

## ① Array operations:-

Aim:-

To write program on array operations.

Pseudocode:

Initialize an empty array list  
string.

Add elements ("Apple", "Banana", "Cherry");  
ArrayList

Specify an index to remove ("index")

Use index Method

print position

Use a loop.

print element.

Code:-

```
import java.util. ArrayList
Public class ArrayList operations {
    public static void main (String[] args) {
        list.add ("Apple");
        list.add ("Banana");
        list.add ("Cherry");
        list.add ("Date");
        System.out.println ("Initial list: " + list);
        int indexToRemove: ()
```



```

int (Index . To Remove > = 0 & index To Remove < usf : &ide) {
    list . remove (index To Remove);
    System.out.println("List after removing")
    for (String element, list) {
        System.out.println(element)
    }
}

```

Initial list: [Apple, banana, cherry, Date]  
 List after removing element at index 2:  
 [Apple, banana, Date]

The position of Date is : 2

All elements in the list:  
 Apple, Banana, Date

2) Hash set operation:-

Aim:-

To write program on Hashset operations.

Pseudocode:-

Declare new HashSet with names

Add names in names [john, Alice, Bob]

Create boolean is present

Declare & function names.contains("Bob")

```

for (String employee; employees) {
    System.out.println(employee);
}
}
}

```

#### ④ Hashmap:-

Aim:-

To write hashmap program in java.

Pseudocode:-

Initialize new Hashmap (string)

Insert  
john  
Alice  
Bob

Index [0, 1, 2, 3]

Use for each loop

print "ID" : + entry.getKey() + " : " + entry.getValue();

Code:-

```
import java.util.HashMap;
```

```
public class HashmapDemo {
```

```
    public static void main (String args) {
```

```
        Hash Map (integer, string) students = new
```



```

HashMap <> ();
student.put (101, "john");
student.put (102, "Alice");
student.put (103, "Bob");
String name = student.get (102);
System.out.println ("Student with ID 102 + name);
student.remove (103);
for (HashMap.Entry < Integer, String> entry : student.
    entry()) {
    System.out.println (" + " + entry.getKey()
        : 1 name ( : + entry.getValue());
    }
}

```

output:-

Student with 102 : Alice

101 : john

102 : Alice.

Print "Present"

Initialize for each loop with string name: names

PRINT "name"

PRINT "name"

end loop.

Code:

```
import java.util.HashSet;
```

```
Public class Hashoperations {
```

```
    public static void (string() args) {
```

```
        HashSet < string > names = new HashSet < > ();
```

```
        names.add("John");
```

```
        names.add("Alice");
```

```
        names.add("Bob");
```

```
        names.add("Alice");
```

```
        boolean is present = names.contains("Bob");
```

```
        System.out.println("is Bob present: " + { is  
present});
```

```
        for (string name; names)
```

```
            System.out.println(names);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

O/P :-

John, Alice

Bob, Alice.



### ③ Priority Queue:

Aim:-

To write program on Priority Queue

Pseudocode:-

```
→ Declare new Queue (string)
Add elements (Alice, John)
Employee,
Initialize for each loop;
    string employee; employee,
    PRINT "Employee";
}
}
}
```

Code:-

```
import java.util.PriorityQueue;
public class priority {
    public static Queue (String) > Employees;
        New priority Queue;
        Employees.add("Alice");
        Employees.add("John");
        Employees.add("Eve");
        System.out.println("Removed highest priority")
        employee.poll();
}
```