

# Exploratory Data Analysis - VIDEO GAME SALES

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Here, I just combined two excellent Kaggle Notebooks of Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) on video games sales.

## Description

### [The Original Dataset - Video Game Sales](#)

This dataset contains a list of video games with sales greater than 100 000 copies. It was generated by a scrape of [VGChartz](#).

Fields include :

Rank - Ranking of overall sales

Name - The games name

Platform - Platform of the games release (i.e. PC,PS4, etc.)

Year - Year of the game's release

Genre - Genre of the game

Publisher - Publisher of the game

NA\_Sales - Sales in North America (in millions)

EU\_Sales - Sales in Europe (in millions)

JP\_Sales - Sales in Japan (in millions)

Other\_Sales - Sales in the rest of the world (in millions)

Global\_Sales - Total worldwide sales.

Many thanks for the original notebooks :

[EDA - VIDEO GAME SALES](#)

[Video Games Sales Analysis And Visualization](#)

# 1.EDA - VIDEO GAME SALES using R

The data used in the first part (“EDA - VIDEO GAME SALES using R”) contains information only from 1980 to 2016.

## 1.1 Libraries & Data loading

### 1.1 A. Database Loading

```
# Loading the database
data <- read.csv("vgsales.csv", stringsAsFactors = FALSE)

# Removing the Rank column
data$Rank <- NULL

# Filtering only the records of interest for this study,
# removing the records with Year = NaN and records with the year above 2016
data <- data[data$Year != "N/A" & data$Year != "2017"
             & data$Year != "2020", ]
data$Year <- factor(data$Year)
```

Name	Platform	Year	Genre	Publisher	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
Wii Sports	Wii	2006	Sports	Nintendo	41.49	29.02	3.77	8.46	82.74
Super Mario Bros.	NES	1985	Platform	Nintendo	29.08	3.58	6.81	0.77	40.24
Mario Kart Wii	Wii	2008	Racing	Nintendo	15.85	12.88	3.79	3.31	35.82
Wii Sports Resort	Wii	2009	Sports	Nintendo	15.75	11.01	3.28	2.96	33.00
Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	GB	1996	Role-Playing	Nintendo	11.27	8.89	10.22	1.00	31.37

```
# Viewing the first 5 DataFrame records
pacman::p_load(knitr,kableExtra)
kable(head(data, 5)) %>% kable_styling(font_size = 7)
```

## 1.1 B. Summary of data

```
summary(data)
```

```
##      Name                Platform          Year          Genre
## Length:16323      Length:16323      2009      :1431      Length:16323
## Class :character      Class :character      2008      :1428      Class :character
## Mode  :character      Mode  :character      2010      :1259      Mode  :character
##                                     2007      :1202
##                                     2011      :1139
##                                     2006      :1008
##                                     (Other):8856
## Publisher          NA_Sales          EU_Sales          JP_Sales
## Length:16323      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.0000      Min.   : 0.00000
## Class :character      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.0000      1st Qu.: 0.00000
## Mode  :character      Median : 0.0800      Median : 0.0200      Median : 0.00000
##                                     Mean  : 0.2655      Mean   : 0.1476      Mean   : 0.07868
##                                     3rd Qu.: 0.2400      3rd Qu.: 0.1100      3rd Qu.: 0.04000
##                                     Max.   :41.4900      Max.   :29.0200      Max.   :10.22000
##
## Other_Sales          Global_Sales
## Min.   : 0.00000      Min.   : 0.0100
## 1st Qu.: 0.00000      1st Qu.: 0.0600
## Median : 0.01000      Median : 0.1700
## Mean   : 0.04834      Mean   : 0.5403
## 3rd Qu.: 0.04000      3rd Qu.: 0.4800
## Max.   :10.57000      Max.   :82.7400
##
```

## 1.2 Descriptive Analysis

### 1.2 A. Frequency Distribution

**Year => Year of the game's release**

```
freq_year <- data.frame(cbind(Frequency = table(data$Year),  
                             Percent = prop.table(table(data$Year)) * 100))  
freq_year <- freq_year[order(freq_year$Frequency, decreasing=TRUE), ]
```

```
kable(head(freq_year, 10))
```

	Frequency	Percent
2009	1431	8.766771
2008	1428	8.748392
2010	1259	7.713043
2007	1202	7.363842
2011	1139	6.977884
2006	1008	6.175335
2005	941	5.764872
2002	829	5.078723
2003	775	4.747902
2004	763	4.674386

```
kable(tail(freq_year, 10))
```

	Frequency	Percent
1982	36	0.2205477
1986	21	0.1286528
1983	17	0.1041475
1989	17	0.1041475
1987	16	0.0980212
1990	16	0.0980212
1988	15	0.0918949
1984	14	0.0857685
1985	14	0.0857685
1980	9	0.0551369

```

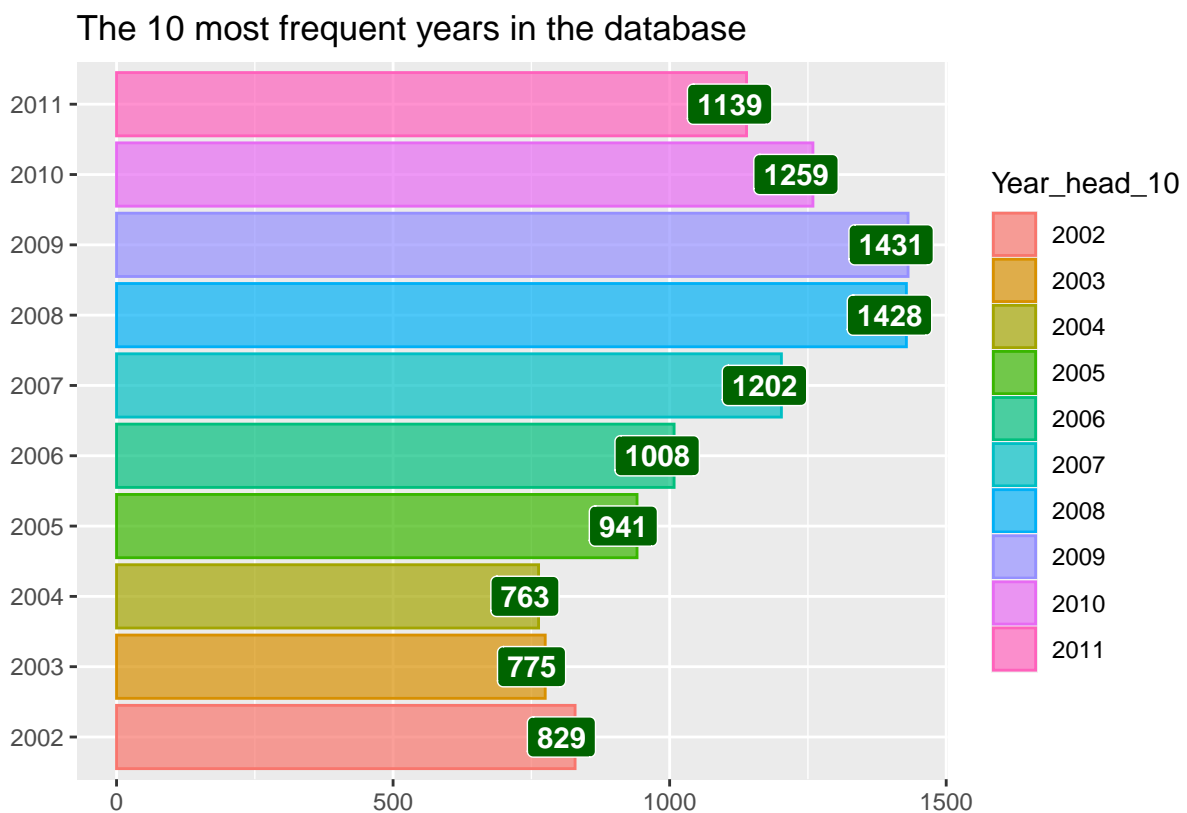
# Visualizations
pacman::p_load(hrbrthemes,gganimate,gapminder,babynames,ggthemes,cowplot,ggplot2)

df <- head(freq_year, 10)

Year_head_10 = row.names(df)

ggplot(data = df, mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = Year_head_10)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Year_head_10,
                                             color = Year_head_10), alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Frequency), fill = "#006400",
             color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("The 10 most frequent years in the database") +
  xlab(" ") +
  ylab("")

```





```

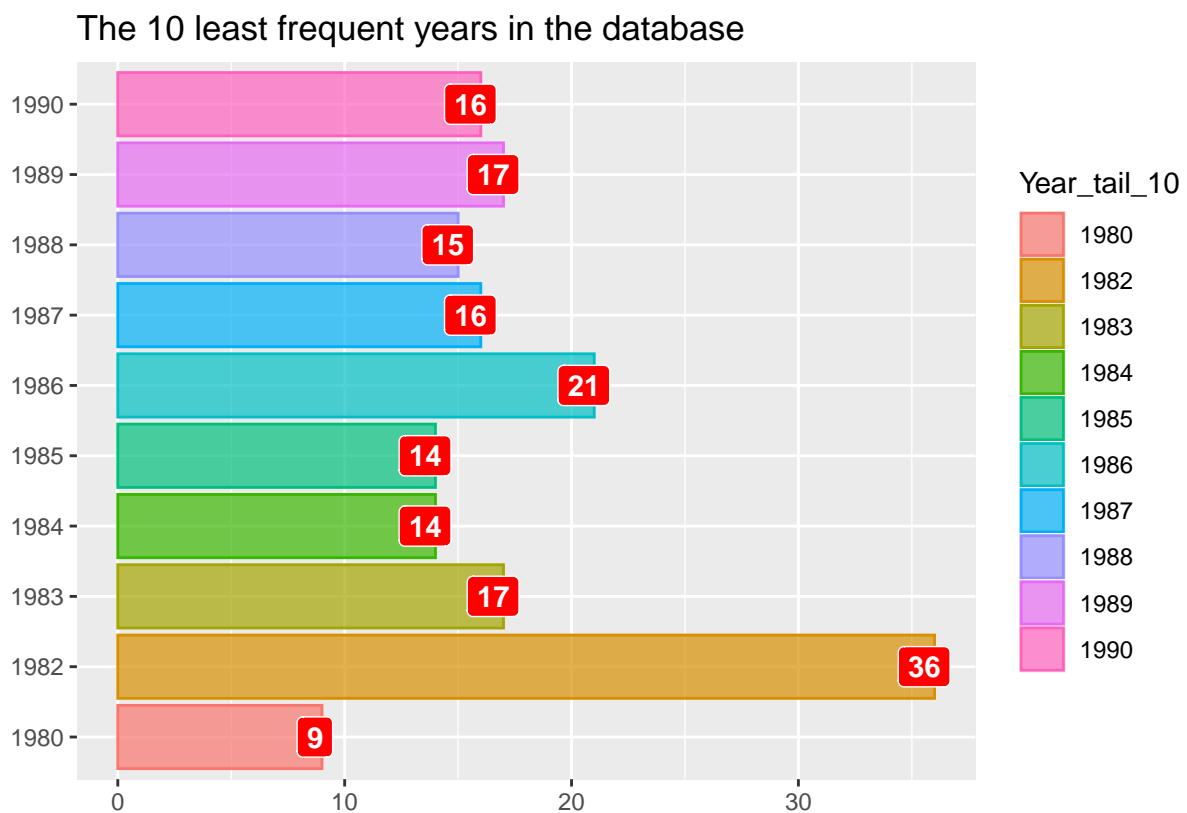
# Visualizations
pacman::p_load(hrbrthemes,gganimate,gapminder,babynames,ggthemes,cowplot,ggplot2)

df1 <- tail(freq_year, 10)

Year_tail_10 = row.names(df1)

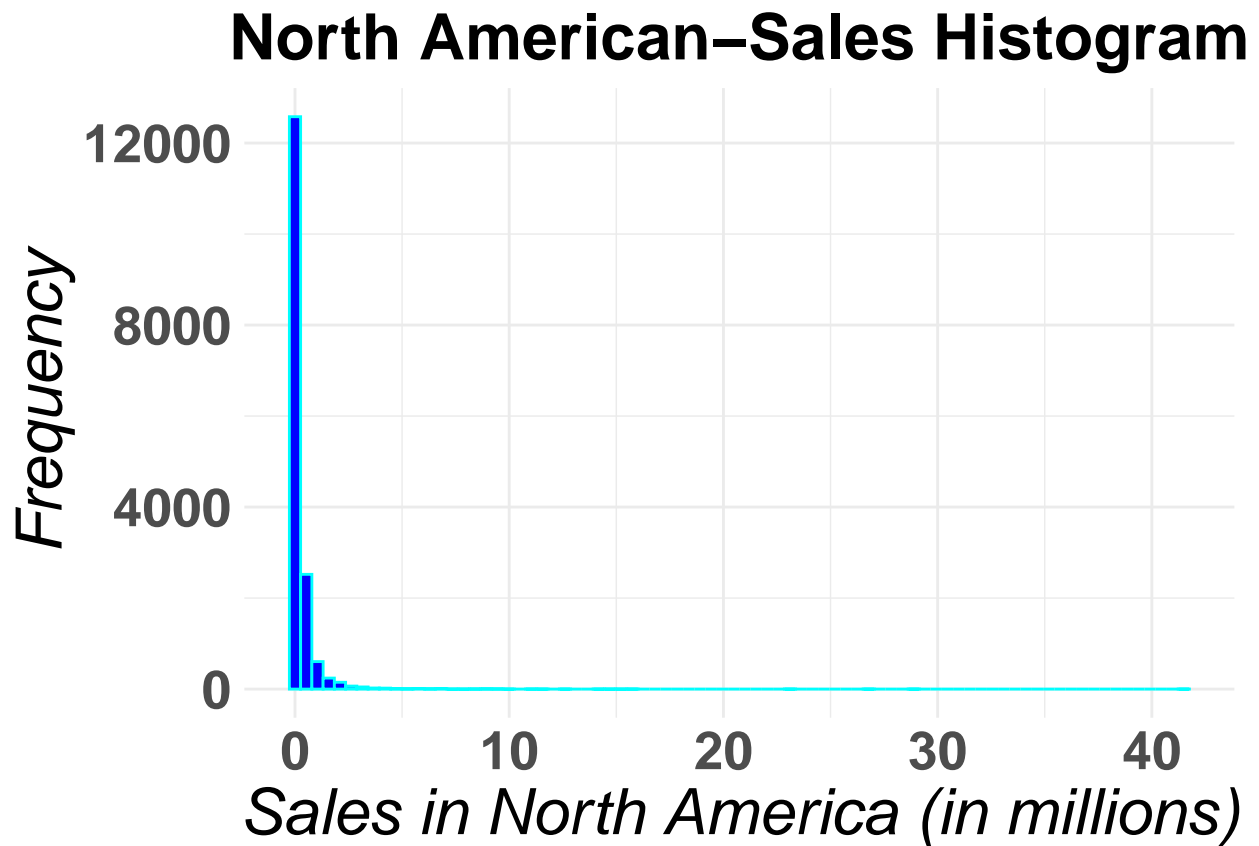
ggplot(data = df1, mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = Year_tail_10)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Year_tail_10,
                                             color = Year_tail_10), alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Frequency), fill = "red",
             color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("The 10 least frequent years in the database") +
  xlab(" ") +
  ylab("")

```

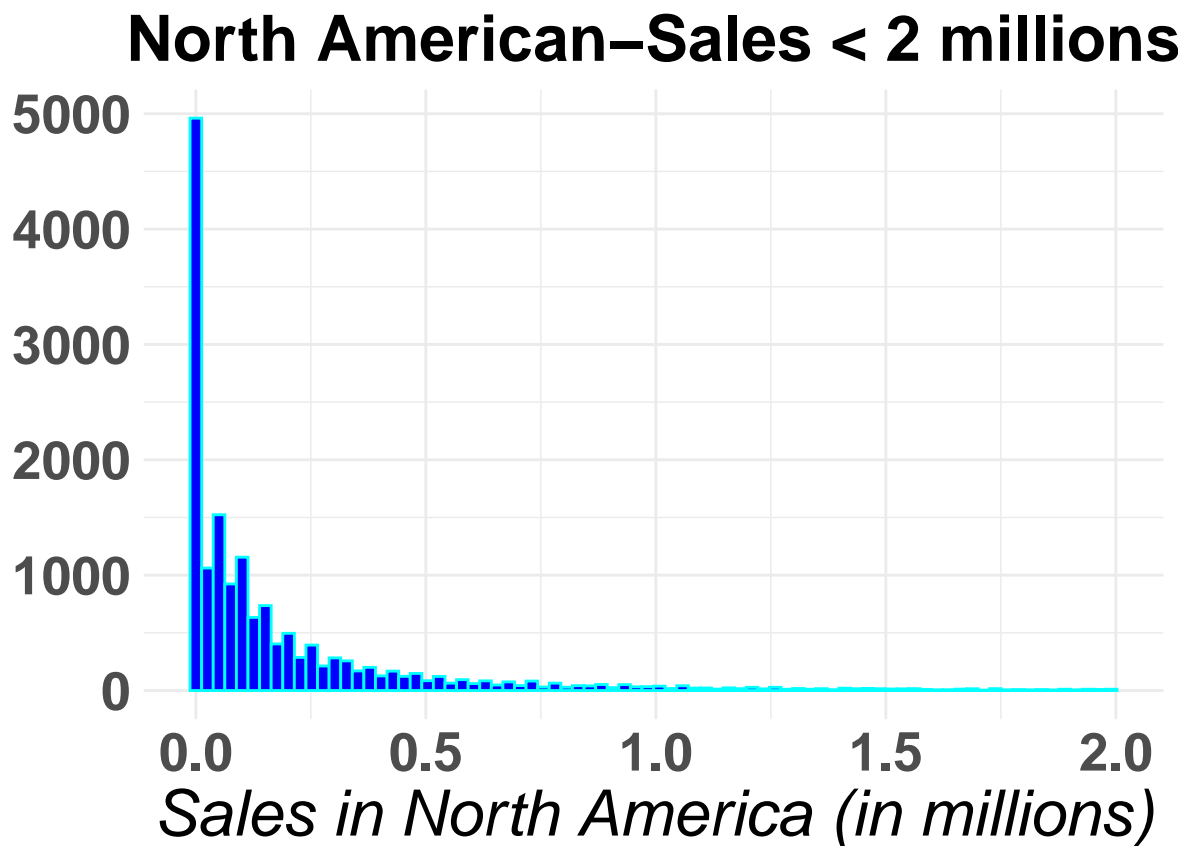


**NA\_Sales => Sales in North America (in millions)**

```
ggplot(data = data, mapping = aes(x = NA_Sales)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "blue", color = "cyan") +  
  xlab("Sales in North America (in millions)") +  
  ylab("Frequency") +  
  ggtitle("North American-Sales Histogram") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(  
    plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),  
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
    legend.position = "none")
```

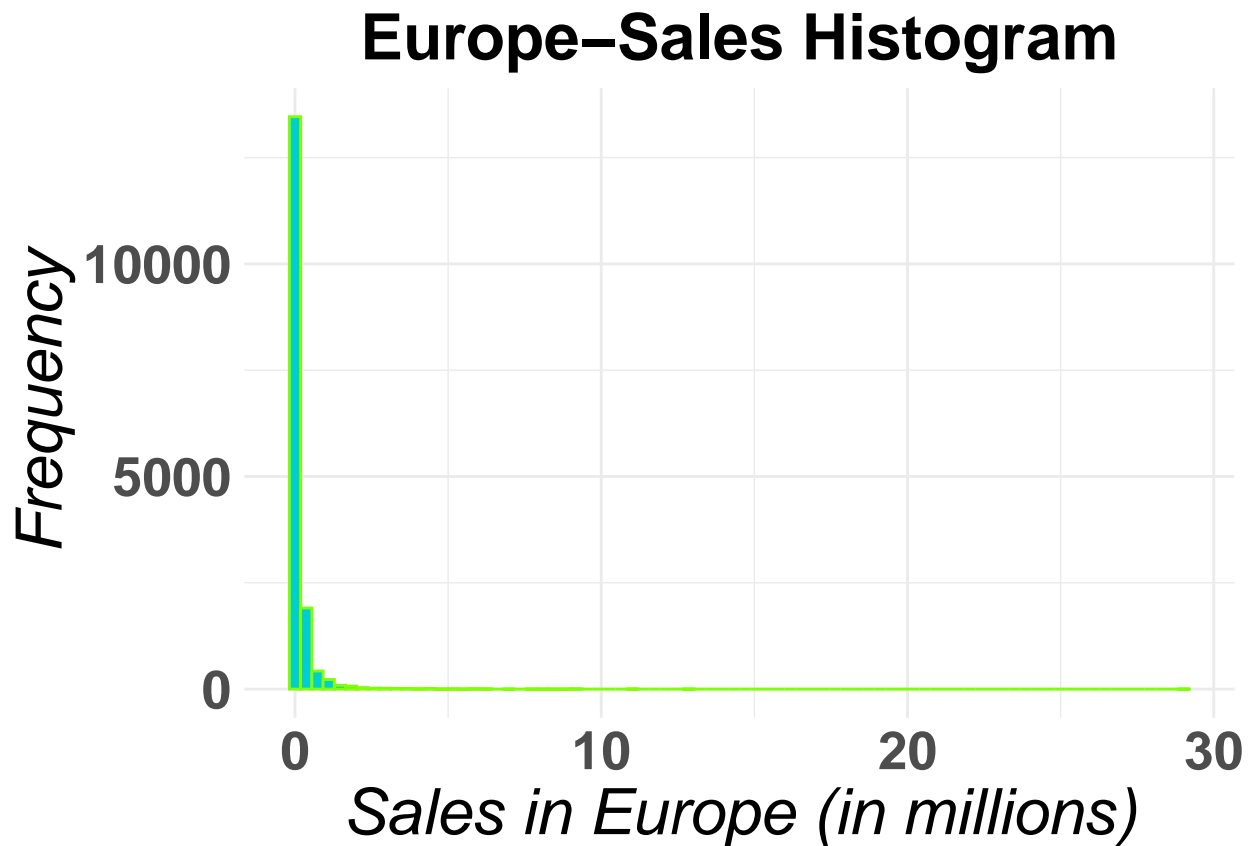


```
df2 <- data[data$NA_Sales < 2, ]
ggplot(data = df2, mapping = aes(x = NA_Sales)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "blue", color = "cyan") +
  xlab("Sales in North America (in millions)") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("North American-Sales < 2 millions") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```

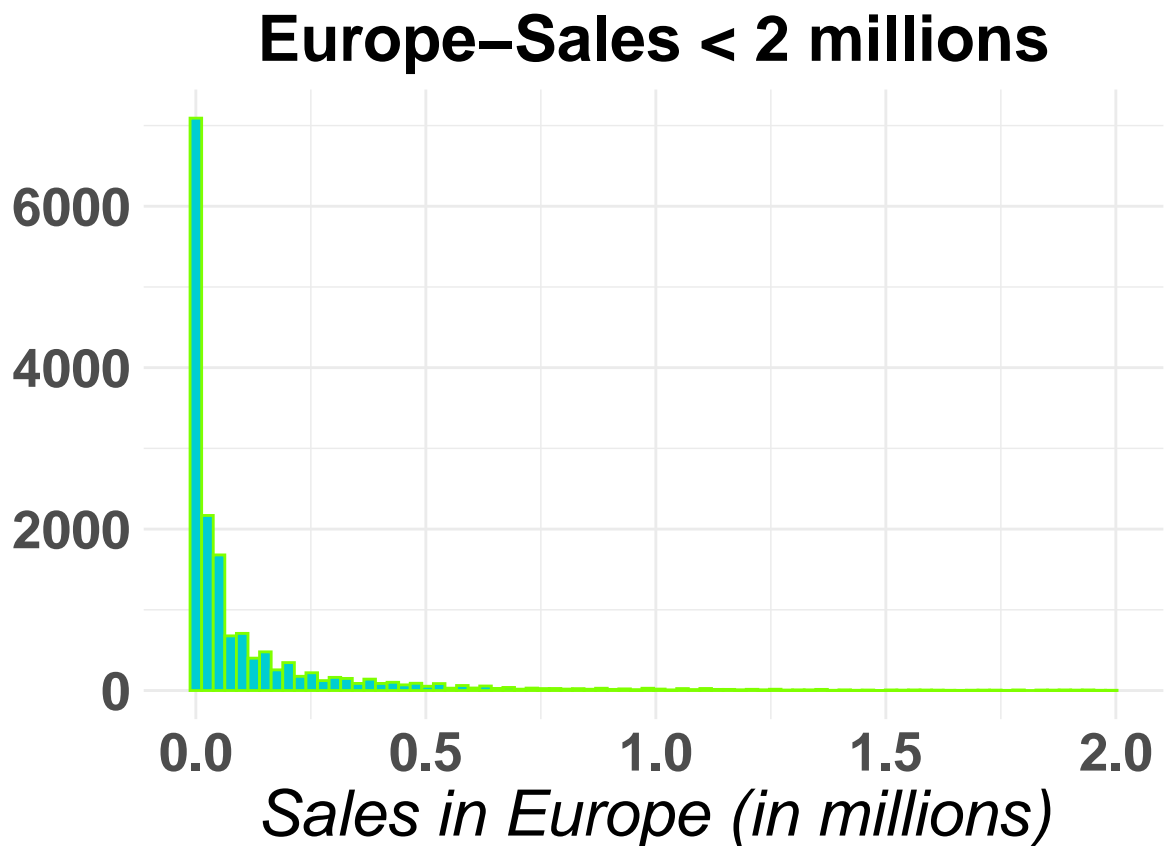


**EU\_Sales => Sales in Europe (in millions)**

