

```
>> %%step response of a unit feedback system
>> %%G(s)=1/(s+26)
>> a=[0 1];
>> b=[1 26];
>> c=tf(a,b)
```

c =

$$\frac{1}{s + 26}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

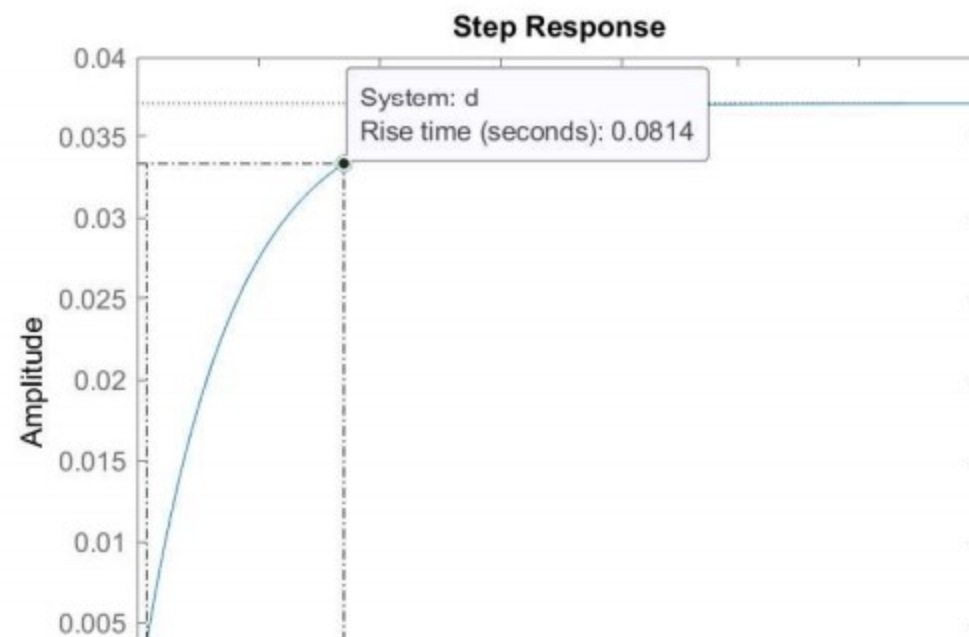
```
>> d=feedback(c,1)
```

d =

$$\frac{1}{s + 27}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(d);
>>
```



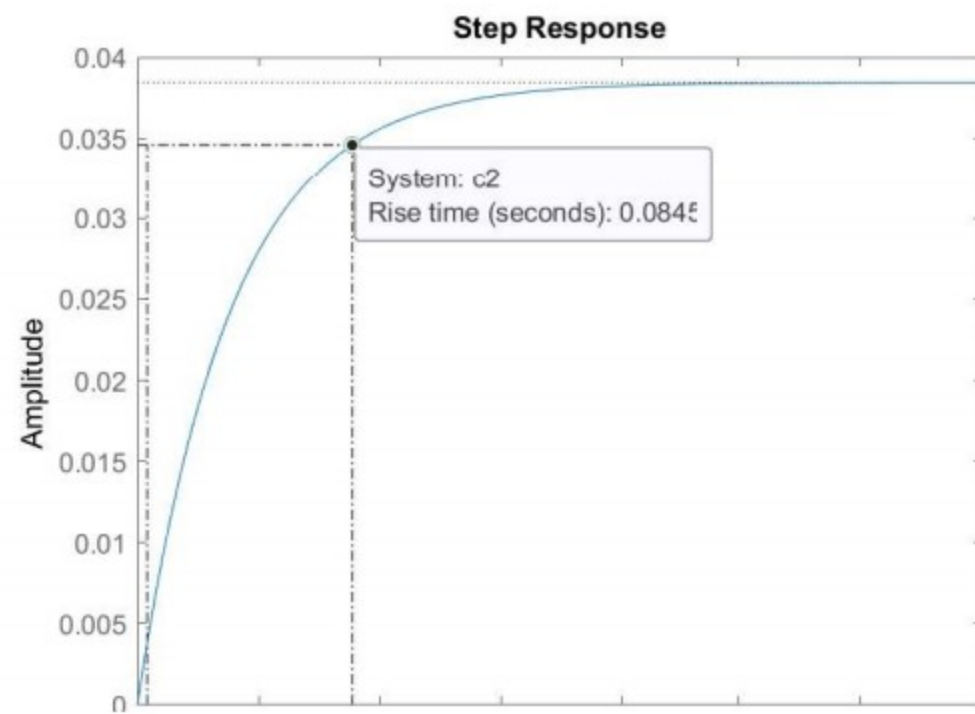
```
>> %step response of first order unity feedback system
>> %%pole at -R
>> a2=1;
>> r=26;
>> b2=[1 r];
>> c2=tf(a2,b2)
```

c2 =

$$\frac{1}{s + 26}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c2);
>>
```



```
>> %%step response of dfirst order unity feedbacksystem
>> %%pole at -5R
>> a3=1;
>> r=26;
>> b3=[1 5*r];
>> c3=tf(a3,b3)
```

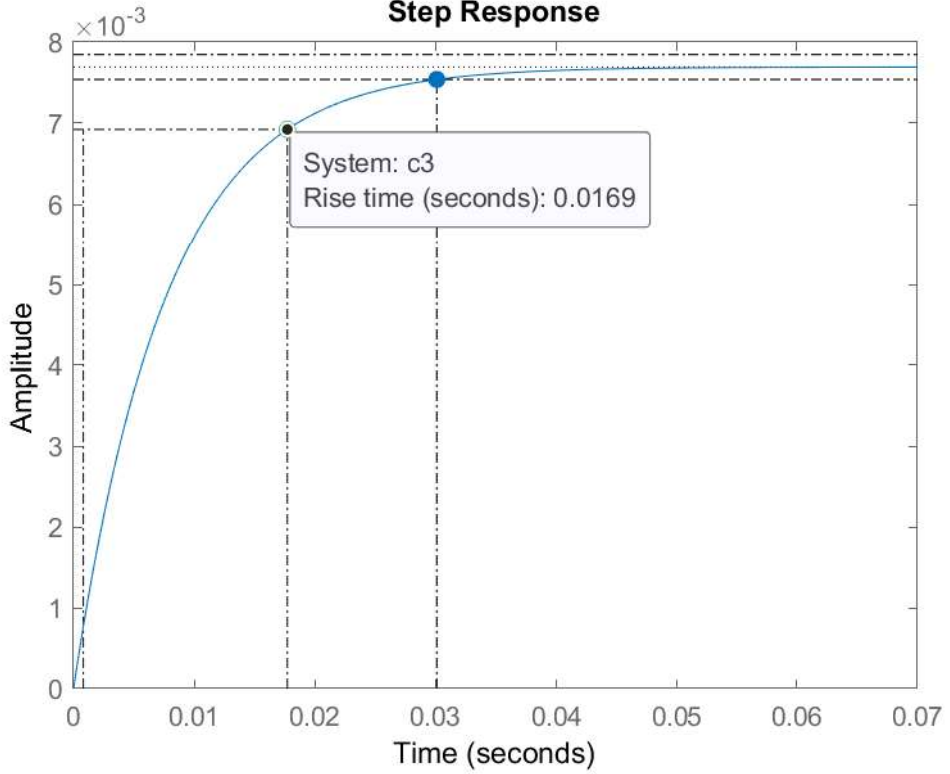
c3 =

$$\frac{1}{s + 130}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c3);
>>
```

Step Response



