

Topologically controlled lossy compression

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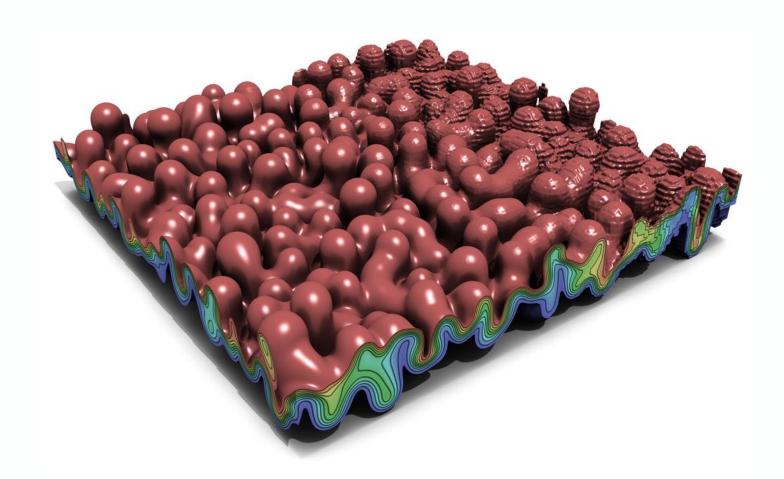
Agenda

- Context
- Compression algorithm
- Topological compression: 2D image
- Topological compression: medical data



Context

- Data compression
- Problems
 - Lossless: low compression factors
 - Lossy: topological error

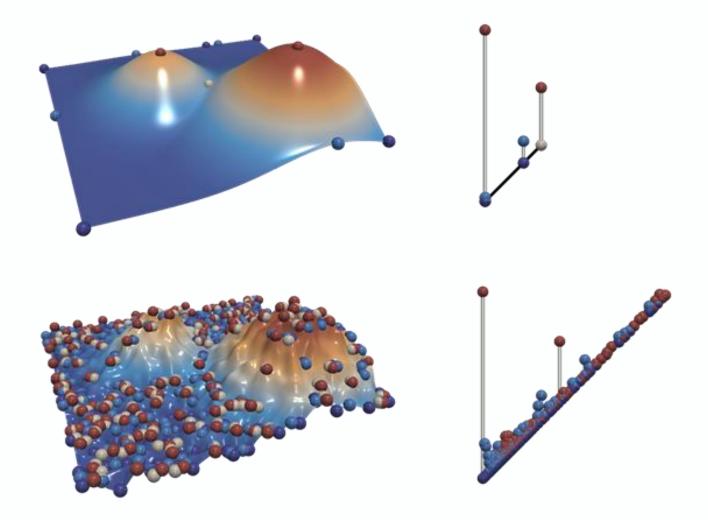


Rayleigh-Taylor instability compressed with ZFP [1]. Compression factor from 1 (left) to 64 (right)



Context

- Data compression
- Topological lossy compression
 - Based on *persistence diagrams*
 - Control of the topological loss



