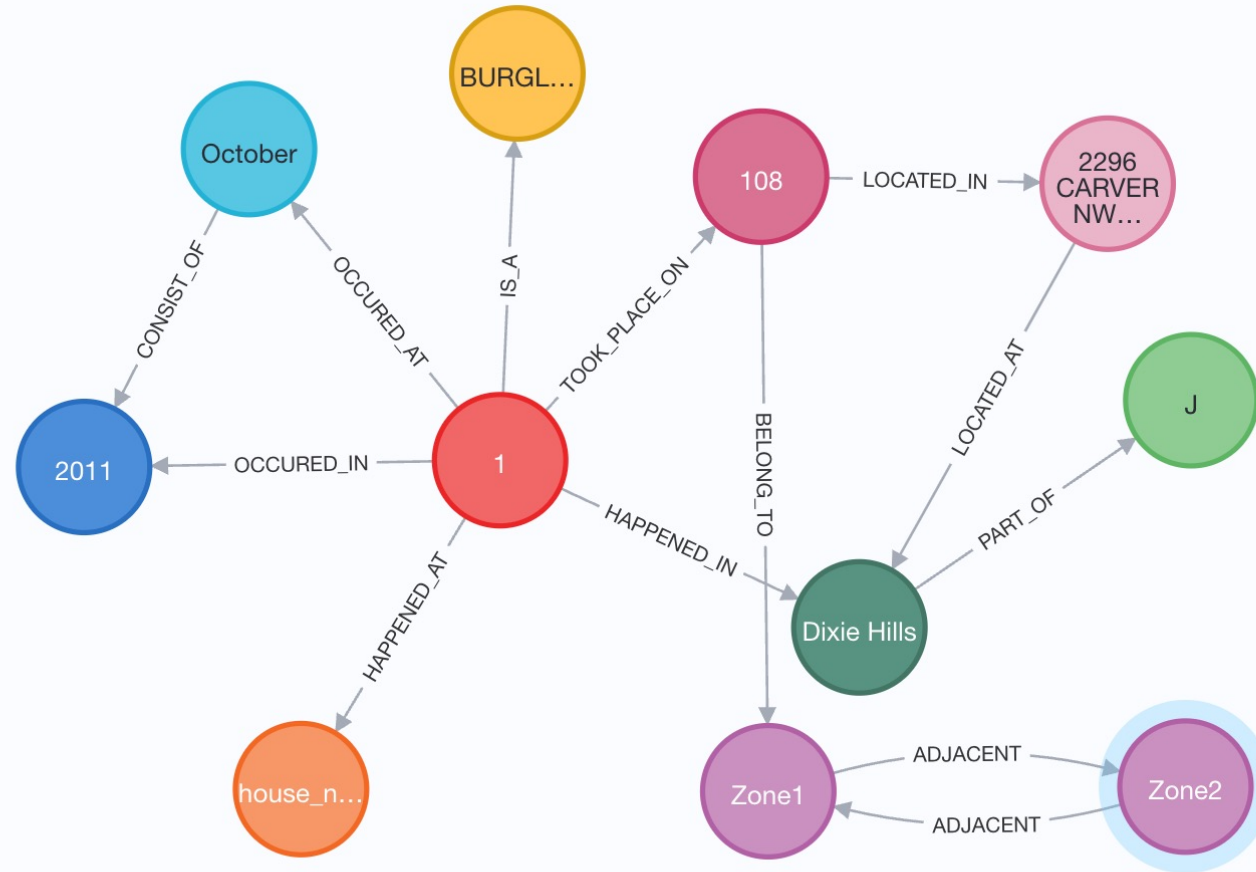
```
$ LOAD CSV WITH HEADERS FROM 'file:///data.csv' AS row MERGE (z:Zone {Police_Area: "Zon...
```



Added 2232 labels, created 2232 nodes, set 2232 properties, created 8096 relationships, completed after 3500 ms.

