

## Answer to Question 2 – Enzyme Kinetics (Ordinary Differential Equations)

a)

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d[E]}{dt} &= -k_1[E][S] + k_2[ES] + k_3[ES] = -k_1[E][S] + (k_2 + k_3)[ES] \\ \frac{d[S]}{dt} &= -k_1[E][S] + k_2[ES] \\ \frac{d[P]}{dt} &= k_3[ES] \\ \frac{d[ES]}{dt} &= k_1[E][S] - (k_2 + k_3)[ES]\end{aligned}$$

b) & c)

$$rate = \frac{d[P]}{dt} = k_3[ES]$$

Assuming steady-state approximation,

$$\begin{aligned}rate &= \frac{d[P]}{dt} = \frac{V_{max}[S]}{K_M + [S]}, \quad K_M = \frac{k_2 + k_3}{k_1} \\ \frac{d[S]}{dt} &= K_M[ES]\end{aligned}$$

given that the rate constants are:  $k_1=100/\mu\text{M}/\text{min}$ ,  $k_2=600/\text{min}$ ,  $k_3=150/\text{min}$ .

$$\frac{d[P]}{dt} = \frac{V_{max}[S]}{K_M + [S]}$$

