

Assignment 1: Ensure the script checks if a specific file (eg, myfile.bt) exists in the current directory. If exists, print "File exists", otherwise print "File not found"

Solution:

```
#!/bin/bash

# Specify the filename to check
filename="myfile.bt"

# Check if the file exists in the current directory
if [ -e "$filename" ]; then
    echo "File exists"
else
    echo "File not found"
fi
```

Assignment 2: Write a script that reads numbers from the user until they enter 0 The script should also print whether each number is odd or even

Solution:

```
#!/bin/bash
# This is a Bash script

# Set shell options
set -e # Exit immediately if a command exits with a non-zero status
set -u # Treat unset variables as an error when substituting
set -o pipefail # Return non-zero status if any command in a pipeline fails

# Define variables or environment settings
MY_VAR="Hello, World!"

# Main script logic starts here
echo "$MY_VAR"
```

Assignment 3: Create a function that takes a filename as an argument and prints the number of lines in the file Call this function from your script with different filenames.

Solution :

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Function to count lines in a file
```

```
count_lines() {  
    local filename="$1"  
    local num_lines=$(wc -l < "$filename")  
    echo "Number of lines in $filename: $num_lines"  
}
```

```
# Call the function with different filenames
```

```
count_lines "file1.txt"
```

```
count_lines "file2.txt"
```

```
count_lines "file3.txt"
```

Assignment 4: Write a script that creates a directory named TestDir and inside it, creates ten files named File1.txt, File2.txt, File10.txt. Each file should contain its filename as its content (eg. File1.txt contains "File1.txt")

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Create the directory TestDir if it doesn't exist
```

```
mkdir -p TestDir
```

```
# Loop to create ten files
```

```
for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do
```

```
    filename="File${i}.txt"
```

```
    echo "$filename" > "TestDir/$filename"
```

```
    echo "Created $filename with content: $filename"
```

```
done
```

```
echo "Files created successfully in TestDir."
```

Assignment 5: Modify the script to handle errors, such as the directory already existing or lacking permissions to create files

Solution:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Function to create directory and files
```

```

create_files() {
    local dir_name="TestDir"
    local filename=""

    # Check if directory TestDir already exists
    if [ -d "$dir_name" ]; then
        echo "Error: Directory $dir_name already exists."
        return 1
    fi

    # Create the directory TestDir
    mkdir -p "$dir_name" || { echo "Error: Failed to create directory $dir_name."; return 1; }

    # Loop to create ten files
    for ((i=1; i<=10; i++)); do
        filename="File${i}.txt"
        echo "$filename" > "$dir_name/$filename" || { echo "Error: Failed to create file $filename."; return 1; }
        echo "Created $filename with content: $filename"
    done

    echo "Files created successfully in $dir_name."
}

# Call the function to create directory and files
create_files

```

Assignment 6: Given a sample log file, write a script using grep to extract all lines containing "ERROR" Use awk to print the date, time, and error message of each extracted line

Data Processing with sed

Solution:

```

#!/bin/bash

# Use grep to extract lines containing "ERROR" from the log file
grep "ERROR" sample.log |
# Use awk to print date, time, and error message
awk '{print $1, $2, $3, $0}' |
# Use sed to format output (optional)
sed 's/^([0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2})T([0-9]{2}:[0-9]{2}:[0-9]{2})/Date: \1, Time: \2/g'

```

Explanation:

- grep "ERROR" sample.log: Extracts lines containing "ERROR" from sample.log

- awk '{print \$1, \$2, \$3, \$0}': Prints date, time, and entire line

- sed 's/^([0-9]{4}-[0-9]{2}-[0-9]{2})T([0-9]{2}:[0-9]{2}:[0-9]{2})/Date: \1, Time: \2/g':

Formats the output to display "Date: <date>, Time: <time>" for each line

Assignment 7: Create a script that takes a text file and replaces all occurrences of "old text" with "new text". Use sed to perform this operation and output the result to a new file

Submission Guidelines:

1. Ensure that each answer is clear, concise, and reflects an understanding of the core concepts

**2. Diagrams can be hand-drawn and scanned or created using any digital drawing tool
Provide references for any external sources used**

Submit your work in a single PDF document by end of Module.

Solution:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
# Check if the user provided a filename as an argument
```

```
if [ $# -eq 0 ]; then
```

```
    echo "Error: Please provide a filename as an argument."
```

```
    exit 1
```

```
fi
```

```
# Check if the input file exists
```

```
if [ ! -f "$1" ]; then
```

```
    echo "Error: File '$1' not found."
```

```
    exit 1
```

```
fi
```

```
# Set input and output filenames
```

```
input_file="$1"
```

```
output_file="output.txt"
```

```
# Use sed to replace "old text" with "new text" and output to new file
```

```
sed 's/old text/new text/g' "$input_file" > "$output_file"
```

```
# Print success message
```

```
echo "Replacement completed. Output saved to $output_file"
```