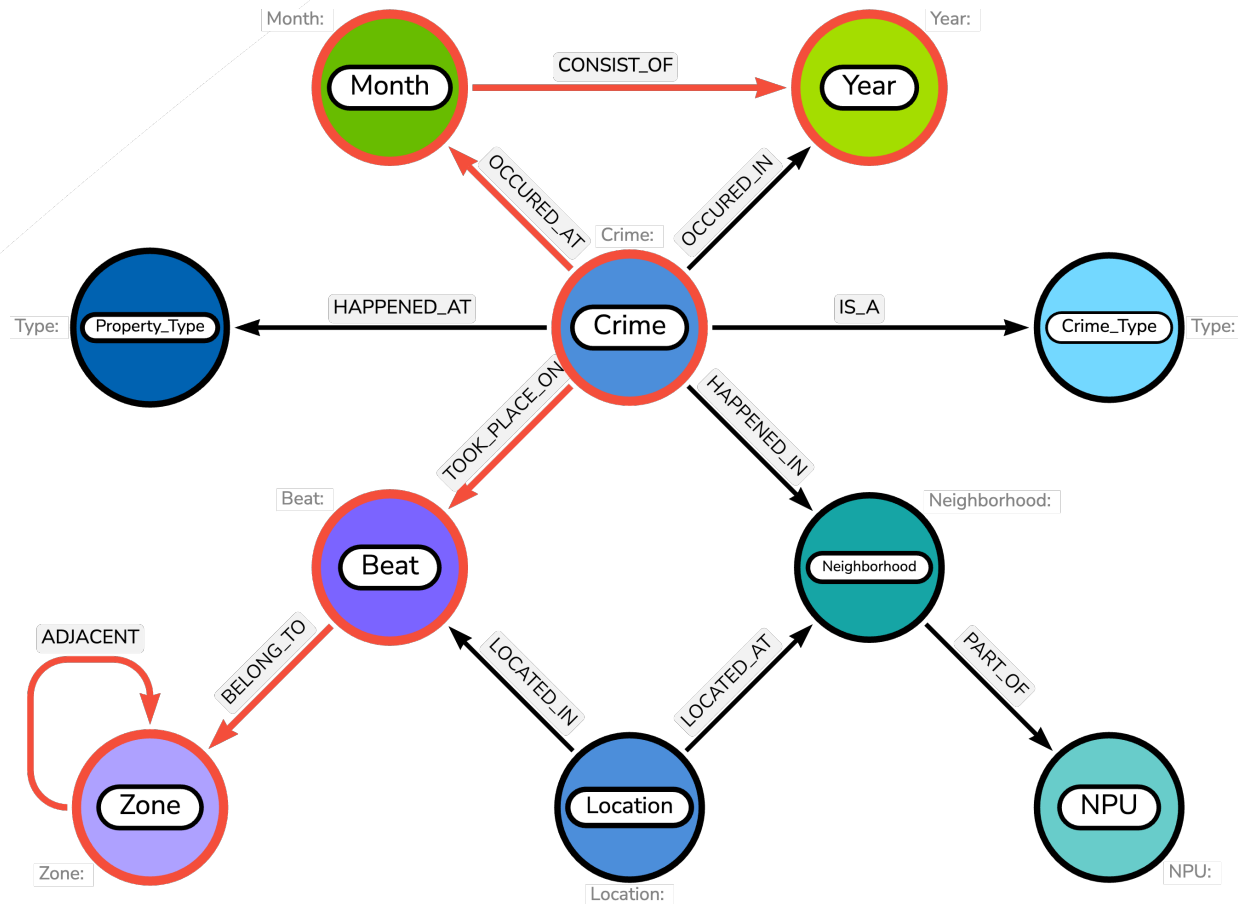
Arrow tool import

d. Example display



Graph to answer useful queries.

Purpose: To find the zones that have are adjacent and sharing the same high crime months.



- a) Create a relationship(ADJACENT) table
- b) Find the desired nodes
- c) Find the answer to a query by joining the nodes and relationships.

Answer the queries.

Purpose:

To find the zones that have are adjacent and sharing the same high crime months.

```
1 MATCH (z:Zone)-[:ADJACENT]→(az:Zone)
2 MATCH (z)←[:BELONG_TO]-(b:Beat)←[:TOOK_PLACE_ON]-(c:Crime)-[:OCCURED_AT]→
  (m:Month), (m)-[:CONSIST_OF]→(y:Year)
3 WITH z.Police_Area AS Zone, m.Month AS Month, y.Year AS Year, COUNT(c) AS
  CrimeCount
4 ORDER BY CrimeCount DESC
5 WITH Zone, Month, Year, MAX(CrimeCount) AS MaxCrimeCount
6 WITH COLLECT({Zone: Zone, Month: Month, Year: Year, CrimeCount: MaxCrimeCount}) AS
  ZoneData
7 MATCH (z:Zone)-[:ADJACENT]→(az:Zone)
8 WITH ZoneData, z.Police_Area AS Zone, az.Police_Area AS AdjacentZone
9 UNWIND ZoneData AS zd1
```

	Zone	AdjacentZone	SharedHighCrimeMonth	Year
1	"Zone1"	"Zone2"	"10"	"2009"
2	"Zone1"	"Zone3"	"10"	"2009"
3	"Zone1"	"Zone4"	"10"	"2009"
4	"Zone1"	"Zone5"	"10"	"2009"
5	"Zone2"	"Zone1"	"10"	"2009"
6	"Zone2"	"Zone5"	"10"	"2009"
7				

Started streaming 180 records after 45 ms and completed after 245 ms.

- a) Matches all adjacent area pairs
- b) Calculate the number of crimes in each area in each month.
- c) Sorting the number
- d) Return the answer



THANKS