

QuDAP: an Open Source Software for Quantum

- ₂ Materials Characterization
- $_{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$ Skai White $^{\scriptscriptstyle 1}$, Jingyu Jia $^{\scriptscriptstyle 2}$, Chunli Tang $^{\scriptscriptstyle 0}$ $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$, Masoud Mahjouri-Samani $^{\scriptscriptstyle 3}$, and
- 4 Wencan Jin³
- 1 Hampton University, Hampton, VA, USA 2 Great Neck South High School, Lake Success, NY, USA 3
- 6 Auburn University, Auburn, AL, USA

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Software

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Summary

Quantum Materials Data Acquisition and Processing (QuDAP), a Python-based and open-source software package, is designed to control and automate material characterizations based on the Physical Property Measurement System (PPMS) (Quantum Design, n.d.). The software supports major hardware interfaces and protocols (USB, RS232, GPIB, and Ethernet), enabling communication with the measurement modules associated with the PPMS. It integrates multiple Python libraries to realize instrument control, data acquisition, and real-time data visualization. Here, we present features of QuDAP, including direct control of instruments without relying on proprietary software, real-time data plotting for immediate verification and analysis, full automation of data acquisition and storage, and real-time notifications of experiment status and errors. These capabilities enhance experimental efficiency, reliability, and reproducibility.

Statement of need

The exploration of quantum materials (Awschalom et al., 2021; Azam et al., 2022; Kumari et al., 2021; Wei et al., 2020) has gained significant interest over decades, benefiting from their unique properties at the quantum level, compact size, and low energy consumption. These materials are promising candidates for applications in future quantum computers, sensors, and memory devices. Studying the intriguing properties of quantum materials demands extreme conditions such as low temperature, high magnetic field, and ultra-high vacuum environments. Therefore, many experimental approaches have been employed to characterize quantum materials, including magnetometry (Foner, 1956), spectroscopic techniques (Rahman et al., 2021; Tang et al., 2023), electrical transport (Nagaosa et al., 2010; Rojo et al., 2013), thermal transport (Goyal et al., 2023; Kalantari & Zhang, 2022), and advanced microscopy (Li et al., 2018; Zhang et al., 2018). Among them, the Physical Property Measurement System (PPMS, Quantum Design) provides the capability to achieve those goals with precise control of temperature and magnetic field under a high vacuum environment. In this process, PPMS needs to communicate with multiple peripheral instruments through hardware interfaces, including USB, RS232, GPIB, and Ethernet. To control and automate the data acquisition, software is needed to integrate the Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments (SCPI) protocol (Keysight Technologies, 2022).

QuDAP is a Python-based data acquisition and processing software package to control and automate quantum material characterization experiments. It is developed based on the measurement modules of Quantum Design DynaCool PPMS including magnetometry, electrical transport, and ferromagnetic resonance spectroscopy. This software package provides a graphic user interface to visualize and process the experimental data in real time, giving the users a



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- more efficient way to monitor the experiment. Figure 1 demonstrates the connection utility of this software. All the instruments are connected through the hardware interface of USB, RS232, GPIB, and ethernet. The commands for each instrument are sent using PyVISA (Grecco et al., 2023) and MultiPyVu (Damon D Jackson, 2023). The software provides the benefits as summarized below: 46
 - 1. Provide direct Python script communication and control of PPMS and instruments without using the built-in software, which improves the tunability and efficiency of the experiment.
 - 2. Built-in demagnetization process before each measurement to enhance the reliability of the measurement.
- 3. Fully automated data acquisition and saving process with real-time plotting and progress visualization. 53
 - 4. Save the data with specific identifiers to avoid data overwrite and record the experiment configuration of each measurement. Real-time notification on the measurement status and program error through push notification allows the user to promptly identify and verify the experimental and parameter setup.
 - 5. Various post-data processing features allow to process optical, magnetic, and electrical
- In the following sections, we introduce the Graphic User Interface and show the experiment procedure for this software.