```
>> %%step response of first order unity feedback system
>> %%placing pole at - 1/R
>> a1=1
```

```
a1 =
```

```
1
```

```
>> R=26;
>> b1=[1,1/R];
>> c1=tf(a1,b1)
```

```
c1 =
```

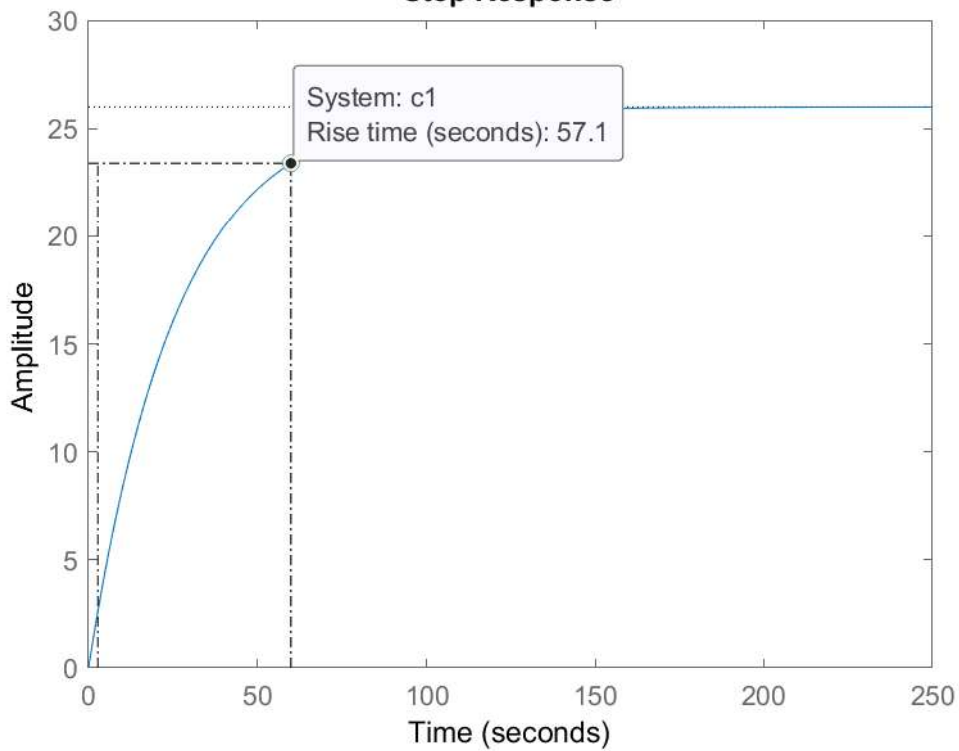
```
1
```

```
-----
s + 0.03846
```

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c1);
>>
```

Step Response




```
>> %%step response for first order unity feedback system
>> %%placing zero at -5R
>> r=26;
>> a6=[1 5*r];
>> b6=[1 1];
>> c6=tf(a6,b6)
```

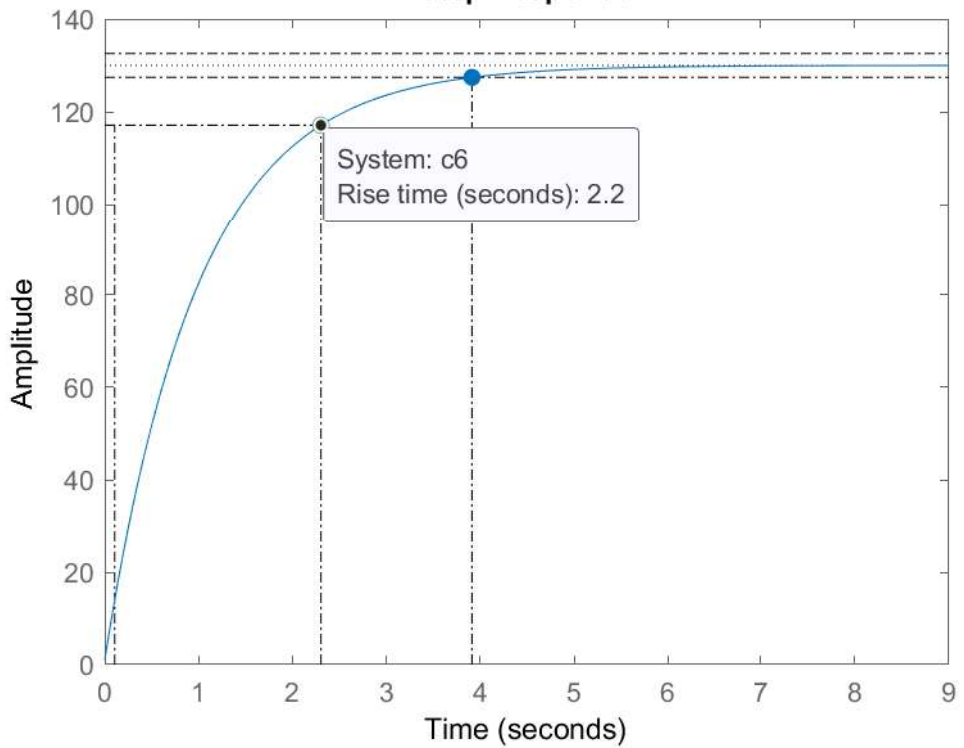
c6 =

$$\frac{s + 130}{s + 1}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c6);
>>
```

Step Response



```
>> %%step response of first order unity feedback system
>> %%placing zero to a transfer function at -R
>> r=26;
>> a5=[1 r]
```

```
a5 =
```

```
    1    26
```

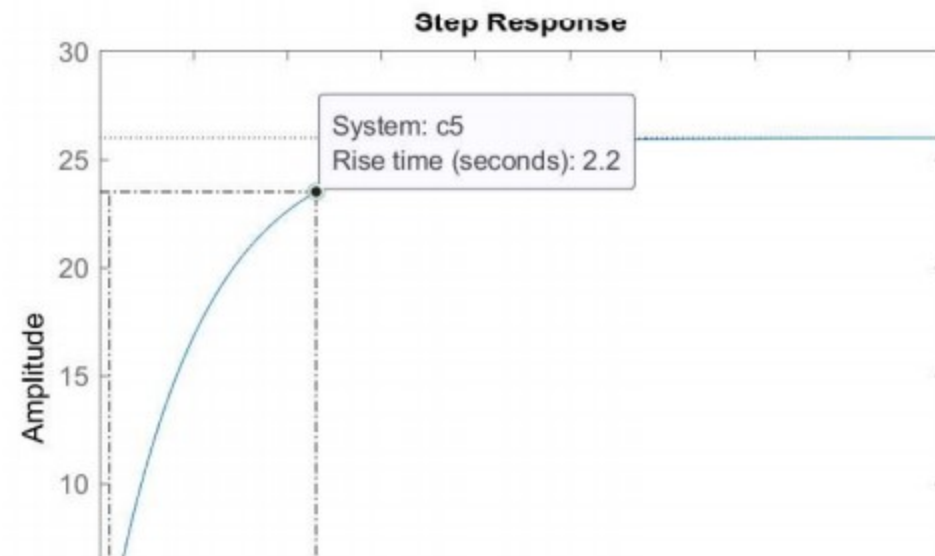
```
>> b5=[1 1];
>> c5=tf(a5,b5)
```

```
c5 =
```

```
    s + 26
  -----
    s + 1
```

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c5);
>>
```



```
>> %%step response of first order unity feedback system
>> %%placing zeros for transfer function 1/(1+s)
>> %% at - inverse R
>> r=26;
>> a4=[1 1/r];
>> b4=[1 1];
>> c4=tf(a4,b4)
```

