

Algorithms and Data Structures: Module Check-in

Derivation of Time Complexities

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Introduction to Time Complexity

- Measure of efficiency of an algorithm
- Function of the number of input elements
- Helps to compare different algorithms

Importance of Time Complexity in Algorithms

- Optimal resource usage
- Scalability
- Better understanding of the algorithm's behavior

Asymptotic Notations

- Big O Notation (O): Upper bound
- Big Omega Notation (Ω): Lower bound
- Big Theta Notation (Θ): Tight bound

Analyzing Loops (Counting Steps)

- Identify the basic operation
- Count the number of basic operations
- Express the count in terms of input size

Example 1: Linear Algorithm

```
def linear_algorithm(arr):  
    sum = 0  
    for x in arr:  
        sum += x  
    return sum
```

Time Complexity: $O(n)$

Example 2: Quadratic Algorithm

```
def quadratic_algorithm(arr):  
    count = 0  
    for i in range(len(arr)):  
        for j in range(i + 1, len(arr)):  
            if arr[i] > arr[j]:  
                count += 1  
    return count
```

Time Complexity: $O(n^2)$

Example 3: Logarithmic Algorithm

```
def binary_search(arr, target):  
    low, high = 0, len(arr) - 1  
    while low <= high:  
        mid = (low + high) // 2  
        if arr[mid] == target:  
            return mid  
        elif arr[mid] < target:  
            low = mid + 1  
        else:  
            high = mid - 1  
    return -1
```

Time Complexity: $O(\log n)$

Conclusion

- Importance of time complexity in algorithms
- Asymptotic notations: Big O, Omega, and Theta
- Analyzing loops using asymptotic notations