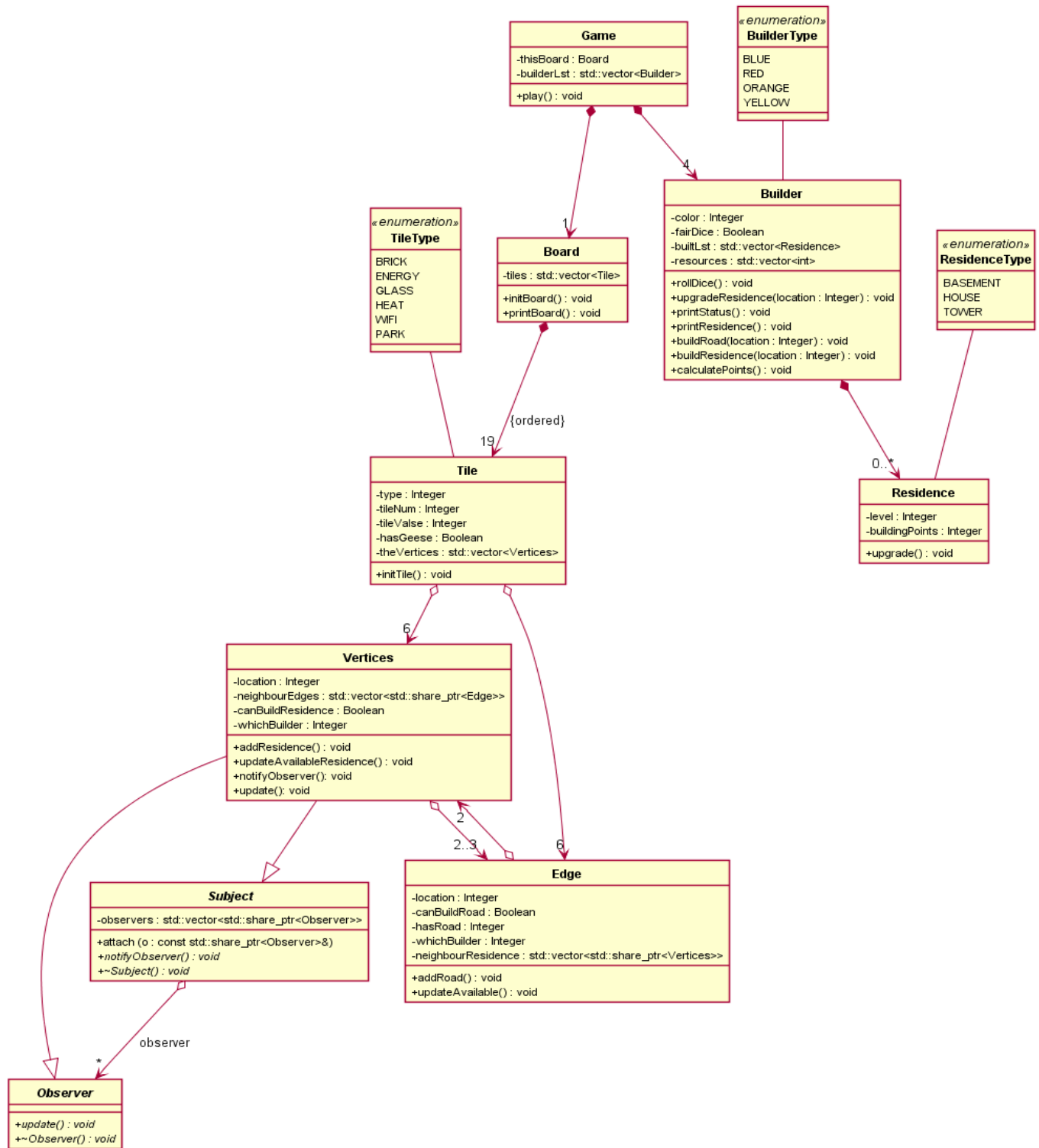


## UML Diagram:



## Plan and Documentation Tasks:

Item	Hard Deadline	Estimated Completion time	Note
UML Diagram - ddl #1	July 28, 5:00 PM	July 26, 11:59 AM	Submit <b>uml.pdf</b>
Plan of attack - ddl #1	July 28, 5:00 PM	July 27, 11:58 AM	Submit <b>plan.pdf</b>
Finalize - ddl #1 files	July 28, 5:00 PM	July 27, 11:59 AM	
Demo Plan - ddl #2	August 13, 11:59 PM	August 11, 11:58 AM	Submit <b>demo.pdf</b> in the file with project
UML Diagram - ddl #2	August 13, 11:59 PM	August 11, 11:59 AM	Submit <b>uml-final.pdf</b>
Design-ddl#2	August 13, 11:59 PM	August 12, 11:58 AM	Submit <b>design.pdf</b>
Finalize-ddl# 2 files	August 13, 11:59 PM	August 12, 11:59 AM	

## Implementation Plan:

The following deadline will be displayed in China Time Zone, we labeled tasks with priority ( red - high , yellow - medium , no label - normal) and we use the bold text represents the class we need to implement.