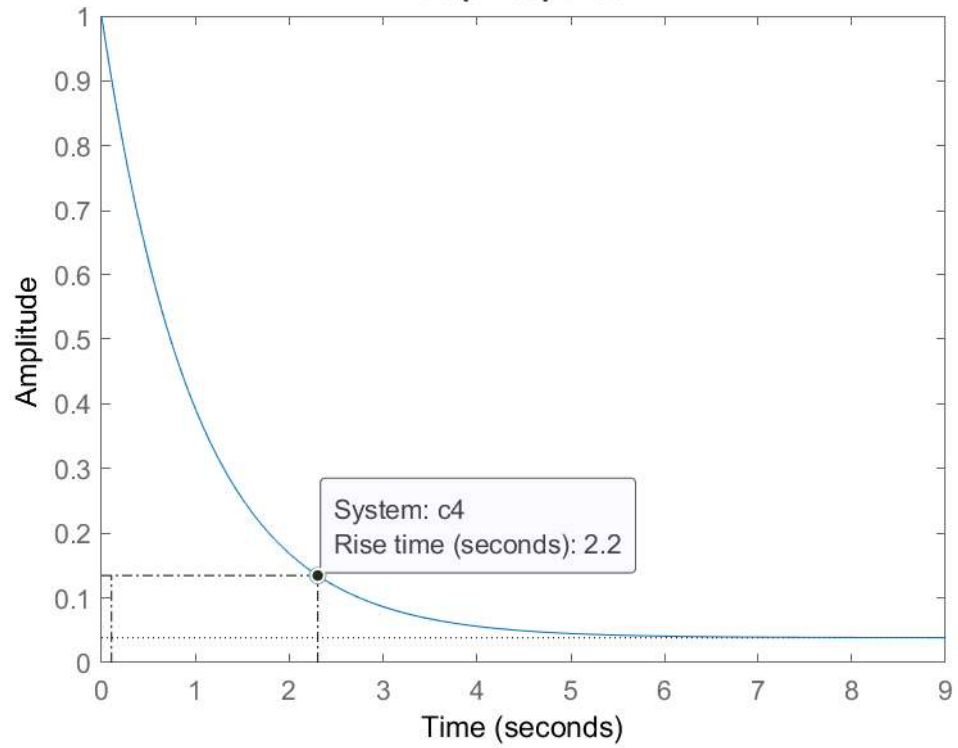
c4 =

$$\frac{s + 0.03846}{s + 1}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c4);
>>
```

Step Response



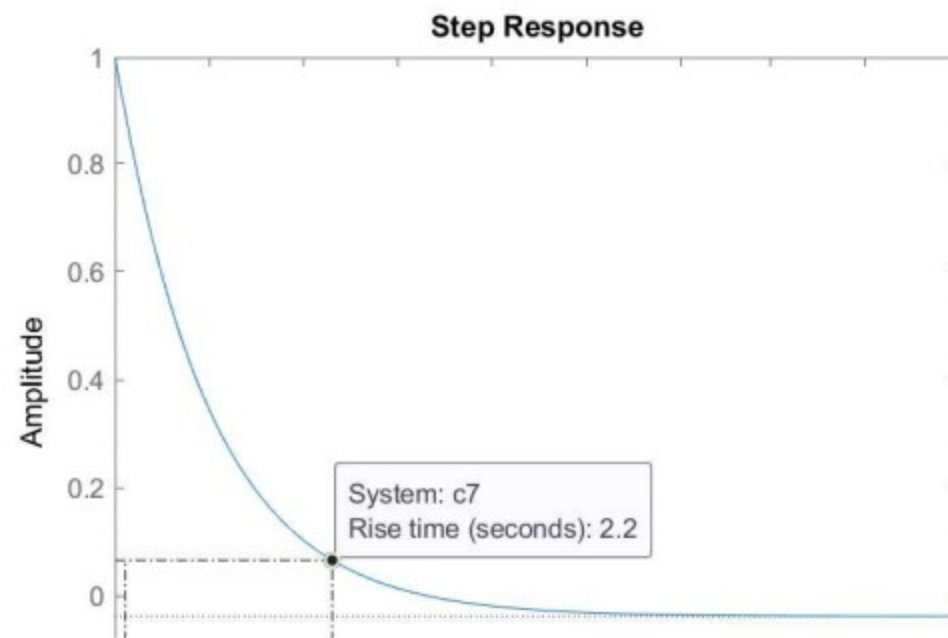
```
>> %%step response of a first order unity feedback system
>> %%placing zero at inverse of R
>> r=26;
>> a7=[1 -1/26];
>> b7=[1 1];
>> c7=tf(a7,b7)
```

c7 =

$$\frac{s - 0.03846}{s + 1}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c7);
>>
```




```
>> %% second order undamped system
>> e=0;
>> wn=3;
>> a=[wn*wn];
>> b=[1 2*e*wn wn*wn];
>> c=tf(a,b)
```