```
ggplot(data = data, mapping = aes(x = EU_Sales)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#00CED1", color = "#7FFF00") +  
  xlab("Sales in Europe (in millions)") +  
  ylab("Frequency") +  
  ggtitle("Europe-Sales Histogram") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),  
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
        legend.position = "none")
```

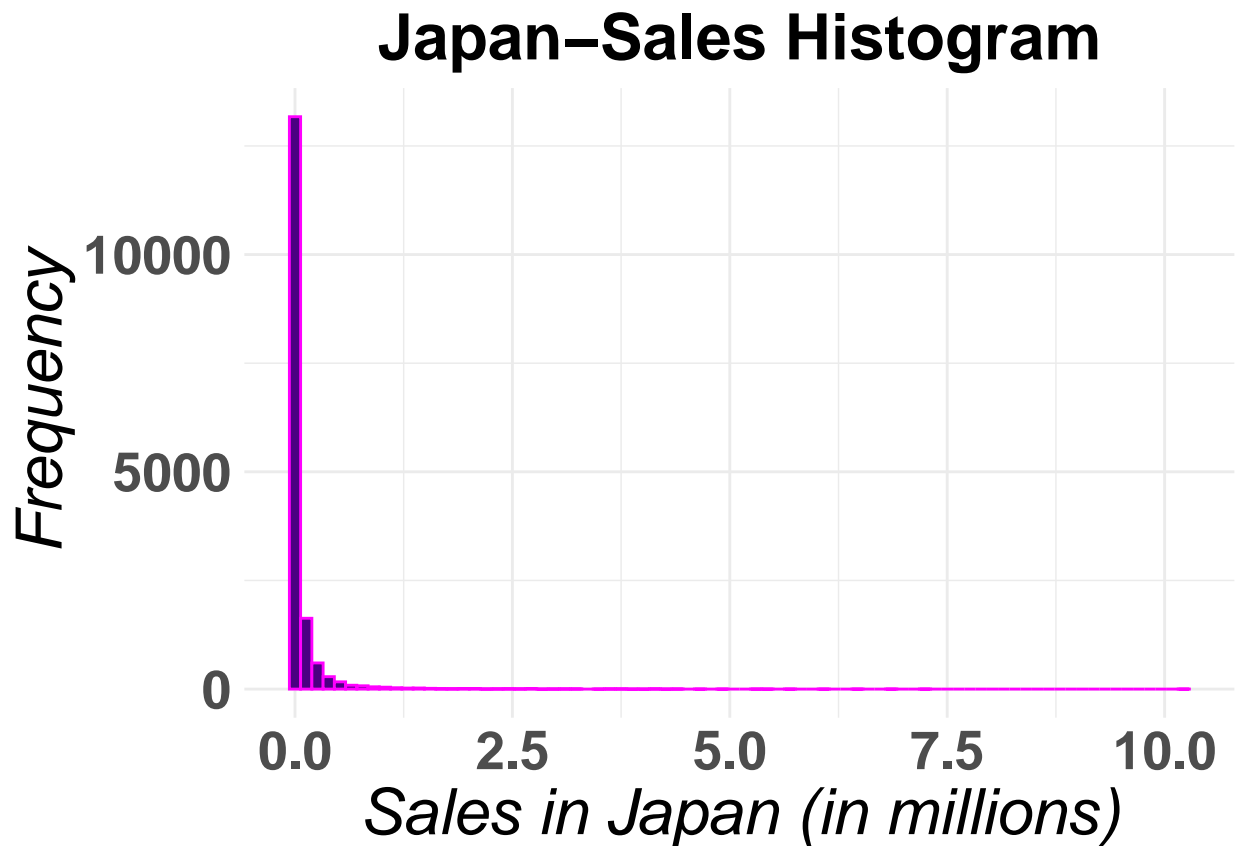


```
df3 <- data[data$EU_Sales < 2, ]
ggplot(data = df3, mapping = aes(x = EU_Sales)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#00CED1", color = "#7FFF00") +
  xlab("Sales in Europe (in millions)") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Europe-Sales < 2 millions") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```

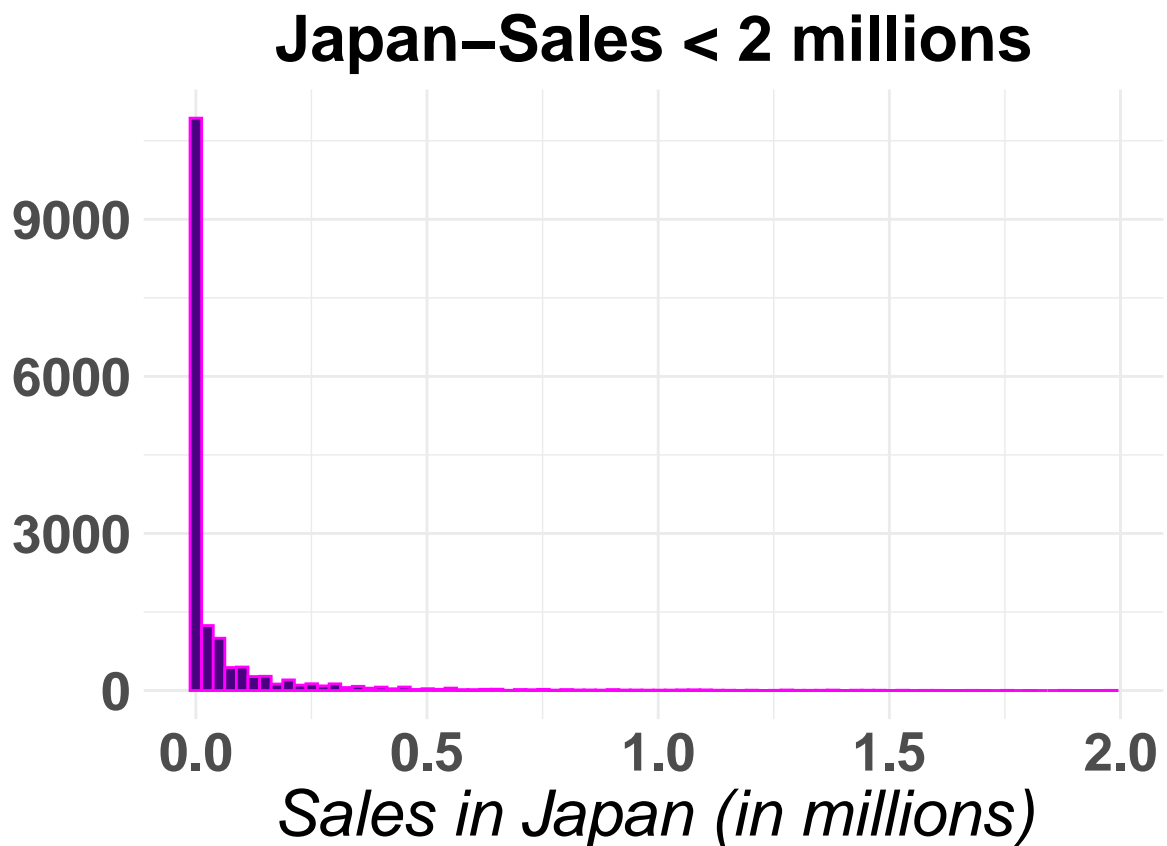


**JP\_Sales => Sales in Japan (in millions)**

```
ggplot(data = data, mapping = aes(x = JP_Sales)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#4B0082", color = "#FF00FF") +  
  xlab("Sales in Japan (in millions)") +  
  ylab("Frequency") +  
  ggtitle("Japan-Sales Histogram") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),  
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),  
        legend.position = "none")
```

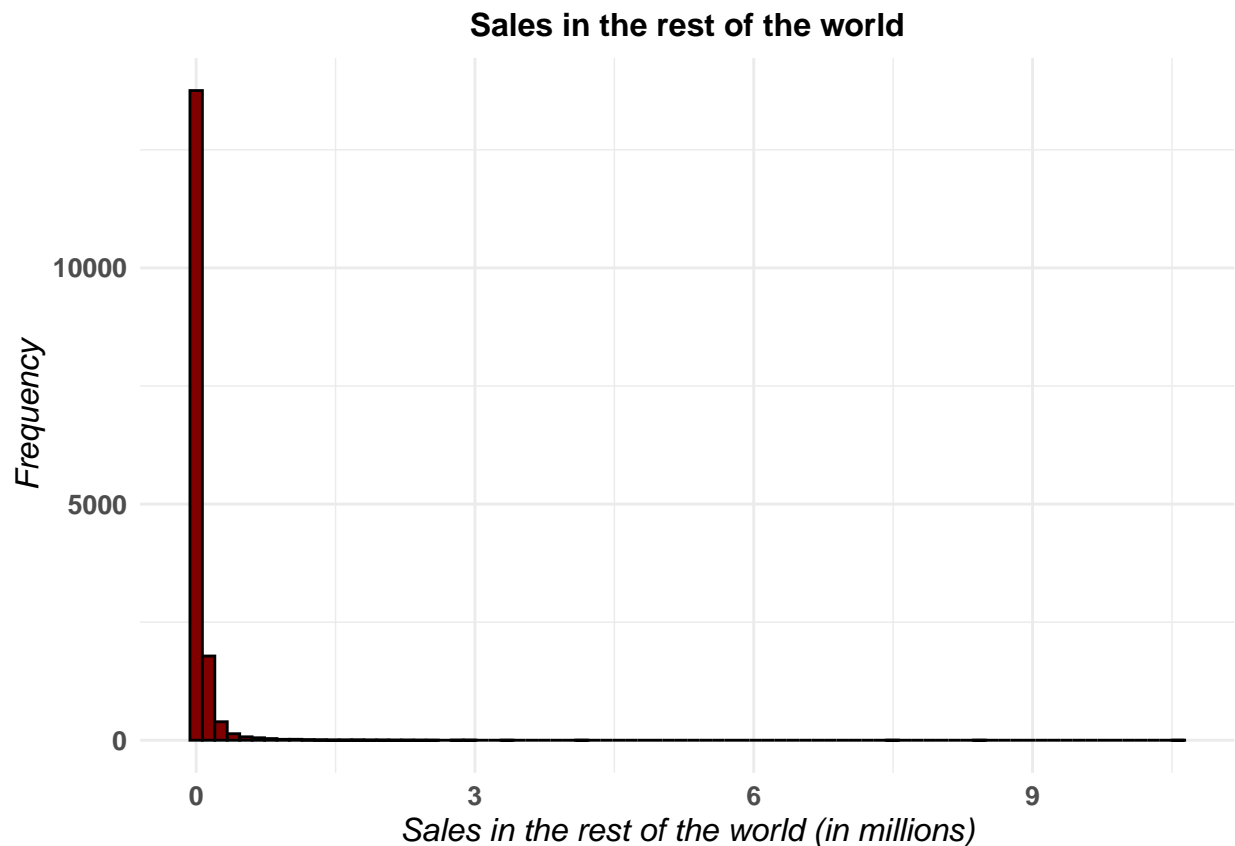


```
df4 <- data[data$JP_Sales < 2, ]
ggplot(data = df4, mapping = aes(x = JP_Sales)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#4B0082", color = "#FF00FF") +
  xlab("Sales in Japan (in millions)") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Japan-Sales < 2 millions") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```



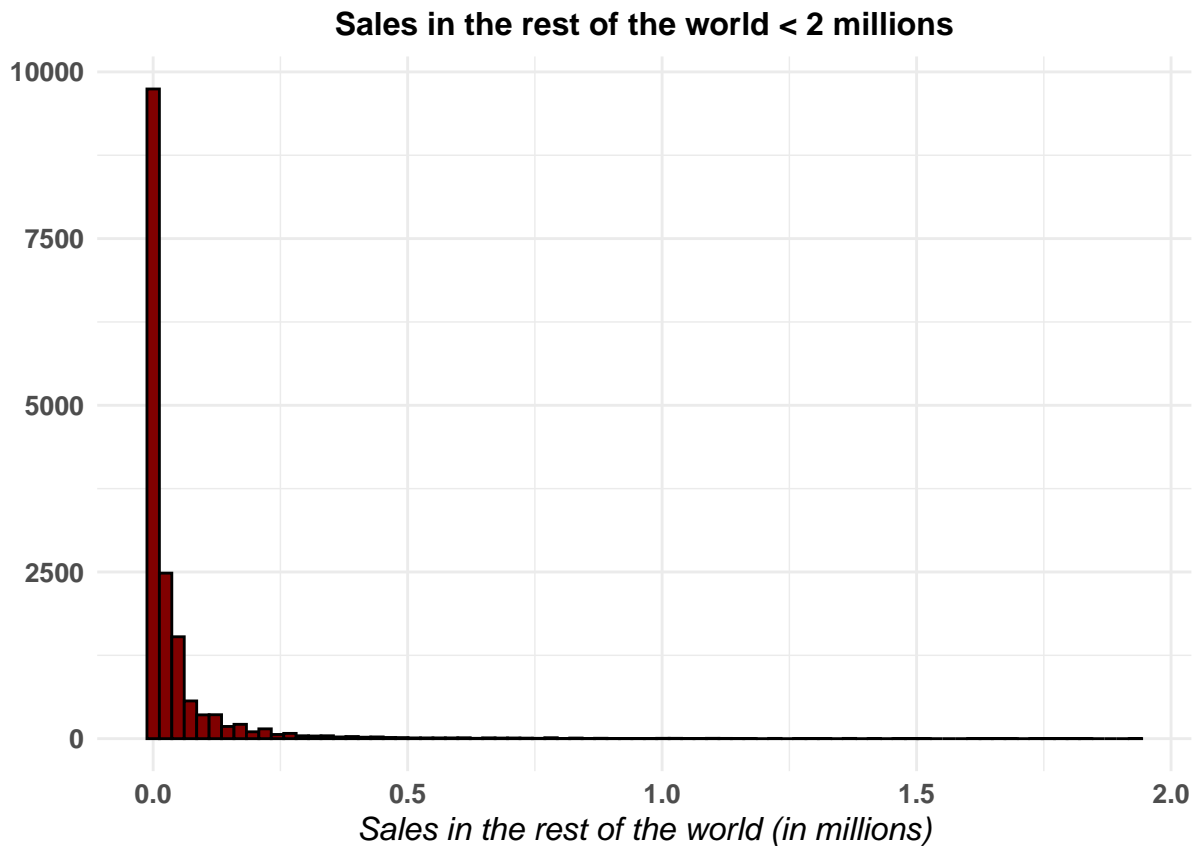
**Other\_Sales => Sales in the rest of the world (in millions)**

```
ggplot(data = data, mapping = aes(x = Other_Sales)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#800000", color = "black") +  
  xlab("Sales in the rest of the world (in millions)") +  
  ylab("Frequency") +  
  ggtitle("Sales in the rest of the world") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),  
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),  
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),  
        legend.position = "none")
```



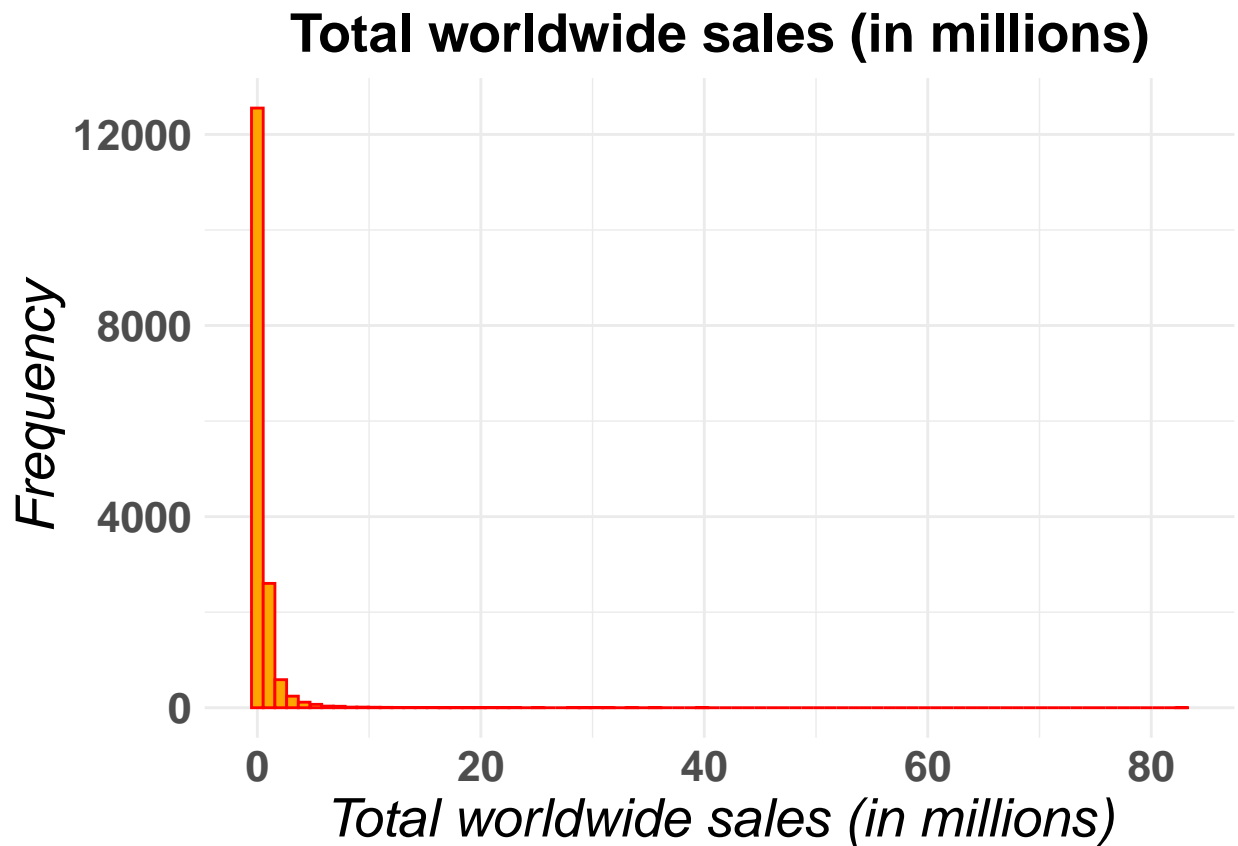


```
df5 <- data[data$Other_Sales < 2, ]
ggplot(data = df5, mapping = aes(x = Other_Sales)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "#800000", color = "black") +
  xlab("Sales in the rest of the world (in millions)") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Sales in the rest of the world < 2 millions") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```

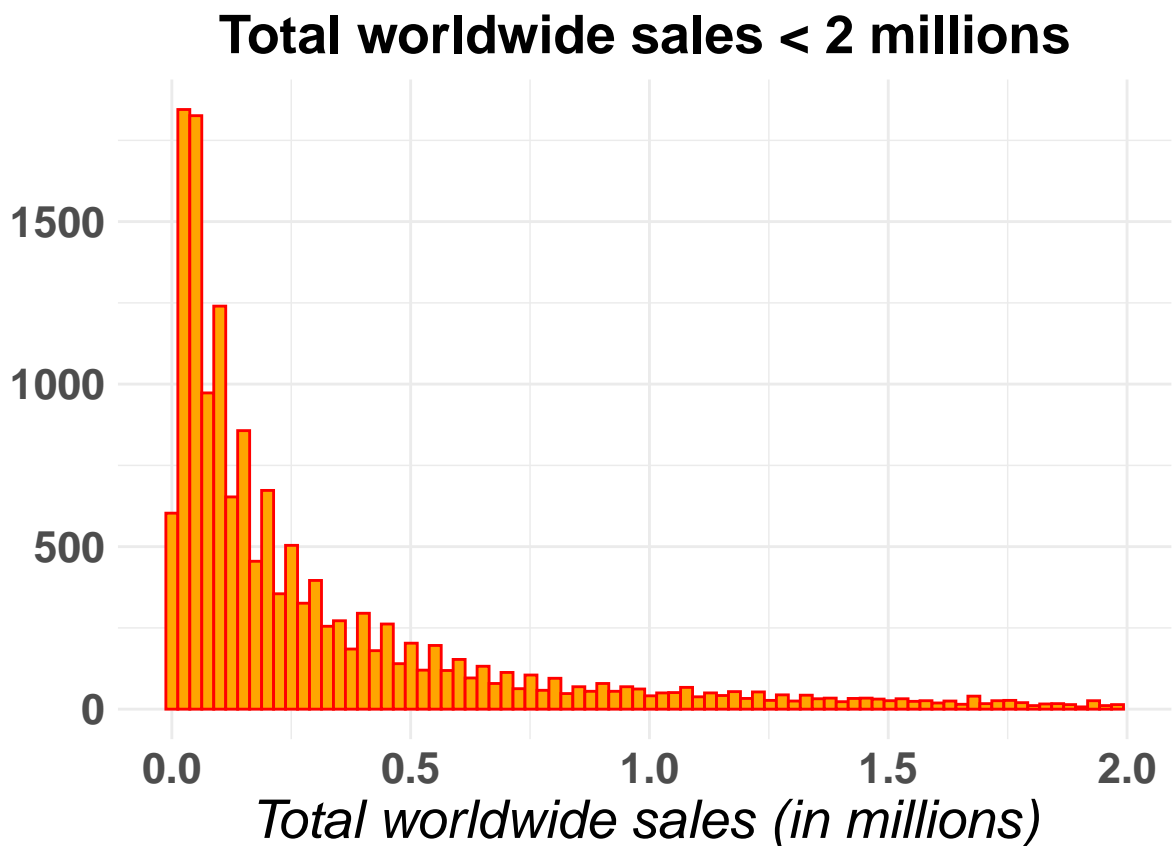


**Global\_Sales => Total worldwide sales**

```
ggplot(data = data, mapping = aes(x = Global_Sales)) +  
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "orange", color = "#FF0000") +  
  xlab("Total worldwide sales (in millions)") +  
  ylab("Frequency") +  
  ggtitle("Total worldwide sales (in millions)") +  
  theme_minimal() +  
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),  
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),  
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),  
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),  
        legend.position = "none")
```



```
df6 <- data[data$Global_Sales < 2, ]
ggplot(data = df6, mapping = aes(x = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_histogram(bins = 80, fill = "orange", color = "#FF0000") +
  xlab("Total worldwide sales (in millions)") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Total worldwide sales < 2 millions") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```



With these graphical analysis,  
we can overlook that the sales of video games is mostly below 2 million dollars.

## Name -> The games name

The 5 most frequent games in the database

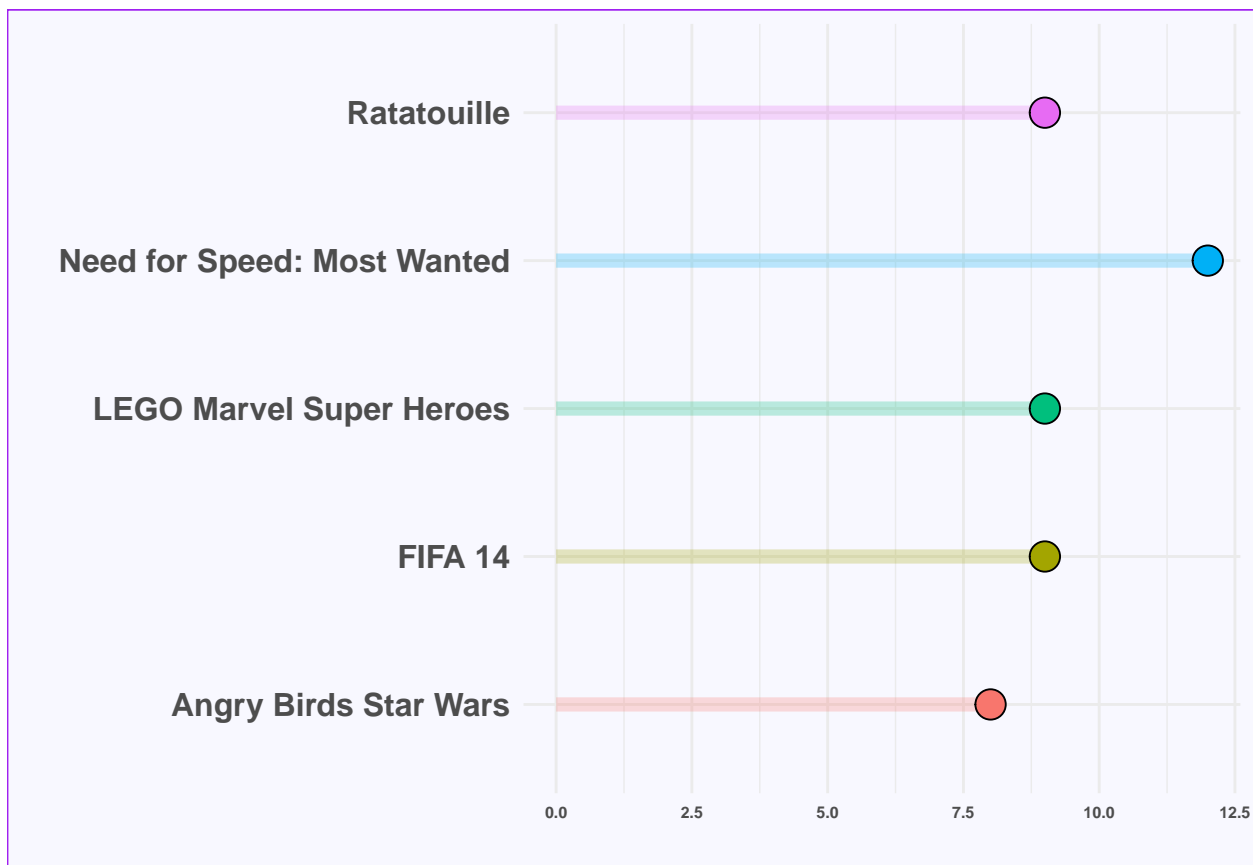
```
freq_name <- data.frame(cbind(Frequency = table(data$Name),  
                              Percent = prop.table(table(data$Name)) * 100))  
freq_name <- head(freq_name[order(freq_name$Frequency, decreasing = T), ], 5)  
kable(freq_name)
```

	Frequency	Percent
Need for Speed: Most Wanted	12	0.0735159
FIFA 14	9	0.0551369
LEGO Marvel Super Heroes	9	0.0551369
Ratatouille	9	0.0551369
Angry Birds Star Wars	8	0.0490106

