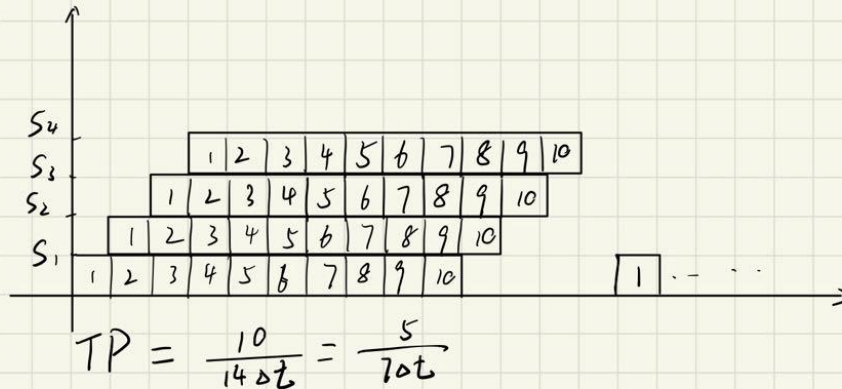
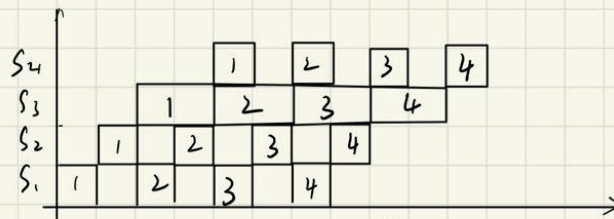


- 5-1. (1) $n(\Delta t + 2\Delta t + 3\Delta t) = 6n\Delta t$
 (2) $\Delta t + n \cdot 2\Delta t + (n-1) \cdot 3\Delta t + 3\Delta t$
 $= \Delta t + 2n\Delta t + (3n-3)\Delta t + 3\Delta t = (5n+1)\Delta t$
 (3) $\Delta t + 2\Delta t + (n-2) \cdot 3\Delta t + 3\Delta t + 3\Delta t = (3n+3)\Delta t$

5-3.



5-4.



$$TP = \frac{4}{22\Delta t} = \frac{2}{11\Delta t}$$

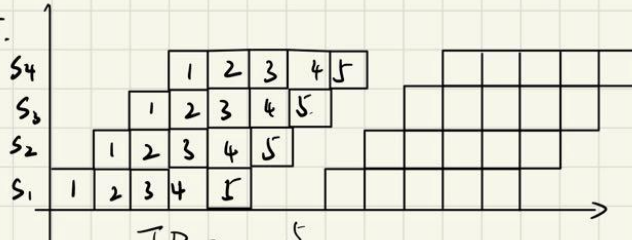
$$Efficiency = \frac{4 \times 10\Delta t}{4 \times 22\Delta t} = 45.5\%$$

应减少流水段3经过时间, 减少到 Δt

此时 $TP = \frac{4}{14\Delta t} = \frac{2}{7\Delta t}$

$$Efficiency = \frac{4 \times 8\Delta t}{4 \times 14\Delta t} = 57.1\%$$

5-5.

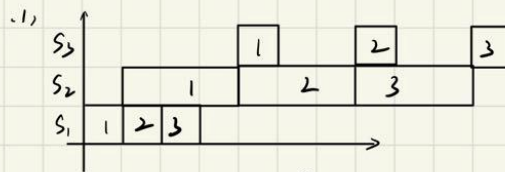


$$TP = \frac{5}{70t}$$

$$Sp = \frac{5 \times 40t + 20t}{70t} = \frac{22}{7}$$

$$Efficiency = \frac{5 \times 40t}{4 \times 70t} = \frac{5}{7}$$

5-6. 一种是将瓶颈段再细分，一种是将瓶颈段重复设置



3条指令: $TP = \frac{3}{110t}$

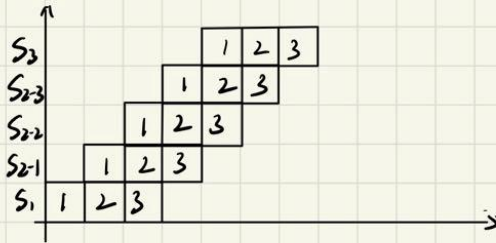
$$Efficiency = \frac{30t + 30t + 3 \times 30t}{110t \times 3} = \frac{5}{11}$$

30条指令: $TP = \frac{30}{20t + 30 \times 30t} = \frac{15}{460t}$

$$Efficiency = \frac{30 \times 20t + 30 \times 30t}{920t \times 3} = \frac{25}{46}$$