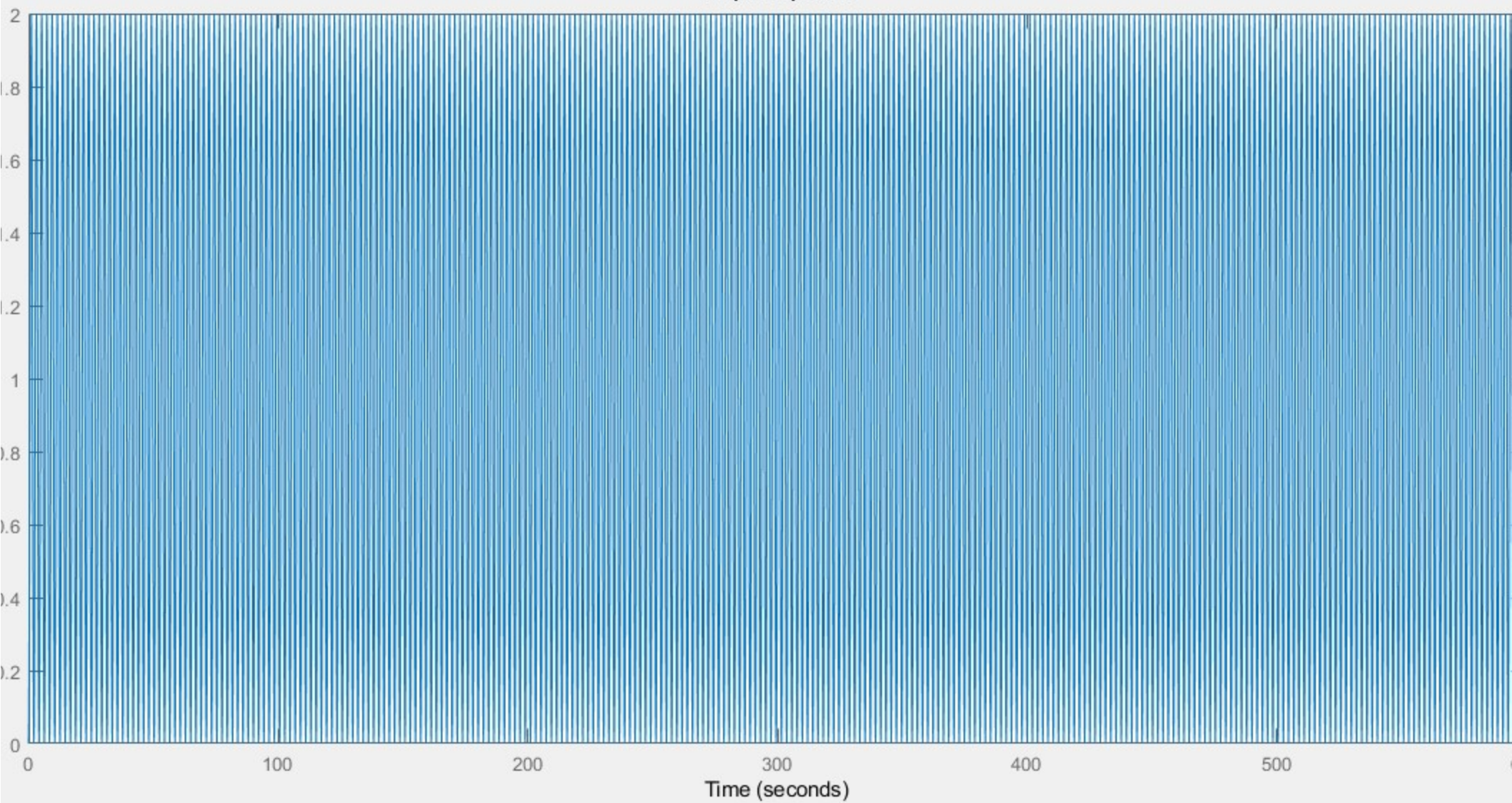
```
c =
```

$$\frac{9}{s^2 + 9}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c);
```

Step Response



```
>> %%second order underdamped system
>> wn=3;
>> e=1/3;
>> a1=[wn*wn];
>> b1=[1 2*e*wn wn*wn];
>> c1=tf(a1,b1)
```

```
c1 =
```

$$\frac{9}{s^2 + 2s + 9}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c1);
>> stepinfo(c1)
```

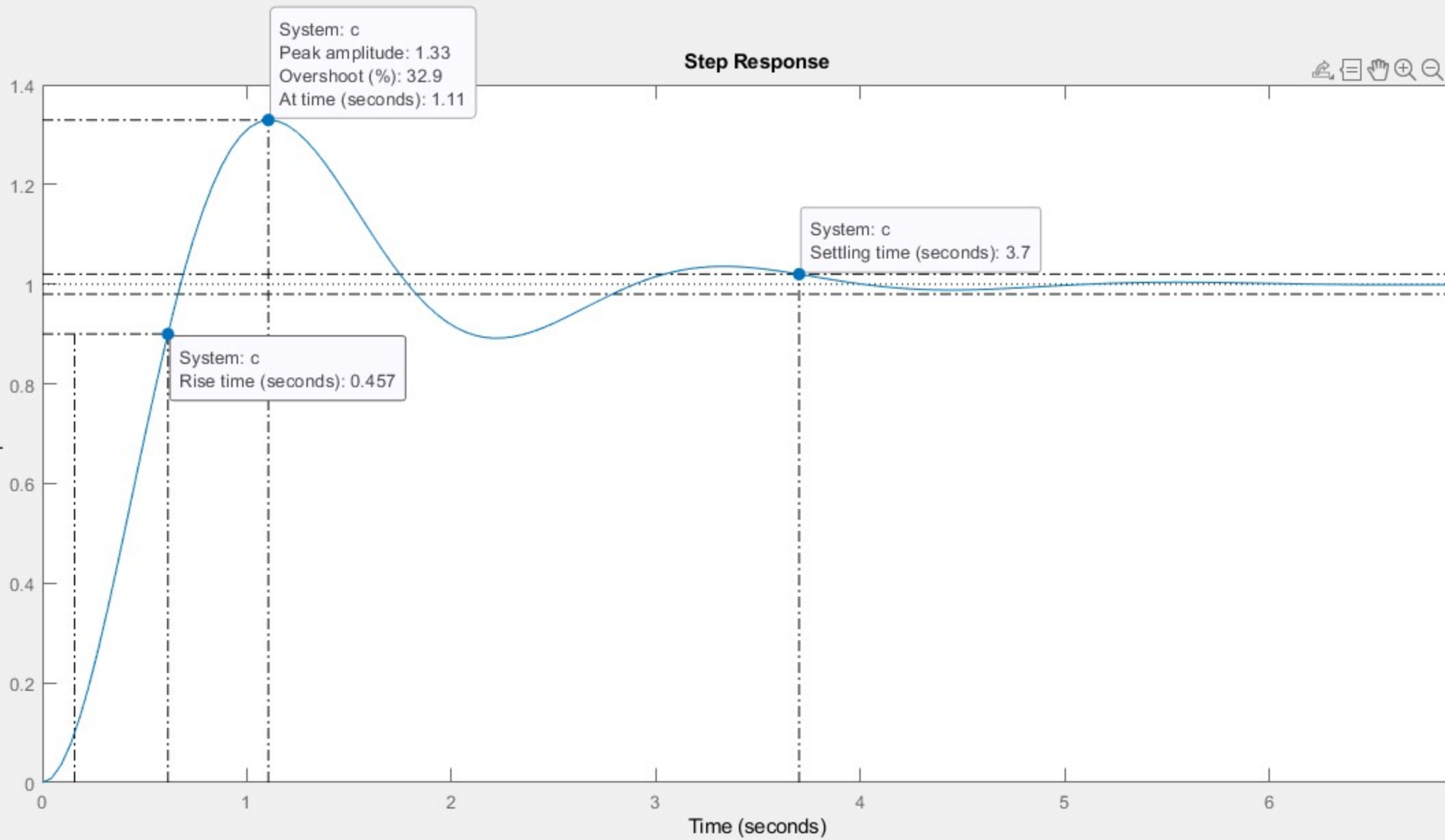
```
ans =
```

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 0.4568
SettlingTime: 3.7005
SettlingMin: 0.8916
SettlingMax: 1.3293
    Overshoot: 32.9277
Undershoot: 0
      Peak: 1.3293
    PeakTime: 1.1052
```

