







Bourdieu's

organizational fields (neo-institutionalism)

3. Strategic action fields



FIELD THEORY

- Field theory is an alternative methodology to micro- and macroanalyses of society, focusing on the spaces in which jockeying for social position occurs.
- Three of the most developed field theories:
 - 1. Pierre Bourdieu's 1992 theory of fields.
 - 2. The 1983 theory of organizational fields (neo-institutionalism) developed by DiMaggio and Powell.
 - 3. Strategic action fields put forth by Fligstein and McAdam in 2012.
- How these three theories address two crucial questions in sociology:

 (1) how social fields emerge, change, and reproduce and (2) how to understand agency and actors.