```

ggplot(data = freq_name, mapping = aes(x = row.names(freq_name), y = Frequency)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=row.names(freq_name), yend=0,
                  color = row.names(freq_name)),
              linewidth = 2.5, alpha = .25) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = row.names(freq_name)),
             size = 5, shape = 21) +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_minimal() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  theme(plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#F8F8FF", color = "purple"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 6, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

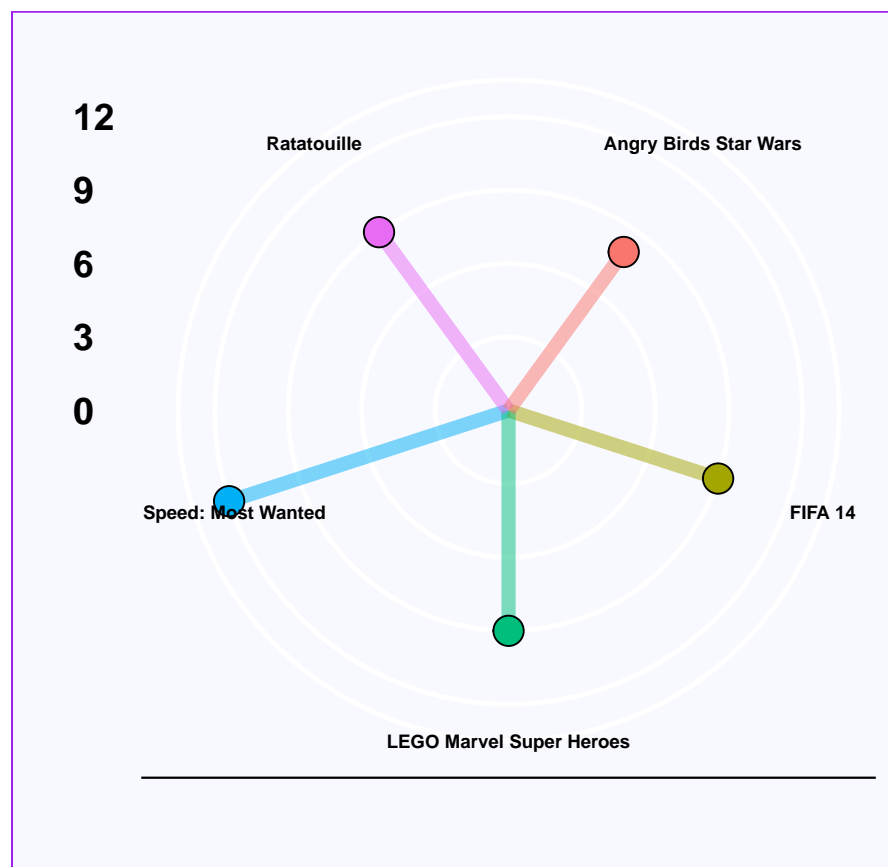
```



```

ggplot(data = freq_name, mapping = aes(x = row.names(freq_name), y = Frequency)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=row.names(freq_name), yend=0,
                  color = row.names(freq_name)),
              linewidth = 2.5, alpha = .5) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = row.names(freq_name)),
            size = 5, shape = 21) +
  theme_economist() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  coord_polar() +
  theme(plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#F8F8FF", color = "purple"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 14, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 14, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 7, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 14, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```



**Platform -> Platform of the games release (i.e. PC, PS4, etc.)**

```
kable(unique(data$Platform),col.names ='Platform')
```

Platform
Wii
NES
GB
DS
X360
PS3
PS2
SNES
GBA
3DS
PS4
N64
PS
XB
PC
2600
PSP
XOne
GC
WiiU
GEN
DC
PSV
SAT
SCD
WS
NG
TG16
3DO
GG
PCFX

The 5 most frequent gaming platforms in the database

```
freq_platform <- data.frame(cbind(Frequency = table(data$Platform),  
                                  Percent = prop.table(table(data$Platform)) * 100))  
freq_platform <- head(freq_platform[order(freq_platform$Frequency,  
                                           decreasing = T), ], 5)  
kable(freq_platform)
```

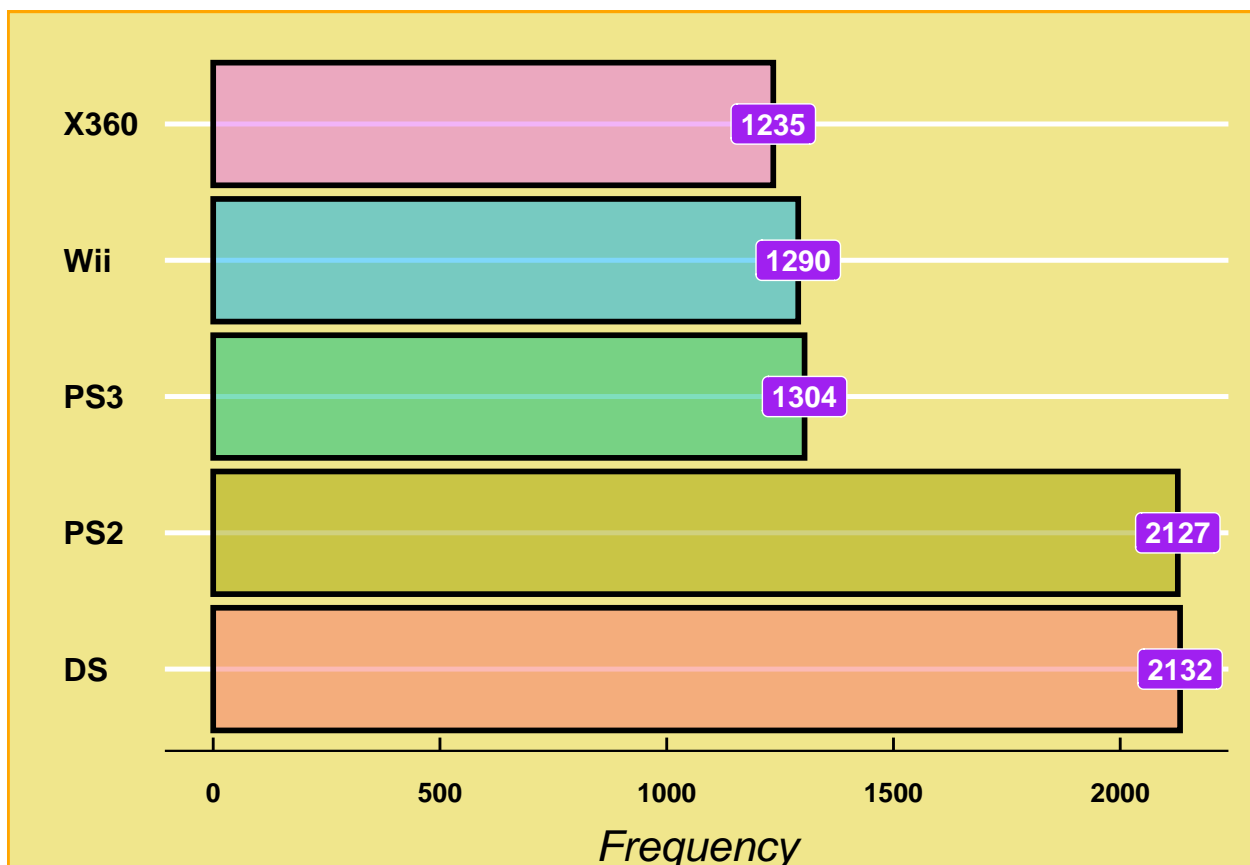
	Frequency	Percent
DS	2132	13.061324
PS2	2127	13.030693
PS3	1304	7.988728
Wii	1290	7.902959
X360	1235	7.566011



```

ggplot(data = freq_platform, mapping = aes(x = row.names(freq_platform),
                                           y = Frequency)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = row.names(freq_platform)),
          linewidth = 1, alpha = .5, color = "black") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = Frequency), fill = "purple",
            color = "white", size = 4, fontface = "bold") +
  coord_flip() +
  theme_economist() +
  ylab("Frequency") +
  xlab("") +
  theme(plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#F0E68C",
                                       color = "orange", linewidth = 1),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 16, hjust = .5,
                                       vjust = -2, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```



## Genre -> Genre of the game

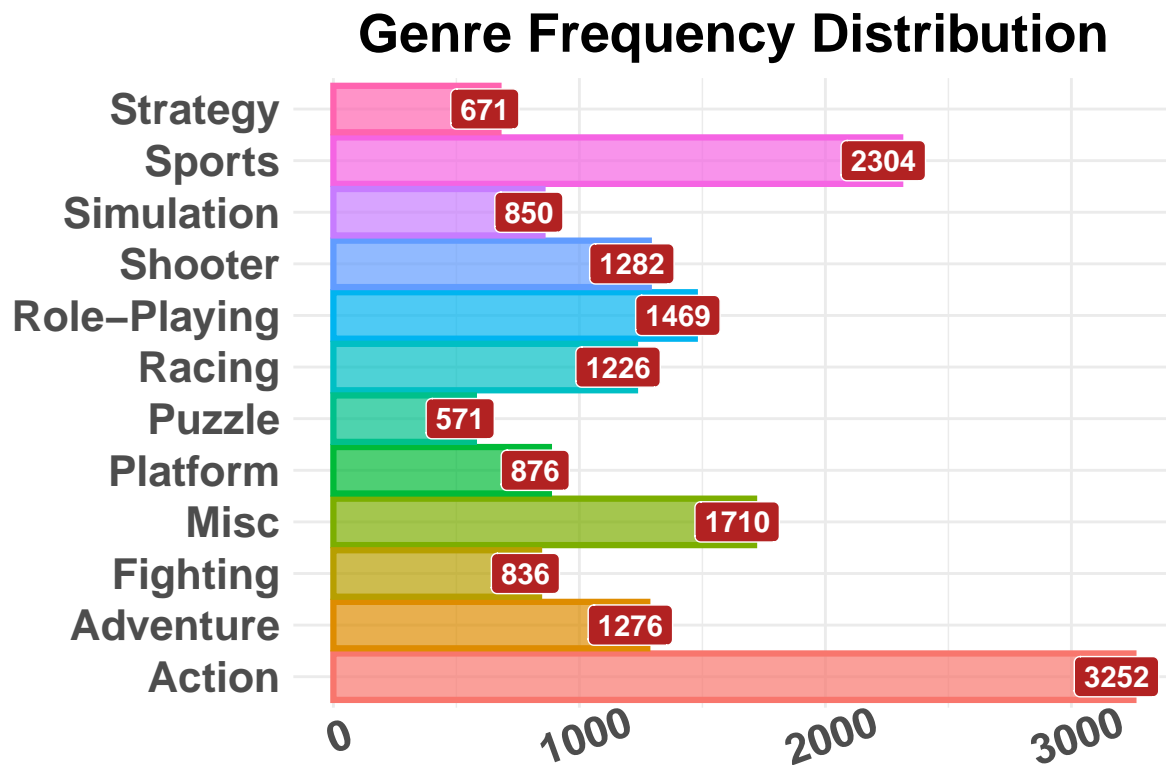
```
freq_genre <- data.frame(cbind(Frequency = table(data$Genre),  
                              Percent = prop.table(table(data$Genre)) * 100))  
freq_genre <- freq_genre[order(freq_genre$Frequency, decreasing = T), ]  
kable(freq_genre)
```

	Frequency	Percent
Action	3252	19.922808
Sports	2304	14.115052
Misc	1710	10.476015
Role-Playing	1469	8.999571
Shooter	1282	7.853948
Adventure	1276	7.817190
Racing	1226	7.510874
Platform	876	5.366661
Simulation	850	5.207376
Fighting	836	5.121607
Strategy	671	4.110764
Puzzle	571	3.498131

```

ggplot(data = freq_genre, mapping = aes(x = Frequency, y = row.names(freq_genre))) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = row.names(freq_genre),
                                             color = row.names(freq_genre)),
          alpha = .7, linewidth = 1.1) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Frequency), fill = "#B22222", size = 4,
             color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("Genre Frequency Distribution") +
  xlab(" ") +
  ylab("") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 20, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold", angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

```



## Publisher -> Publisher of the game

```
kable(head(unique(data$Publisher), 25), col.names = 'Publisher')
```

Publisher
Nintendo
Microsoft Game Studios
Take-Two Interactive
Sony Computer Entertainment
Activision
Ubisoft
Bethesda Softworks
Electronic Arts
Sega
SquareSoft
Atari
505 Games
Capcom
GT Interactive
Konami Digital Entertainment
Sony Computer Entertainment Europe
Square Enix
LucasArts
Virgin Interactive
Warner Bros. Interactive Entertainment
Universal Interactive
Eidos Interactive
RedOctane
Vivendi Games
Enix Corporation

The 10 most frequent Publisher in the database

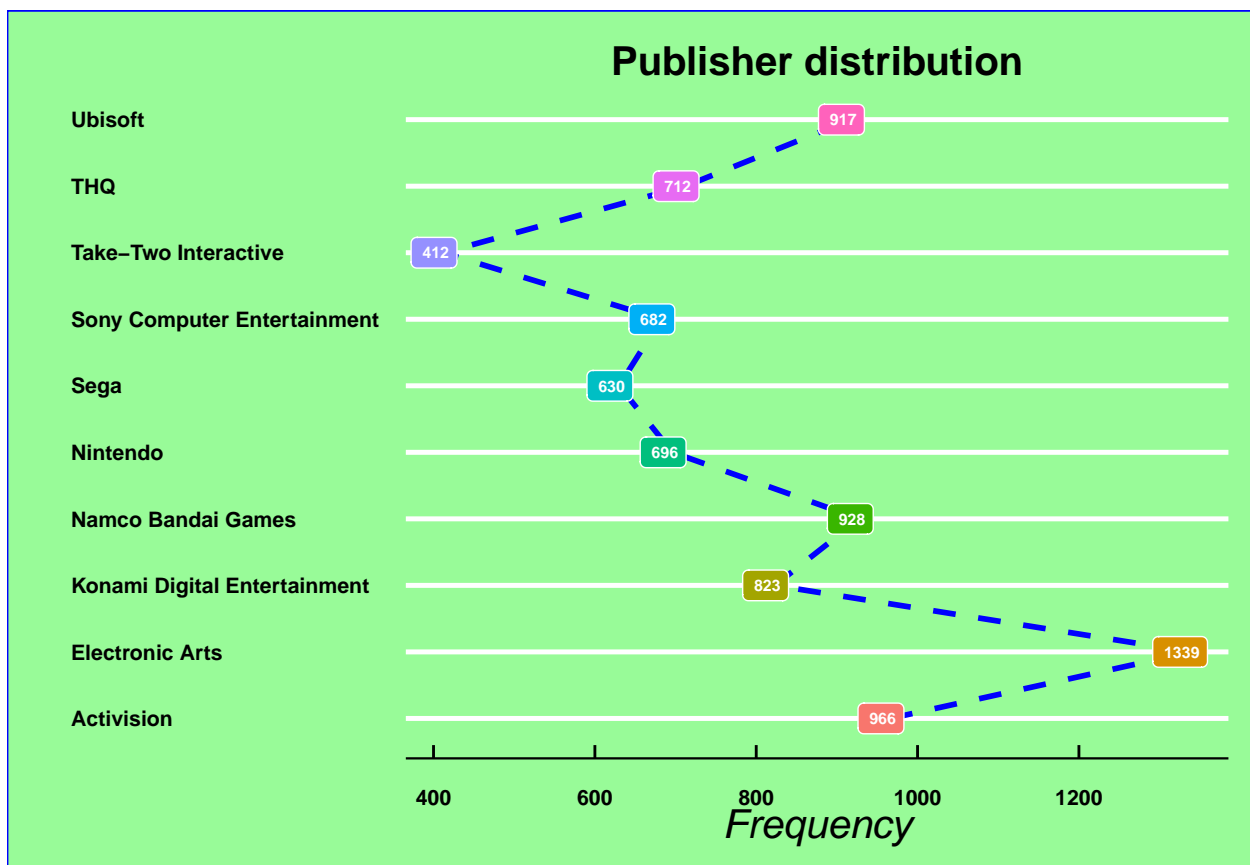
```
freq_published <- data.frame(cbind(Frequency = table(data$Publishe),  
                                   Percent = prop.table(table(data$Publishe)) * 100))  
freq_published <- head(freq_published[order(freq_published$Frequency,  
                                             decreasing = T), ], 10)  
kable(freq_published)
```

	Frequency	Percent
Electronic Arts	1339	8.203149
Activision	966	5.918030
Namco Bandai Games	928	5.685229
Ubisoft	917	5.617840
Konami Digital Entertainment	823	5.041965
THQ	712	4.361943
Nintendo	696	4.263922
Sony Computer Entertainment	682	4.178153
Sega	630	3.859585
Take-Two Interactive	412	2.524046

```

ggplot(data = freq_published, mapping = aes(x = Frequency,
                                             y = row.names(freq_published))) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1, color = "blue",
            linetype = "dashed") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Frequency,
                           fill = row.names(freq_published)),
            size = 2.25, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("Publisher distribution") +
  xlab("Frequency") +
  ylab("") +
  theme_economist() +
  theme(plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#98FB98", color = "blue"),
        plot.title = element_text(size = 15, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 15, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```



## 1.2 B. Central Trend Measures

### Mean

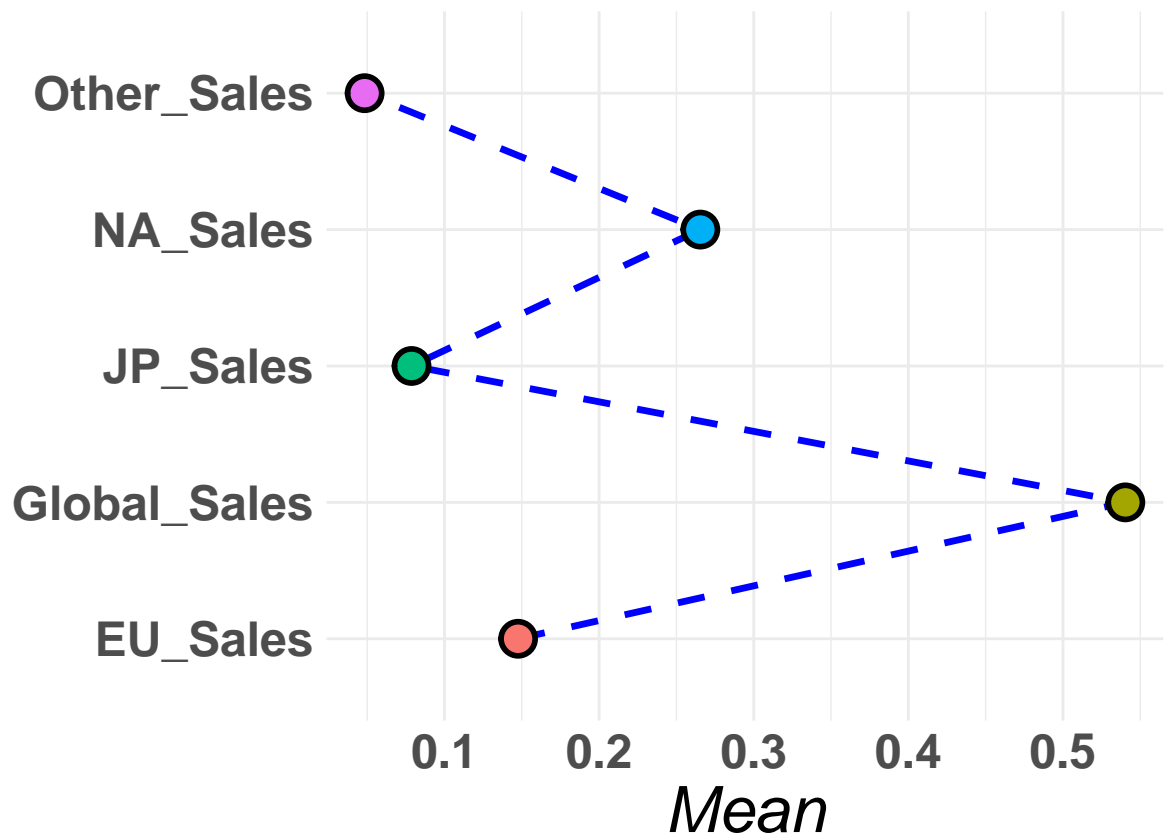
```
df_means <- data.frame(Mean = c(mean(data$NA_Sales),  
                                mean(data$EU_Sales),  
                                mean(data$JP_Sales),  
                                mean(data$Other_Sales),  
                                mean(data$Global_Sales)))  
row.names(df_means) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                          "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
kable(df_means)
```

	Mean
NA_Sales	0.2654635
EU_Sales	0.1475905
JP_Sales	0.0786773
Other_Sales	0.0483361
Global_Sales	0.5403431

```

ggplot(data = df_means, mapping = aes(x = Mean, y = row.names(df_means))) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.2,
            linetype = "dashed", color = "blue") +
  geom_point(size = 5, shape = 21, stroke = 1.5,
             mapping = aes(fill = row.names(df_means))) +
  theme_minimal() +
  ylab("") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 24, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 18, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 18, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```





## Median

```
df_median <- data.frame(Median = c(median(data$NA_Sales),  
                                   median(data$EU_Sales),  
                                   median(data$JP_Sales),  
                                   median(data$Other_Sales),  
                                   median(data$Global_Sales)))  
row.names(df_median) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                           "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
kable(df_median)
```

	Median
NA_Sales	0.08
EU_Sales	0.02
JP_Sales	0.00
Other_Sales	0.01
Global_Sales	0.17

## Mode

```
Mode <- function(x){  
  
  freq <- table(x)  
  return(names(freq)[freq == max(freq)])  
  
}  
  
df_mode <- data.frame(Mode = c(Mode(data$NA_Sales),  
                               Mode(data$EU_Sales),  
                               Mode(data$JP_Sales),  
                               Mode(data$Other_Sales),  
                               Mode(data$Global_Sales)))  
row.names(df_mode) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                        "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
kable(df_mode)
```

	Mode
NA_Sales	0
EU_Sales	0
JP_Sales	0
Other_Sales	0
Global_Sales	0.02

## Mean + Median + Mode

```
df_mmm <- data.frame(Mean = df_means$Mean, Median = df_median, Mode = df_mode)  
kable(df_mmm)
```

	Mean	Median	Mode
NA_Sales	0.2654635	0.08	0
EU_Sales	0.1475905	0.02	0
JP_Sales	0.0786773	0.00	0
Other_Sales	0.0483361	0.01	0
Global_Sales	0.5403431	0.17	0.02

## 1.2 C. Separating Measures

### Percentile

```
percentile <- c()

for(i in 1:99){

  percentile <- c(percentile, i / 100)

}

df_percentiles <- data.frame(NA_Sales = quantile(data$NA_Sales, percentile),
                             EU_Sales = quantile(data$EU_Sales, percentile),
                             JP_Sales = quantile(data$JP_Sales, percentile),
                             Other_Sales = quantile(data$Other_Sales, percentile),
                             Global_Sales = quantile(data$Global_Sales, percentile))

kable(df_percentiles[c('25%', '50%', '75%', '99%'),])
```

	NA_Sales	EU_Sales	JP_Sales	Other_Sales	Global_Sales
25%	0.0000	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0600
50%	0.0800	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.1700
75%	0.2400	0.11	0.04	0.04	0.4800
99%	2.8156	1.94	1.27	0.65	5.4678

## 1.2 D. Dispersion Measures

### Mean-Absolute Deviation