```
>>
```

Step Response



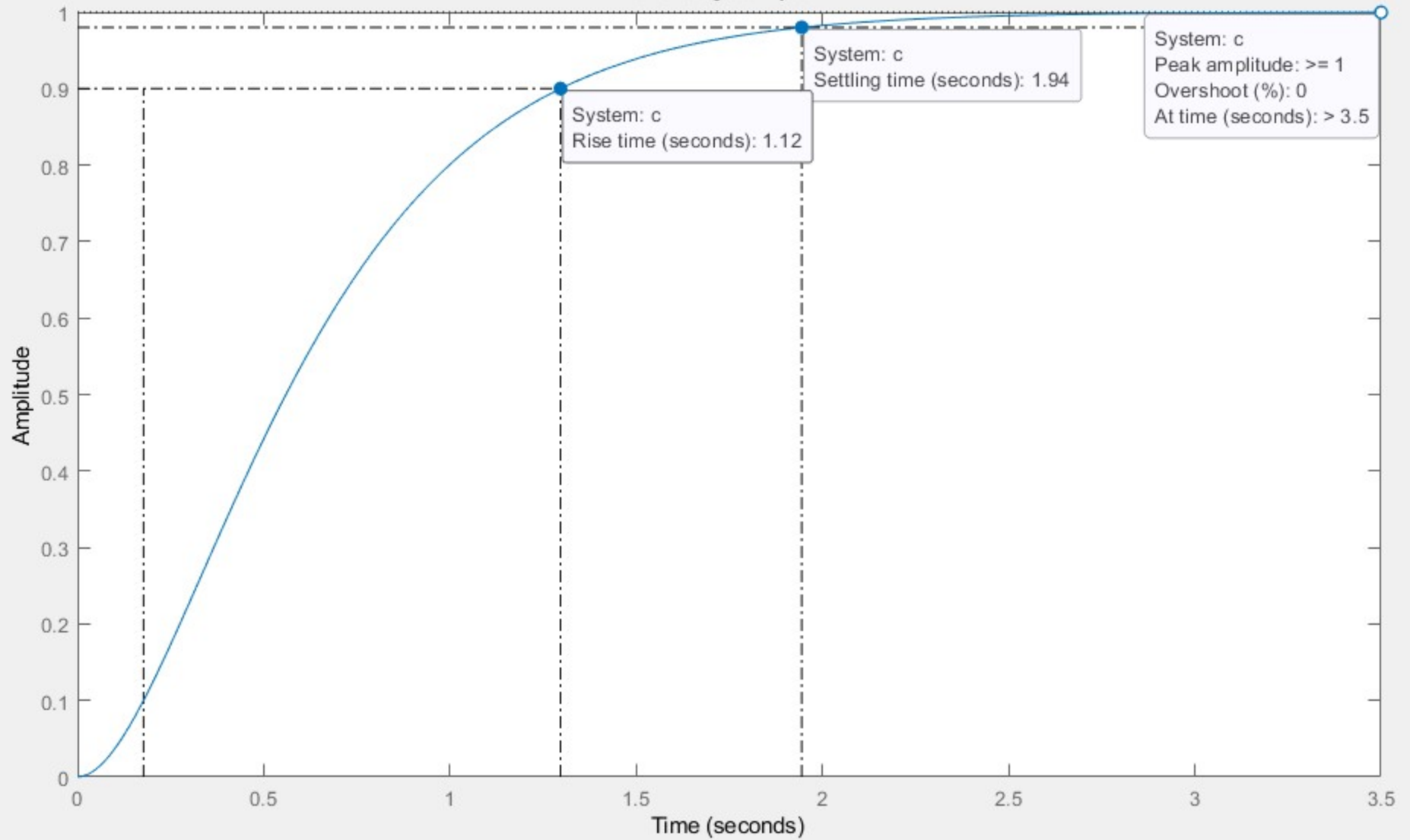
```
>> %%second order critically damped system
>> wn=3;
>> e=1;
>> a=[wn*wn];
>> b=[1 2*e*wn wn*wn];
>> c=tf(a,b);
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

ans =

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 1.1194
SettlingTime: 1.9447
SettlingMin: 0.9019
SettlingMax: 0.9999
    Overshoot: 0
    Undershoot: 0
         Peak: 0.9999
    PeakTime: 3.9758
```

critically damped



```
>> %%second order overdamped system
>> wn=3;
>> e=3;
>> a=[wn*wn];
>> b=[1 2*e*wn wn*wn];
>> c=tf(a,b);
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

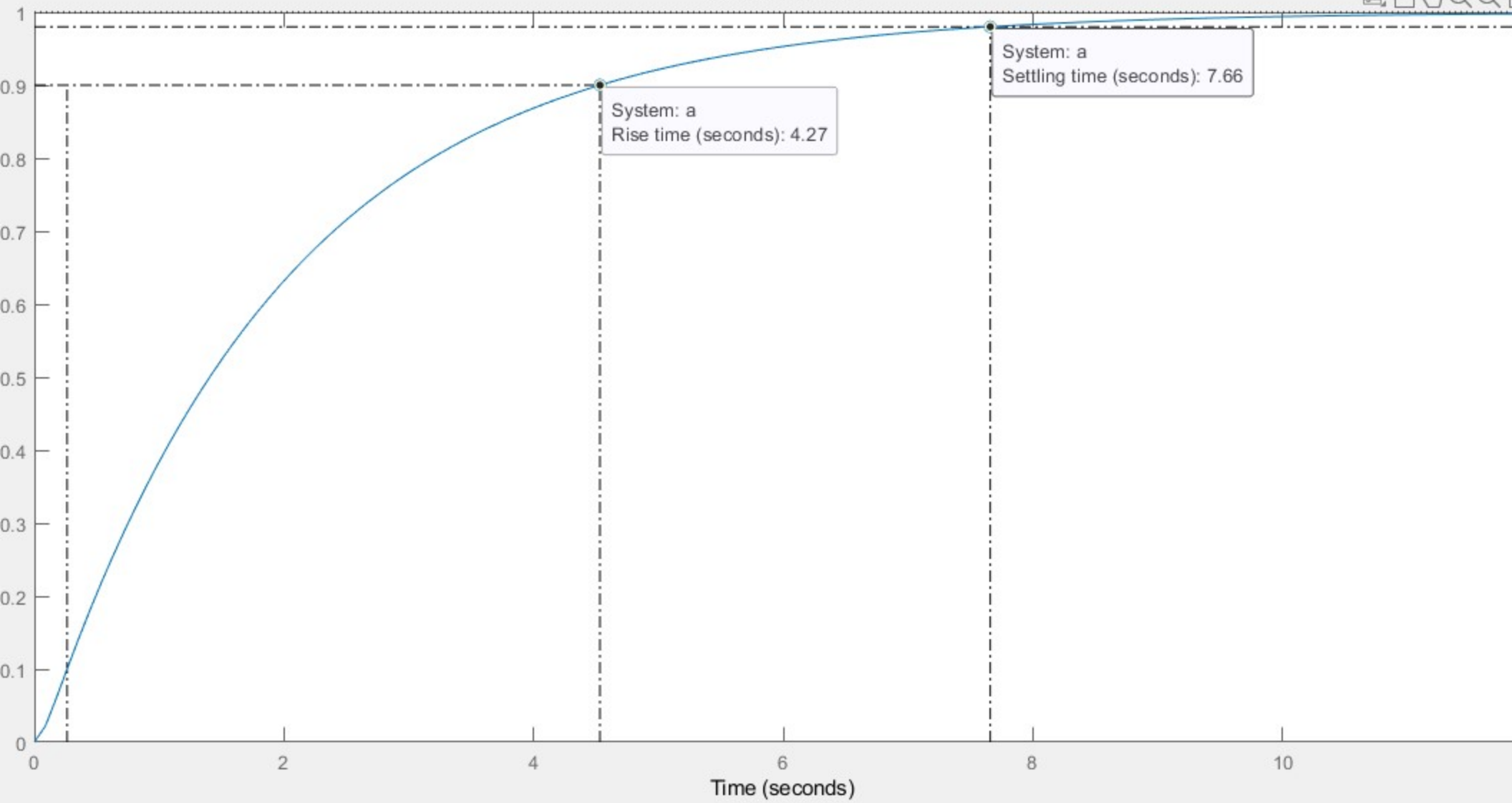
```
ans =
```

```
struct with fields:
```

```
    RiseTime: 4.2699
SettlingTime: 7.6589
SettlingMin: 0.9016
SettlingMax: 0.9993
    Overshoot: 0
    Undershoot: 0
        Peak: 0.9993
    PeakTime: 14.2257
```

```
>>
```

Step Response




```
>> %if a system has pole pairs (-a+ai,-a-ai) at a=(r)
>> r=26;
>> z=[];
>> p=[-26+26i,-26-26i];
>> k=1000;
>> c=zpk(z,p,k)
```

```
c =
```

```
          1000
-----
(s^2 + 52s + 1352)
```

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.

