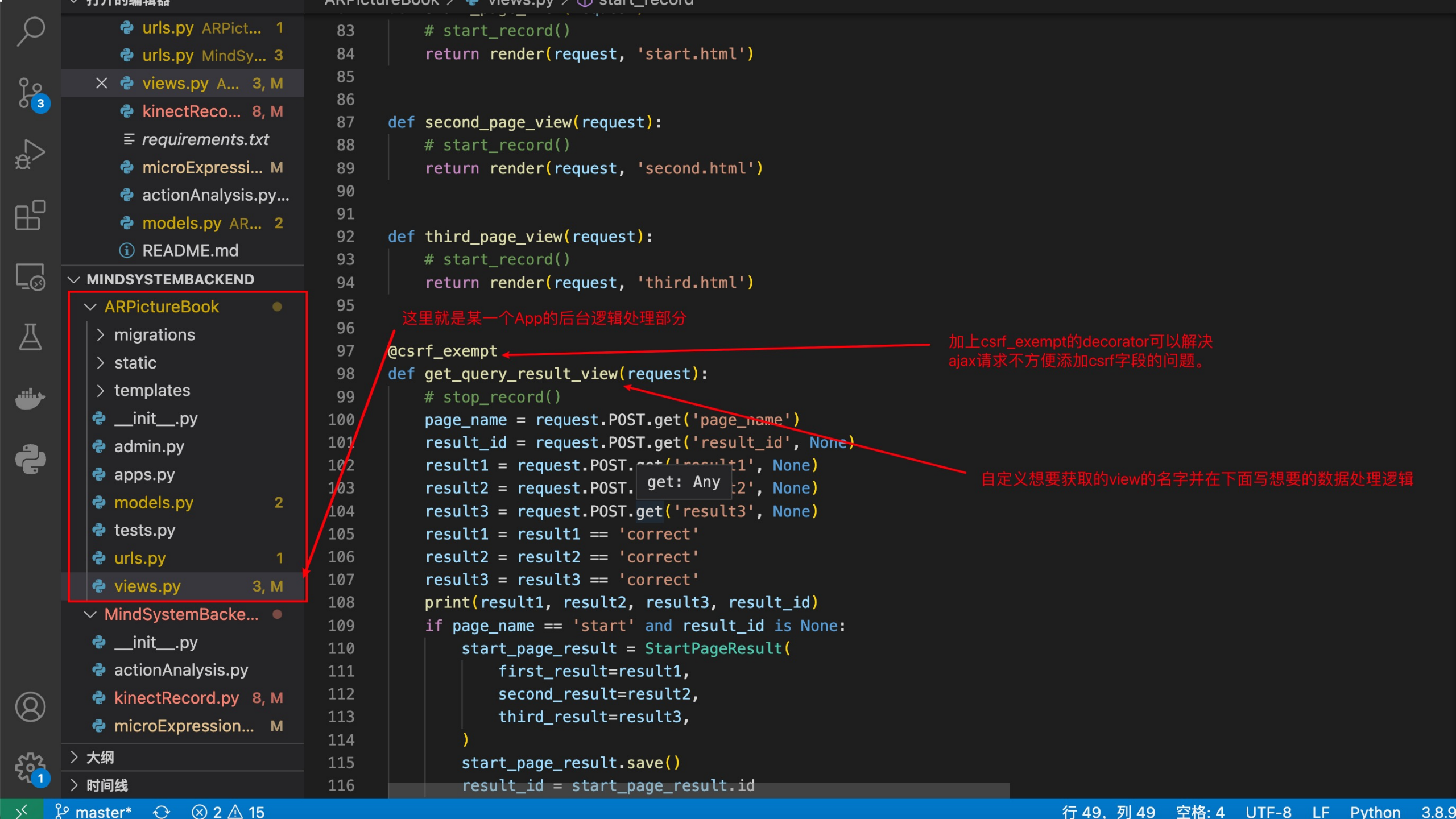


Django Create API Tutorial



ARPictureBook > views.py > start_record

```
149 start_page_result = StartPageResult.objects.filter(id=result_id)
150 if start_page_result:
151     start_page_result = start_page_result.first()
152 else:
153     return JsonResponse({"status": "error", "errormessage": 'can not find the id in start page!'})
154 third_page_result = ThirdPageResult.objects.filter(
155     start_page_result=start_page_result)
156 if third_page_result:
157     third_page_result = third_page_result.first()
158 else:
159     third_page_result = ThirdPageResult(
160         start_page_result=start_page_result)
161 third_page_result.first_result = result1
162 third_page_result.second_result = result2
163 third_page_result.third_result = result3
164 third_page_result.save()
165 else:
166     return JsonResponse({"status": "error", "errormessage": "Unexpected Error... Maybe dismiss id..."})
167
168 return JsonResponse({"status": "success", "result_id": result_id})
169
```

api处理完成后记得返回数据
给前端处理完成的反馈。



资源管理器

▼ 打开的编辑器

× urls.py ARPic... 1
urls.py MindSy... 3
views.py A... 3, M
kinectReco... 8, M
requirements.txt
microExpressi... M
actionAnalysis.py...
models.py AR... 2
README.md

▼ MINDSYSTEMBACKEND

▼ ARPictureBook

> migrations
> static
> templates

__init__.py
admin.py
apps.py
models.py 2
tests.py

urls.py 1

views.py 3, M

▼ MindSystemBacke...