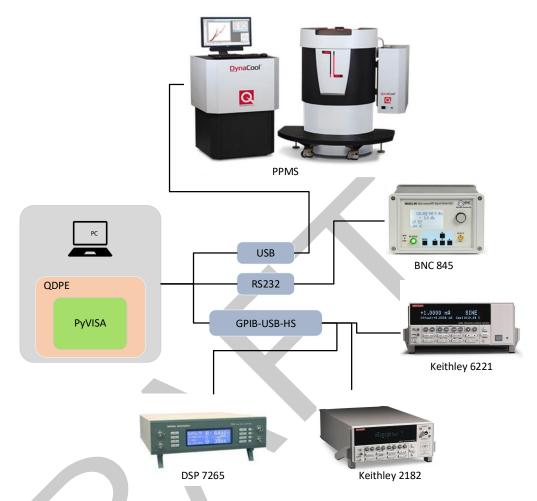


Figure 1: Block Diagram of the instrumentation of QuDAP. The QuDAP software establish the instrument communication using USB, RS232, and GPIB to control the PPMS (Quantum Design, n.d.), BNC845 (Berkeley Nucleonics, n.d.), Keithley 6221 (Tektronix, n.d.-a), Keithley 2182 (Tektronix, n.d.-b), and DSP7265 (Signal Recovery, n.d.).

Graphic User Interface

- QuDAP utilizes MultiPyVu for controlling the PPMS. It is a socket-based server/client that enables both readback and control of the temperature, magnetic field, and chamber operations of the sample environment. MultiPyVu also contains a wait function that allows the user to pause the operation until the desired stability criteria are met, while an additional class simplifies the writing of MultiVu-readable data files.
- The interface of the software is shown in Figure 2. It contains three parts from left to right:
 main menu, options sidebar, and run window. The main menu allows users to select the
 option of the dashboard, data processing, and experiment. The detailed options are shown
 in the options sidebar once select the main option. The software starts up to the dashboard
 window, which shows all the connections from VISA. The dashboard window also provides the
 feature of quick access to the functions and directs to the selected page. The data processing
 options feature data processing from various quantum materials characterization, including
 magnetometry, ferromagnetic resonance, and electrical transport. The last option on the main
 menu is the experiment option. Under the experiment option, there are features of individual
 control for each instrument, preset experiment type, and quick test. The individual instrument
 gives the user many options to control each feature. Besides, QuDAP allows users to customize



the experiment setup to link and control instruments. The preset measurements can be found under the Measurement tab in the option sidebar. This feature provides the users with the preset script for both ETO and FMR measurements. Once selecting the preset option, the user 81 will connect instruments and set up the parameters. A log panel will pop up when the user presses the start button, and the experimental log will be recorded as a txt file. To facilitate 83 the data management, an example of the data file naming convention will be provided. After the measurement starts, in the backend, the software will check all the parameters to ensure a valid entry. The real-time data point will be shown in the run window and users will receive 87 push notifications from Telegram once the measurement is done or some unexpected error happens. The Quick Test option allows users to take measurements without constraining the 88 preset script. Users can select the instruments they need for specific experiments. After the measurements are finished, users can find metadata as well as the recorded experimental under the preselected folder and process the data under the data processing option. 91

This software is available in the format of a Python script file, and users can run the program based on their operating system. It will also pack into executable software for those who do not have experience in Python programs.

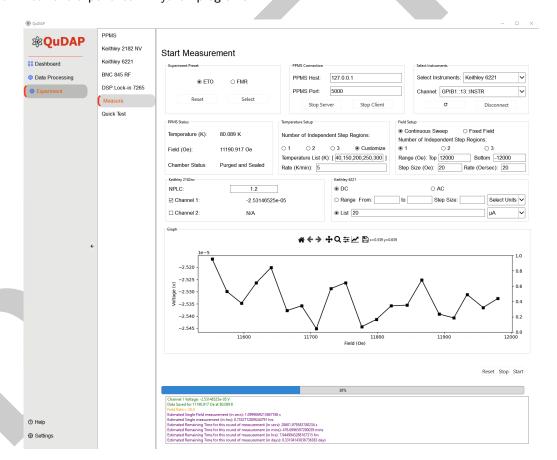


Figure 2: GUI Interface of the QuDAP. The interface shows the ETO measurement setup and real-time data visualization.

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