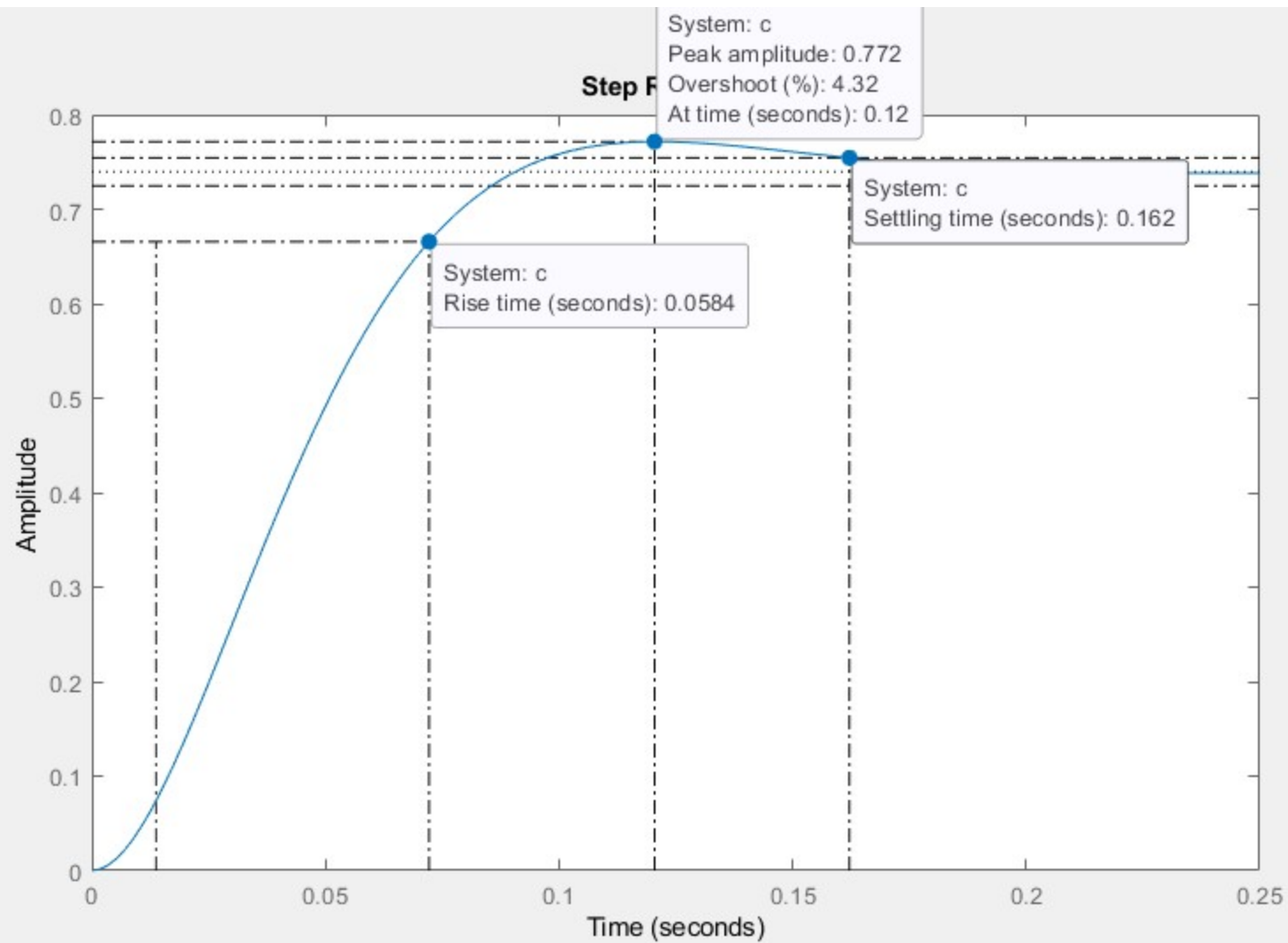
```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

```
ans =
```

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 0.0584
SettlingTime: 0.1622
SettlingMin: 0.6682
SettlingMax: 0.7716
    Overshoot: 4.3210
Undershoot: 0
      Peak: 0.7716
    PeakTime: 0.1204
```

```
>>
```



```
>> %%pole at R inverse
>> a=1/26
```

```
a =
```

```
0.0385
```

```
>> z=[];
>> p=[-a+i*a,-a-i*a];
>> k=1000;
>> c=zpk(z,p,k)
```

```
c =
```

```
1000
-----
(s^2 + 0.07692s + 0.002959)
```

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.

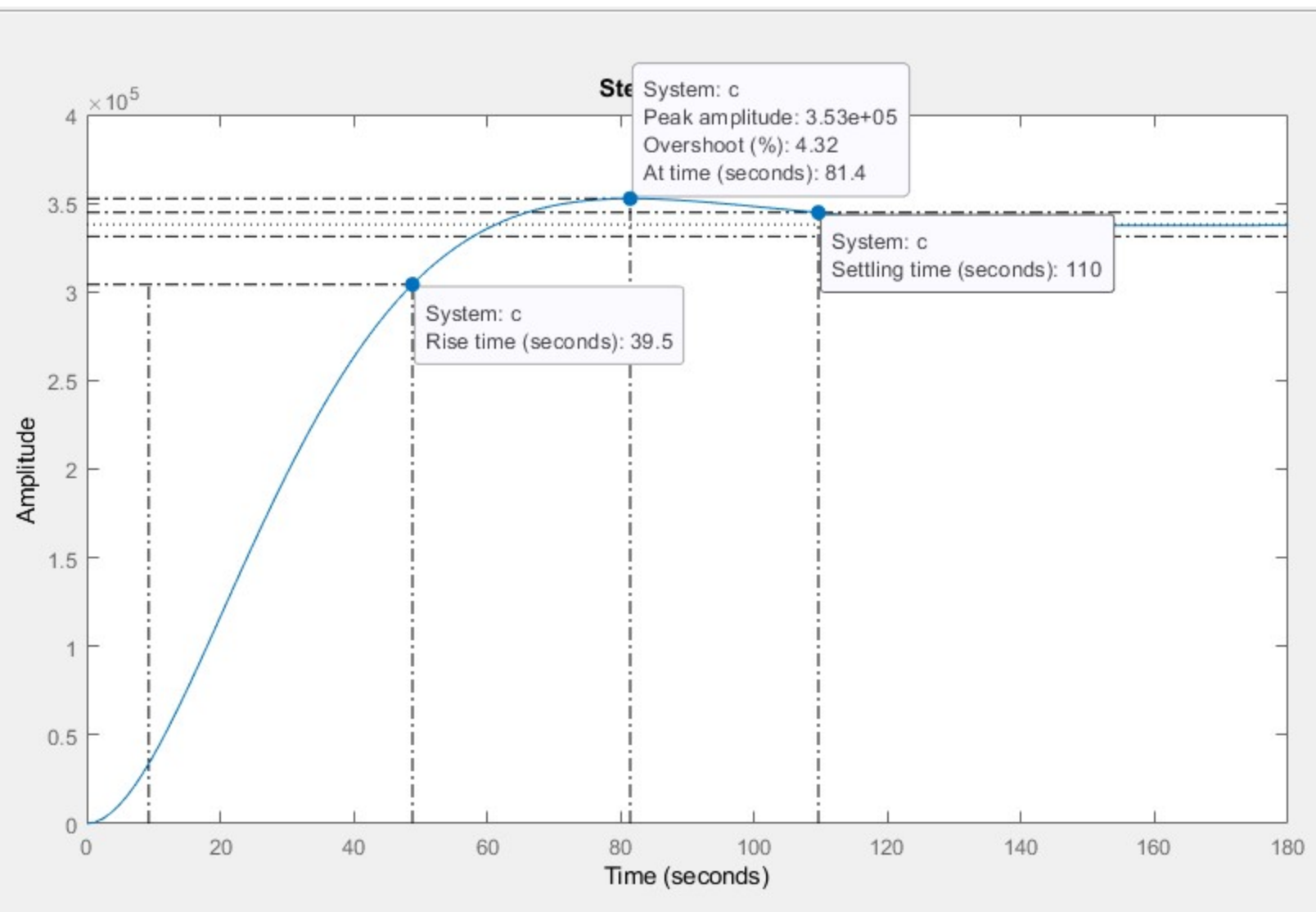
```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