__init__.py
actionAnalysis.py
kinectRecord.py 8, M
microExpression... M

> 大纲

> 时间线

urls.py ARPictureBook 1 ×
urls.py MindSystemBackend 3
views.py 3, M
kinectRecord.py 8, M
requirements.txt

ARPictureBook > urls.py > ...

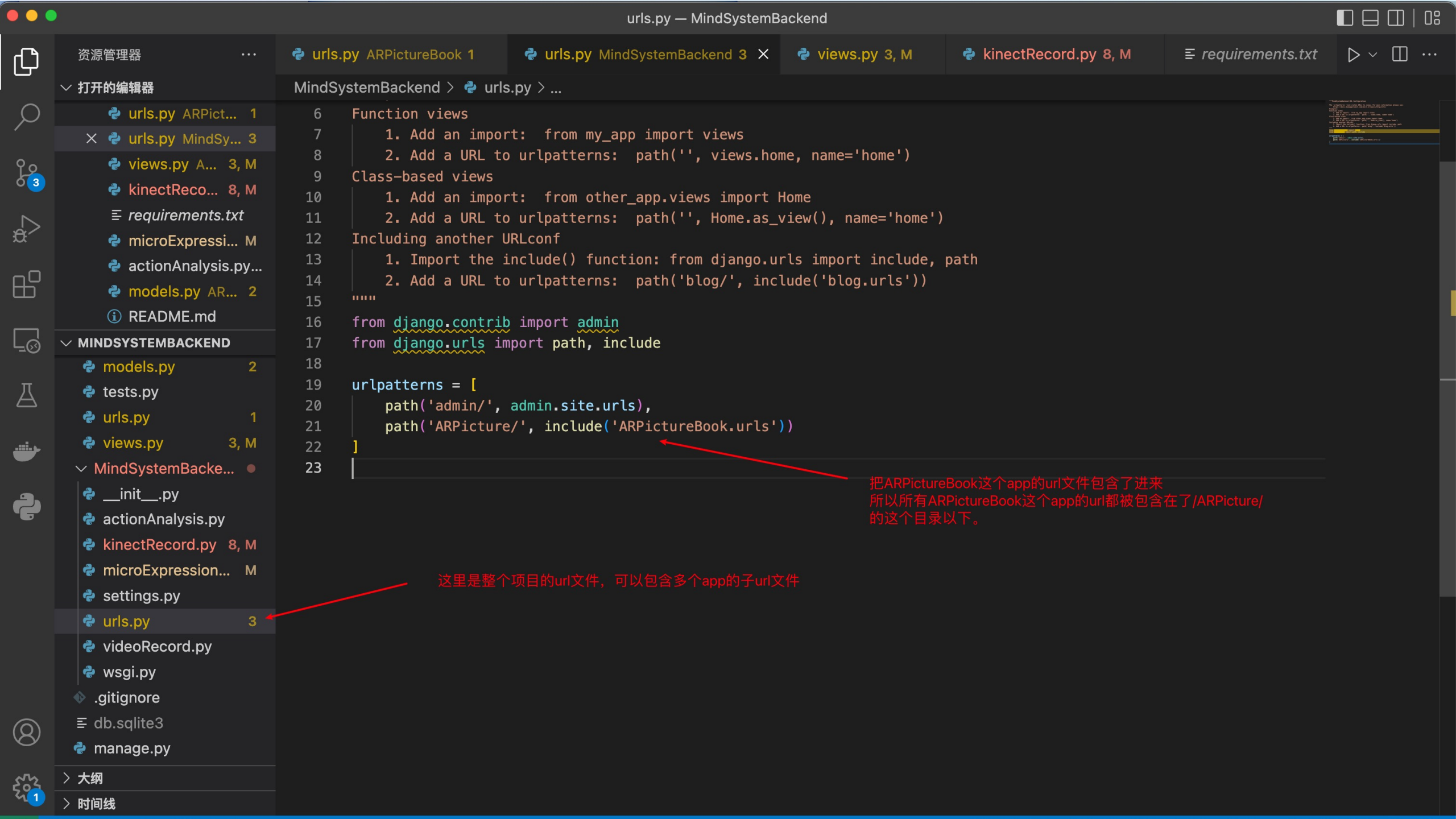
```
1 from django.urls import path
2 from ARPictureBook.views import (
3     start_page_view,
4     second_page_view,
5     third_page_view,
6     get_query_result_view,
7 )
```

把刚才写好的View import过来

```
9 urlpatterns = [
10     path('start/', start_page_view),
11     path('second/', second_page_view),
12     path('third/', third_page_view),
13     path('get_query_result/', get_query_result_view),
14 ]
15
```

确定好自己的url路径

在这里确定前段访问的url



```
232
233 function jumpToNext() {
234     var currentHref = window.location.href;
235     let p=currentHref.split('?')[1]
236     let params=new URLSearchParams(p)
237     const resultId = params.get('id');
238     if (resultId){
239         resultData['result_id'] = resultId;
240     }
241     $.ajax({
242         url: '/ARPicture/get_query_result/',
243         type: 'POST',
244         data: resultData,
245         datatype: 'json',
246         success: function(response){
247             console.log(response);
248             if (response['status'] == 'error'){
249                 alert("error!", response['errorMessage']);
250                 return;
251             }
252             alert('success, click to next page...');
253             url = "/ARPicture/second/"
254             if (response['result_id']) {
255                 url += '?id=' + response['result_id']
256             }
257             window.location.href = url;
258         }
259     })
260 }
```

所以刚才新建的那个api的路径就是
/ARPicture/get_query_result/
前端ajax直接就可以访问了