PSTAT 175: Lab A

Please complete this work using R. Type up a lab report as described in the guidelines and submit it as a .pdf file on Gauchospace.

- 1. For this question, we will use the data in the file vets.txt which measured the time-to-event for subjects at a VA medical clinic.
 - (a) Read in the first column of data as a vector and call it vet.time
 - (b) The second column is 1 when an event occurred for that patient and 0 when that patient was censored. Read in the second column as a vector vet.cns
 - (c) Load the library survival, and then create a survival vector for this data using the Surv function. Call this vector vet.surv. Print out the result.
 - (d) Calculate the mean of vet.time. Why is this a biased estimate of the average time until an event?
 - (e) Calculate sum(vet.cns) and sum(vet.time*vet.cns). Give an interpretation for these statistics. In particular, what happens when you add up or multiply by a vector of 1s and 0s.
 - (f) We can run the function mean(vet.surv) Why is this different from the answer above? What does this function calculate?
- 2. The retire.txt data set contains data about the number of months (retire\$time) that subjects lived at a retirement home. The vector retire\$death is coded 1 if the subject died and 0 if they left the home for other reasons.

Use the R code

```
retire <- read.table("retire.txt", header=TRUE,skip=2)
```

to read in the data.

- (a) Construct a survival object ret.surv from this data using the Surv function.
- (b) The function **survfit** calulates a Kaplan–Meier estimate of the survival function. The syntax in this case is

```
survfit(ret.surv ~ 1)
```

- (c) Use the plot function on the results from survfit to generate a picture of the estimate of the survival function. Include a clear, properly labeled plot in your report.
- (d) Use the summary function on the results from survfit to generate a summary of the survival function. What does this summary tell us about the probability of surviving past 50 months in this sample?