```
# https://search.r-project.org/CRAN/refmans/ie2misc/html/madstat.html
library("ie2misc")

df_mad <- data.frame(MeanAbsoluteDeviation = c(madstat(data$NA_Sales),
                                              madstat(data$EU_Sales),
                                              madstat(data$JP_Sales),
                                              madstat(data$Other_Sales),
                                              madstat(data$Global_Sales)))

row.names(df_mad) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",
                      "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")

kable(df_mad)
```

	MeanAbsoluteDeviation
NA_Sales	0.3094731
EU_Sales	0.1912648
JP_Sales	0.1167081
Other_Sales	0.0617212
Global_Sales	0.5945282

## Variance

```
df_var <- data.frame(Variance = c(var(data$NA_Sales),  
                                var(data$EU_Sales),  
                                var(data$JP_Sales),  
                                var(data$Other_Sales),  
                                var(data$Global_Sales)))  
row.names(df_var) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                      "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
kable(df_var)
```

	Variance
NA_Sales	0.6751640
EU_Sales	0.2589006
JP_Sales	0.0970904
Other_Sales	0.0360648
Global_Sales	2.4520629

## Standard deviation

```
df_std <- data.frame(StandardDeviation = c(sqrt(var(data$NA_Sales)),  
                                           sqrt(var(data$EU_Sales)),  
                                           sqrt(var(data$JP_Sales)),  
                                           sqrt(var(data$Other_Sales)),  
                                           sqrt(var(data$Global_Sales)))  
row.names(df_std) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                       "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
kable(df_std)
```

	StandardDeviation
NA_Sales	0.8216836
EU_Sales	0.5088228
JP_Sales	0.3115934
Other_Sales	0.1899074
Global_Sales	1.5659064

## Mad + Var + Std

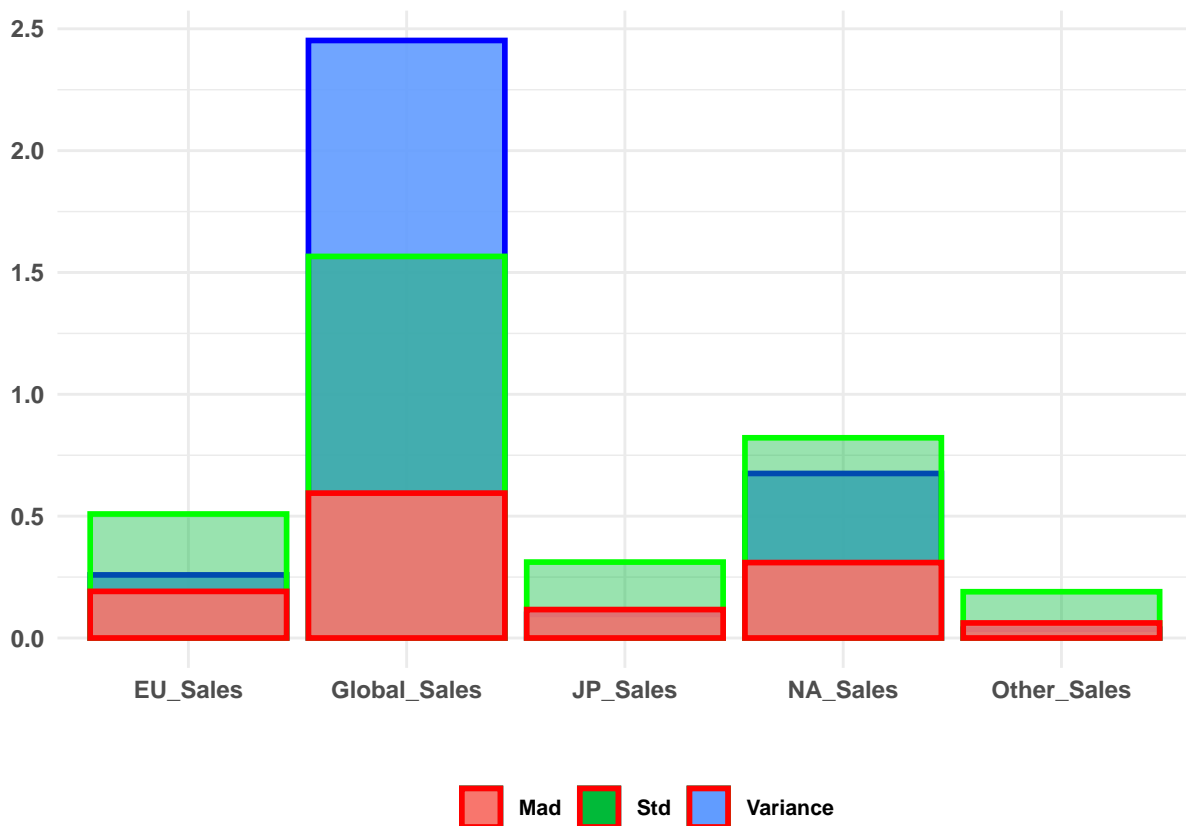
```
df_dispersion <- data.frame(MeanAbsoluteDeviation = df_mad$MeanAbsoluteDeviation,  
                             Variance = df_var$Variance,  
                             StandardDeviation = df_std$StandardDeviation)  
  
row.names(df_dispersion) <- c("NA_Sales", "EU_Sales", "JP_Sales",  
                              "Other_Sales", "Global_Sales")  
  
kable(df_dispersion)
```

	MeanAbsoluteDeviation	Variance	StandardDeviation
NA_Sales	0.3094731	0.6751640	0.8216836
EU_Sales	0.1912648	0.2589006	0.5088228
JP_Sales	0.1167081	0.0970904	0.3115934
Other_Sales	0.0617212	0.0360648	0.1899074
Global_Sales	0.5945282	2.4520629	1.5659064

```

ggplot(data = df_dispersion) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(x = row.names(df_dispersion),
                                             y = Variance, fill = "Variance"),
          alpha = .9, linewidth = 1, color = "blue") +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(x = row.names(df_dispersion),
                                             y = StandardDeviation, fill = "Std"),
          alpha = .4, linewidth = 1, color = "green") +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(x = row.names(df_dispersion),
                                             y = MeanAbsoluteDeviation, fill = "Mad"),
          alpha = .9, linewidth = 1, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 9, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 9, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "bottom",
        legend.title = element_text(color = "white"),
        legend.text = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold"))

```





## 1.3 Exploratory Analysis

### 1.3 A. Analysis of the world's best-selling games

The best selling games in North America, Europe, Japan and the rest of the world

```
# NA_Sales
t_v_name_NA <- aggregate(list(NA_Sales = data$NA_Sales),
                          list(Name = data$Name), sum)
t_v_name_NA <- t_v_name_NA[order(t_v_name_NA$NA_Sales,
                                decreasing = T), ]

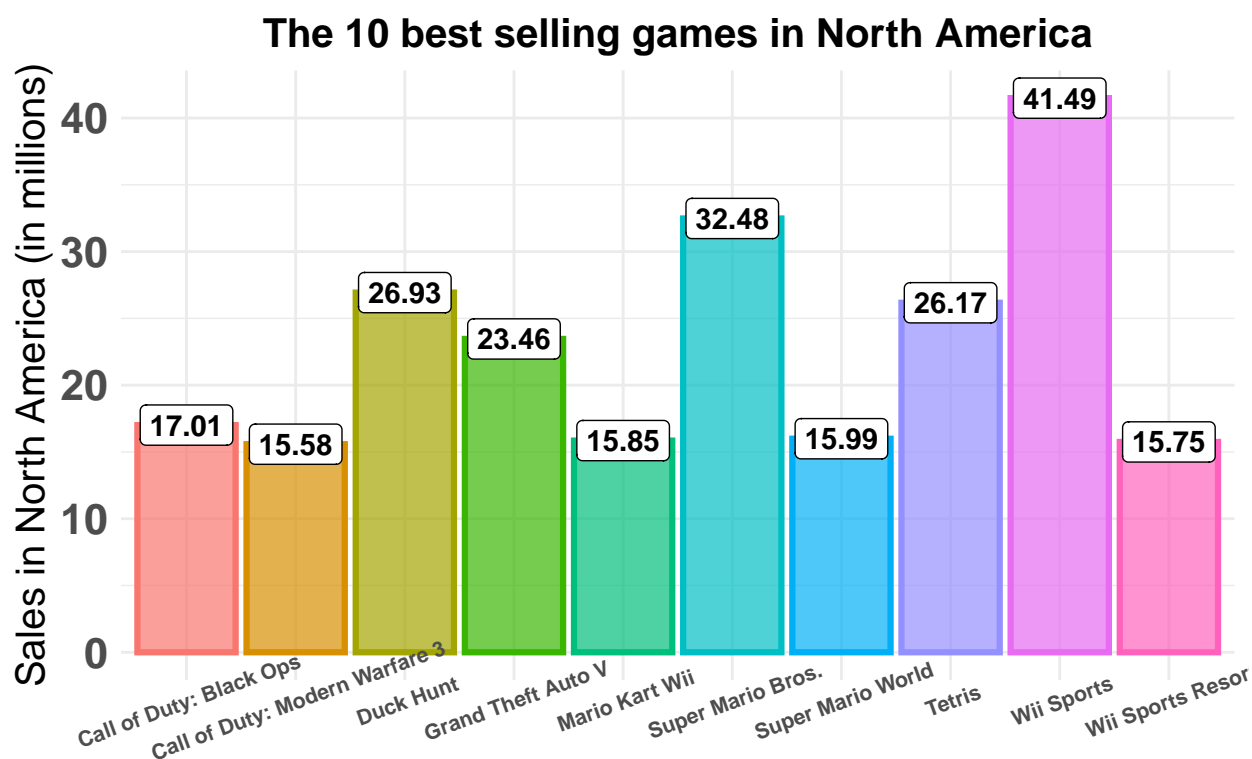
# EU_Sales
t_v_name_EU <- aggregate(list(EU_Sales = data$EU_Sales),
                          list(Name = data$Name), sum)
t_v_name_EU <- t_v_name_EU[order(t_v_name_EU$EU_Sales,
                                decreasing = T), ]

# JP_Sales
t_v_name_JP <- aggregate(list(JP_Sales = data$JP_Sales),
                          list(Name = data$Name), sum)
t_v_name_JP <- t_v_name_JP[order(t_v_name_JP$JP_Sales,
                                decreasing = T), ]

# Other_Sales
t_v_name_Other <- aggregate(list(Other_Sales = data$Other_Sales),
                            list(Name = data$Name), sum)
t_v_name_Other <- t_v_name_Other[order(t_v_name_Other$Other_Sales,
                                       decreasing = T), ]

# Global_Sales
t_v_name_Global <- aggregate(list(Global_Sales = data$Global_Sales),
                             list(Name = data$Name), sum)
t_v_name_Global <- t_v_name_Global[order(t_v_name_Global$Global_Sales,
                                         decreasing = T), ]
```

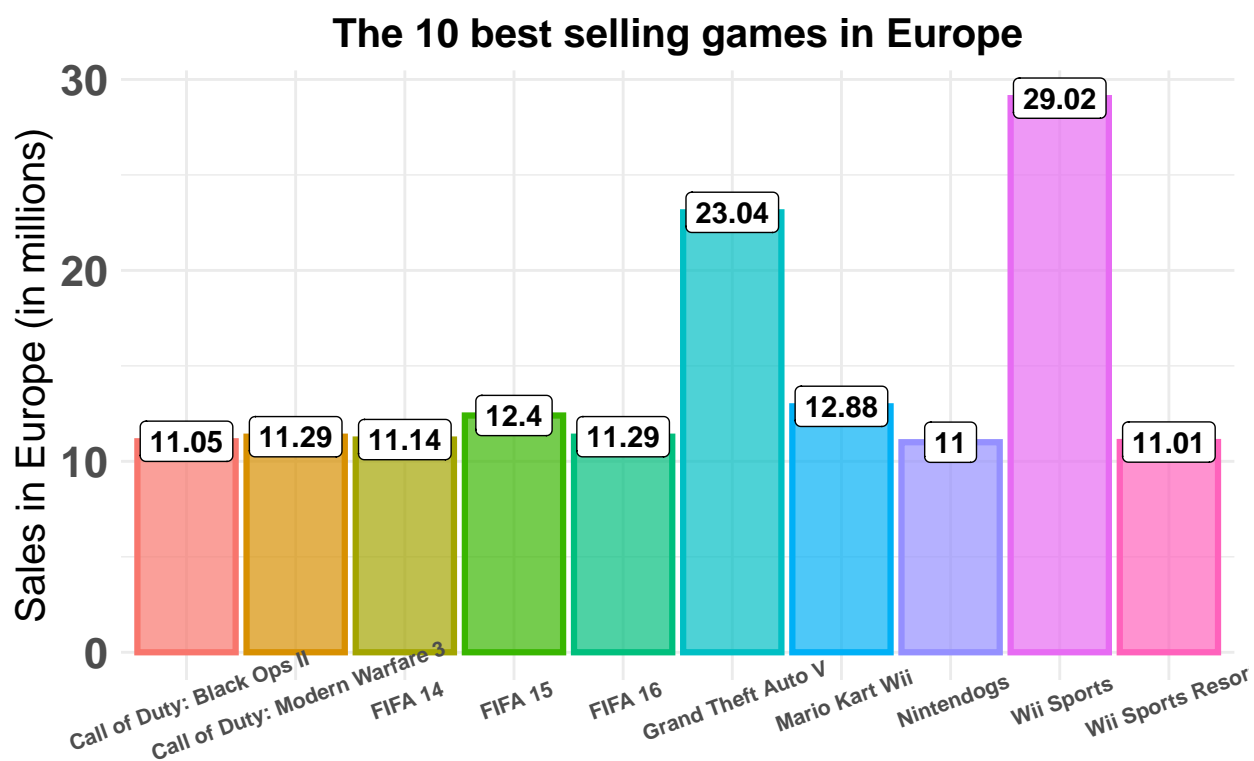
```
ggplot(data = head(t_v_name_NA, 10), mapping = aes(x = Name, y = NA_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
          linewidth = 1.1, alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = NA_Sales), size = 4, fontface = "bold") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in North America (in millions)") +
  ggtitle("The 10 best selling games in North America") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold", angle = 20),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15))
```



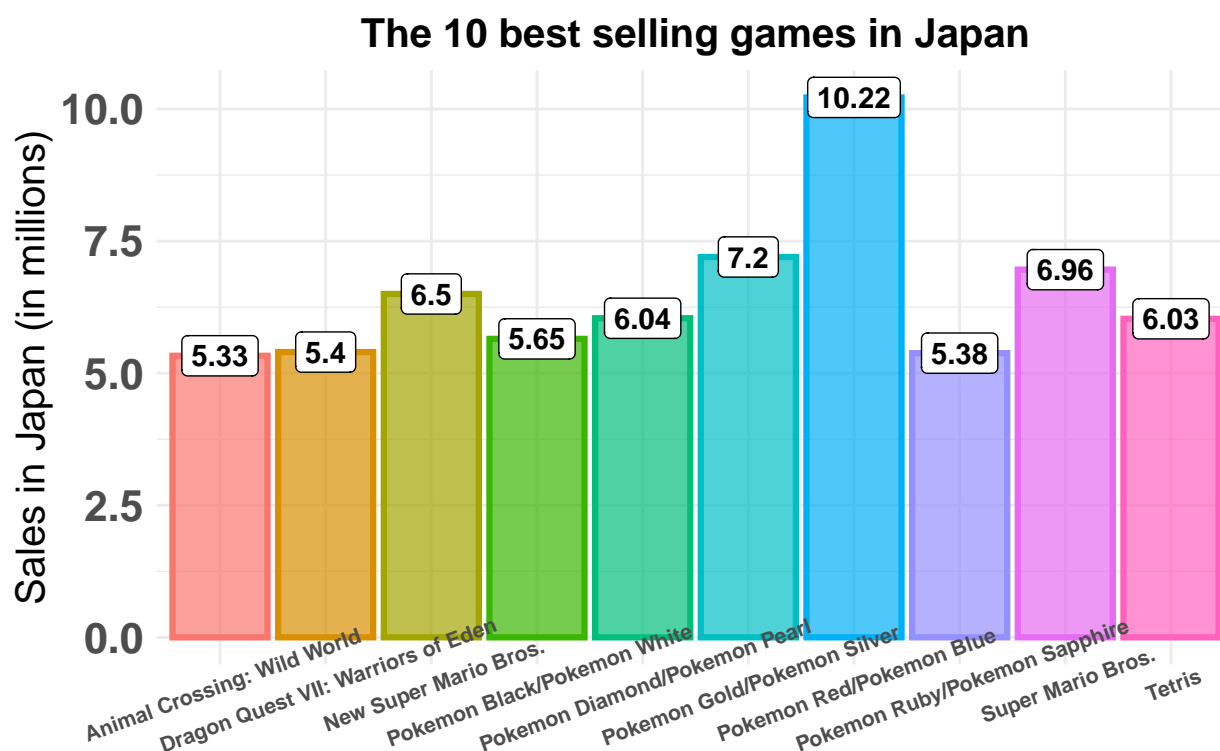
```

ggplot(data = head(t_v_name_EU, 10), mapping = aes(x = Name, y = EU_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
          linewidth = 1.1, alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = EU_Sales), size = 4, fontface = "bold") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in Europe (in millions)") +
  ggtitle("The 10 best selling games in Europe") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold", angle = 20),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15))

```



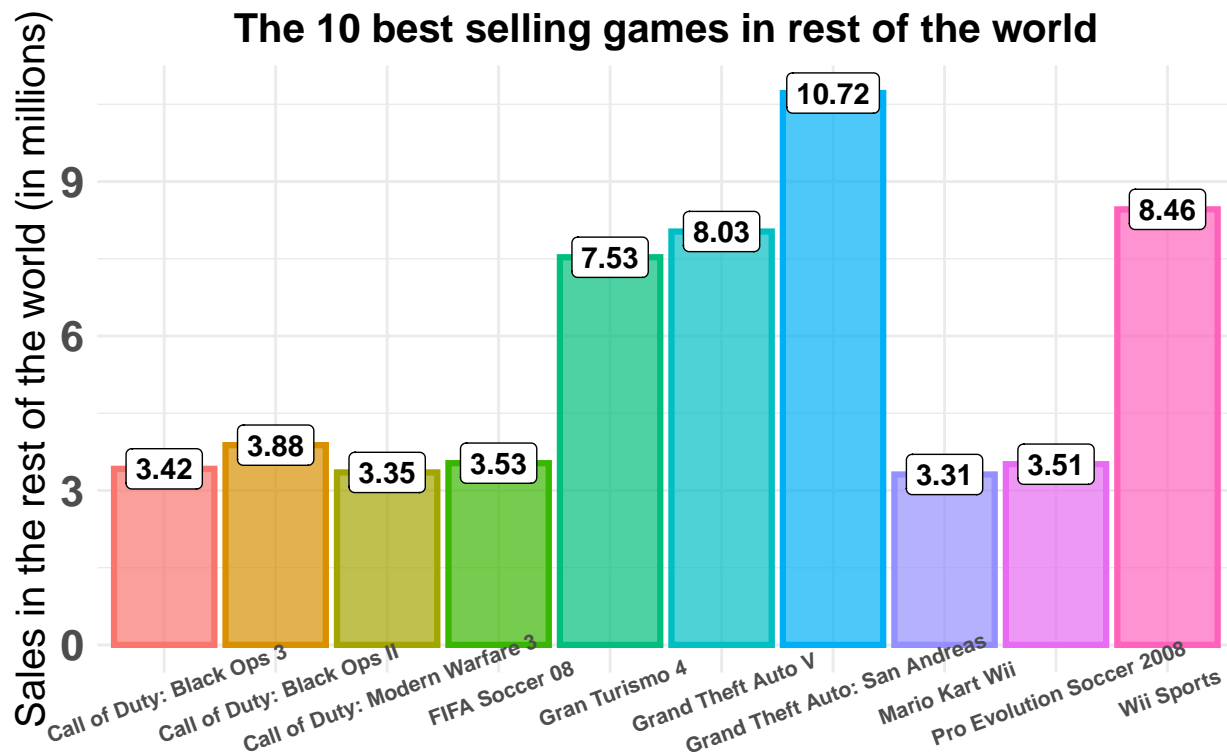
```
ggplot(data = head(t_v_name_JP, 10), mapping = aes(x = Name, y = JP_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
          linewidth = 1.1, alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = JP_Sales), size = 4, fontface = "bold") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in Japan (in millions)") +
  ggtitle("The 10 best selling games in Japan") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold", angle = 20),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15))
```



```

ggplot(data = head(t_v_name_Other, 10), mapping = aes(x = Name, y = Other_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
          linewidth = 1.1, alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = Other_Sales), size = 4, fontface = "bold") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the rest of the world (in millions)") +
  ggtitle("The 10 best selling games in rest of the world") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 8, face = "bold", angle = 20),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 16, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 15))

```



## The best selling games in the world from 1980 to 2016

```
a <- c()

for(i in 1:nrow(t_v_name_Global)){
  a <- c(a, i)
}

row.names(t_v_name_Global) <- a

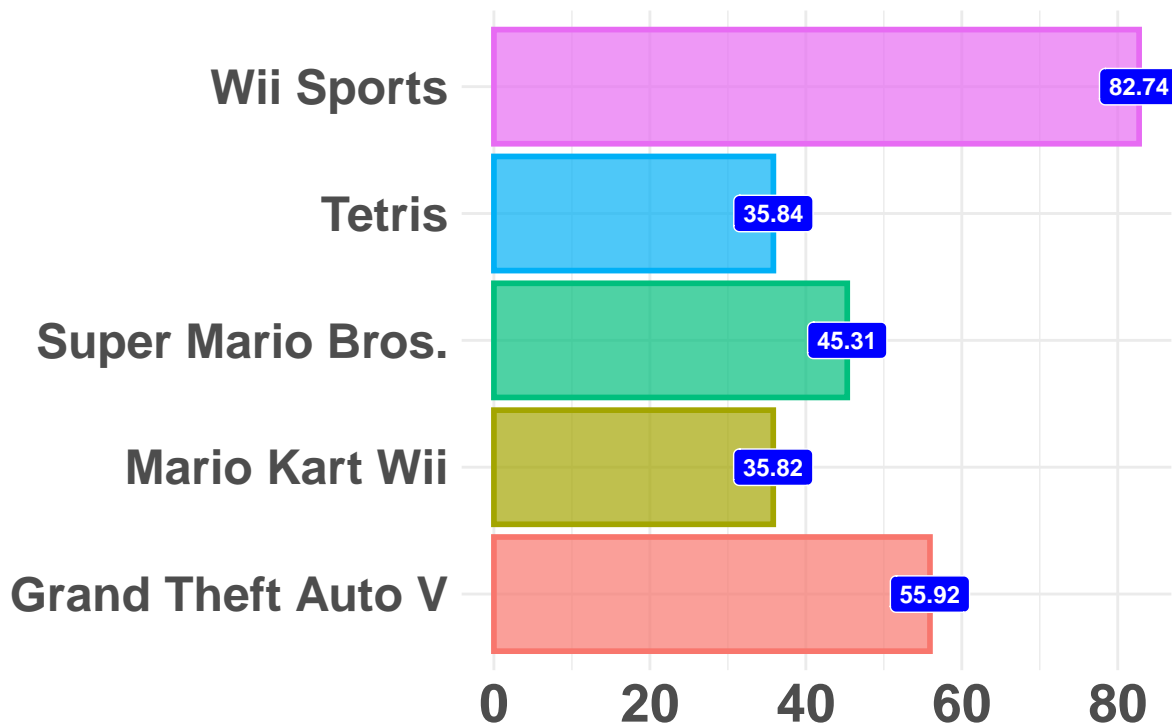
kable(head(t_v_name_Global, 10))
```

Name	Global_Sales
Wii Sports	82.74
Grand Theft Auto V	55.92
Super Mario Bros.	45.31
Tetris	35.84
Mario Kart Wii	35.82
Wii Sports Resort	33.00
Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue	31.37
Call of Duty: Modern Warfare 3	30.83
New Super Mario Bros.	30.01
Call of Duty: Black Ops II	29.72