Smooth and noisy 2D functions with associated persistence diagrams

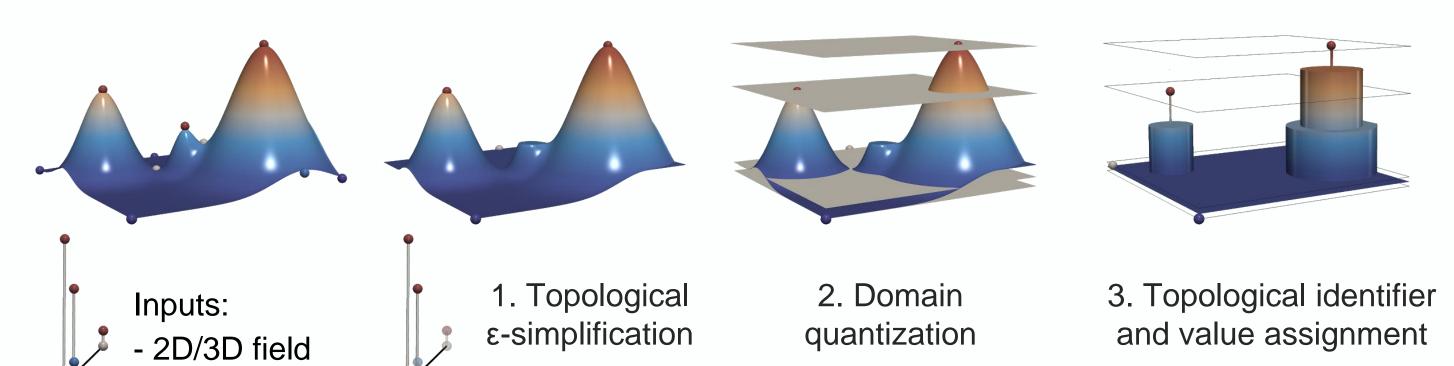


Compression algorithm



Compression

- Threshold ε

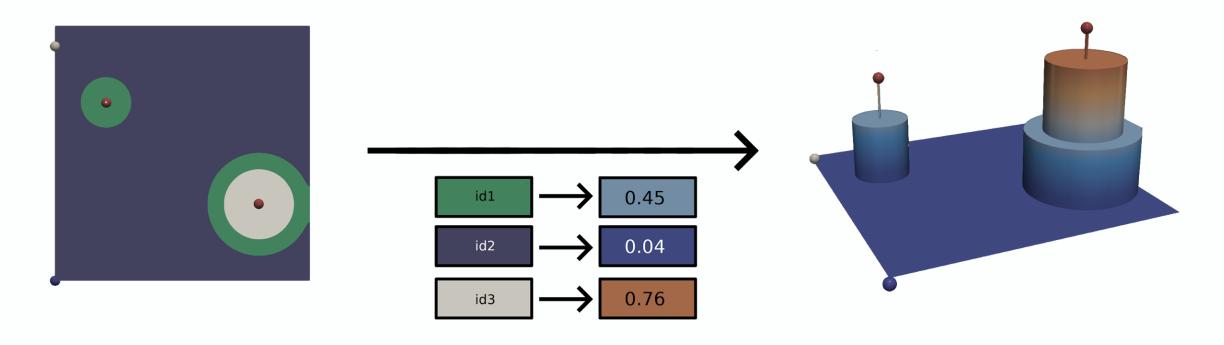




4. Lossless compression

of topological identifiers

Decompression

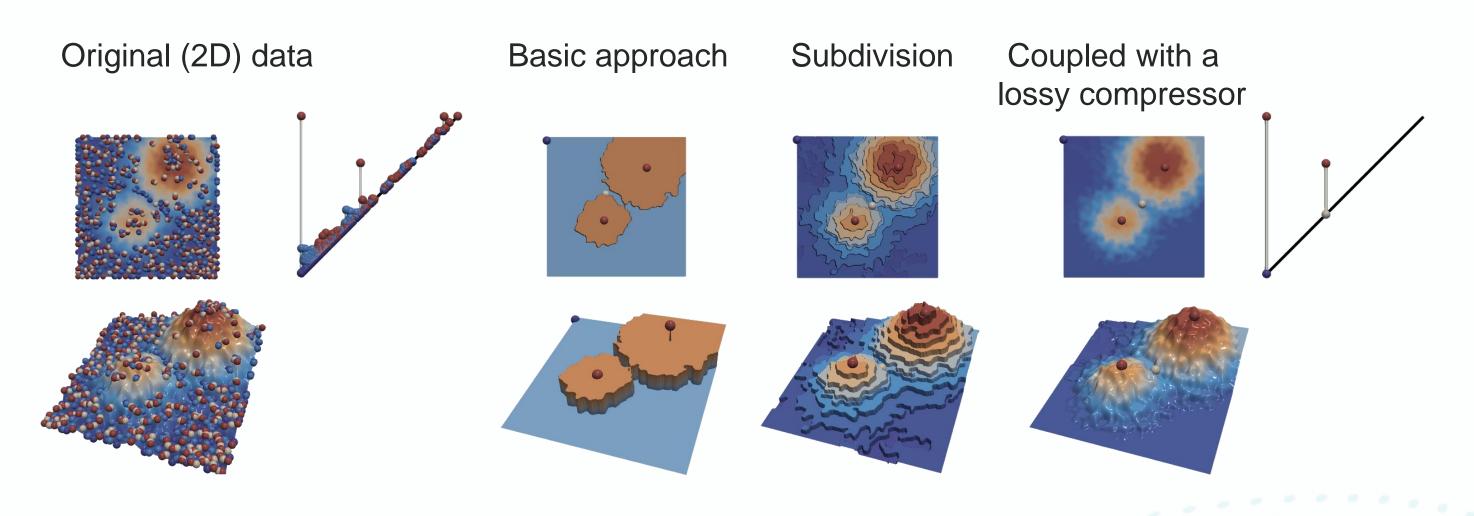


1. Lossless decompression of identifiers

- 2. Value assignment
- 3. Topological (ε-)correction (for extensions)



