RWorksheet_Huervana3b

2023-10-11

```
#1. A Create a data frame using the table below.
resp <- c(1:20)
sex \leftarrow c(2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2)
occu \leftarrow c(1,3,3,3,1,2,3,1,1,1,3,2,1,3,3,1,3,1,2,1)
persHome \leftarrow c(5,7,3,8,5,9,6,7,8,4,7,5,4,7,8,8,3,11,7,6)
sib \leftarrow c(6,4,4,1,2,1,5,3,1,2,3,2,5,5,2,1,2,5,3,2)
houseType \leftarrow c(1,2,3,1,1,3,3,1,2,3,2,3,2,2,3,3,3,3,3,2)
householdData <- data.frame(</pre>
  Respondents = resp,
  Sex = sex,
  FatherOccupation = occu,
  PersonAtHome = persHome,
  SiblingsAtSchool = sib,
  HouseType = houseType
)
householdData
      Respondents Sex FatherOccupation PersonAtHome SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
## 1
## 2
                 2
                      2
                                         3
                                                       7
                                                                          4
                                                                                     2
## 3
                                         3
                                                       3
                                                                          4
                 3
                      1
                                                                                     3
## 4
                      2
                                         3
                                                       8
                 4
                                                                          1
                                                                                     1
                      2
## 5
                 5
                                         1
                                                       5
                                                                          2
                                                                                     1
## 6
                      2
                                         2
                                                       9
                 6
                                                                          1
                                                                                     3
## 7
                 7
                      2
                                         3
                                                       6
                                                                          5
                                                                                     3
                                                       7
## 8
                 8
                      2
                                         1
                                                                          3
                                                                                     1
                 9
                      2
## 9
                                         1
                                                       8
                                                                          1
                                                                                     2
## 10
                10
                      2
                                         1
                                                       4
                                                                          2
                                                                                     3
                                         3
                                                       7
                                                                          3
## 11
                11
                                                                                     2
                                         2
## 12
                12
                      2
                                                       5
                                                                          2
                                                                                     3
                      2
## 13
                13
                                         1
                                                       4
                                                                          5
                                                                                     2
## 14
                14
                      2
                                         3
                                                       7
                                                                          5
                                                                                     2
## 15
                15
                      2
                                         3
                                                       8
                                                                          2
                                                                                     3
                16
                      2
                                         1
                                                       8
                                                                                     3
## 16
                                                                          1
## 17
                17
                      2
                                         3
                                                       3
                                                                          2
                                                                                     3
                                                                          5
                                                                                     3
## 18
                18
                      2
                                         1
                                                      11
                                         2
                                                                          3
## 19
                19
                      1
                                                       7
                                                                                     3
## 20
                20
                      2
                                                                          2
                                                                                     2
                                         1
                                                       6
#1 B
str(householdData)
```

```
20 obs. of 6 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Respondents
                   : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
                    : num 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Sex
## $ FatherOccupation: num 1 3 3 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 ...
## $ PersonAtHome
                    : num 5738596784 ...
## $ SiblingsAtSchool: num 6 4 4 1 2 1 5 3 1 2 ...
## $ HouseType
                    : num 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 ...
summary(householdData)
    Respondents
                        Sex
                                 FatherOccupation PersonAtHome
## Min. : 1.00 Min. :1.00 Min.
                                        :1.00
                                                  Min. : 3.0
## 1st Qu.: 5.75
                 1st Qu.:2.00 1st Qu.:1.00
                                                  1st Qu.: 5.0
## Median :10.50 Median :2.00 Median :2.00
                                                  Median: 7.0
## Mean :10.50
                   Mean :1.85
                                 Mean :1.95
                                                  Mean : 6.4
                   3rd Qu.:2.00
## 3rd Qu.:15.25
                                 3rd Qu.:3.00
                                                  3rd Qu.: 8.0
## Max.
          :20.00
                   Max.
                         :2.00 Max. :3.00
                                                  Max. :11.0
## SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
## Min.
         :1.00
                    Min.