```

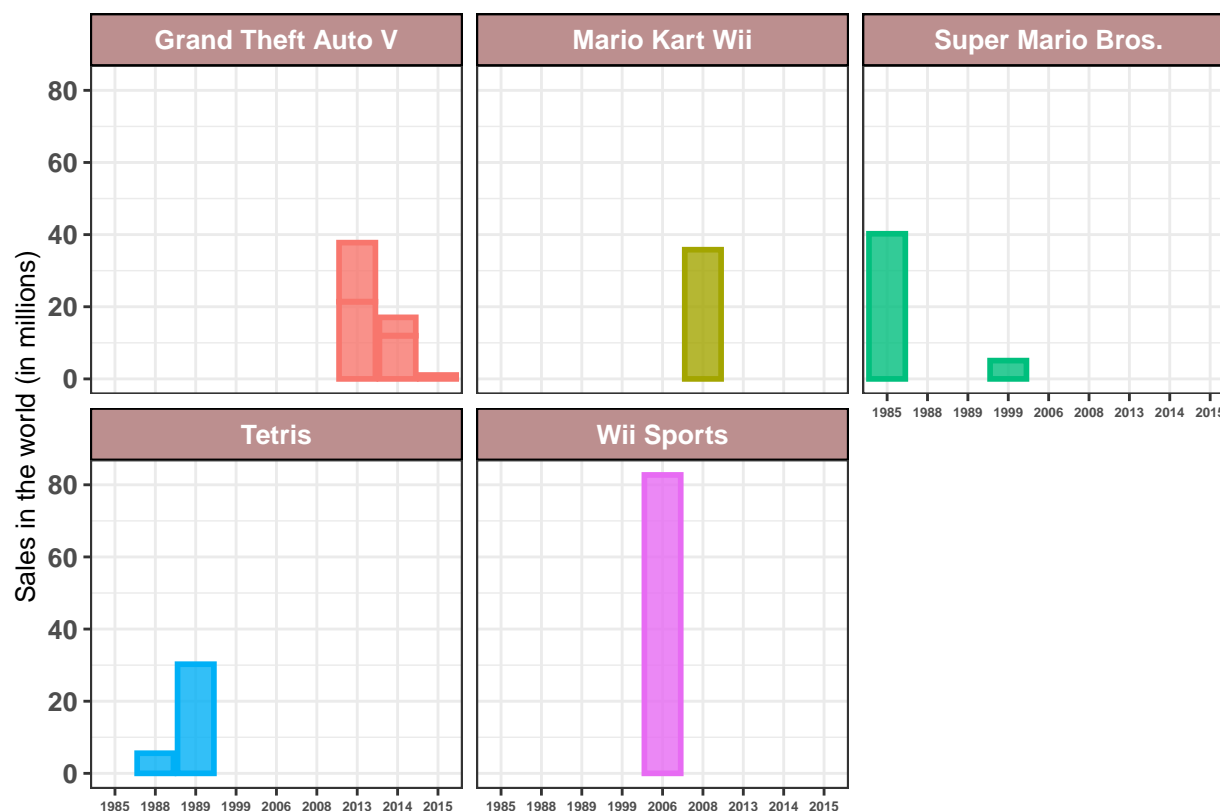
ggplot(data = head(t_v_name_Global, 5),
       mapping = aes(x = Name, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
          linewidth = 1, alpha = .7) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = Global_Sales),
            color = "white", fill = "blue", size = 3, fontface = "bold") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("The best selling games in the world from 1980 to 2016") +
  theme_minimal() +
  coord_flip() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        plot.title = element_text(size = 25, face = "bold",
                                    hjust = -2, vjust = 4),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 20, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 18, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 20))

```



```
df_top_5 <- data[data$Name == "Wii Sports" | data$Name == "Grand Theft Auto V" |
  data$Name == "Super Mario Bros." | data$Name == "Tetris" |
  data$Name == "Mario Kart Wii", ]

ggplot(data = df_top_5, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Name, color = Name),
    linewidth = 1, alpha = .8) +
  facet_wrap(~Name) +
  theme_bw() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the world (in millions)") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(5, 5, 5, 5),
      size = 10, face = "bold", color = "white"),
    strip.background = element_rect(fill = "#BC8F8F", color = "black"),
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))
```





### 1.3 B. Number of Sales per platform

**Number of Sales per platform in North America, Europe, Japan and the rest of the world**

```
# NA_Sales
p_name_NA <- aggregate(list(NA_Sales = data$NA_Sales),
                        list(Platform = data$Platform), sum)
p_name_NA <- p_name_NA[order(p_name_NA$NA_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# EU_Sales
p_name_EU <- aggregate(list(EU_Sales = data$EU_Sales),
                        list(Platform = data$Platform), sum)
p_name_EU <- p_name_EU[order(p_name_EU$EU_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# JP_Sales
p_name_JP <- aggregate(list(JP_Sales = data$JP_Sales),
                        list(Platform = data$Platform), sum)
p_name_JP <- p_name_JP[order(p_name_JP$JP_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

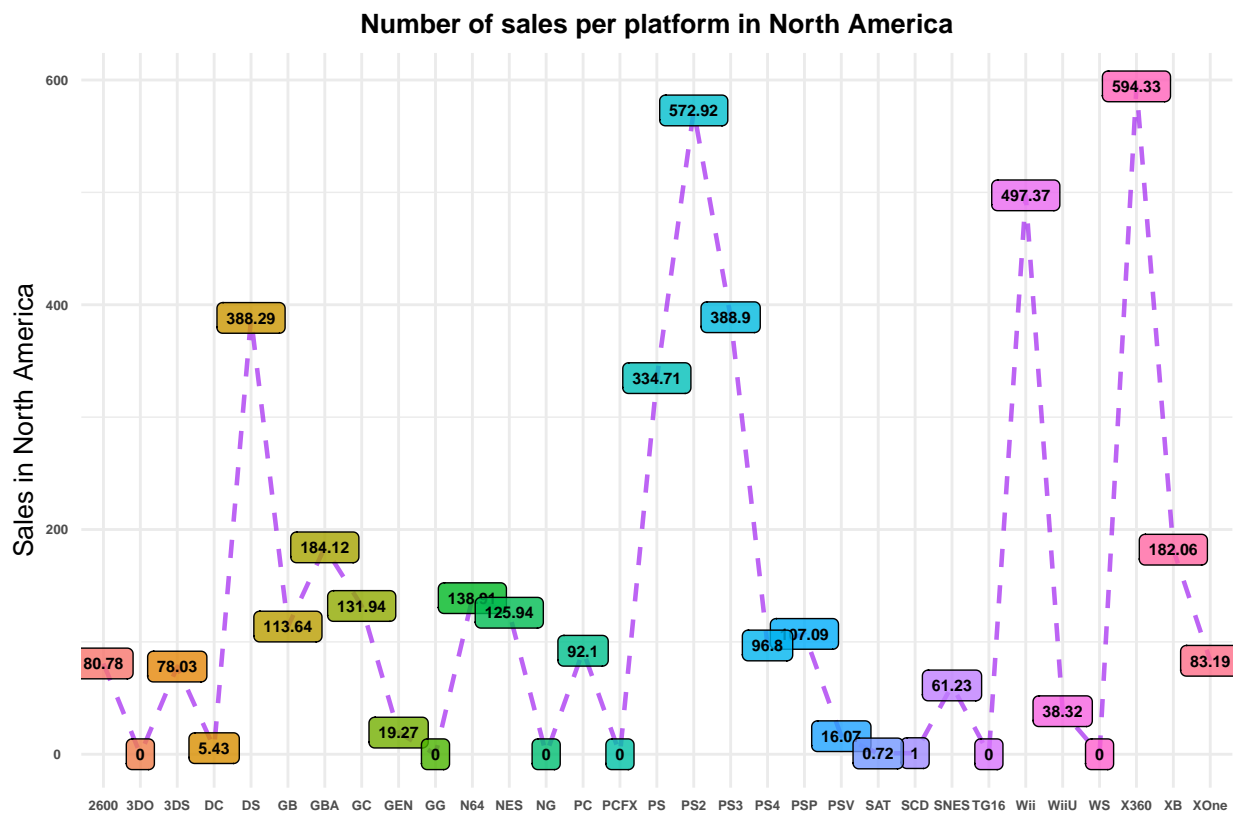
# Other_Sales
p_name_Other <- aggregate(list(Other_Sales = data$Other_Sales),
                           list(Platform = data$Platform), sum)
p_name_Other <- p_name_Other[order(p_name_Other$Other_Sales,
                                   decreasing = T), ]

# Global_Sales
p_name_Global <- aggregate(list(Global_Sales = data$Global_Sales),
                            list(Platform = data$Platform), sum)
p_name_Global <- p_name_Global[order(p_name_Global$Global_Sales,
                                      decreasing = T), ]
```

```

ggplot(data = p_name_NA, 10, mapping = aes(x = Platform, y = NA_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = .8, alpha = .7, group = 1,
            linetype = 2, color = "purple") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = NA_Sales, fill = Platform),
            color = "black", size = 2, fontface = "bold", alpha = .8) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in North America") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales per platform in North America") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5))

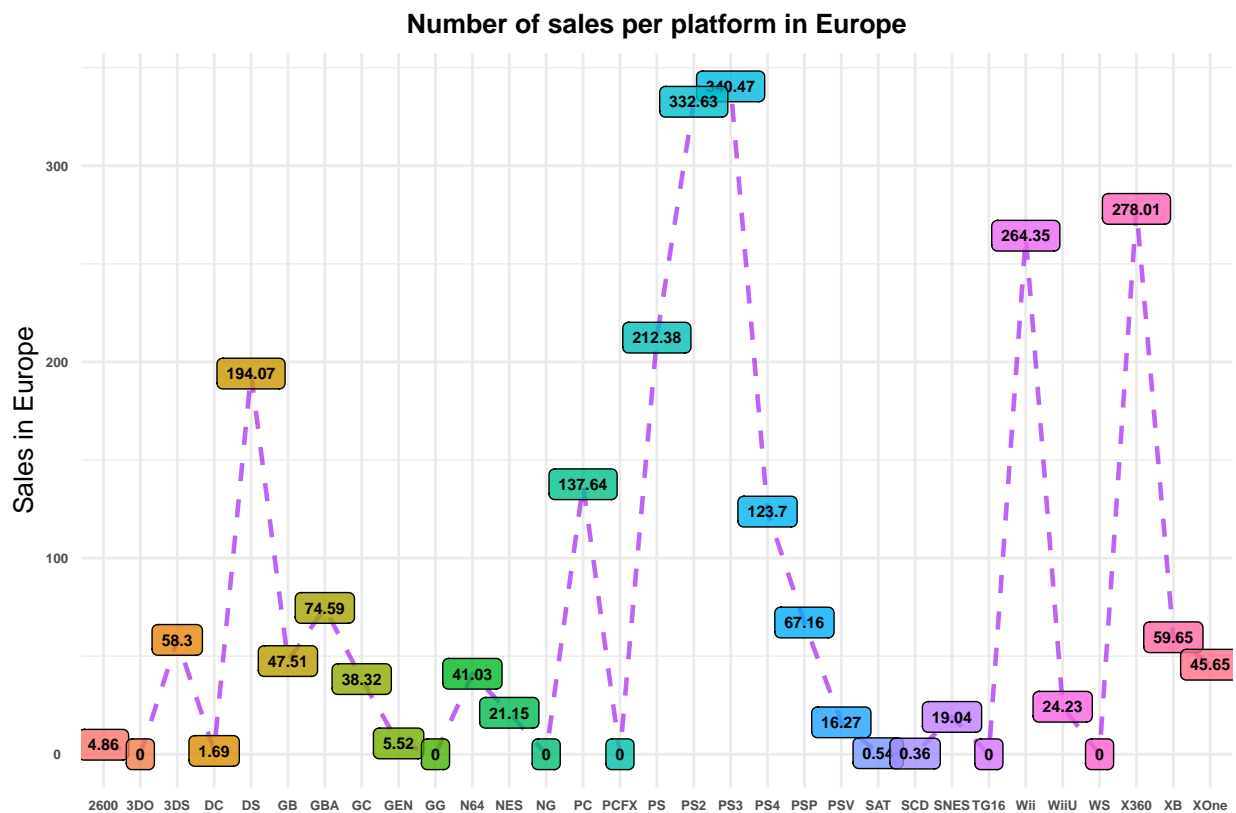
```



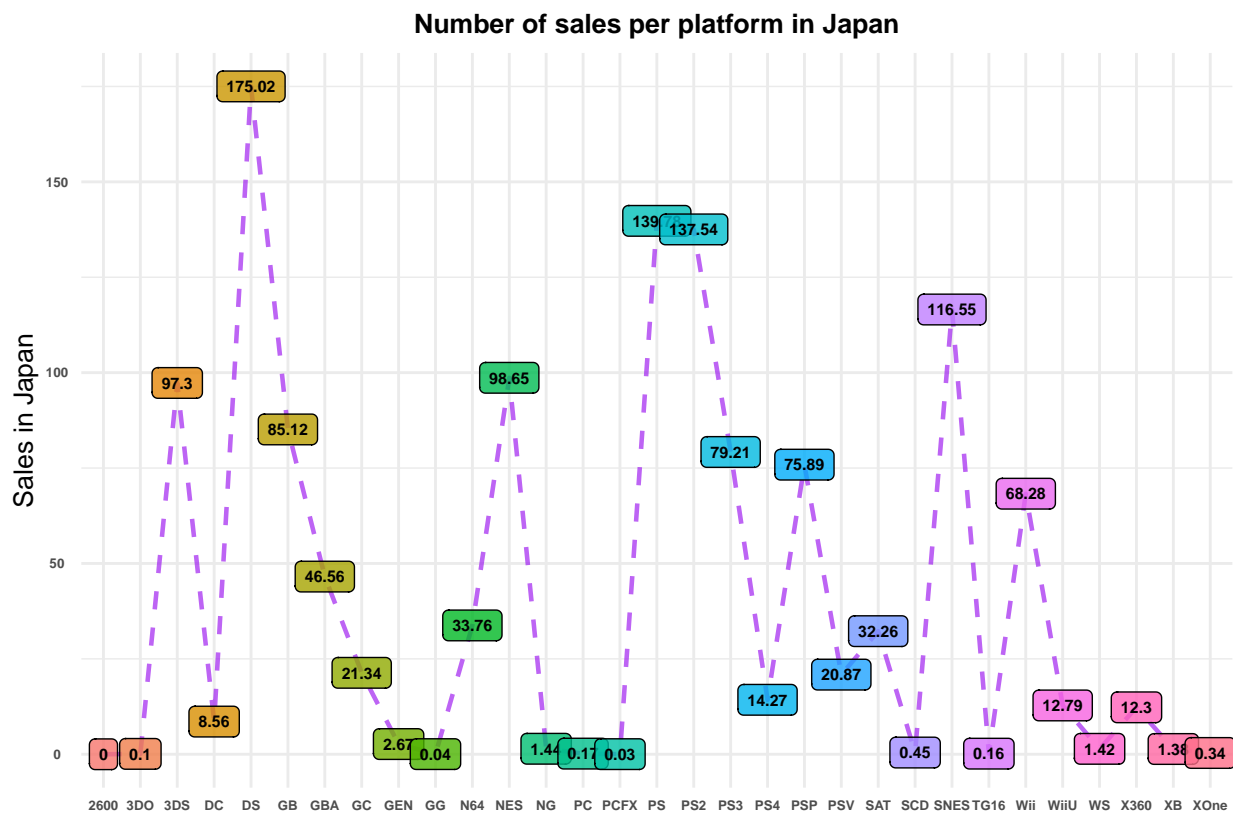
```

ggplot(data = p_name_EU, 10, mapping = aes(x = Platform, y = EU_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = .8, alpha = .7, group = 1,
            linetype = 2, color = "purple") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = EU_Sales, fill = Platform),
            color = "black", size = 2, fontface = "bold", alpha = .8) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in Europe") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales per platform in Europe") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5))

```



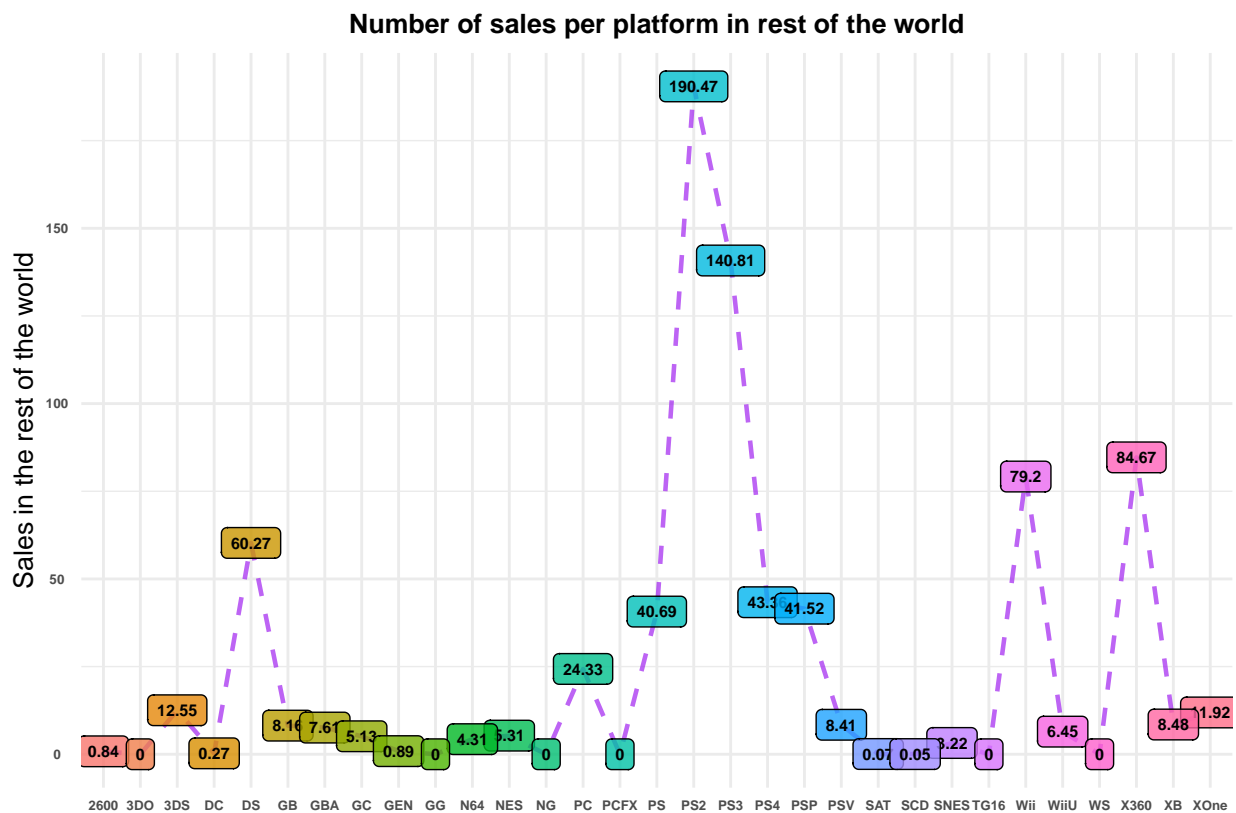
```
ggplot(data = p_name_JP, 10, mapping = aes(x = Platform, y = JP_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = .8, alpha = .7, group = 1,
            linetype = 2, color = "purple") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = JP_Sales, fill = Platform),
            color = "black", size = 2, fontface = "bold", alpha = .8) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in Japan") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales per platform in Japan") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5))
```



```

ggplot(data = p_name_Other, 10, mapping = aes(x = Platform, y = Other_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = .8, alpha = .7, group = 1,
            linetype = 2, color = "purple") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label = Other_Sales, fill = Platform),
            color = "black", size = 2, fontface = "bold", alpha = .8) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the rest of the world") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales per platform in rest of the world") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5))

```



## The 10 platforms with the highest number of game sales in the world

```
a <- c()

for(i in 1:nrow(p_name_Global)){
  a <- c(a, i)
}

row.names(p_name_Global) <- a

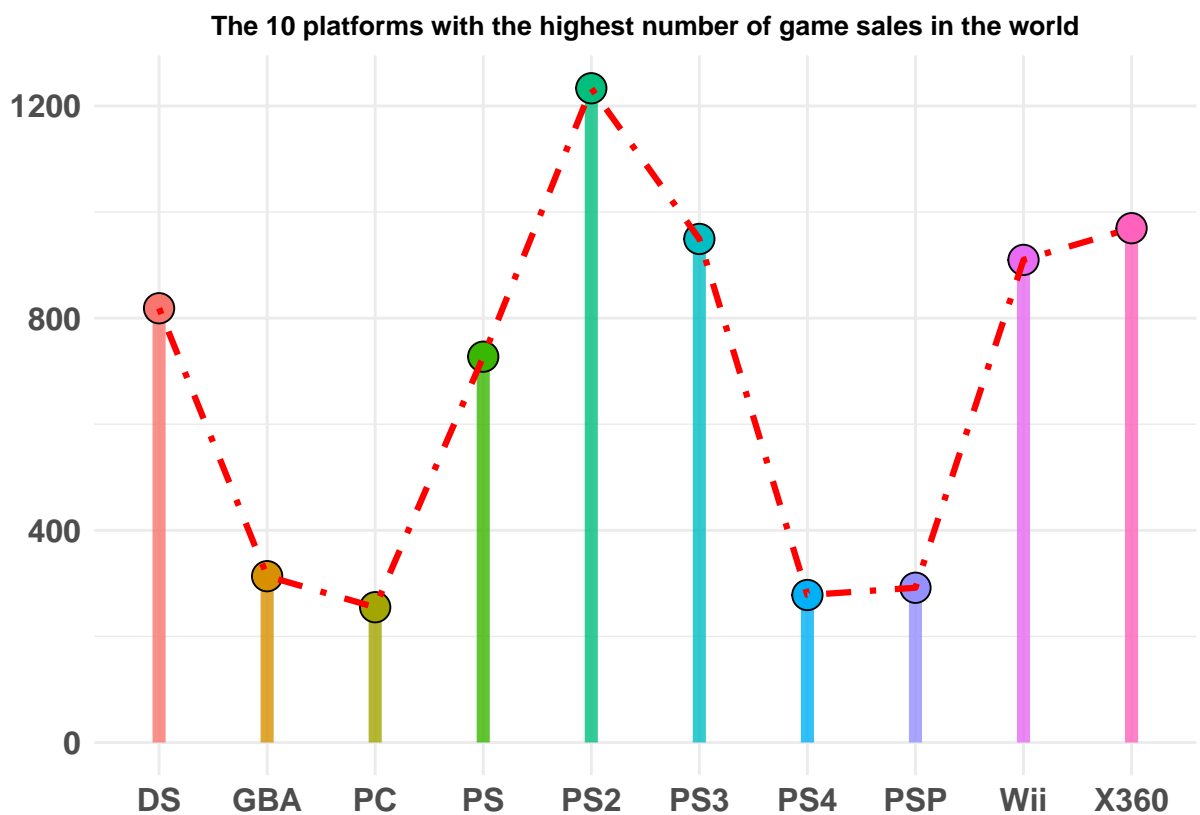
kable(head(p_name_Global, 10))
```

Platform	Global_Sales
PS2	1233.46
X360	969.61
PS3	949.35
Wii	909.81
DS	818.67
PS	727.39
GBA	313.56
PSP	291.71
PS4	278.07
PC	255.05

```

ggplot(data = head(p_name_Global, 10),
  mapping = aes(x = Platform, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Platform, yend=0,
    color = Platform), linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Platform), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("The 10 platforms with the highest number of game sales in the world") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5, face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

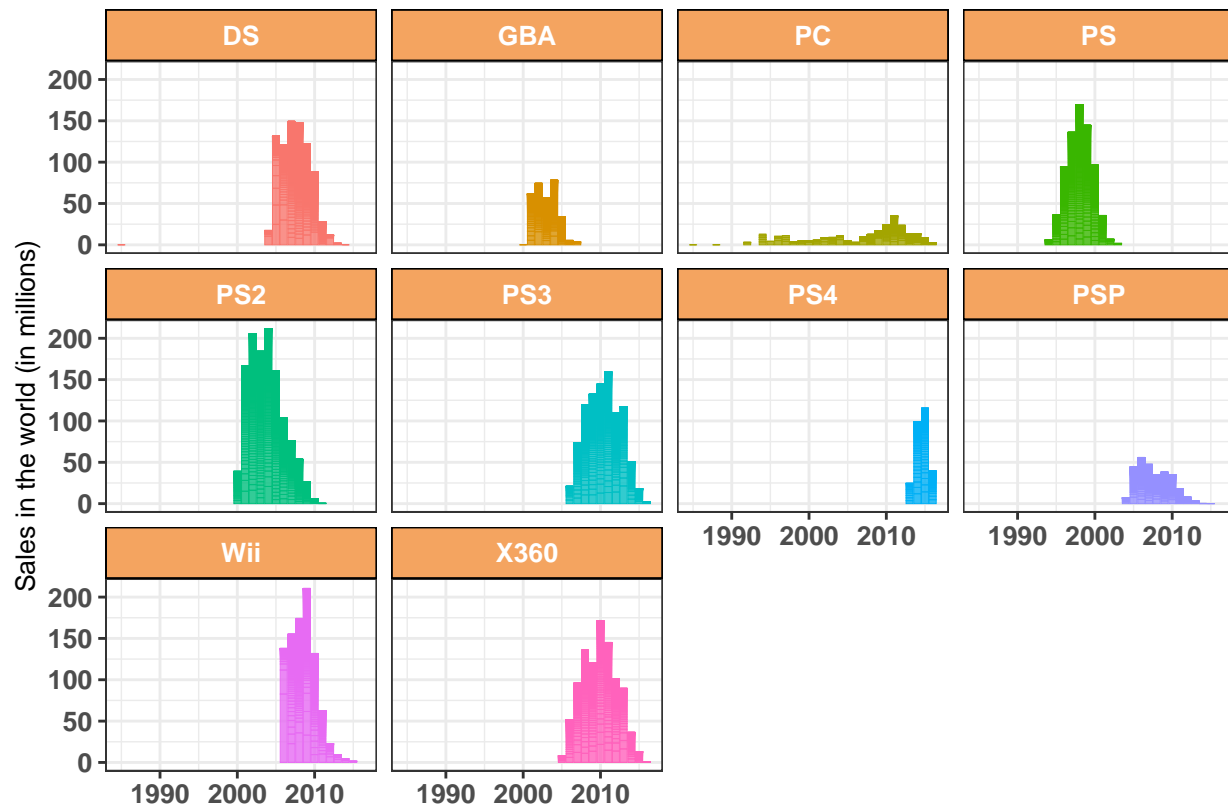
```



```
d_top_10 <- data[data$Platform == "PS2"  
  | data$Platform == "X360"  
  | data$Platform == "PS3"  
  | data$Platform == "Wii"  
  | data$Platform == "DS"  
  | data$Platform == "PS"  
  | data$Platform == "GBA"  
  | data$Platform == "PSP"  
  | data$Platform == "PS4"  
  | data$Platform == "PC", ]  
d_top_10$Year <- as.numeric(levels(d_top_10$Year))[d_top_10$Year]
```



