

Instruction Manual for the Ray *de novo* genome assembler software

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Ray version 1.3.1

<http://denovoassembler.sf.net>

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1 Installation

To install Ray, you need a C++ compiler, make and an MPI implementation compliant with MPI standard 2.2.

Ray runs on any POSIX-compliant system. This includes GNU/Linux. Windows users need to install Cygwin although Ray is not tested on Cygwin.

The software below are readily available in most GNU/Linux distributions (Table 1).

Table 1: Suggested software

Software	Name
C++ compiler	GNU g++
MPI implementation	Open-MPI

There are some compilation flags that can be changed. These are listed below in Table 2.

Table 2: Compilation flags

Flag	Effect
HAVE_ZLIB	enable support for .gz files
HAVE_LIBBZ2	enable support for .bz2 files
FORCE_PACKING	enable packing of structures and classes
ASSERT	enable assertions in the code

The source code of Ray can be compiled with a configure script and associated Makefile. This approach will verify that your system has required libraries and functions. The source code can also be compiled simply with `makefile.alternate`. With both approaches, you need to have `mpic++` in your path. Furthermore, `CXX` must not be defined. If it is defined, then its values should be set to `mpic++`.

1.1 Compilation with the configure script

```
./configure --prefix=$(pwd)/software/ray-x.y.z
make
make install
ls -l $(pwd)/software/ray-x.y.z/bin/Ray
```

1.2 Compilation with the makefile.alternate

```
make -f makefile.alternate
ls -l code/Ray
```

2 Inputs

The input files for Ray contain sequences. The files must be formatted in one of the supported formats. These formats are listed in Table 3. Note that the file extension is obligatory and Ray uses it to select the file format.

3 Parameters

Ray assembles reads (paired or not) to produce an assembly. Paired reads must be on opposite strands (forward & reverse or reverse & forward).

Table 3: File formats compatible with the Ray *de novo* genome assembler software

Format	Obligatory extension
Fasta format	.fasta
Fasta format, compressed with GNU zip (gzip)	.fasta.gz
Fasta format, compressed with bzip2	.fasta.bz2
Fastq format	.fastq
Fastq format, compressed with GNU zip (gzip)	.fastq.gz
Fastq format, compressed with bzip2	.fastq.bz2
Standard flowgram format	.sff

For a paired library, paired reads can be provided as two files (with -p) or as one file containing interleaved sequences (with -i). With both, the average outer distance and the standard deviation can be provided by the user. Otherwise, these values are computed by Ray. The maximum number of paired libraries allowed by Ray is 499.

3.1 *k*-mer length with -k

Ray builds a distributed catalog of all occurring *k*-mers in the reads and their reverse-complement. *k* must be greater or equal to 15 and lower or equal to 31. The *k*-mer length must be an odd number.

3.2 Output prefix with -o

Output files are named according to the prefix provided by the option -o.

3.3 Single-end reads with -s

-s <sequencesFile>

3.4 Paired-end reads and mate-pair reads with -p

Average outer distance and standard deviation are computed by Ray if omitted.

-p <leftSequencesFile> <rightSequencesFile>

OR

-p <leftSequencesFile> <rightSequencesFile> <averageFragmentLength> <standardDeviation>

Example for paired-end reads (the ends of DNA fragments):

-p s_200_1.fastq s_200_2.fastq

Example for mate-pair reads:

-p s_20000_1.fastq s_20000_2.fastq

Example with metagenomic data and user-provided average outer distance and standard deviation

-p s_1.fastq s_2.fastq 300 30

3.5 Paired-end reads and mate-pair reads with -i (interleaved sequences)

Average outer distance and standard deviation are computed by Ray if omitted.

```
-i <sequencesFile>
```

OR

```
-i <sequencesFile> <averageFragmentLength> <standardDeviation>
```

In the interleaved file (example is for a fasta file):

```
>200_1_1234/1
ATCGATCGATCGACTCAGACACGTACG
>200_1_1234/2
ACTGACGACGTACGACGTCATGCAACT
...
```

4 Output

If GNU/Linux is the operating system, then memory usage are periodically outputted in the standard output using information gathered from /proc. Otherwise, memory usage is not reported.

Memory usage is reported on lines containing the string 'VmData'.

Furthermore, Ray writes key information in the standard output. Search for the string 'peak' to obtain the peak k-mer coverage of your sequence data. Search for the string 'average' to obtain the average outer distance computed by Ray for each paired library.

4.1 Contiguous sequences

OutputPrefix.fasta contains contiguous sequences.

4.2 Paired-end and mate-pair libraries

OutputPrefix.LibraryLibraryNumber.txt contains the distribution of distances for paired-end and mate-pair libraries. One file per library.

If you provided one paired library, then you will get a file named OutputPrefix.Library0.txt.

4.3 Coverage distribution

OutputPrefix.CoverageDistribution.txt contains the k -mer coverage distribution.

5 Example

5.1 Bacterial genome with paired-end and mate-pair short reads

The command:

```
mpirun -np 32 ~/Ray/trunk/code/Ray \
-p /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/200_1.fastq \
  /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/200_2.fastq \
-p /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/1000_1.fastq \
  /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/1000_2.fastq \
```

```
-p /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/4000_1.fastq \
  /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/4000_2.fastq \
-p /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/10000_1.fastq \
  /home/boiseb01/nucore/Large-Ecoli/10000_2.fastq \
-o BacterialGenome | tee RayLog
```

6 Virtual sequencer & simulations

The Ray package includes a simulator for paired reads.

```
N=6000000
readLength=50
errorRate=0.005
ref=/nucore/Ecoli-k12-mg1655.fasta

g++ code/simulatePairedReads.cpp -O3 -Wall -o Simulator
./Simulator $ref $errorRate 200 20 $N $readLength L1_1.fasta L1_2.fasta
```

7 Exploring the source code

Ray source code is documented with Doxygen standards.

The command below generates code documentation.

```
doxygen DoxygenConfigurationFile
```

To browse it, use this command:

```
firefox DoxygenDocumentation/html/index.html
```

8 Reporting bugs & crashes

On the mailing list:

```
denovoassembler-users # lists DOT sourceforge.net
```

or personal email:

```
sebastien.boisvert.3 # ulaval DOT ca or seb # boisvert DOT info
```

Elements to send:

1. Ray command including mpirun
2. Ray standard output: `mpirun -np 32 /path/to/Ray -p p.1.fastq p.2.fastq -o Out |& tee Log; gzip Log; ls -lh Log.gz`
3. C++ compiler name (examples: GNU g++, Intel ICC, or other) and version (usually `--version`)
4. MPI library name (examples: Open-MPI, MPICH2, or other) and version (usually `--version`)
5. Sequencer vendor and model that generated reads
6. Total physical memory of the system and physical memory available for each MPI ranks
7. Job scheduler (examples: Grid Engine, PBS, none or other)

Also, if you have access to compute nodes:

8. Memory page size: `getconf PAGESIZE > pagesize`
9. Central processing unit: `cat /proc/cpuinfo—gzip> cpuinfo.gz`
10. Memory information: `cat /proc/meminfo—gzip> meminfo.gz`
11. Kernel: `uname -a> uname-a`