                          :1.0
## 1st Qu.:2.00
                   1st Qu.:2.0
## Median :2.50
                    Median:2.5
## Mean :2.95
                   Mean :2.3
## 3rd Qu.:4.25
                    3rd Qu.:3.0
## Max. :6.00
                    Max. :3.0
#You have a table with 20 rows and 6 columns. The columns are:
#Respondents: A number that identifies each person.
#Sex: Tells if the person is a male (1) or female (2).
#Father's Occupation: indicates the father's occupation .
#Persons at Home: Indicates how many people are in the person's home.
#Siblings at School: Tells you how many siblings of the person are going to school.
#Type of House: describes the type of house
#1.C Is the mean number of siblings attending is 5?
sibsMean <- mean(householdData$SiblingsAtSchool)</pre>
sibsMean
## [1] 2.95
# the mean of the number of siblings at school is 2.95, which is not 5
#1.D Extract the 1st two rows and then all the columns using the subsetting functions.
firstTwoRows <- householdData[1:2,]</pre>
firstTwoRows
    Respondents Sex FatherOccupation PersonAtHome SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
##
## 1
              1
                                  1
## 2
                                               7
                                                                4
                                                                         2
#1.E Extract 3rd and 5th row with 2nd and 4th column.
thirdAndFifthRows <- householdData[c(3,5),c(2,4)]
thirdAndFifthRows
    Sex PersonAtHome
## 3
     1
                   3
```

5

```
#1.F Select the variable types of houses then store the vector that results as types_houses.
types_houses <- householdData$HouseType</pre>
types_houses
## [1] 1 2 3 1 1 3 3 1 2 3 2 3 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2
#1.G Select only all Males respondent that their father occupation was farmer.
maleFarmer <- householdData[householdData$Sex == 1 & householdData$FatherOccupation == 1,]</pre>
maleFarmer
## [1] Respondents
                       Sex
                                        FatherOccupation PersonAtHome
## [5] SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
# there are no observations
#1.H Select only all females respondent that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attendi
femaleResp <- householdData[householdData$SiblingsAtSchool >= 5,]
femaleResp
     Respondents Sex FatherOccupation PersonAtHome SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
##
## 1
              1
               7 2
## 7
                                    3
                                                  6
                                                                   5
                                                                             3
## 13
              13
                  2
                                                  4
                                                                   5
                                                                             2
                                    1
## 14
              14 2
                                    3
                                                  7
                                                                   5
                                                                             2
## 18
              18 2
                                     1
                                                 11
                                                                   5
                                                                             3
# It shows 5 observations
# 2 Write a R program to create an empty data frame.
df = data.frame(Ints=integer(),
Doubles=double(), Characters=character(),
Logicals=logical(),
Factors=factor(),
stringsAsFactors=FALSE
print("Structure of the empty dataframe:")
## [1] "Structure of the empty dataframe:"
print(str(df))
## 'data.frame':
                 0 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ Ints
              : int
## $ Doubles : num
## $ Characters: chr
## $ Logicals : logi
## $ Factors : Factor w/ 0 levels:
## NULL
#You have an empty data table with no rows and 5 columns.
```

```
#These columns have different data types:
#ints: They can hold whole numbers (integers).
#doubles: They can store decimal numbers.
#characters: These columns can hold text or words.
#logicals: They can store either "true" or "false" values.
#factors: These are used to categorize data but currently have no categories (O levels), so they're ess
#This table is like a template and can be filled with data later.
# 3 Create a .csv file of this. Save it as HouseholdData.csv
newResp \leftarrow c(1:10)
newSex <- c("Male", "Female", "Female", "Male", "Female", "Female", "Female", "Male")</pre>
newOcc \leftarrow c(1,2,3,3,1,2,2,3,1,3)
newPersonsAtHome \leftarrow c(5,7,3,8,6,4,4,2,11,6)
newSib \leftarrow c(2,3,0,5,2,3,1,2,6,2)
newType <- c("Wood", "Congrete", "Congrete", "Wood", "Semi-congrete", "Semi-congrete", "Wood", "Wood",
HouseholdData <- data.frame(</pre>
    Respondents = newResp,
    Sex = newSex,
    FatherOccupation = newOcc,
    PersonAtHome = newPersonsAtHome,
    SiblingsAtSchool = newSib,
    HouseType = newType
write.csv(HouseholdData, file = "HouseholdData.csv")
#3 A Import the csv file into the R environment.