```
ggplot(data = d_top_10, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",
          mapping = aes(fill = Platform, color = Platform),
          linewidth = .1, alpha = .8) +
  facet_wrap(~Platform) +
  theme_bw() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the world (in millions)") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(5, 5, 5, 5), size = 10,
                                face = "bold", color = "white"),
    strip.background = element_rect(fill = "#F4A460", color = "black"),
    plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))
```



### 1.3 C. Game Sales by Genre

#### Best-selling people from 1980 to 2016 by features

```
# NA_Sales
g_name_NA <- aggregate(list(NA_Sales = data$NA_Sales),
                        list(Genre = data$Genre), sum)
g_name_NA <- g_name_NA[order(g_name_NA$NA_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# EU_Sales
g_name_EU <- aggregate(list(EU_Sales = data$EU_Sales),
                        list(Genre = data$Genre), sum)
g_name_EU <- g_name_EU[order(g_name_EU$EU_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# JP_Sales
g_name_JP <- aggregate(list(JP_Sales = data$JP_Sales),
                        list(Genre = data$Genre), sum)
g_name_JP <- g_name_JP[order(g_name_JP$JP_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

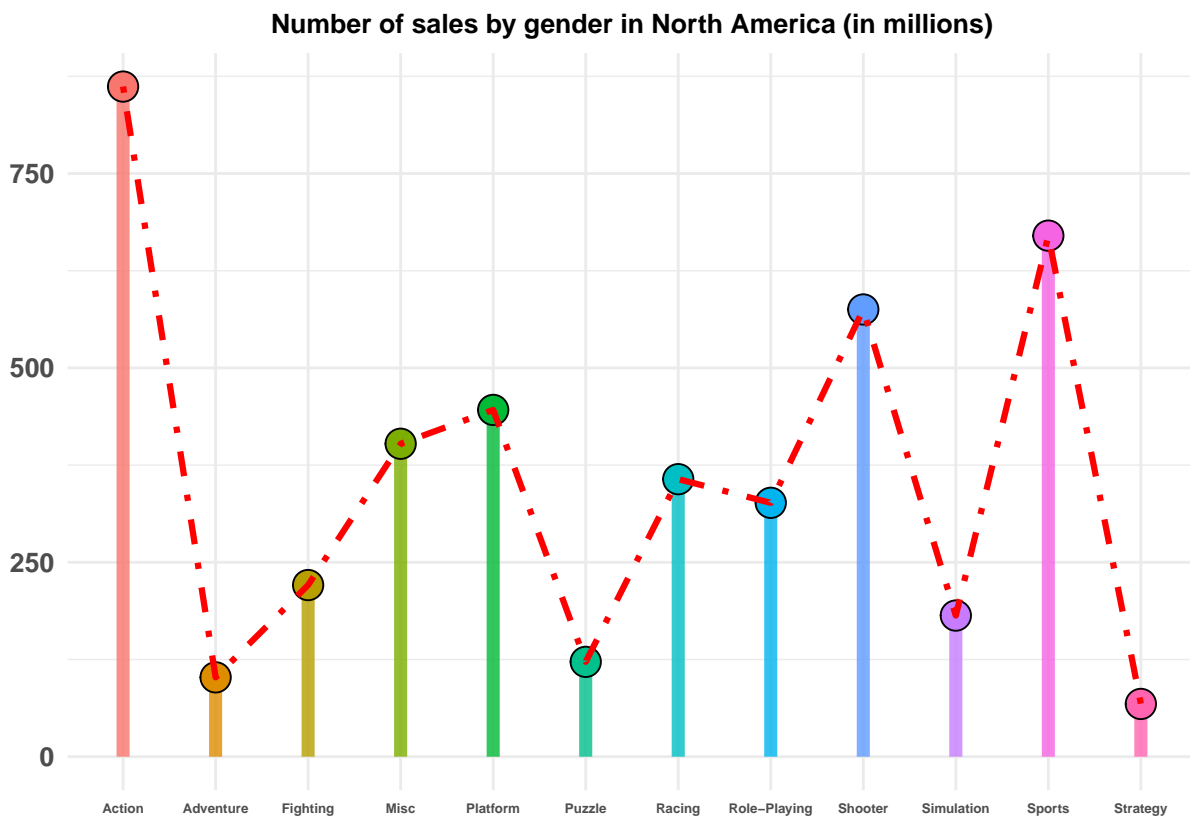
# Other_Sales
g_name_Other <- aggregate(list(Other_Sales = data$Other_Sales),
                           list(Genre = data$Genre), sum)
g_name_Other <- g_name_Other[order(g_name_Other$Other_Sales,
                                   decreasing = T), ]

# Global_Sales
g_name_Global <- aggregate(list(Global_Sales = data$Global_Sales),
                           list(Genre = data$Genre), sum)
g_name_Global <- g_name_Global[order(g_name_Global$Global_Sales,
                                     decreasing = T), ]
```

```

ggplot(data = g_name_NA, mapping = aes(x = Genre, y = NA_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Genre, yend=0, color = Genre),
    linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Genre), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by gender in North America (in millions)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

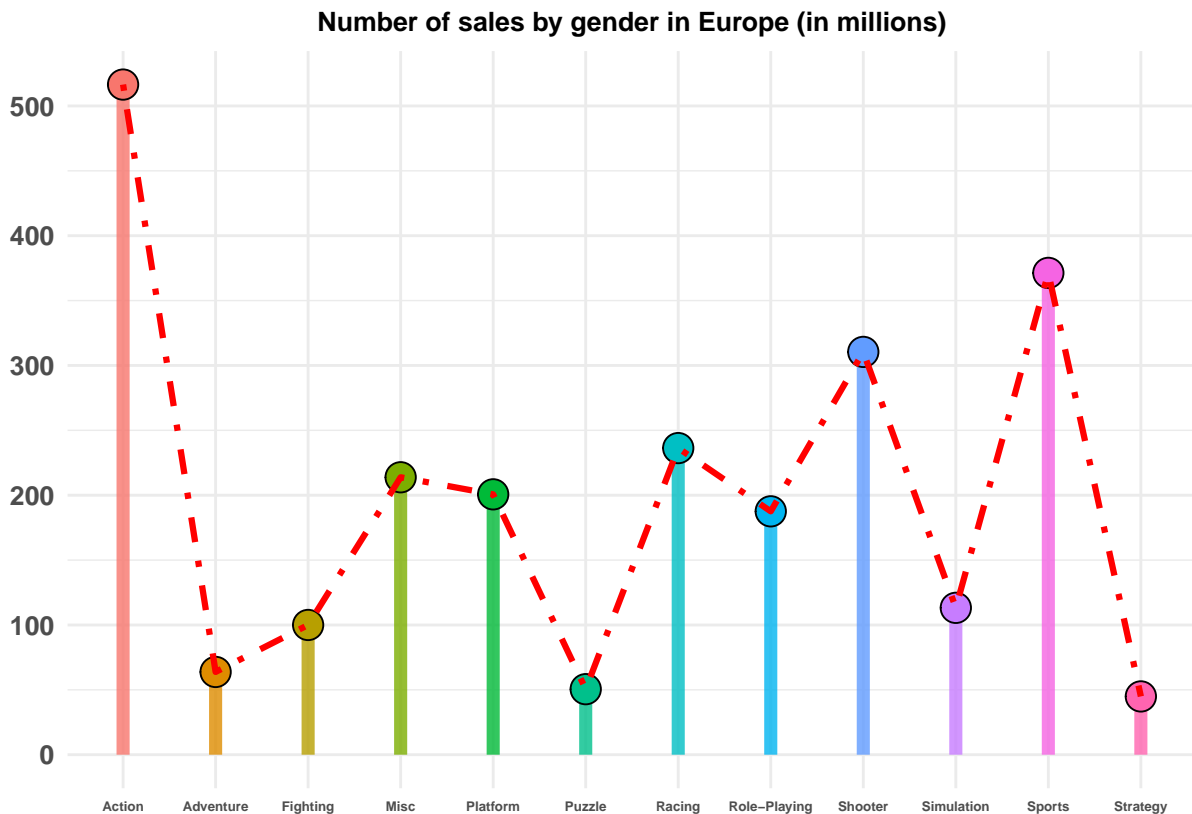
```



```

ggplot(data = g_name_EU, mapping = aes(x = Genre, y = EU_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Genre, yend=0, color = Genre),
               linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Genre), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by gender in Europe (in millions)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
                                       face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
                                       face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

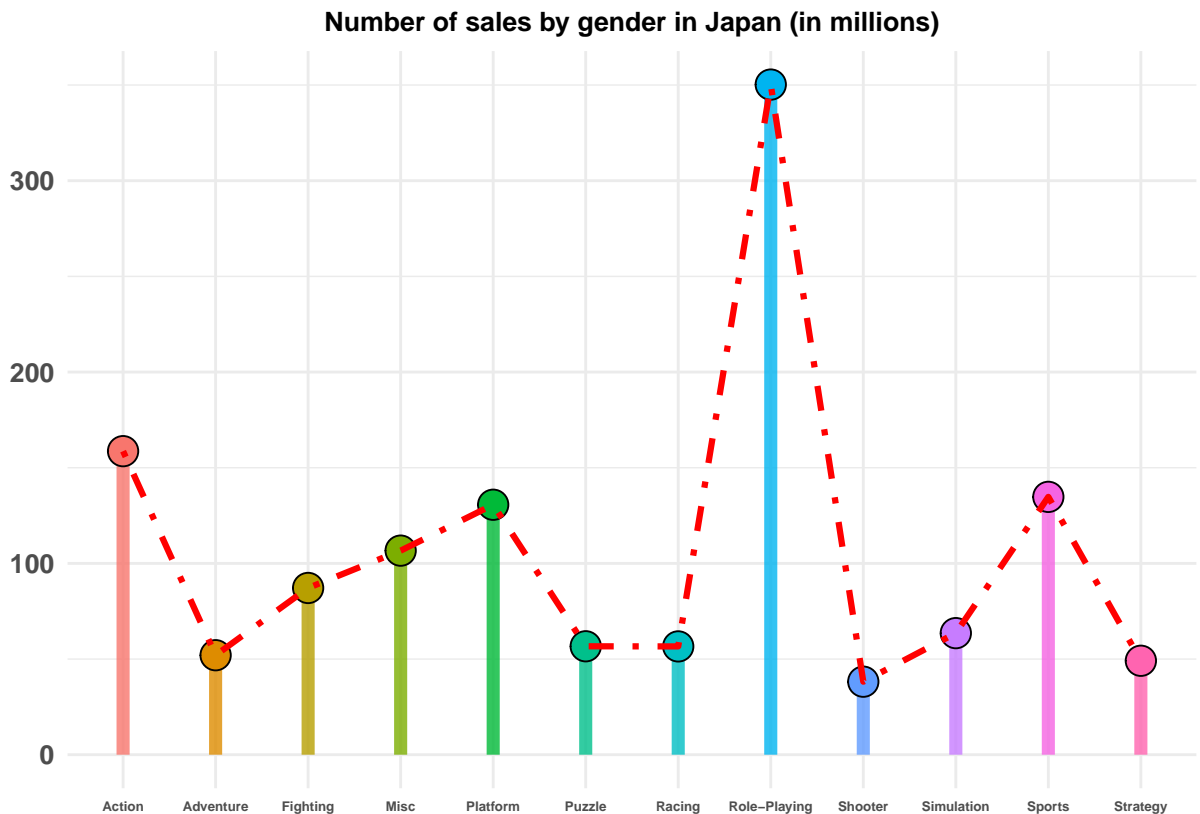
```



```

ggplot(data = g_name_JP, mapping = aes(x = Genre, y = JP_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Genre, yend=0, color = Genre),
    linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Genre), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by gender in Japan (in millions)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

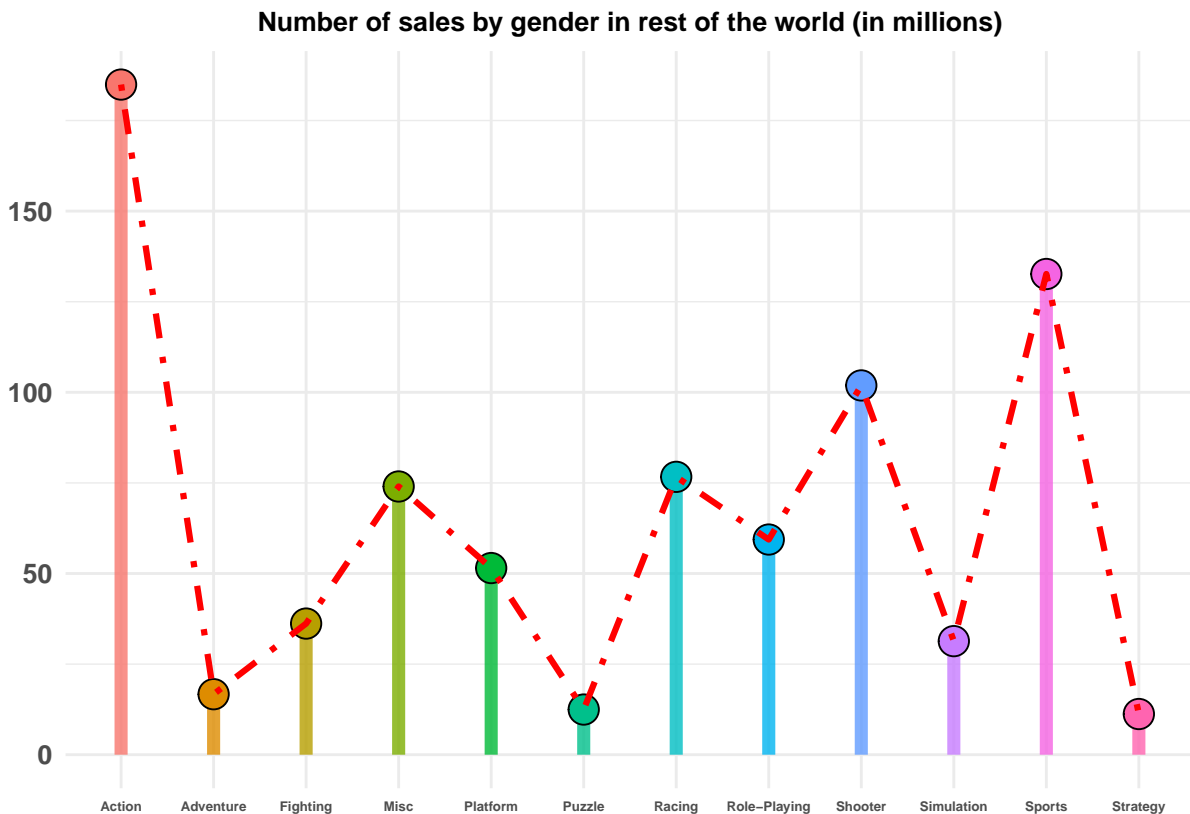
```



```

ggplot(data = g_name_Other, mapping = aes(x = Genre, y = Other_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Genre, yend=0, color = Genre),
              linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Genre), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by gender in rest of the world (in millions)") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
                                     face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
                                     face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 5, face = "bold"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```



## Best selling genres in the world

```
a <- c()

for(i in 1:nrow(g_name_Global)){
  a <- c(a, i)
}

row.names(g_name_Global) <- a

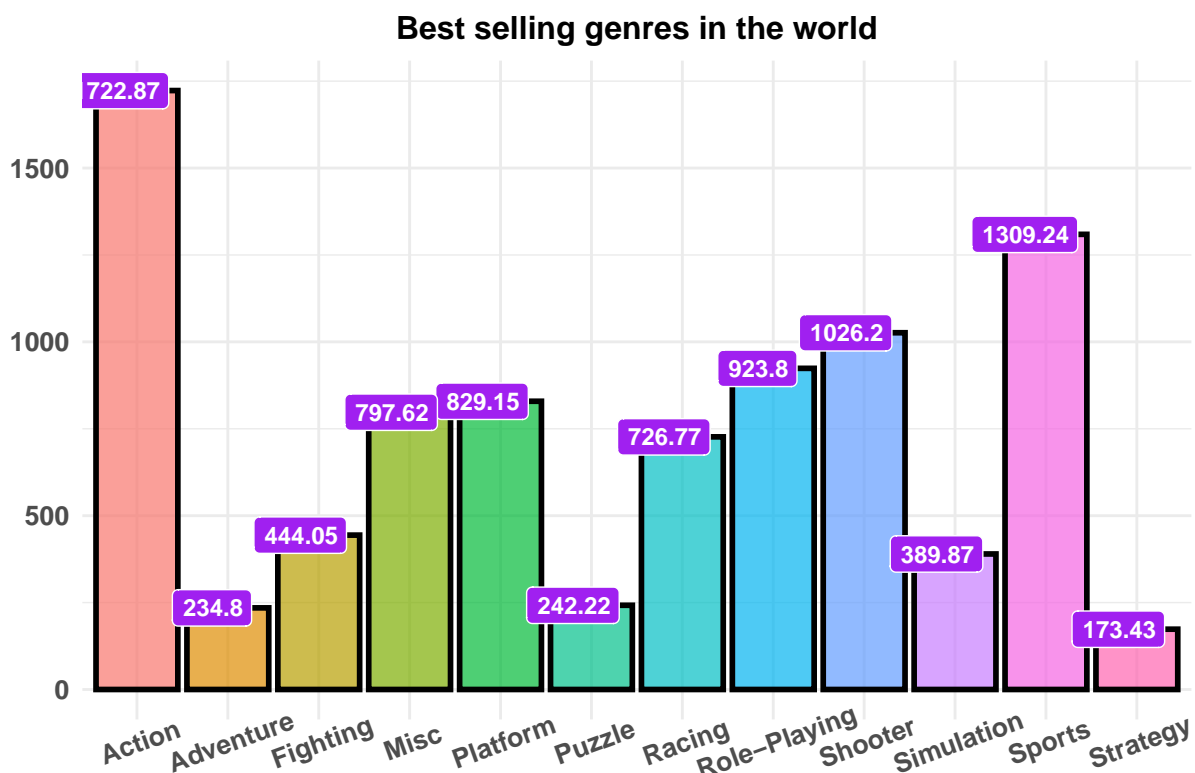
kable(g_name_Global)
```

Genre	Global_Sales
Action	1722.87
Sports	1309.24
Shooter	1026.20
Role-Playing	923.80
Platform	829.15
Misc	797.62
Racing	726.77
Fighting	444.05
Simulation	389.87
Puzzle	242.22
Adventure	234.80
Strategy	173.43

```

ggplot(data = g_name_Global, mapping = aes(x = Genre, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Genre),
    alpha = .7, linewidth = 1, color = "black") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Global_Sales), fill = "purple",
    size = 3, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("Best selling genres in the world") +
  xlab(" ") +
  ylab("") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5,
      face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold",
      angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

```



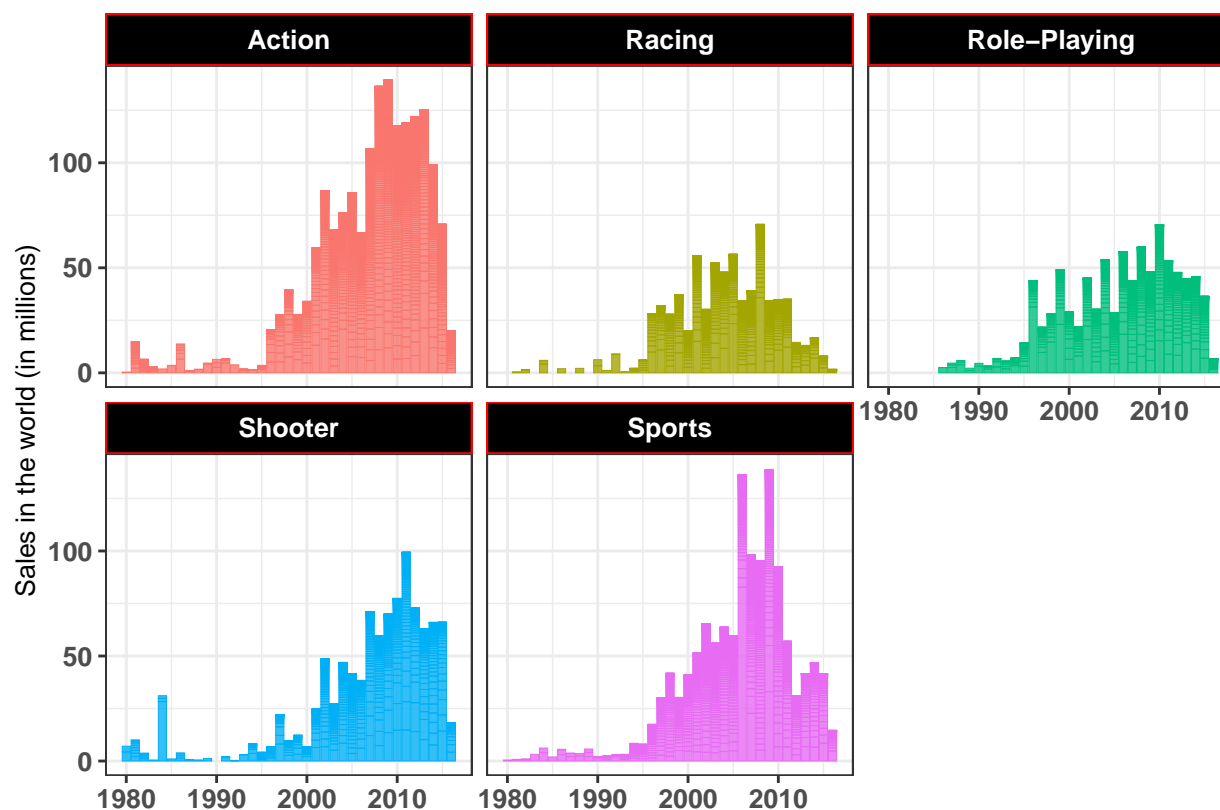


```
g_top_10 <- data[data$Genre == "Action"  
  | data$Genre == "Sports"  
  | data$Genre == "Shooter"  
  | data$Genre == "Role-Playing"  
  | data$Genre == "Racing", ]  
g_top_10$Year <- as.numeric(levels(g_top_10$Year))[g_top_10$Year]
```

```

ggplot(data = g_top_10, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Genre,
                                             color = Genre), linewidth = .1, alpha = .8) +
  facet_wrap(~Genre) +
  theme_bw() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the world (in millions)") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(5, 5, 5, 5),
                                size = 10, face = "bold", color = "white"),
    strip.background = element_rect(fill = "black", color = "red"),
    plot.title = element_text(size = 11, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))