2) 若将瓶颈段再细分



3 条: $TP = \frac{3}{70t}$

$$Efficiency = \frac{3 \times 50t}{7 \times 50t} = \frac{3}{7}$$

30 条: $TP = \frac{30}{50t + 290t} = \frac{15}{170t}$

$$Efficiency = \frac{15}{17}$$

3) 连续指令越多, 效率提升越明显

5-12. $F = \{1, 3, 4, 8\}$
 $C = (10001101)$

冲突向量右移 2 位: $00100011 \vee 10001101 = 10101111$

冲突向量右移 5 位: $00000100 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$

冲突向量右移 6 位: $00000010 \vee 10001101 = 10001111$

冲突向量右移 7 位: $00000001 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$

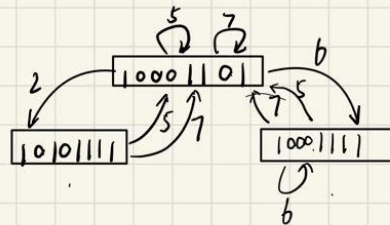
中间冲突向量 10101111 右移 5 位: $00000101 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$

中间冲突向量 10101111 右移 7 位: $00000001 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$

中间冲突向量 10001111 右移 5 位: $00000100 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$

中间冲突向量 10001111 右移 6 位: $00000010 \vee 10001101 = 10001111$

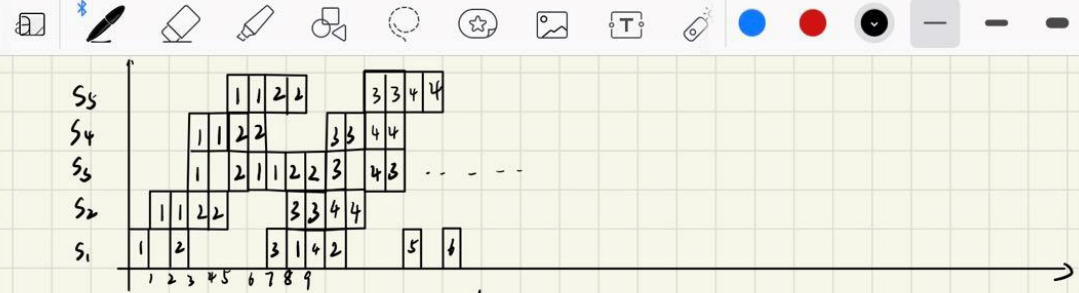
中间冲突向量 10001111 右移 7 位: $00000001 \vee 10001101 = 10001101$



调度方案	平均间隔拍数
(5)	5
(7)	7
(2, 5)	3.5
(2, 7)	4.5
(6, 5)	5.5
(6, 7)	6.5

最小平均延迟为 3.5 拍

最大吞吐率为 0.5, 调度方案为 (2, 5)

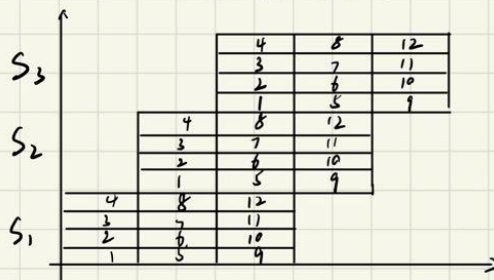


$$TP = \frac{6}{24+3 \times 70t} = \frac{6}{250t}$$

5.17 常规标量流水处理机

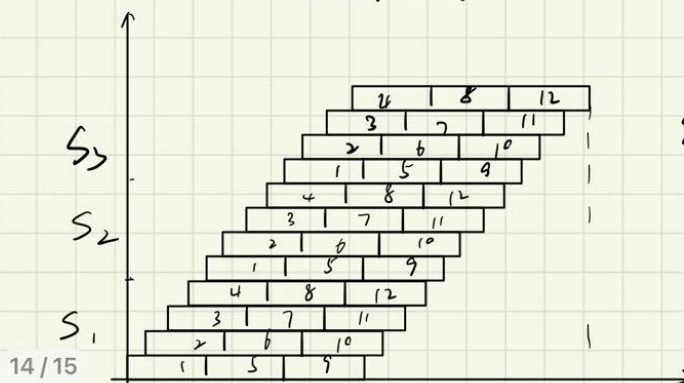


m=4 的超标量处理机



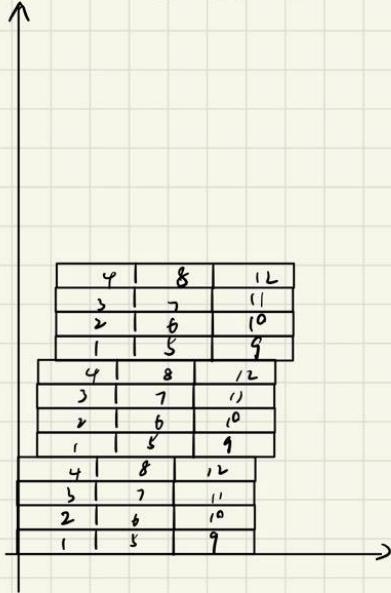
$$SP = \frac{140t}{50t} = \frac{14}{5}$$

m=4 的超流水线处理机



$$SP = \frac{140t}{57.50t} = 2.43$$

$m=4$ 的超标量流水处理器



$$SP = \frac{140t}{3.50t} = 4$$