号型形式.

① 定理 1:
$$I$$
. 当x > a时, $Imf(x)=0$, $Imf(x)=0$. $Imf(x)=0$.

基xina换为 xinat, xinaT, xina, xintos, xinos 杂叶正作植应修改。 定理1仍然存在。

$$\frac{x^2 \cdot \sin x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{x^2 \cdot \cos x}{\cos x} - \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{2x \cdot \sin x}{\cos x} + \lim_$$

而实际上:
$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cancel{x} \cdot \sin \cancel{x}}{\sin \cancel{x}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cancel{x} \cdot \sin \cancel{x}}{\cancel{x}} = \lim_{x \to 0} \cancel{x} \cdot \sin \cancel{x} = 0.$$
 实际上有极限!

mfix 不在一声mfix 不存在! 只能说明治及达战则不能用!

$$\frac{2g}{x^{3}+x^{6}} \lim_{x^{3}-e^{x^{2}}} \frac{x^{3}-e^{x^{2}}}{x^{3}-\ln x^{4}e^{x^{2}}} = \lim_{x\to +\infty} \frac{x^{3}-e^{x^{2}}}{e^{x^{2}}} \lim_{x\to +\infty} \frac{x^{3}-e^{x^{2}}}{e^{x^{2}}} = -\frac{1}{3}.$$

imfx)=A = 0.

则 [imf(x)·g(x)]=A·limg(x). [I.若 limg(x)存在. 米式成立. II.若 limg(x)不存在. 则 limf(x)·g(x) 也不存在.

④其他未定式:0.00,00-00,0°,100,00° 0° , 1^{∞} , $\infty^{\circ} \Rightarrow g(x) \cdot [Af(x)]$.

Eg:
$$\lim_{x \to 0^+} \chi^n \cdot |nx| = \lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{|nx|}{\chi^n} \stackrel{\boxtimes}{=} \lim_{x \to 0^+} \frac{1}{\chi^n} \frac{1}{\chi^n} = \lim_{x \to 0^+} (\frac{1}{\chi} \chi^n) = 0.$$

Eg:
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} (\sqrt[3]{x^2} + -\sqrt[3]{x^2} + 2x^2 + 1) = \lim_{x \to \infty} (\sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{t^2}} + 1 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{t^2}} + \frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2})$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt[3]{1+t^2} - \sqrt[3]{1+2t+t^2} \qquad \frac{0}{2} \lim_{x \to \infty} (\frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2})^{\frac{1}{t^2}} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

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$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \sqrt[3]{1+t^2} - \sqrt[3]{1+t^2} + \frac{1}{t^2} + \frac{1}{t^$$

$$\frac{\text{Fg.}}{\text{Im}} \left(\frac{\text{Sec} x - \text{fanx}}{\text{Sec} x} \right) = \lim_{x \to \Xi} \left(\frac{1}{\cos x} - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} \right) = \lim_{x \to \Xi} \frac{1 - \sin x}{\cos x} = \lim_{x \to \Xi} \frac{-\cos x}{-\sin x}$$

Eg.
$$\lim_{x \to 0^{+}} x^{x} = \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} x \ln x = \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} \frac{1}{x^{2}} = \lim_{x \to 0^{+}} (x)$$

例9. 求
$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \sqrt{n}(\sqrt[n-1])$$
.

法1. 转化为函数、用洛必达法则.

原式 = $\lim_{x \to +\infty} \frac{x^x - 1}{x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ 下一步计算很繁!

法2. 利用例3结果.

原式 = $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{n^2(n^n - 1)}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ = $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ = $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ = $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{1}{n^{-\frac{1}{2}}}$ = $\lim_{n \to \infty} \frac{\ln n}{n^{\frac{1}{2}}}$ = 0