## Vidyavardhini's College of Engineering and Technology Department of Artificial Intelligence & Data Science

Experiment No. 11
Implement a program on Applet or AWT Controls
Date of Performance:
Date of Submission:



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**Aim:** Implement a program on Applet or AWT Controls

**Objective:** 

To develop application like Calculator, Games, Animation using AWT Controls.

Theory:

Java AWT (Abstract Window Toolkit) is an API to develop Graphical User Interface (GUI) or

windows-based applications in Java.

Java AWT components are platform-dependent i.e. components are displayed according to the view of

operating system. AWT is heavy weight i.e. its components are using the resources of underlying

operating system (OS).

The java.awt package provides classes for AWT API such as TextField, Label, TextArea,

RadioButton, CheckBox, Choice, List etc.

1. A general interface between Java and the native system, used for

windowing, events and layout managers. This API is at the core of Java GUI

programming and is also used by Swing and Java 2D. It contains the

interface between the native windowing system and the Java application1.

2. A basic set of GUI widgets such as buttons, text boxes, and menus 1. AWT also provides

Graphics and imaging tools, such as shape, color, and font classes 2. AWT also avails layout

managers which helps in increasing the flexibility of the window layouts2

Java AWT calls the native platform calls the native platform (operating systems) subroutine

for creating API components like TextField, ChechBox, button, etc.

For example, an AWT GUI with components like TextField, label and button will have

different look and feel for the different platforms like Windows, MAC OS, and Unix. The

reason for this is the platforms have different view for their native components and AWT

directly calls the native subroutine that creates those components.

In simple words, an AWT application will look like a windows application in Windows OS

whereas it will look like a Mac application in the MAC OS.

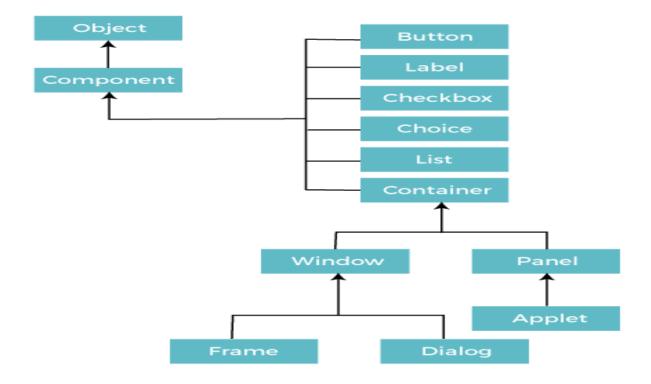
CSL304: Object Oriented Programming with Java



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#### Java AWT Hierarchy



#### Code:

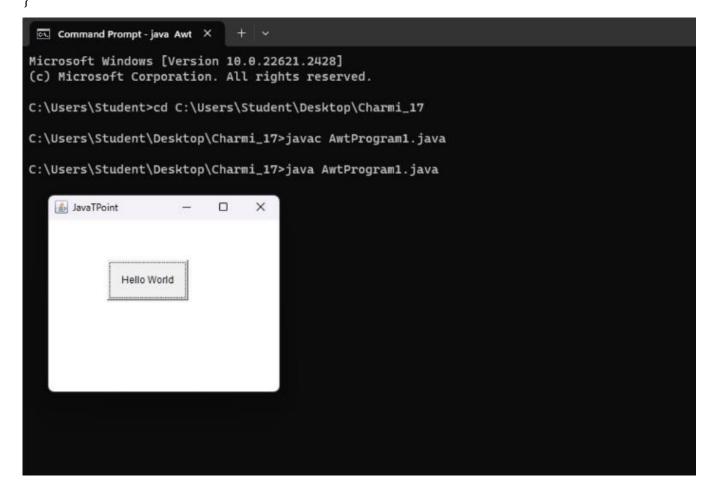
```
import java.awt.*;
public class AwtProgram1 {
  public AwtProgram1()
  {
   Frame 1 = new Frame();
   Button btn=new Button("Hello World");
  btn.setBounds(80, 80, 100, 50);
  f.add(btn);
  f.setSize(300, 250);
  f.setTitle("JavaTPoint");
  f.setLayout(null);
  f.setVisible(true);
}
```



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public static void main(String[] args) {

AwtProgram1 awt = new AwtProgram1();
}



#### **Conclusion:**

Comment on application development using AWT Controls.

Application development using AWT (Abstract Window Toolkit) controls in Java involves creating graphical user interfaces (GUIs) for desktop applications. AWT provides a set of basic GUI components, such as buttons, labels, text fields, and more. Here's a brief overview:

- 1. AWT Controls: AWT offers GUI controls for building your application's user interface.
- 2. Layout Managers: AWT provides layout managers to arrange and position controls



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within your GUI.

- 3. Customization: You can customize the appearance and behavior of AWT controls.
- 4. Platform Independence: AWT is platform-independent but may not provide the most modern look and feel.
- 5. Window and Frame: AWT allows you to create top-level containers (e.g., `Frame`) as the main windows for your application.