Extensions



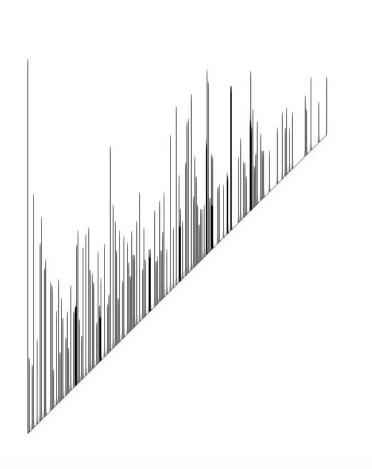


Topological compression



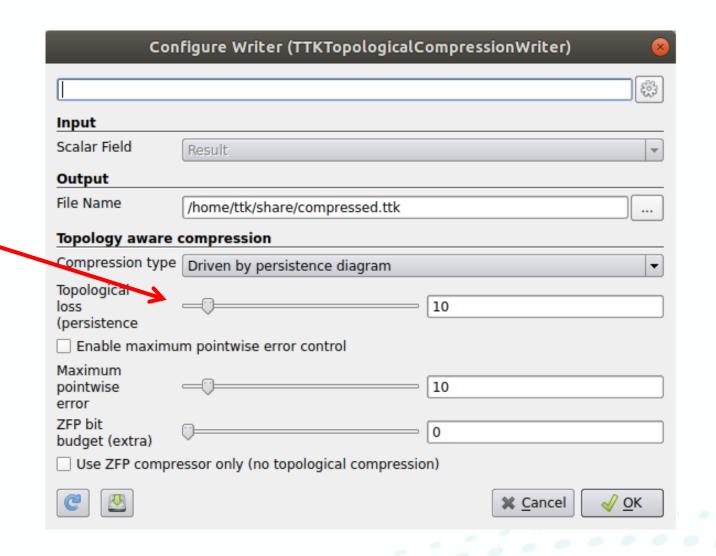
Original







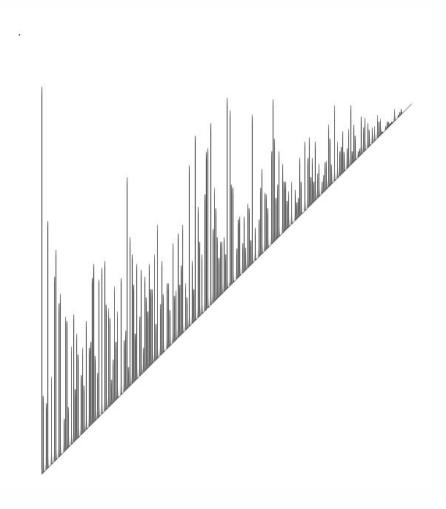
Compression





Compressed







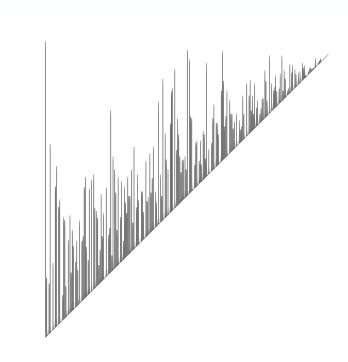
Comparison

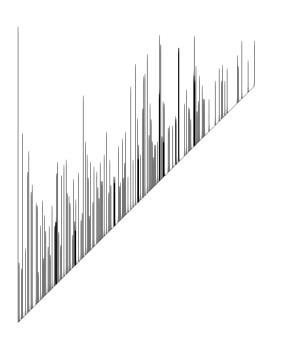


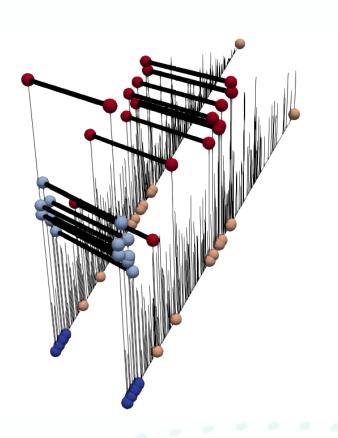




Comparison: BottleneckDistance