```



### 1.3 D. Number of sales per publisher

```
# NA_Sales
pu_name_NA <- aggregate(list(NA_Sales = data$NA_Sales), list(Publisher
                                                             = data$Publisher), sum)
pu_name_NA <- pu_name_NA[order(pu_name_NA$NA_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# EU_Sales
pu_name_EU <- aggregate(list(EU_Sales = data$EU_Sales), list(Publisher
                                                             = data$Publisher), sum)
pu_name_EU <- pu_name_EU[order(pu_name_EU$EU_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# JP_Sales
pu_name_JP <- aggregate(list(JP_Sales = data$JP_Sales), list(Publisher
                                                             = data$Publisher), sum)
pu_name_JP <- pu_name_JP[order(pu_name_JP$JP_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

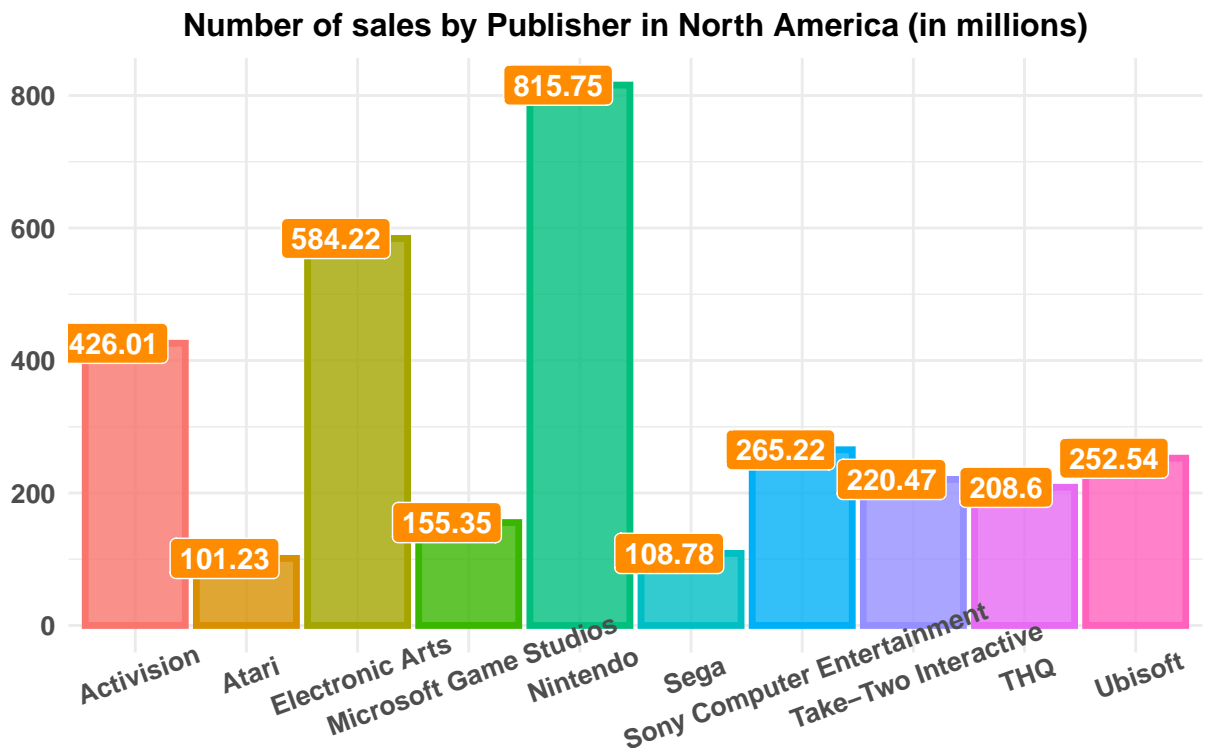
# Other_Sales
pu_name_Other <- aggregate(list(Other_Sales = data$Other_Sales), list(Publisher
                                                                       = data$Publisher), sum)
pu_name_Other <- pu_name_Other[order(pu_name_Other$Other_Sales, decreasing = T), ]

# Global_Sales
pu_name_Global <- aggregate(list(Global_Sales = data$Global_Sales), list(Publisher
                                                                           = data$Publisher), sum)
pu_name_Global <- pu_name_Global[order(pu_name_Global$Global_Sales, decreasing = T), ]
```

```

ggplot(data = head(pu_name_NA, 10), mapping = aes(x = Publisher, y = NA_Sales))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Publisher, color = Publisher),
    linewidth = 1.2, alpha = .8)+
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=NA_Sales), fill = "#FF8C00",
    size = 4, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7)+
  xlab("")+
  ylab("")+
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Publisher in North America (in millions)")+
  theme_minimal()+
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

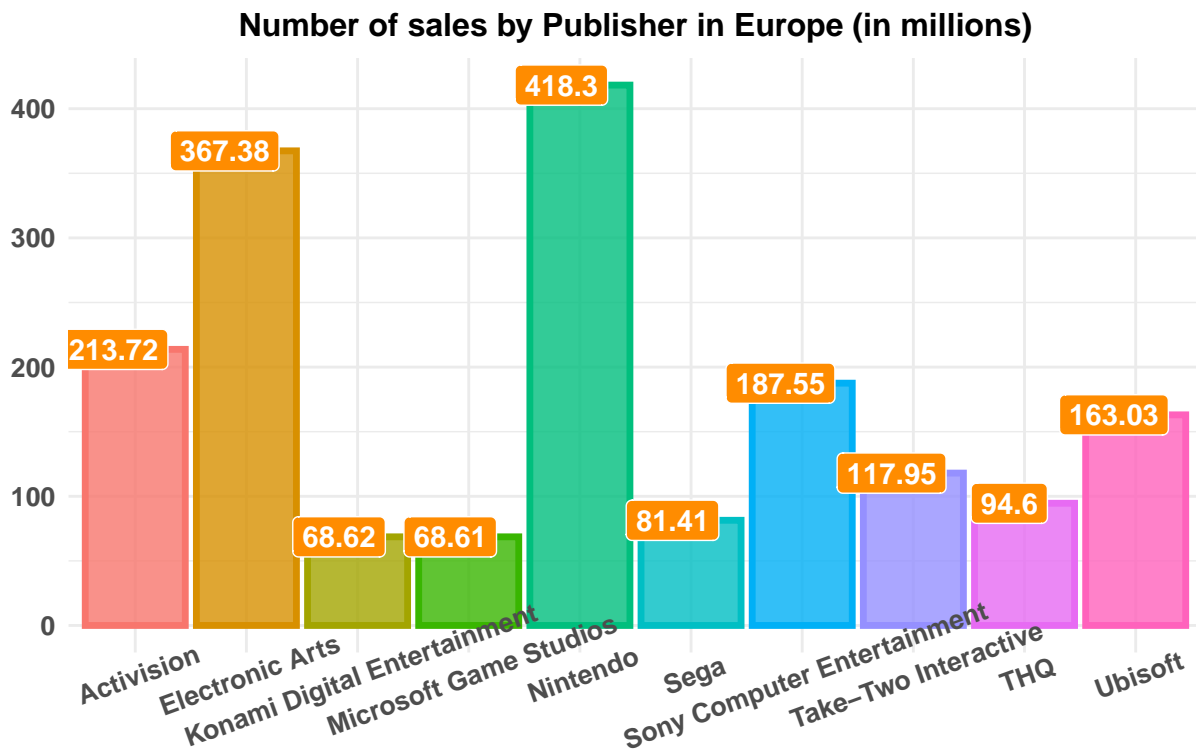
```



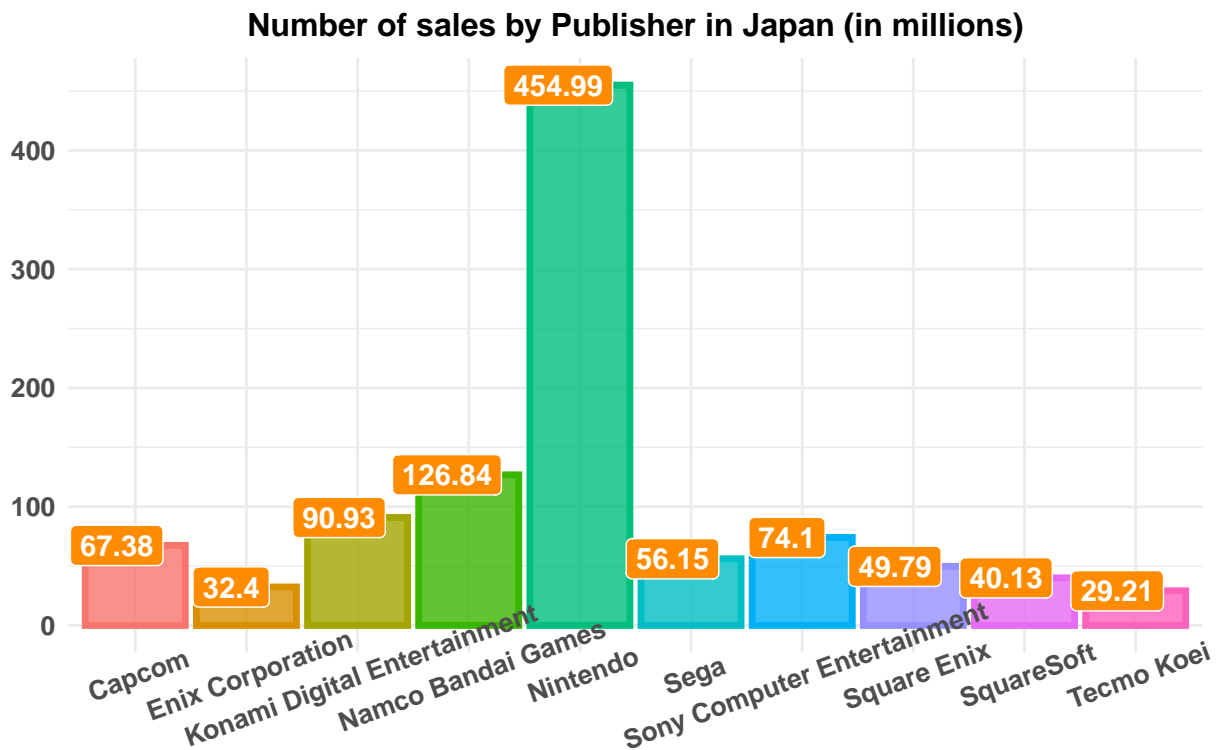
```

ggplot(data = head(pu_name_EU, 10), mapping = aes(x = Publisher, y = EU_Sales))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Publisher, color = Publisher),
    linewidth = 1.2, alpha = .8)+
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=EU_Sales), fill = "#FF8C00",
    size = 4, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7)+
  xlab("")+
  ylab("")+
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Publisher in Europe (in millions)")+
  theme_minimal()+
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

```



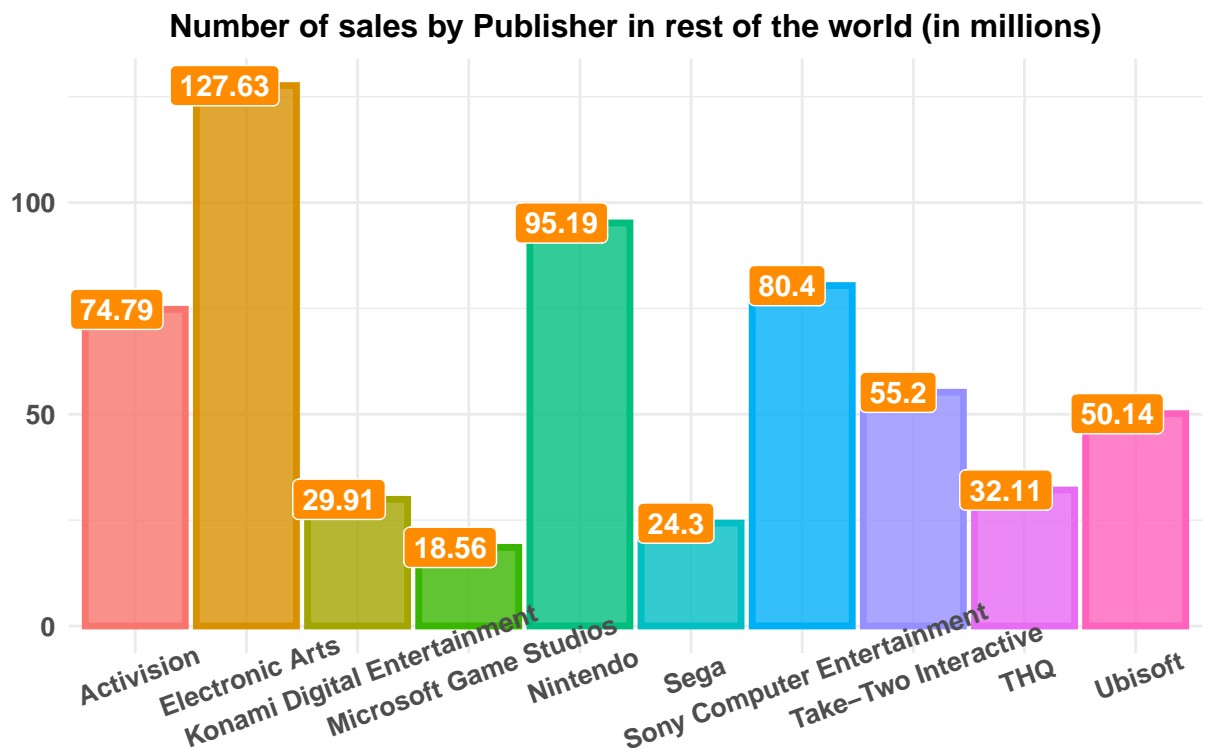
```
ggplot(data = head(pu_name_JP, 10), mapping = aes(x = Publisher, y = JP_Sales))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Publisher, color = Publisher),
    linewidth = 1.2, alpha = .8)+
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=JP_Sales), fill = "#FF8C00",
    size = 4, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7)+
  xlab("")+
  ylab("")+
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Publisher in Japan (in millions)")+
  theme_minimal()+
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")
```



```

ggplot(data = head(pu_name_Other, 10), mapping = aes(x = Publisher,
                                                    y = Other_Sales))+
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", aes(fill = Publisher, color = Publisher),
          linewidth = 1.2, alpha = .8)+
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Other_Sales), fill = "#FF8C00",
            size = 4, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7)+
  xlab("")+
  ylab("")+
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Publisher in rest of the world (in millions)")+
  theme_minimal()+
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.title.x = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
                                     face = "italic"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 8, hjust = .5,
                                     face = "italic"),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", angle = 20),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        legend.position = "none")

```



## The 10 publishers with the most sales

```
a <- c()

for(i in 1:nrow(pu_name_Global)){
  a <- c(a, i)
}

row.names(pu_name_Global) <- a
head(pu_name_Global, 10)
```

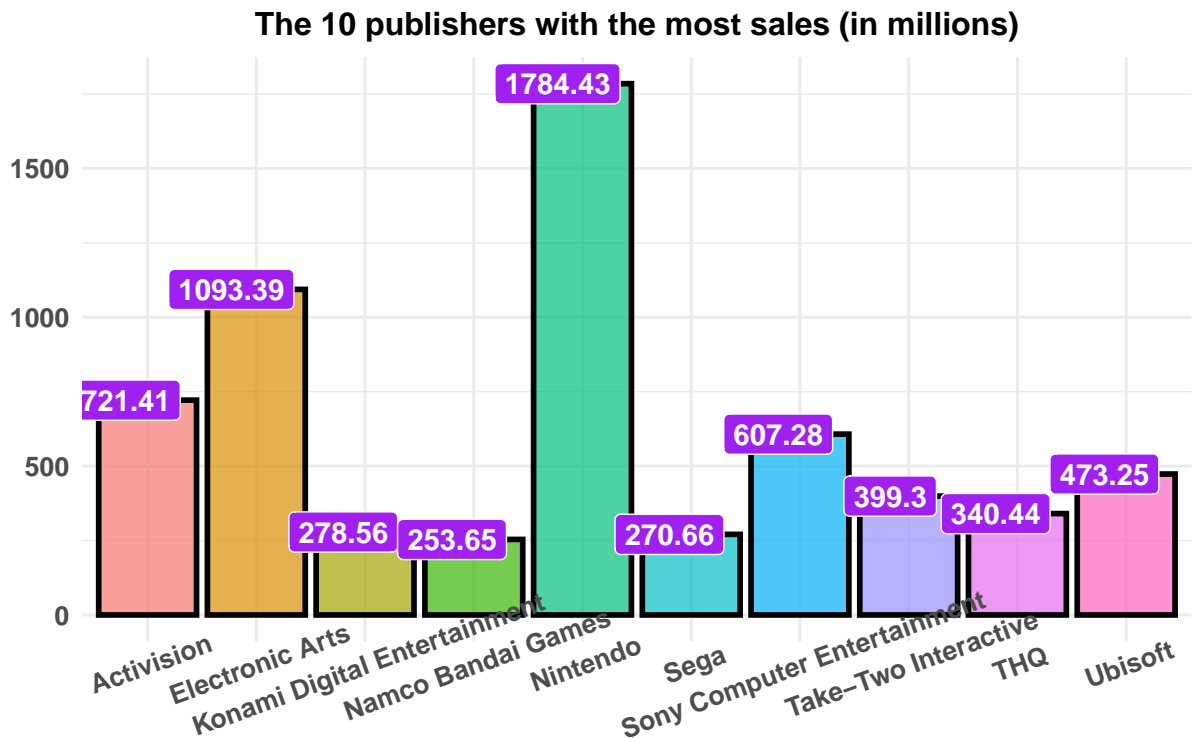
##	Publisher	Global_Sales
## 1	Nintendo	1784.43
## 2	Electronic Arts	1093.39
## 3	Activision	721.41
## 4	Sony Computer Entertainment	607.28
## 5	Ubisoft	473.25
## 6	Take-Two Interactive	399.30
## 7	THQ	340.44
## 8	Konami Digital Entertainment	278.56
## 9	Sega	270.66
## 10	Namco Bandai Games	253.65



```

ggplot(data = head(pu_name_Global, 10), mapping = aes(x = Publisher,
                                                        y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity", mapping = aes(fill = Publisher),
          alpha = .7, linewidth = 1, color = "black") +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Global_Sales), fill = "purple",
            size = 4, color = "white", fontface = "bold", hjust=.7) +
  ggtitle("The 10 publishers with the most sales (in millions)") +
  xlab(" ") +
  ylab("") +
  theme_minimal() +
  theme(
    plot.title = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5,
                                face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 12, hjust = .5,
                                face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", angle = 20),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

```

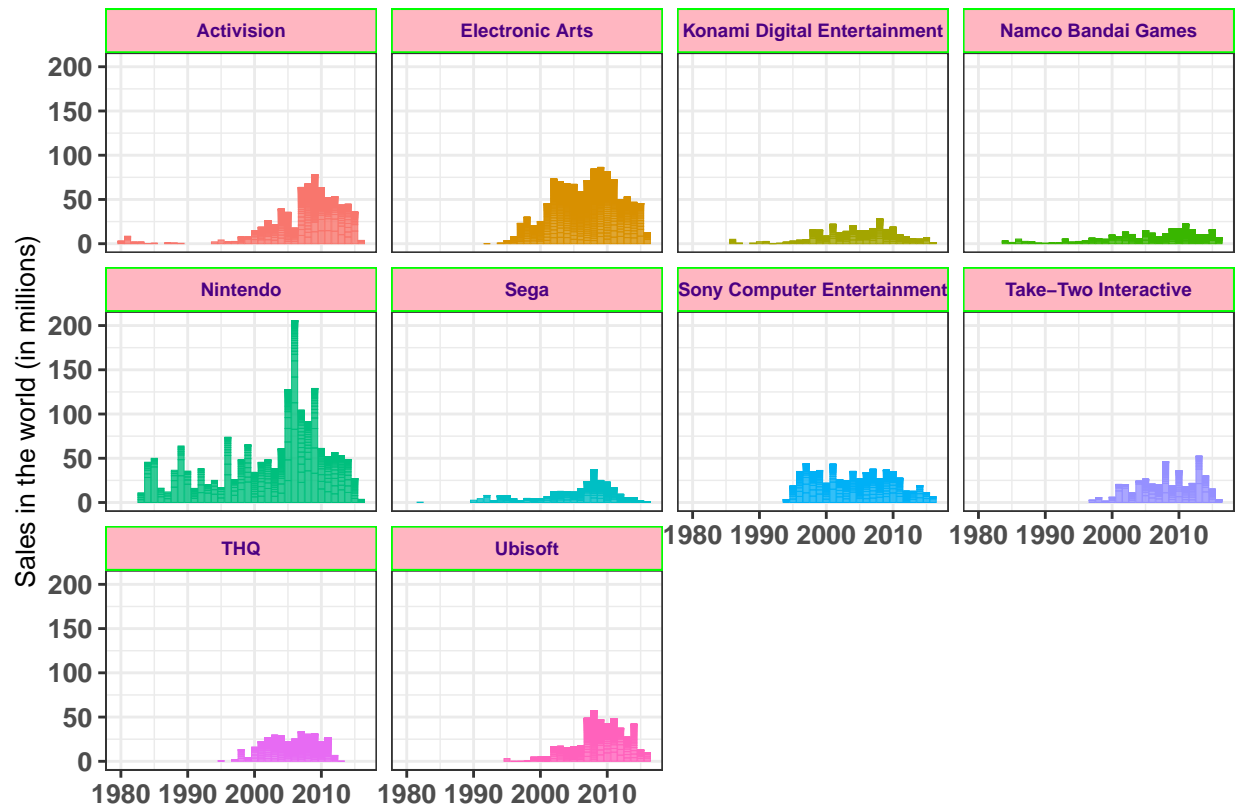


```

pu_top_10 <- data[data$Publisher == "Nintendo"
  | data$Publisher == "Electronic Arts"
  | data$Publisher == "Activision"
  | data$Publisher == "Sony Computer Entertainment"
  | data$Publisher == "Ubisoft"
  | data$Publisher == "Take-Two Interactive"
  | data$Publisher == "THQ"
  | data$Publisher == "Konami Digital Entertainment"
  | data$Publisher == "Sega"
  | data$Publisher == "Namco Bandai Games", ]
pu_top_10$Year <- as.numeric(levels(pu_top_10$Year))[pu_top_10$Year]

ggplot(data = pu_top_10, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity",
    mapping = aes(fill = Publisher, color = Publisher),
    linewidth = .1, alpha = .8) +
  facet_wrap(~Publisher) +
  theme_bw() +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Sales in the world (in millions)") +
  theme(
    legend.position = "none",
    strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(5, 5, 5, 5),
      size = 7, face = "bold",
      color = "#4B0082"),
    strip.background = element_rect(fill = "#FFB6C1", color = "green"),
    plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))

```



### 1.3 E. Global Sales Number per Year

```
df_global <- aggregate(list(Global_Sales = data$Global_Sales),
                        list(Year = data$Year), sum)
df_global <- df_global[order(df_global$Global_Sales), ]

a <- c()

for(i in 1:nrow(df_global)){
  a <- c(a, i)
}

row.names(df_global) <- a
df_global
```

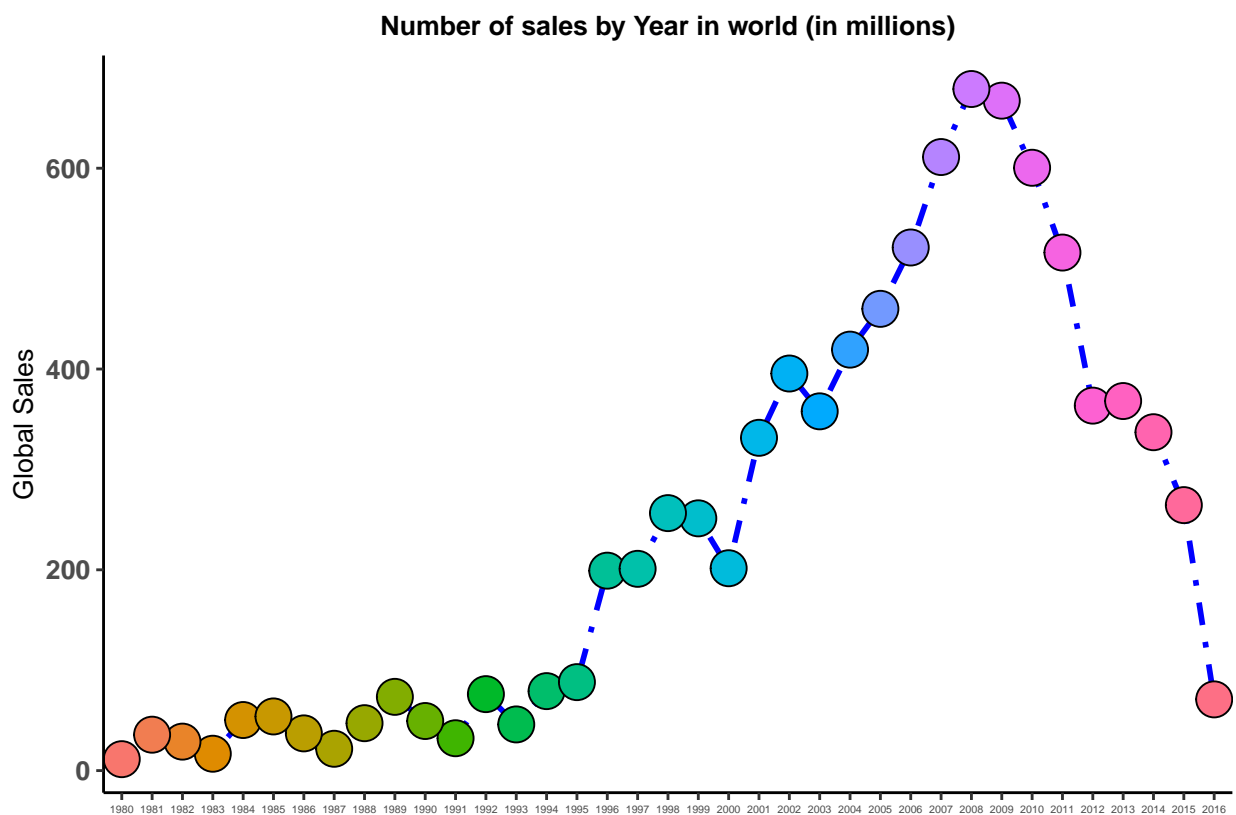
```
##      Year Global_Sales
## 1  1980         11.38
## 2  1983         16.79
## 3  1987         21.74
## 4  1982         28.86
## 5  1991         32.23
## 6  1981         35.77
## 7  1986         37.07
## 8  1993         45.98
## 9  1988         47.22
## 10 1990         49.39
## 11 1984         50.36
## 12 1985         53.94
## 13 2016         70.93
## 14 1989         73.45
## 15 1992         76.16
## 16 1994         79.17
## 17 1995         88.11
## 18 1996        199.15
## 19 1997        200.98
## 20 2000        201.56
## 21 1999        251.27
## 22 1998        256.47
## 23 2015        264.44
## 24 2001        331.47
## 25 2014        337.05
## 26 2003        357.85
## 27 2012        363.54
```

