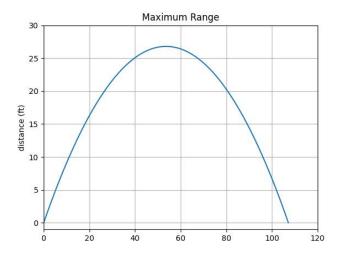
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PYTHON CODE

```
from lib.Header import *
# Givens
g = 32.2 \# ft/s/s
m = 5 / g # slug (lbs / ft/s/s)
k0 = 10 \# lbs/ft
k1 = 10 \# lbs/ft^2
h = 1 # ft
theta = 45*np.pi/180 # degrees
# Q1. Compute Total Potential Energy, PE, and "Report" the computed PE.
def func1(s):
  return 2*(k0 + k1 * np.sqrt(s**2 + h**2) * s)
def Gaussian (func, x1, x2, N):
  x = np.linspace(x1, x2, N + 1)
  zta1 = 1 / np.sqrt(3)
  zta2 = -1 / np.sqrt(3)
  area = 0
  for i in range(len(x)-1):
     a = x[i]
     b = x[i+1]
     bma2 = (b-a)/2
     apb2 = (b+a)/2
     x1 = apb2 + bma2 * zta1
     x2 = apb2 + bma2 * zta2
     area += bma2 * (func(x1) + func(x2))
  return area
def Simp38_Int(func, x1, x2, N):
  x = np.linspace(x1, x2, N + 1)
  h = (x[1]-x[0])/3
  area = 0
  for i in range(len(x)-1):
     area += 3*h/8 * (func(x[i]) + 3*func(x[i]+h) + 3*func(x[i]+(2*h)) + func(x[i+1]))
  return area
Int = Simp38 Int(func1, 0, 1, 1000)
print2(f"Potential Energy = {Int}")
# Q2. Compute the shooting speed, v0, and "Report" the computed v0.
def func2(PE):
  return np.sqrt((2*PE) / m)
```

```
def centralDiff1(func, x, h):
  return (func(x+h) - func(x-h)) / (2*h)
v0 = centralDiff1(func2, .001, .0005)
print2(f"v0 = {v0}")
# Q3. Find Projectile Landing Distance (xmax)
# -Use either MATLAB command "fzero" or your own root finding code
# -Use the computed initial shooting speed, v0
# -Compute x value that meets y=0 condition
def fn_secant(x0, x1, mypoly, counter): # SECANT METHOD
  tol = 1e-10
  counter += 1
  y0 = mypoly(x0)
  y1 = mypoly(x1)
  x2 = x1 - (y1 * (x1 - x0)) / (y1 - y0)
  y2 = mypoly(x2)
  if abs(y2) < tol:
     xf = x2
     yf = y2
     return [xf, yf, counter]
  [xf, yf, counter] = fn_secant(x1, x2, mypoly, counter)
  return [xf, yf, counter]
def func3(x):
  return -.5 * g * ((x)/(v0*np.cos(theta)))**2 + x * np.tan(theta)
counter = 0
xmax = fn_secant(5,125, func3, counter)
print2(f"xmax = \{xmax[0]\}")
# Q4. Plot trajectory of the projectile
# - X range is from 0 to xmax
# - Use equation (3) to plot the trajectory
plt.figure()
# plt.plot(np.linspace(0,,1000), func3(np.linspace(0,200,1000)))
plt.plot(np.linspace(0,xmax[0],1000), func3(np.linspace(0,xmax[0],1000)))
plt.xlim(0, 120)
plt.ylim(-1, 30)
plt.xlabel("")
plt.ylabel("distance (ft)")
plt.title("Maximum Range")
plt.grid()
SAVE(1)
plt.show()
```

OUTPUT Plots



Prints

Potential Energy = 32.189514164974604 v0 = 58.746792240196925 xmax = 107.17967697244652