

① 微分的定义.

对于函数 $y=f(x)$, 若存在常数 A , 使 $\Delta y = f(x_0 + \Delta x) - f(x_0) = A\Delta x + o(\Delta x)$.
则称 $y=f(x)$ 在 x_0 处可微, 且记 $dy|_{x=x_0} = A\Delta x$ 为 $f(x)$ 在 x_0 处微分.

↳ 由上面讨论知: 若 $f(x)$ 于 x_0 处可导, 则必有在 x_0 处可微, 且 $A=f'(x)$.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{充要} \\ f(x) \text{ 在 } x_0 \text{ 处可微} \iff f(x) \text{ 在 } x_0 \text{ 处可导} \\ df(x)|_{x=x_0} = f'(x_0)dx \end{array}$$

$$\text{由 } dx = \Delta x, \Rightarrow df(x) = f'(x)dx$$

$$\text{故 } f'(x) = \frac{df(x)}{dx} = \frac{dy}{dx} \text{ 为因变量与自变量微分之比.}$$

② 微分的近似计算. $f(x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)\Delta x$.

$$\text{由 } f(x) \text{ 在 } x_0 \text{ 处可导, 必有 } \Delta y = f(x) - f(x_0) = f'(x_0)(x - x_0) + o(x - x_0).$$

$$\text{从而 } x \rightarrow x_0 \text{ (即 } |\Delta x| \text{ 很小) 时有: } f(x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)(x - x_0).$$

Eg. 计算 $\sin 30^\circ 30'$ 的近似值. ↳ 切线方程得表:

$$f(x) - f(x_0) = f'(x_0)(x - x_0)$$

$$\Delta x = x - x_0 = 30' = \frac{\pi}{360}.$$

$$f(x) \approx f(x_0) + f'(x_0)(x - x_0) = \sin 30^\circ + \cos 30^\circ \cdot \frac{\pi}{360} = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}\pi}{720}.$$

Eg. 计算 $\sqrt[3]{245}$.

U

$$2^5 = 32, 3^5 = 243 \approx 245, \quad \downarrow \quad (1+x)^\alpha = 1+\alpha x$$

$$\sqrt[3]{245} = \sqrt[3]{3^5 + 2} = 3 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{2}{3^5}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}} = 3 \cdot \left(1 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3^5}\right) = 3 + \frac{2}{3^4},$$

提取一个3出来!!!!