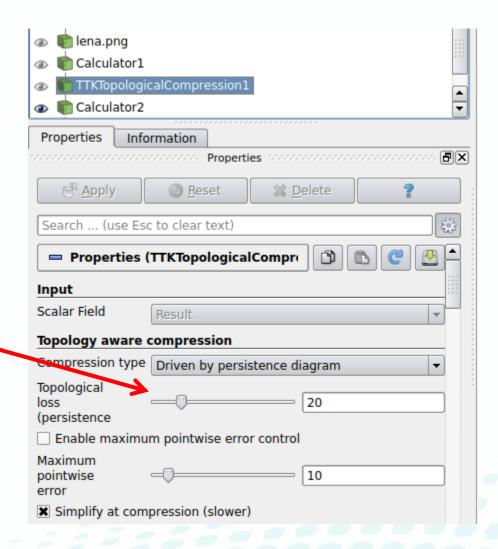








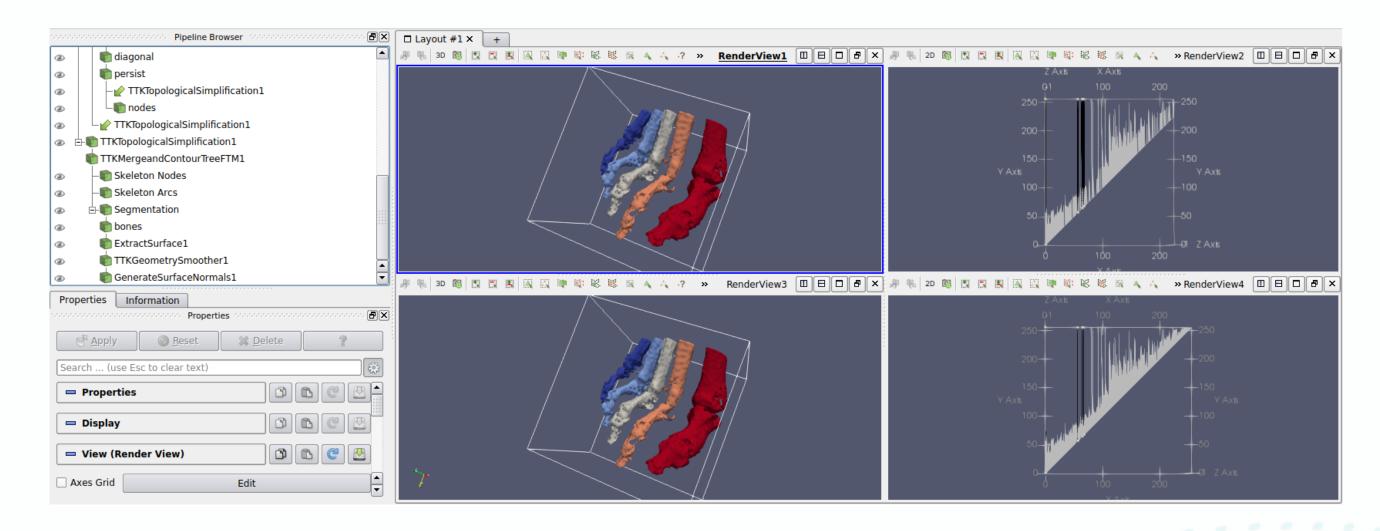
Compression preview: TopologicalCompression





- Segmentation pipeline
 - Persistence diagram
 - Threshold (p > 187, diagonal)
 - Topological simplification
 - FTM Tree







- foot.vti (22MB)
- footc.ttk (81KB, 270x smaller, 68% persistence threshold)



Bonus: persistence-driven tracking



Persistence tracking

