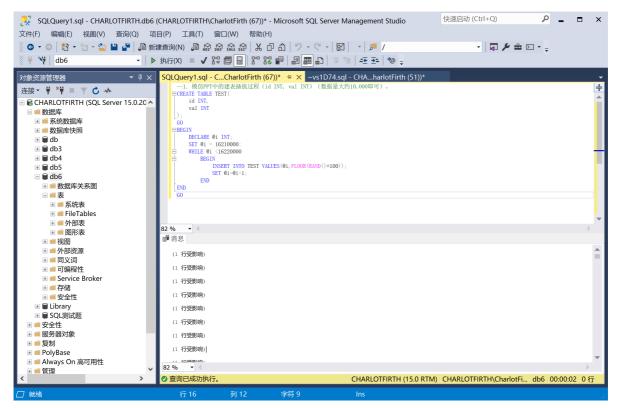
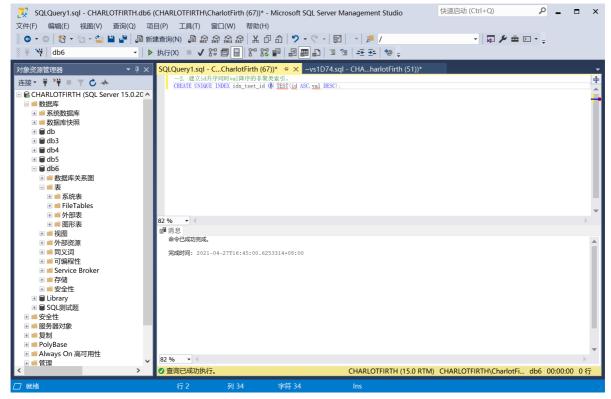
```
--1. 模仿PPT中的建表插值过程(id INT, val INT)(数据量大约10,000即可)。
CREATE TABLE TEST(
   id INT,
   val INT
);
GO
BEGIN
   DECLARE @i INT:
   SET @i = 16210000;
   WHILE @i <16220000
       BEGIN
           INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(@i,FLOOR(RAND()*100));
           SET @i=@i+1;
       END
END
GO
```



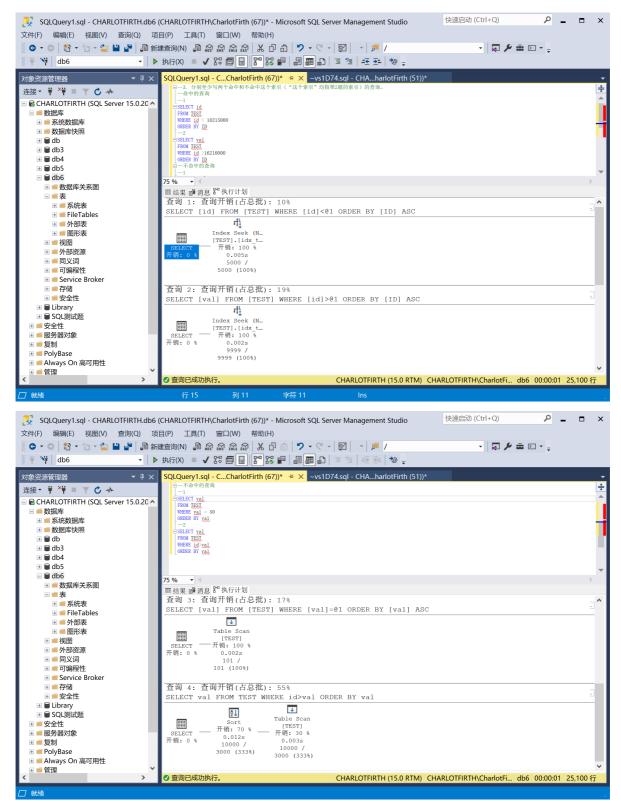
--2. 建立id升序同时val降序的非聚类索引。

CREATE UNIQUE INDEX idx_tset_id ON TEST(id ASC,val DESC);



```
--3. 分别至少写两个命中和不命中这个索引("这个索引"均指第2题的索引)的查询。
--命中的查询
--1
SELECT id
FROM TEST
WHERE id < 16215000
ORDER BY ID
--2
SELECT val
FROM TEST
WHERE id >16210000
ORDER BY ID
--不命中的查询
--1
SELECT val
FROM TEST
WHERE val = 50
ORDER BY val
--2
SELECT val
FROM TEST
WHERE id>val
ORDER BY val
--4涉及主索引属性(id)与数值的直接大小比较的查询语句可以命中索引
```

命中情况:



```
--5. 建立触发器,插入数据后,若val值为完全平方数(1,4,9...)时打印"Good",自拟测试数据检测触
发器是否生效。

CREATE TRIGGER checkval

ON TEST
FOR INSERT
AS

DECLARE @val INT,@floor INT,@ceiling INT
SELECT @val=val FROM INSERTED
SET @floor=FLOOR(SQRT(@val))
SET @ceiling=CEILING(SQRT(@val))
IF(@floor=@ceiling)
PRINT 'good'
--PRINT @val
```

```
INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(1,121);
INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(2,100);
INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(3,99);
INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(4,25);
INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(5,77);
BEGIN

DECLARE @i INT;
SET @i = 1;
WHILE @i <10
BEGIN

INSERT INTO TEST VALUES(@i,FLOOR(RAND()*200));
SET @i=@i+1;
END</pre>
END
```

(为了显示地体现触发触发器的数值,在截图的时候额外加了一句 PRINT @val 的语句)

