# **GPU-MatchLocate1.0**

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#### 0.Author

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#### 1.References

1)Zhang, M., and L. Wen (2015), An effective method for small event detection: match and locate (M&L), Geophysical Journal International, 200(3),1523-1537.

2)Beaucé, E., W. B. Frank, and A. Romanenko (2017), Fast matched filter (FMF): An efficient seismic matched-filter search for both CPU and GPU architectures, Seismological Research Letters, 89(1), 165-172.

3)Liu, M. H. Li, M. Zhang, and T. Wang (2019), Graphics Processing Unit-based Match&Locate (GPU-M&L): An improved Match and Locate technique and its application. (submitted)

#### 2.Introduction

GPU-M&L (Graphics Processing Unit-based Match&Locate) is an improved Match&Locate (M&L) technique. The GPU-M&L differs from the M&L in two ways: 1) adding weighting factor for each component of templates to improve the detection ability; 2) implementing the M&L method on GPU to accelerate the computation.

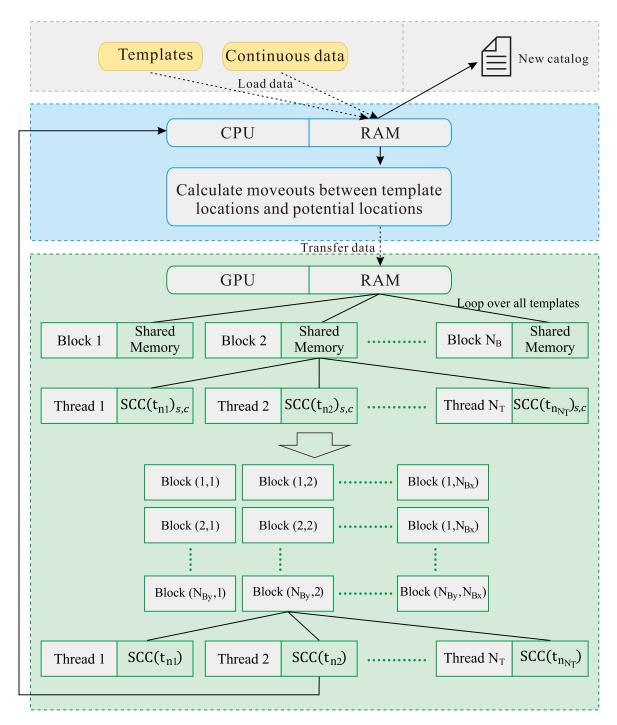


Figure 1. Workflow of the GPU-M&L

## 3. Requirements

ObsPy (<a href="https://github.com/obspy/obspy">https://github.com/obspy/obspy</a>, for data downloading, processing and picking only) SAC (<a href="http://ds.iris.edu/ds/nodes/dmc/software/downloads/sac">https://ds.iris.edu/ds/nodes/dmc/software/downloads/sac</a>, for data processing only) TauP(<a href="https://www.seis.sc.edu/taup/index.html">https://www.seis.sc.edu/taup/index.html</a>, for P/S wave arrival time marking only) GMT (<a href="https://www.soest.hawaii.edu/gmt">https://www.soest.hawaii.edu/gmt</a>, for figure plotting only) CUDA Toolkit (<a href="https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-downloads">https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-downloads</a>, for compiling cuda code)

Pssac(<u>http://gmt.soest.hawaii.edu/doc/latest/supplements/meca/pssac.html</u>, for figure plotting only)

# 4.Usage (Type "GPU\_MatchLocate")

- -R (maxlat/maxlon/maxh)
- -I (dlat/dlon/dh)
- -T (template window/before/after)
- -D (INTD)
- -N (n templates)
- -G (step/delay/segments)
- -0 (0 or 1)

#### -R:

## (maxlat/maxlon/maxh)

## (degree/degree/km)

e.g., 0.03/0.03/3

maxlat: search range in latitude centered at template (degree)

maxlon: search range in longitude centered at template (degree)

maxh: search range in depth centered at template (km)

#### -I:

## (dlat/dlon/dh)

## (degree/degree/km)

e.g., 0.003/0.003/0.3

dlat: search grid size for latitude (degree)

dlon: search grid size for longitude (degree)

dh: search grid size for depth (km)

## -T:

# NT: The cross-correlation window based on the marked t1 (P/S phase) in your templates (template window/before/after)

## (sec/sec/sec)

e.g., 6/1/5

template window: total length of template waveform (or cross-correlation window) (sec)

before: length of template waveform before the marked t1 (sec)

after: length of template waveform after the marked t1 (sec)

#### -D:

## (INTD/threshold)

e.g., 2/9

INTD: keep one event within a certain time (sec)

threshold: User-specified detection threshold (multiple of the median absolute deviation)

#### -N:

#### (n templates)

e.g., 10

n templates: total events in your template catalog (catalog.dat)

#### -G:

# (step/delay/segments)

e.g., 1/0.01/1

step: moveout for slide cross-correlation

delay: sampling rate of input data

segments: number of segments in your continuous data

[For dense search task, the easiest way to solve memory overload is increase segments]

#### -O:

## (0 or 1)

0: don't output stacked cross-correlograms

1: output stacked cross-correlograms

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#### 5.Dependent files

Template directory:

Template/yearmonthdayhoursminsec/net.station.component (e.g.,

Template/20190704213334.320/CI.SLA.HHZ)

## Trace directory:

Trace/yearmonthday/net.station.component (e.g., Trace/20190704/CI.SLA.HHZ)

#### Slowness files:

Template/INPUT/yearmonthdayhoursminsec (e.g., Template/INPUT/ 20190704213334.320)

#### Template catalog:

catalog.dat

#### **6.Formats for input files:**

Slowness and weighting factor files:

net.station.component, P/S wave arrival time, horizontal slowness/vertical slowness, weighting factor

e.g., CI.SLA.HHZ 13.140 33.9890/6.2960e-02 0.08

#### Template catalog:

yearmonthdayhoursminsec, latitude, longitude, depth, magnitude, ref\_latitude, ref\_longitude, ref\_depth

e.g., 20190704213334.320 35.6139 -117.5864 8.609 3.08 35.6139 -117.5864 8.609

Note: latitude, longitude and depth represent the spatial location of template, respectively. ref\_latitude, ref\_longitude and ref\_depth indicate an user-specified center of searching grids, which is usually assigned as the location of template.

## 7. Formats for output files:

DetectedFinal.dat:

Num., year/month/day, hour:minute:second, lat., long., dep., mag., coef., mad., ref. e.g.,1 2019/07/04 00:53:10.238 35.6298 -117.5933 10.32 1.22 0.1373 9.0200 20190704214704.040

#### 8.Demo of GPU-M&L

#compile source code \$cd GPU-ML\_release1.0/src \$make \$cd sacCC \$make

#download continuous data (User-specified)

\$cd ../../Demo

\$python data\_download.py

#download templates and create routine catalog (User-specified)

\$python template\_download.py

#set common origin time \$cd ./Trace \$perl SACH O.pl 20190704

#mark P/S wave arrival time and calculate slowness

\$cd ../Template \$perl marktaup\_p.pl \$perl marktaup s.pl

#calculate weighting factor for each trace

\$bash cal weights.sh

#detect and locate events \$cd ../

\$perl RunprocAll.pl

#generate new catalog \$cd ./MultipleTemplate \$perl MergeEvents.pl 20190704 \$perl SelectFinal.pl 2019 07 04 Allevents

#compare waveforms between template and detection \$perl PlotEventWaveformJapan.pl DetectedFinal.dat 1