

## LESSON 01 - INTRODUCTION

We will use Thonny for python coding. If you do not have Thonny installed on your account you can install it by going to this link: <https://thonny.org/>

### FIRST PYTHON CODE

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#### CHARACTERS

A character is any single item that can be printed to the screen. This can be letters, Numbers, or any other symbol the computer can display. Characters must be surrounded by “ ” or it will not display properly

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#### ESCAPE CHARACTERS

Escape characters are characters that are generally used to perform certain tasks and their usage in code directs the compiler to take a suitable action mapped to that character.

\n ---> prints a newline

\t ---> prints a tab space

\' ---> prints a single quote

\” ---> prints a double quote

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#### STRINGS

A string is any collection of 2 or more characters in a row. For Example, this sentence is a string made up of letters, Spaces and symbols such as the comma and full stop.

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#### FUNCTIONS

A function is what a command is known as in Python. For Example, the function to place text on to the screen is the print command and is structured as follows

```
print("This is the print command")
```

This will place the sentence *This is the print command* to the screen.

Note the structure of the brackets and inverted commas to print a string to the screen.

## PRACTICE CODE

### EXERCISES

#### EXERCISE 01

##### TASK 01

Using one print function, produce this output

```
Hello world.
```

##### TASK 02

Using two print functions, produce this output

```
Question. How do you find out the weather when you're on vacation?  
Answer. Go outside and look up
```

##### TASK 03

Using one print function and this code `\U0001f600`, produce this output.



Hint Even though this is a smiley face, you will still need to print the code like a string

#### EXERCISE 02

##### TASK 01

Using one print function, produce this output

```
I am learning how to use the newline and tab special characters.
```

##### TASK 02

Modify this code to replicate the output shown, using only one print function and the newline special character `\n`.

```
print("My favourite animal")  
print("is the giraffe!")
```

```
My favourite animal  
Is the giraffe!
```

##### TASK 03

Modify the Following Code using the tab command `\t` to create the output below

```
print("I know how to use the tab special character!")
```

```
I      know      how      to      use      the      tab      special      character.
```

**TASK 4**

Using one print function, produce this output using the **newline** and **tab** special characters

```
Today I learned.
    How to use
        The newline
            and tab
                special characters
```

**EXERCISE 03****TASK 01**

Using one print function, produce this square using the newline and tab special characters.

```
*****
*           *
*         *
*       *
*     *
*   *
* *
*****
```

**TASK 02**

using just 1 print command recreate the shape below

```

          *
        *
      *
    *
  *
*
*****
```

**EXERCISE 04****TASK 01**

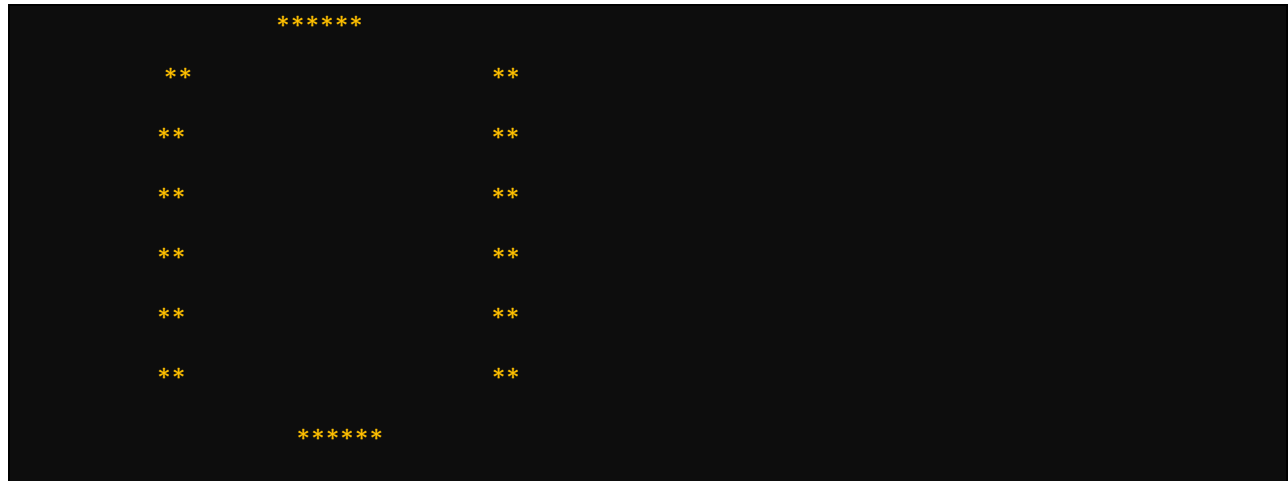
Using one print function, produce this square inside a triangle with the word “Python!” inside of the square. Achieve this by using the newline and tab special characters.

```

          *
        *   *
      *   *   *
    *   *   *   *
  *   *   *   *   *
*   *   *   *   *   *
          *
        *   *
      *   *   *
    *   *   *   *
  *   *   *   *   *
*   *   *   *   *   *
          *
        *   *
      *   *   *
    *   *   *   *
  *   *   *   *   *
*   *   *   *   *   *
```

### TASK 02

Using one print function, produce this circle. Achieve this by using the newline and tab special characters.



### TASK 03

Replicate the output shown, using only one print function and the newline special character `\n`, tab special character `\t` and the escape character for quotes `\'` or `\"`

```
Here's a single-quote escape  
  This is an "escape" of a double-quote
```