NAME: CHARU LAKSHMI.M REG NO: 113323106013

DEPARTMENT: ECE 'A'

NM ID: aut113323ecb06

Problem Definition & Design Thinking

Title: Structural Health Monitoring

Problem Statement:

Bridges and buildings are prone to wear and tear due to weather, daily traffic, or natural disasters. This damage may not always be apparent, but can result in catastrophic accidents if detected late. The issue is to create a system that continuously monitors the health of such structures and detects initial signs of damage so that failures are prevented and safety is ensured.

Target Audience:

- * Construction firms seeking to establish long-term safety measures
- * Urban planners interested in smart city and sustainable infrastructure planning
- * Disaster response authorities require real-time information on the structural integrity of buildings during disasters such as earthquakes or floods

Objective:

- To create an effective Structural Health Monitoring (SHM) system for ongoing measurement of infrastructure integrity.
- To sense early indications of structural damage in the form of

cracks, corrosion, or material fatigue.

- To facilitate real-time monitoring using networks of sensors and data analysis techniques.
- To assist in timely maintenance actions and minimize total repair expense.

Design Thinking Approach:

Empathize:

The core of the problem lies in undetected damage.

Infrastructure like bridges, buildings, and dams may appear stable on the outside, but could be hiding internal wear, cracks, or weaknesses.

Maintenance teams often rely on periodic inspections, which may miss early warning signs, leading to costly repairs or dangerous failures. The goal is to understand the concerns of those responsible for infrastructure safety and provide them with a reliable, real-time monitoring system to prevent disasters.

Key User Concerns:

- * Inability to detect hidden or internal structural issues with the naked eye
- * High costs and time delays in manual inspection methods
- * Lack of real-time alerts for sudden or progressive damage
- * Trust in sensor accuracy and system reliability under various conditions

Define:

The solution must be able to identify initial indications of structural damage through sensor data, weather conditions, and past maintenance records. It will give warnings telling whether the problem is minor,

moderate, or critical, and suggest the proper actions like planning maintenance, inspection immediately, or emergency shutdown.

Key Features Required:

- * Sensor-based monitoring system that can detect stress, vibration, cracks, and temperature fluctuations
- * Structural failure data-trained AI model to determine risk levels precisely
- * Easy-to-use dashboard for maintenance teams and engineers to view structural health in real-time
- * Automated severity-based recommendations and alerts (e.g.,
- "Schedule inspection in 7 days," "Take immediate action")

Ideate:

- Computers and AI can find cracks or damage early.
- * Cameras with AI can look for problems in walls or roads.
- Special tools can see inside walls without breaking them.
- * Robots can crawl inside pipes or climb walls to check safety.
- After a disaster, drones can help find where things are broken.

Brainstorming Results:

Al-powered chatbot trained to understand health-related queries.

- * Bridge the healthcare gap in rural and underserved communities.
- Multilingual interface with regional language support.
- Secure backend: Firebase, Node.js, Python (FastAPI), SQLite for offline use.

Prototype:

Creating a simple monitoring system in which sensors pick up real-time data from the structure, and the system delivers:

- * A graphic dashboard displaying levels of stress, patterns of vibration, and thermal fluctuations.
- * Preliminary indications of potential structural problems, like small cracks or unusual points of stress.
- * Actionable maintenance recommendations for maintenance teams, sorted by urgency (e.g., "Routine check recommended," "Immediate inspection needed").

Key Elements of Prototype:

- * Structural parameter database (e.g., stress thresholds, vibration limits, temperature ranges) and failure history data
- * Sensor array (accelerometers, strain gauges, temperature sensors) to gather real-time measurements from key points on the structure
- * Severity determination logic to categorize problems as routine maintenance, moderate risk, or critical threat
- * User interface/dashboard for presenting structural health status and recommended action.

Test:

The focus group will be used to test the prototype composed of engineers, maintenance teams of infrastructures, and municipal safety officials. They will engage the monitoring system through emulating structural stress situations and providing feedback collected for enhancing the system's precision, usability, and reliability.

Testing Goals:

- * Assess whether the system identifies early symptoms of structural damage with accuracy.
- * Determine the dashboard's intuitive value and usability to maintenance crews.
- * Simulate real-time alert performance for various simulated damage and stress states.
- * Get feedback on the trustworthiness of Al-powered risk assessment and suggested actions.
- * Determine which areas need sensor placement, visualization, and alert clarity improvement.