```
ans =
```

```
struct with fields:
```

```
RiseTime: 39.5069
SettlingTime: 109.6239
SettlingMin: 3.0536e+05
SettlingMax: 3.5260e+05
Overshoot: 4.3210
Undershoot: 0
Peak: 3.5260e+05
PeakTime: 81.4194
```

```
>>
```



```
>> %%pole at 5R
>> r=26;
>> z=[];
>> k=1000;
>> a=5*r;
>> p=[-a+a*i,-a-a*i];
>> c=zpk(z,p,k)
```

c =

$$\frac{1000}{(s^2 + 260s + 3.38e04)}$$

Continuous-time zero/pole/gain model.

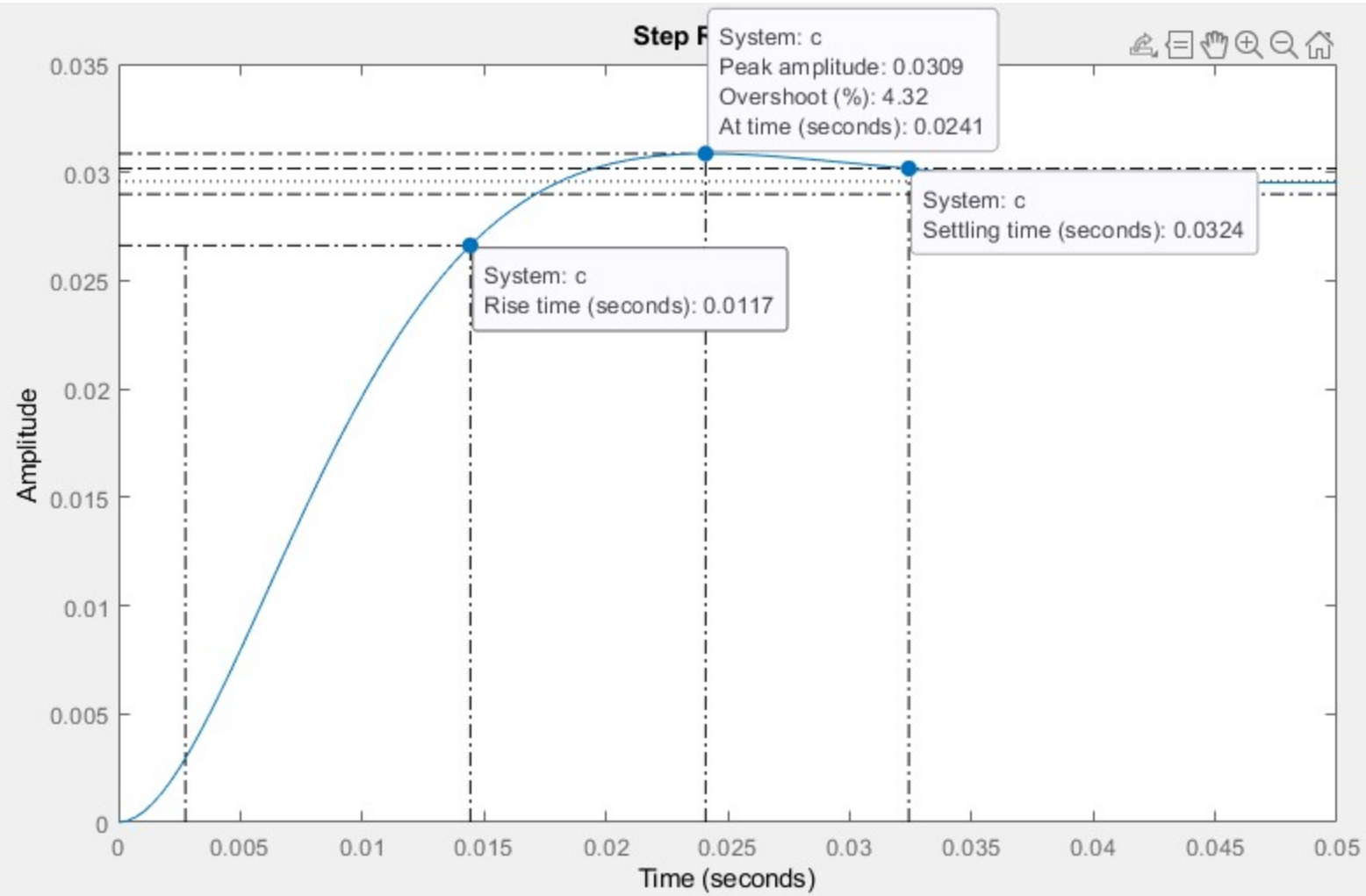
```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

ans =

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 0.0117
SettlingTime: 0.0324
SettlingMin: 0.0267
SettlingMax: 0.0309
    Overshoot: 4.3210
    Undershoot: 0
        Peak: 0.0309
    PeakTime: 0.0241
```