imported <- read.csv("HouseholdData.csv")</pre>
imported
                                                       {\tt Sex \ FatherOccupation \ PersonAtHome \ SiblingsAtSchool}
                X Respondents
## 1
                                           1
                1
                                                    Male
                                                                                                   1
## 2
              2
                                           2 Female
                                                                                                   2
                                                                                                                                 7
                                                                                                                                                                         3
                                                                                                   3
                                                                                                                                                                         0
## 3
              3
                                           3 Female
                                                                                                                                 3
## 4 4
                                           4 Male
                                                                                                   3
                                                                                                                                 8
                                                                                                                                                                         5
## 5
              5
                                           5
                                                    Male
                                                                                                   1
                                                                                                                                  6
                                                                                                                                                                         2
## 6
                                           6 Female
                                                                                                   2
                                                                                                                                 4
                                                                                                                                                                         3
              6
## 7
                                                                                                   2
              7
                                           7 Female
                                                                                                                                 4
                                                                                                                                                                         1
## 8
                                                    Male
                                                                                                   3
                                                                                                                                 2
                                                                                                                                                                         2
              8
## 9
              9
                                          9 Female
                                                                                                   1
                                                                                                                                11
                                                                                                                                                                         6
                                         10 Male
                                                                                                   3
                                                                                                                                  6
                                                                                                                                                                         2
## 10 10
##
                      HouseType
## 1
                                  Wood
## 2
                         Congrete
## 3
                         Congrete
## 4
                                  Wood
## 5 Semi-congrete
## 6 Semi-congrete
## 7
                                  Wood
```

```
## 10
           Congrete
#3 B Convert the Sex into factor using factor() function and change it into integer. [Legend: Male = 1 a
imported$Sex <- factor(imported$Sex, levels = c("Male", "Female"))</pre>
imported$Sex <- as.integer(imported$Sex)</pre>
imported$Sex
## [1] 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 1
#3 C Convert the Type of Houses into factor and change it into integer. [Legend: Wood = 1; Congrete = 2
imported$HouseType <- factor(imported$HouseType, levels = c("Wood", "Congrete", "Semi-congrete"))</pre>
imported$HouseType <- as.integer(imported$HouseType)</pre>
imported$HouseType
## [1] 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 3 3 2
#3 D On father's occupation, factor it as Farmer = 1; Driver = 2; and Others = 3.
imported $\frac{1}{2}$ Father Occupation <- factor (imported $\frac{1}{2}$ Father Occupation, levels = c(1,2,3), labels = c("Farmer",
imported$FatherOccupation
## [1] Farmer Driver Others Others Farmer Driver Driver Others Farmer Others
## Levels: Farmer Driver Others
#3 E Select only all females respondent that has a father whose occupation is driver.
femaleDriver <- imported[imported$Sex == 2 & imported$FatherOccupation == "Driver",]
femaleDriver
     X Respondents Sex FatherOccupation PersonAtHome SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
## 2 2
                      2
                                  Driver
                 2
                                                     7
                                                                       3
                                                                                  2
## 6 6
                  6
                      2
                                  Driver
                                                                       3
                                                                                  3
## 7 7
                                  Driver
                                                                       1
                                                                                  1
#3 F Select the respondents that have greater than or equal to 5 number of siblings attending school.
greaterFive <- imported[imported$SiblingsAtSchool >= 5,]
greaterFive
     X Respondents Sex FatherOccupation PersonAtHome SiblingsAtSchool HouseType
## 4 4
                      1
                                  Others
                                                     8
                                                                       5
                                                                                  1
## 9 9
                                  Farmer
                                                    11
                                                                       6
                                                                                  3
#4 Interpret the graph.
# Based on this data, we can infer that public sentiment is influenced by external events or circumstan
```

8 Semi-congrete
9 Semi-congrete