Deadline	(All at 11:59 PM)	Yifan	Jiaqi
Monday	July 26	<input type="checkbox"/> UML Diagram-ddl #1	<input type="checkbox"/> Plan of Attack
Tuesday	July 27	<input type="checkbox"/> Finalize-ddl #1 files	<input type="checkbox"/> Finalize-ddl #1 files
Wednesday	July 28	<input type="checkbox"/> header: <b>Game,Board,Edge,Tile,Residence,ResidenceType</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> header: <b>Vertices, Observer, Builder, BuilderType, Subject,TileType</b>
Thursday	July 29	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Tile</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Builder</b>
Friday	July 30	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Edge</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Subject</b>
Monday	August 2	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Board</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Observer</b>
Tuesday	August 3	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Game</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Builder</b> Revisit
Wednesday	August 4	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Residence</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>Vertices</b>
Thursday	August 5	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge <b>Edge and Vertices</b>	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge <b>Subject and Observer</b>
Friday	August 6	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge all codes and basic test	<input type="checkbox"/> Merge all codes and basic test
Monday	August 9	<input type="checkbox"/> Extra features	<input type="checkbox"/> Extra features
Tuesday	August 10	<input type="checkbox"/> Extra features	<input type="checkbox"/> Extra features
Wednesday	August 11	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Test, UML Diagram, Resilience to Change	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Test, overview,design, Resilience to Change, Answer Questions
Thursday	August 12	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Test, (conclusion)	<input type="checkbox"/> Final Test, (introduction)
Friday	August 13	<input type="checkbox"/> Finalize and Submit	<input type="checkbox"/> Finalize and Submit

**Question 1: You have to implement the ability to choose between randomly setting up the resources of the board and reading the resources used from a file at runtime. What design pattern could you use to implement this feature? Did you use this design pattern? Why or why not?**

We can use the Strategy design pattern to implement the feature of randomly setting up the resources of the board and reading the resources used from a file at runtime. The randomness of setting up the resources of the board is controlled by user inputting the flag **-random**, based on this flag, we can apply different algorithm to control the input reading method. In addition, since this is done at runtime, then we could apply Strategy design pattern.

In our own implementation, we will not apply the exact Strategy design pattern introduced in the lecture; instead, we will extend the core idea of Strategy design pattern and simplify it. Since we only have two ways of setting up the resources of the board and reading the resources used from a file at runtime, it's a binary control, and we can simply use a Boolean variable to control with two different algorithms implemented in two different functions. If in the future, we have extra features that allow us to have a third, a fourth or more algorithms to implement this feature, we will certainly consider using the Strategy design pattern to allow us to isolate the codes, the internal data, and the dependencies of different algorithms from the rest of the implementation.

**Question 2: You must be able to switch between loaded and fair dice at run-time. What design pattern could you use to implement this feature? Did you use this design pattern? Why or why not?**

We can use the Strategy design pattern to implement the feature of switching dices. The use of the dice is controlled by user inputting the command **load** and **fair**, based on this command, we can apply different algorithm to operate dice rolling when use input command **roll**. In addition, since this is done at runtime, then we could apply Strategy design pattern.

In our own implementation, we will not apply the exact Strategy design pattern introduced in the lecture; instead, we will extend the core idea of Strategy design pattern and simplify it. Since we only have two dices when rolling, it can be considered a binary control, and we can simply use a Boolean variable to control with two different algorithms implemented in two different functions. In this way, the implementation will be much easier since we only store a Boolean and two member functions for dice rolling. If in the future, we have extra features that allow us to have a third, a fourth or more algorithms to implement the dice we want to roll, we will certainly consider using the Strategy design pattern to allow us to isolate the codes, the internal data, and the dependencies of different algorithms from the rest of the implementation.

**Question 3:** We have defined the game of Constructor to have a specific board layout and size. Suppose we wanted to have different game modes (e.g. hexagonal tiles, a graphical display, different sized board for a different numbers of players). What design pattern would you consider using for all of these ideas?

We can use the Template design pattern to implement the feature of settling board layout and size. The display of the board can be control by defined flags (e.g. **-hexa**, **-graphical**) we can apply different algorithm to control the essential display of the game. In addition, since the commands are inputted at compile time, hence the decision of game modes is also made using at compile time, then we could apply Template design pattern.

If we want to implement board shape feature using this Template design pattern, a **Shape** class can be helpful with child classes being **hexagonal**, **regular**, etc. We pass instantiated child class of class **Shape** as parameters to a class **File** to control the algorithm of layout and size of the board. Similarly, if we want to implement a graphical display feature, we apply Template design pattern using classes to control whether we use graphical display tool such as GUI to visualize the game.

**Question 6:** Suppose we wanted to add a feature to change the tiles production once the game has begun. For example, being able to improve a tile so that multiple types of resources can be obtained from the tile, or reduce the quantity of resources produced by the tile over time. What design pattern(s) could you use to facilitate this ability?

We can use the Decorator design pattern to implement the feature of changing the tile' production. Decorator design pattern lets us add this feature to the tile at run-time rather than to the class as a whole. In this way, if we want multiple types of resources from a tile, we can have two child classes of the **decorator** class namely **addition** and **remove** to be layered on top of the tile for adding one more resources and removing one resource from the existing tile. Based on the change of the tile's production, we add or remove decorator classes (or "layer") from the current tile (either with or without layers covered).

**Question 7:** Did you use any exceptions in your project? If so, where did you use them and why? If not, give an example of a place that it would make sense to use exceptions in your project and explain why you didnt use them.

We used exceptions on users' input and input files in our projects. We use exceptions in those two cases because once we encountered invalid input or invalid files we can catch these error and throw an exception and error messages in the main function to notify the user that the input is invalid. In this way, we can make sure that all input and input files that read into the actual game are valid.

If we consider invalid command, including the command user use in the game round and turns, for early stage, we will assume the inputs are valid as described. However, in future implementations (such as in the extra features), we can add blocks to ensure the

exceptions cannot arise by prompting invalid command message and allow user to re-input command. Moreover, such idea of handling exception and potentially some errors can also be extended in checking the validness of parameter values.