```
>>
```



```
>> %zero at R
>> n=[1 26];
>> d=[1 6 9];
>> c=tf(n,d)
```

```
c =
```

$$\frac{s + 26}{s^2 + 6s + 9}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

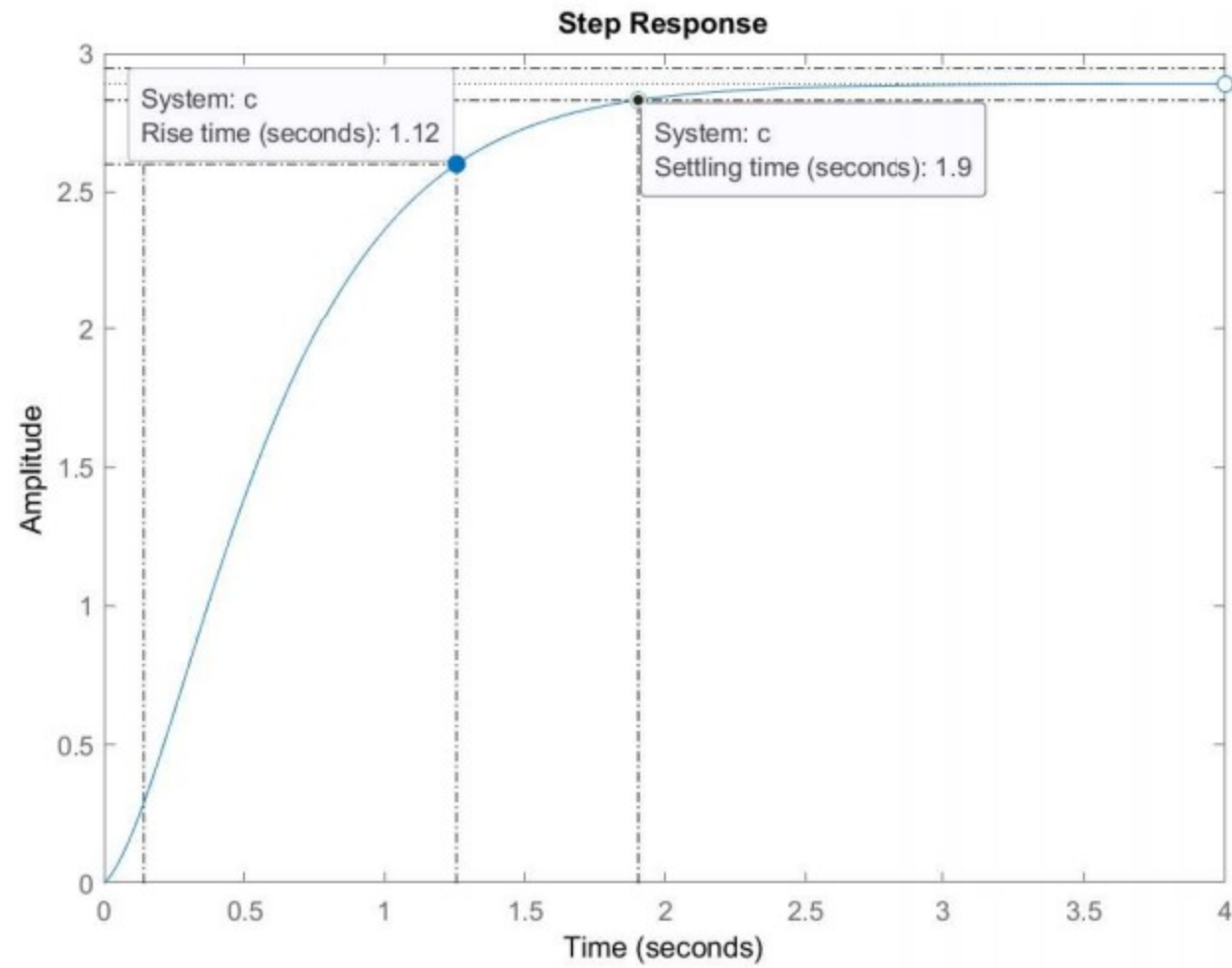
```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

```
ans =
```

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 1.1152
SettlingTime: 1.9042
SettlingMin: 2.6016
SettlingMax: 2.8887
    Overshoot: 0
    Undershoot: 0
         Peak: 2.8887
    PeakTime: 4.1293
```

```
>>
```




```
>> %%zero at 5R
>> r=26;
>> a=5*r;
>> z=[1 a];
>> p=[1 6 a];
>> c=tf(z,p)
```

```
c =
```

$$\frac{s + 130}{s^2 + 6s + 130}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

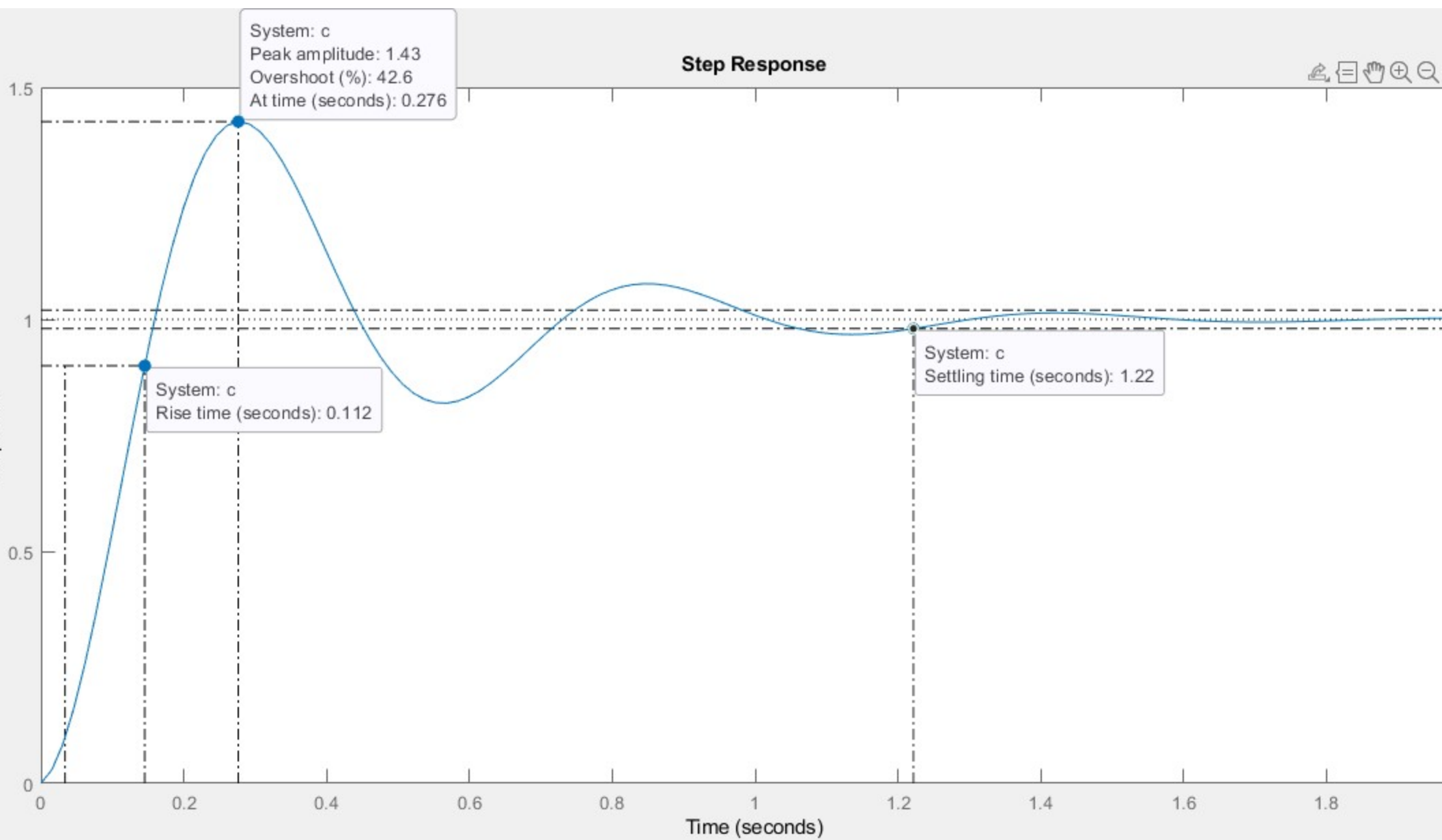
```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

```
ans =
```

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 0.1116
SettlingTime: 1.2217
SettlingMin: 0.8193
SettlingMax: 1.4261
    Overshoot: 42.6143
    Undershoot: 0
        Peak: 1.4261
    PeakTime: 0.2763
```

```
>>
```



```
>> %%zero at inverse R
>> r=1/26;
>> z=[1 r];
>> p=[1 6 9];
>> c=tf(z,p)
```

```
c =
```

$$\frac{s + 0.03846}{s^2 + 6s + 9}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

```
>> step(c);
>> stepinfo(c)
```

```
ans =
```

struct with fields:

```
    RiseTime: 0.0036
SettlingTime: 2.2824
SettlingMin: 0.0043
SettlingMax: 0.1238
    Overshoot: 2.7961e+03
    Undershoot: 0
        Peak: 0.1238
    PeakTime: 0.3377
```

```
>>
```

