

Developing a Visual Studio Code Language Support Extension for the Snail Programming Language

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June 6, 2023

Abstract

A high quality programming environment (often an integrated development environment, or IDE) can be vital to enhancing developer productivity. Visual Studio Code (VS Code) is a popular, open-source text editor maintained by Microsoft. VS Code delivers language-specific features through freely downloadable, community-built extensions on an online marketplace. Many of these extensions allow developers to take advantage of editing features such as syntax highlighting, code-autocompletion, or debugging support. The snail language (Strings Numbers Arrays and Inheritance Language) is a simple, object-oriented programming language meant to be implemented in a one-semester undergraduate course. We present a new VS Code extension to provide language support for the snail language. The extension implements support for syntax highlighting, rudimentary auto-completion, and static error-checking diagnostics using VS Code's Language Server Protocol. This report summarizes the contents of a VS Code extension and gives an overview of how an extension runs, particularly highlighting the functions of VS Code's Language Server Protocol. I also discuss how this extension can be further developed to make use of VS Code's Debug Adapter Protocol to implement a debugger with breakpoints, start/stop behavior, and variable inspection.

1 Introduction

Much of software development in the present day takes place in integrated development environments (IDEs) [14]. An IDE is a collection of software development tools, such as a code editor, debugger, and build system, often unified under a similar user interface, with the goal of simplifying the software development process and enhancing developer productivity [9, 28]. In addition to compiling these tools together, many IDEs also offer advanced features within their code editors such as syntax highlighting, code auto-completion, and error-checking diagnostics. Today, there are any number of different IDEs available for use with any given programming language, many offered as freely-downloadable

for public use. For example, a developer looking to write code in Java may choose to do so in Eclipse, IntelliJ IDEA, or BlueJ [8, 12, 15]. With so many high quality IDEs available today, it is no surprise that 75% of software developers today use an IDE in their everyday work [14]. Clearly, the IDE has become an integral part of the software development process today [30].

Visual Studio Code (VS Code), is a popular, open source text editor maintained by Microsoft [22, 26]. When first downloaded, VS Code is a lightweight text editor with minimal features. However, a number of community-built, freely downloadable extensions offer advanced language features. These extensions can be downloaded on VS Code’s online extension marketplace, and can turn VS Code into a very fast, robust, and powerful development environment for any programming task or language [24].

The snail programming language (Strings Numbers Arrays and Inheritance Language) is a simple, object-oriented programming language meant to be implemented in a one-semester undergraduate course [3]. In order to be implemented in a short time frame, snail is defined by limited features and a relatively annoying syntax. While this design makes snail easier to implement, it makes it hard for a developer to write programs in snail.

Currently, there are no tools to offer advanced language support for the snail language. This is no surprise, as snail has a small user base and was first released in February 2022 [2]. With no external support for the language, software developers are taken out of their comfort zone and are offered no guidance when navigating the snail language.

This report presents the Snail Language Support VS Code extension, which seeks to address the lack of programming support tools for the snail programming language. Snail Language Support provides several important features to make programming in the snail language easier. First, it features syntax highlighting to make reading snail code easier and help highlight key structures or keywords of the language. Next, it features rudimentary auto completion with auto-closing brackets, braces, and quotes, as well as if-else, while loop, and class definition snippets, reducing the burden of memorizing snail’s strict and unintuitive syntax. The extension also has automatic, real-time error checking diagnostics that allow a user to see syntax or parse errors in a snail program before running it for themselves. Finally, the extension is structured to support a full debugger with breakpoints, step-in, step-over, and step-out functionality.

This paper will outline the process of building the Snail Language Support VS Code extension. Specifically, we will introduce the structure of a VS Code extension that is meant to add support for new programming languages. We will also discuss how this extension uses VS Code’s language server protocol (LSP) to provide realtime error diagnostics [21]. We will address how the Snail Language Support extension may be further developed to include debugging support with breakpoints, step in/out behavior, and variable inspection, particularly highlighting the role of VS Code’s debug adapter protocol DAP [20]. Finally, we will review good software development practices such as version control and documentation.

2 Background

2.1 History of the Modern Integrated Development Environment

2.2 History of Modern Debugging Tools

Debugging is the process of searching for and fixing unexpected errors in a piece of code [6]. Early techniques of debugging software involved physically printing machine output and reading, step-by-step, through code and output, searching for a potential error [27]. Some computer systems, such as the IBM 704 Data Processing system released in 1968, allowed programmers to print information stored in specified memory locations in specified forms to assist with debugging activities [4, 5].

The `adb` and `dbx` debuggers for the Unix operating system saw a release in the 1970s and 1980s [17, 18]. These tools introduced the concept of breakpoints, which help a developer pinpoint the location of a fault in a piece of code. Both `adb` and `dbx` were run on the command line. Next, came the GNU project debugger (`gdb`), another command line debugger, released in 1986, which gave the user even greater control of tracing a program's execution throughout its runtime [11]. With the ability to debug low-level languages like C and Assembly, `gdb` is still in use today.

Modern debuggers with graphical user interfaces (GUIs) include the Visual Studio Debugger, which allows a developer to track variable values, function calls, and even change pieces of code or values of expressions while debugging [16]. Eclipse, a popular IDE for Java, has a similar debugger with a user friendly GUI [29]. Today, many development workflows include the use of debugging tools [19].

Debugging tools can be of great assistance to developers. By allowing developers to more closely and quickly inspect a program's execution, debugging tools can reduce the amount of time a developer spends debugging, and thus enhance developer productivity [31].

2.3 What is Visual Studio Code?

Visual Studio Code is a popular, open source code editor. Visual Studio Code is designed to be fast and lightweight, with a focus on allowing a developer to write, test, and debug source code quickly [25]. To achieve this, VS Code uses native, web, and language-specific technologies. Tools like Electron allow VS Code to run on multiple platforms and operating systems using common web technologies like JavaScript, HTML, and CSS [7].

While VS Code is lightweight and fast, it still supports advanced features such as specific language "smarts", build tools, or debugging through the online VS Code extension marketplace [24]. VS Code is designed for extensibility, providing robust APIs to allow independent developers to create and publish extensions [23]. As a result, VS Code is able to grow and develop along with its

community of users.

Currently popular extensions help make VS Code a popular code editor [26]. The CodeSnap extension allows a user to capture and share improved screenshots of code [1]. GitLens adds additional visualization tools to help developers contribute to Git repositories while editing in VS Code [10]. Language Support for Java(TM) provides intellisense, formatting, refactoring, and build system support for the Java language [13].

3 Anatomy of a Visual Studio Code Extension

3.1 Directory Structure

3.2 Extension Contributions: The Extension Manifest

3.3 Extension Lifecycle: From Startup to Shutdown

3.4 Language Configuration

3.5 Rudimentary Autocompletion Through Snippets

3.6 Syntax Highlighting

4 Language Servers and the Language Server Protocol (LSP)

4.1 Theory

4.2 LSP in Snail Language Support

5 Debug Adapter Protocol

5.1 Theory

5.2 Debug Adapter Protocol in Snail Language Support

6 Good Practices in Software Development

6.1 Version Control

6.2 Documentation

7 Conclusions

8 Appendices

A Title of Some File

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