##	28	2013	368.11
##	29	2002	395.52
##	30	2004	419.31
##	31	2005	459.94
##	32	2011	515.99
##	33	2006	521.04
##	34	2010	600.45
##	35	2007	611.13
##	36	2009	667.30
##	37	2008	678.90

```

ggplot(data = df_global, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1, linetype = 10, color = "blue", group = 1) +
  geom_point(size = 6, shape = 21, mapping = aes(fill = Year)) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Global Sales") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Year in world (in millions)") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(7, 7, 7, 7),
                                      size = 20, face = "bold", color = "#4B0082"),
        strip.background = element_rect(fill = "#FFB6C1",
                                         color = "green"),
        plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 4),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))

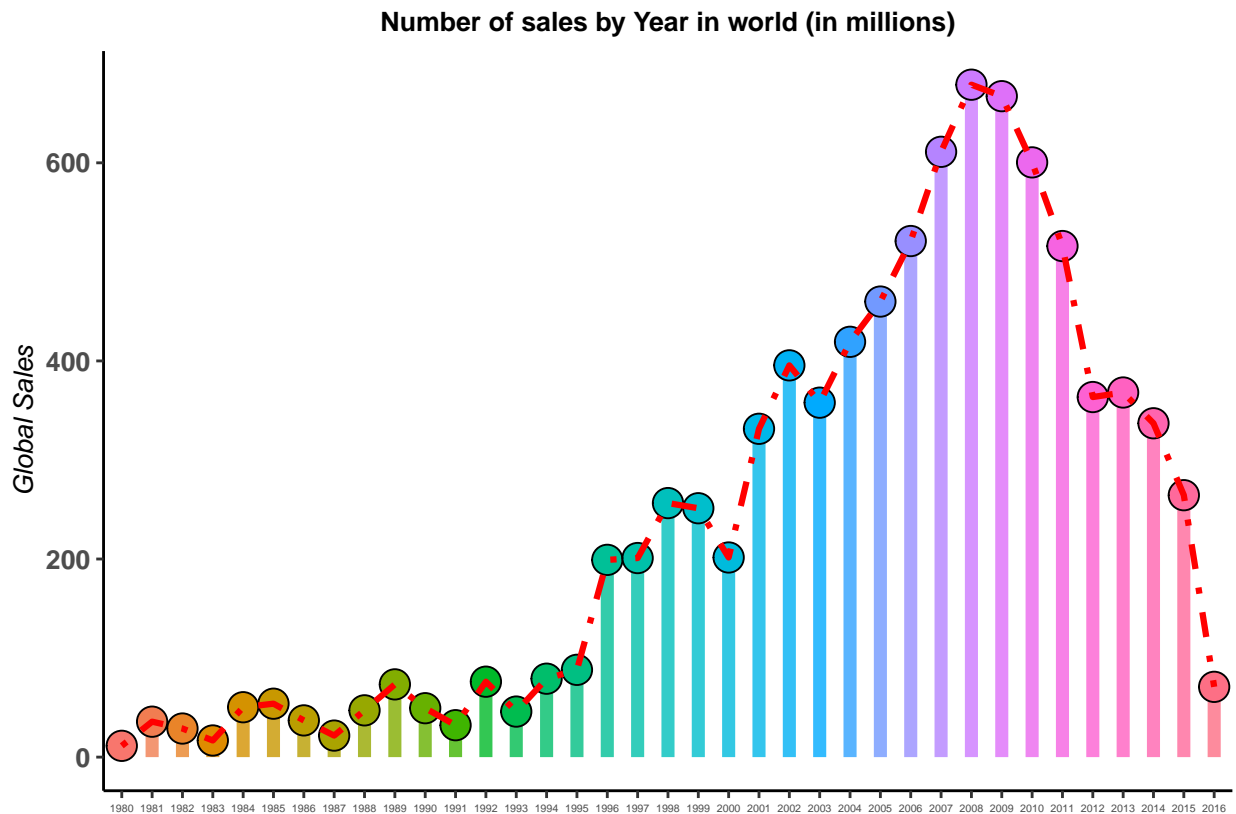
```



```

ggplot(data = df_global, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_segment(aes(xend=Year, yend=0, color = Year),
    linewidth = 2.3, alpha = .8) +
  geom_point(mapping = aes(fill = Year), size = 5, shape = 21) +
  geom_line(group = 1, linewidth = 1.1, linetype = 10, color = "red") +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Global Sales") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Year in world (in millions)") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
    axis.title.x = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10, hjust = .5,
      face = "italic"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 4),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
    legend.position = "none")

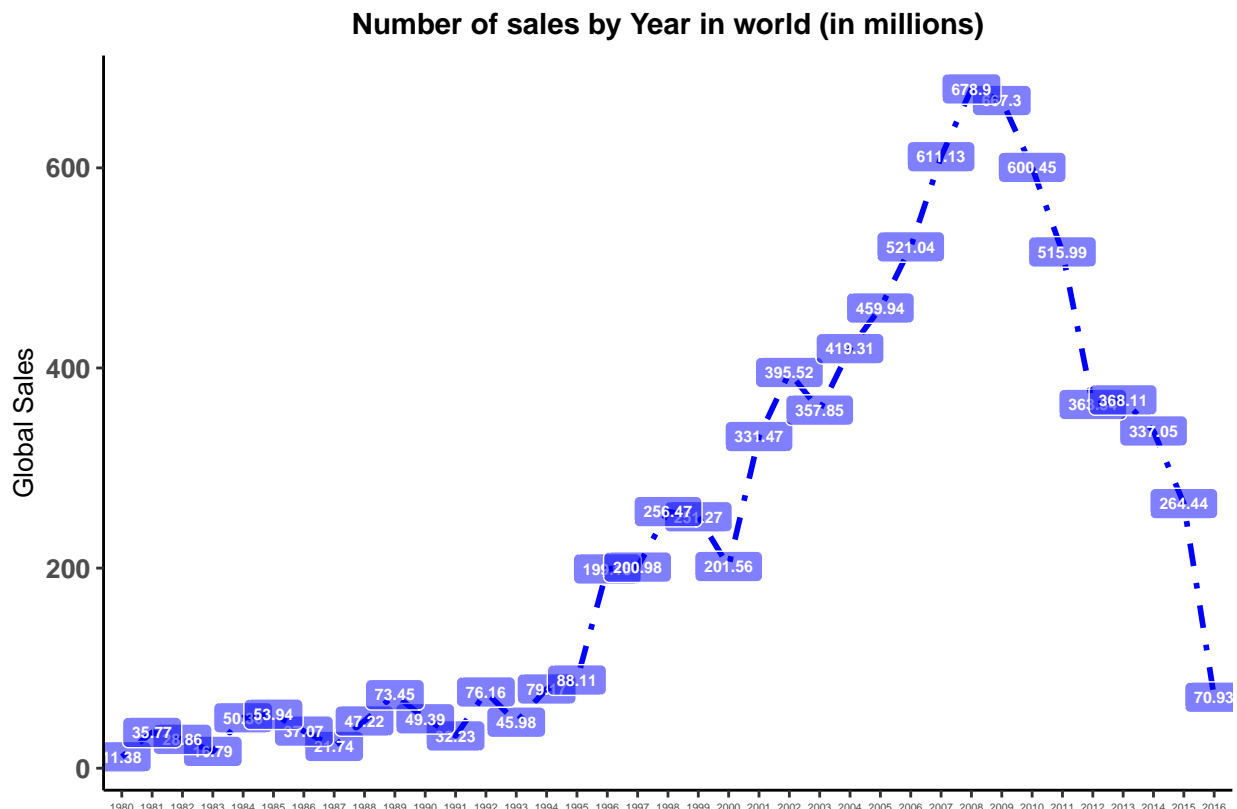
```



```

ggplot(data = df_global, mapping = aes(x = Year, y = Global_Sales)) +
  geom_line(linewidth = 1, linetype = 10, color = "blue", group = 1) +
  geom_label(mapping = aes(label=Global_Sales), fill = "blue",
            size = 2, color = "white", fontface = "bold", alpha = .5) +
  xlab("") +
  ylab("Global Sales") +
  ggtitle("Number of sales by Year in world (in millions)") +
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "none",
        strip.text.x = element_text(margin = margin(7, 7, 7, 7),
                                     size = 20, face = "bold", color = "#4B0082"),
        strip.background = element_rect(fill = "#FFB6C1",
                                         color = "green"),
        plot.title = element_text(size = 11, face = "bold", hjust = .5),
        axis.text.x = element_text(size = 4),
        axis.text.y = element_text(size = 10, face = "bold"),
        axis.title.y = element_text(size = 10))

```





## 2.EDA - VIDEO GAME SALES using Python

```
library(reticulate)
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import scipy.stats as st
```

```
import math
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import seaborn as sns
sns.set_style('whitegrid')
```

```
import missingno as msno
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from scipy import stats
```

```
data = pd.read_csv('vgsales.csv')
data = data[data['Year'] <= 2015]
data.head()
```

```
##      Rank      Name Platform ...  JP_Sales Other_Sales Global_Sales
## 0      1      Wii Sports      Wii ...      3.77      8.46      82.74
## 1      2  Super Mario Bros.      NES ...      6.81      0.77      40.24
## 2      3      Mario Kart Wii      Wii ...      3.79      3.31      35.82
## 3      4  Wii Sports Resort      Wii ...      3.28      2.96      33.00
## 4      5  Pokemon Red/Pokemon Blue      GB ...     10.22      1.00      31.37
##
## [5 rows x 11 columns]
```

```
data.shape
```

```
## (15979, 11)
```

```
data.info()
```

```
## <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
## Int64Index: 15979 entries, 0 to 16597
## Data columns (total 11 columns):
## #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
## ---  ---
## 0   Rank             15979 non-null  int64
## 1   Name             15979 non-null  object
## 2   Platform         15979 non-null  object
## 3   Year             15979 non-null  float64
## 4   Genre            15979 non-null  object
## 5   Publisher        15945 non-null  object
## 6   NA_Sales         15979 non-null  float64
## 7   EU_Sales         15979 non-null  float64
## 8   JP_Sales         15979 non-null  float64
## 9   Other_Sales      15979 non-null  float64
## 10  Global_Sales     15979 non-null  float64
## dtypes: float64(6), int64(1), object(4)
## memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

```
data.isnull().sum()
```

```
## Rank          0
## Name          0
## Platform      0
## Year          0
## Genre         0
## Publisher     34
## NA_Sales      0
## EU_Sales      0
## JP_Sales      0
## Other_Sales   0
## Global_Sales  0
## dtype: int64
```

```
data = data[data['Publisher'].isnull()!=True]
data.isnull().sum()
```

```
## Rank          0
## Name          0
## Platform      0
## Year          0
## Genre         0
## Publisher     0
## NA_Sales      0
## EU_Sales      0
## JP_Sales      0
## Other_Sales   0
## Global_Sales  0
## dtype: int64
```

```
data.info()
```

```
## <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
## Int64Index: 15945 entries, 0 to 16597
## Data columns (total 11 columns):
##  #   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
## ---  ---
##  0   Rank            15945 non-null  int64
##  1   Name            15945 non-null  object
##  2   Platform        15945 non-null  object
##  3   Year            15945 non-null  float64
##  4   Genre           15945 non-null  object
##  5   Publisher       15945 non-null  object
##  6   NA_Sales        15945 non-null  float64
##  7   EU_Sales        15945 non-null  float64
##  8   JP_Sales        15945 non-null  float64
##  9   Other_Sales     15945 non-null  float64
##  10  Global_Sales    15945 non-null  float64
## dtypes: float64(6), int64(1), object(4)
## memory usage: 1.5+ MB
```

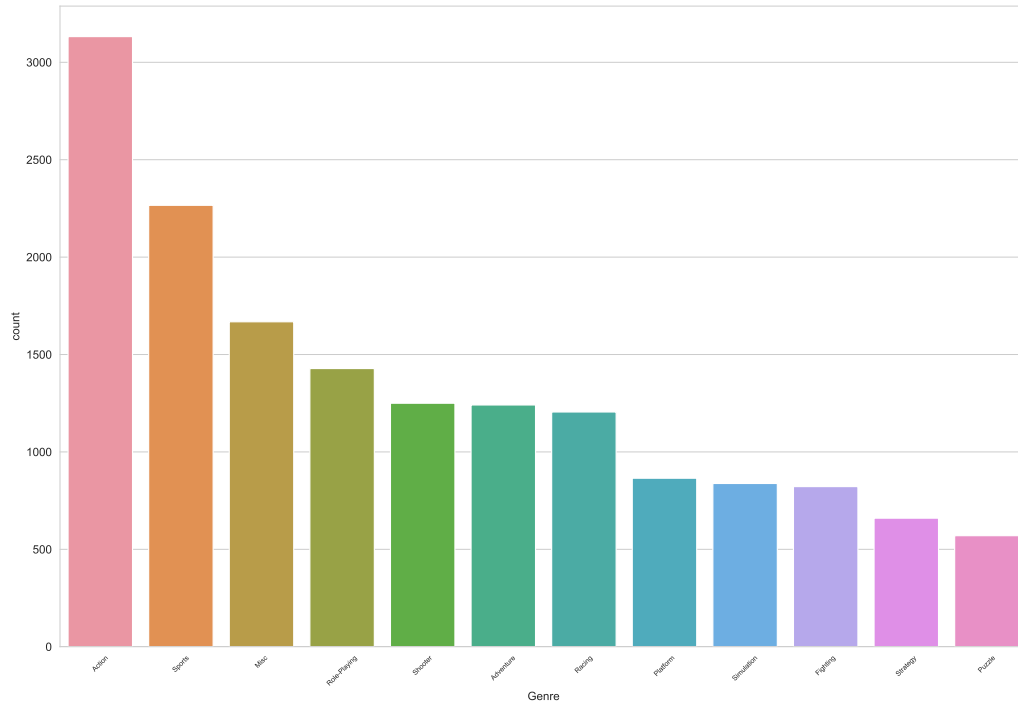
## 2.1 What genre games have been made the most?

```
data['Genre'].value_counts()
```

```
## Action          3132
## Sports          2266
## Misc            1668
## Role-Playing    1428
## Shooter         1250
## Adventure       1241
## Racing          1205
## Platform        865
## Simulation      838
## Fighting        822
## Strategy        660
## Puzzle          570
## Name: Genre, dtype: int64
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.countplot(x="Genre", data=data, order = data['Genre'].value_counts().index)
plt.xticks(rotation=45,fontsize=6)
```

```
plt.show()
```

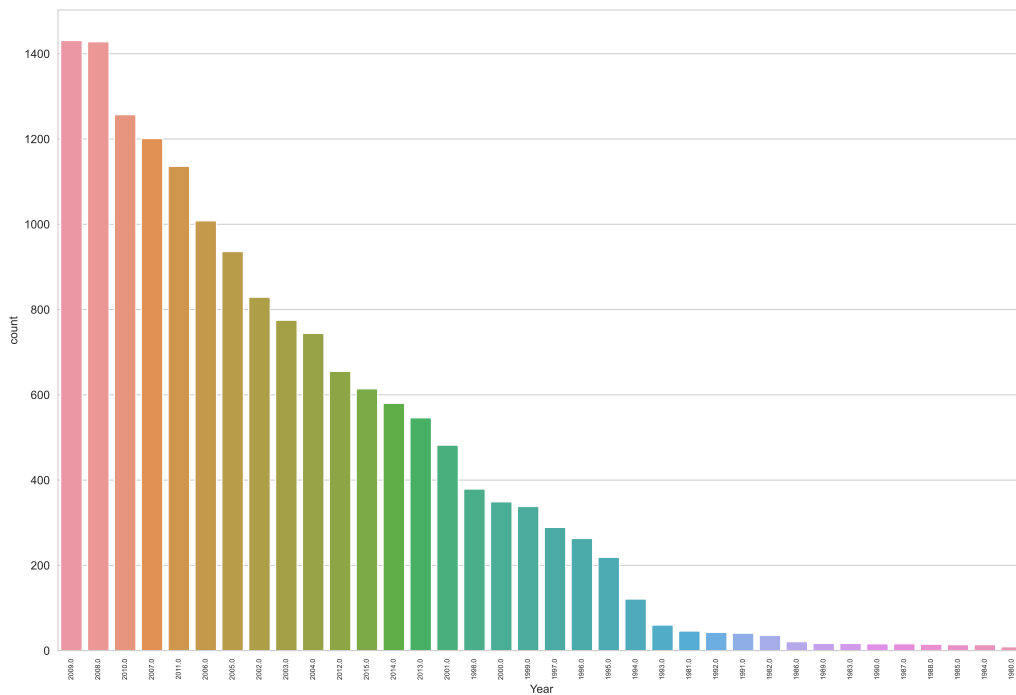


**Answer is => “Action” and “Sports”**

## 2.2 Which years had the most game release?

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.countplot(x="Year", data=data,
order = data.groupby(by=['Year'])['Name'].
count().sort_values(ascending=False).index)
plt.xticks(rotation=90,fontsize=6)
# data.groupby(by=['Year'])['Name'].count().sort_values(ascending=False)
```

```
plt.show()
```



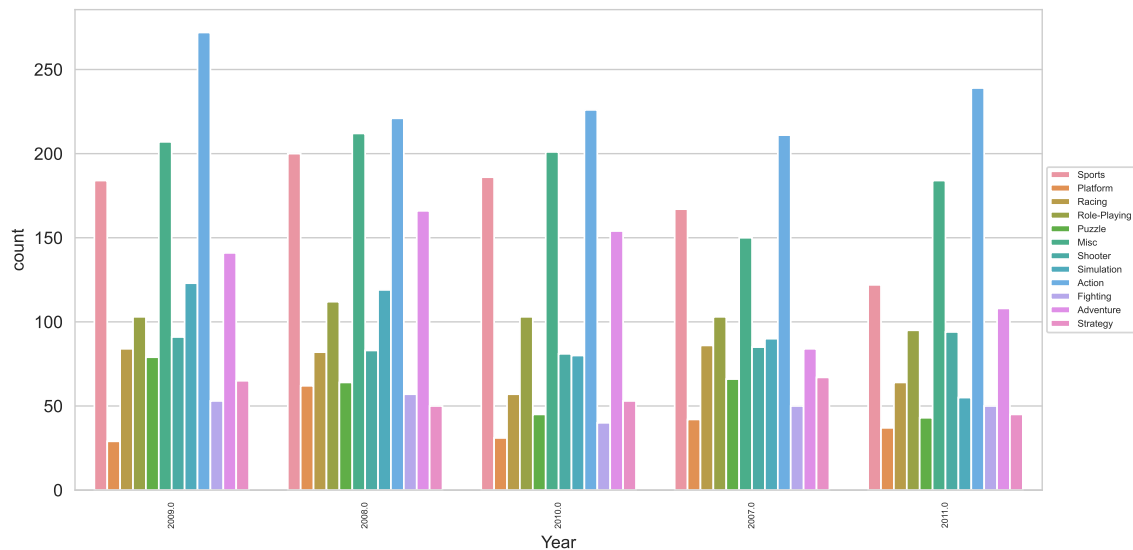
**Answer is =>**

1. 2009.0 -> 1431
2. 2008.0 -> 1428
3. 2010.0 -> 1257
4. 2007.0 -> 1201
5. 2011.0 -> 1136

## 2.3 Top 5 years games release by genre

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.countplot(x="Year", data=data, hue='Genre',
order=data.Year.value_counts().iloc[:5].index)
# Move the legend outside the plot area
plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1, 0.5), fontsize=5.5)
plt.xticks(fontsize=5, rotation=90)
# data.Year.value_counts().iloc[:5]
```

```
plt.show()
```



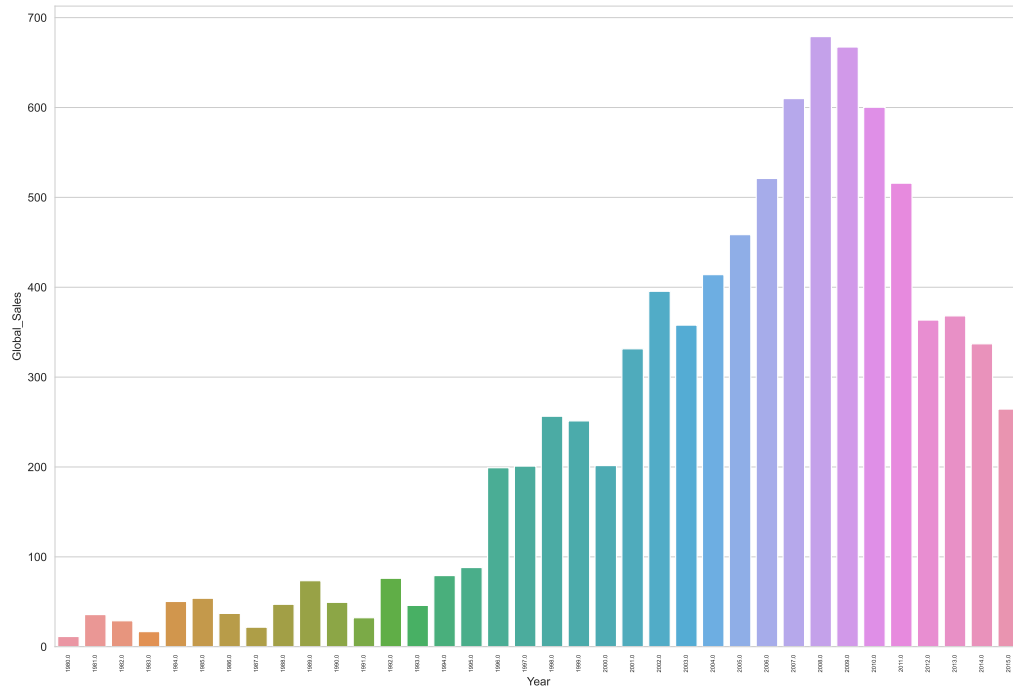


## 2.4 Which years had the highest sales worldwide?

```
data_year = data.groupby(by=['Year'])['Global_Sales'].sum()
data_year = data_year.reset_index()
# data_year.sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.barplot(x="Year", y="Global_Sales", data=data_year)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=5)
```

```
plt.show()
```



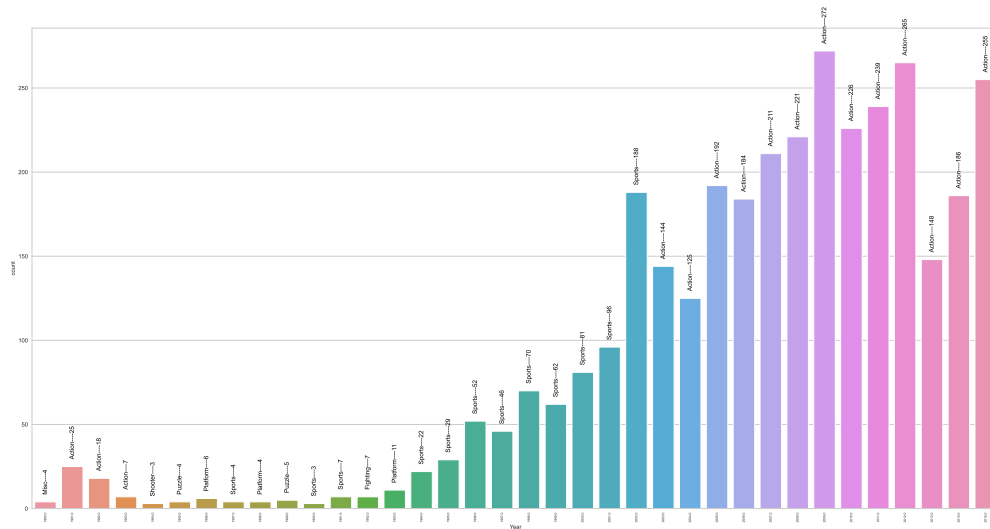
**Answer is =>**

- 1. 2008.0 -> 678.90**
- 2. 2009.0 -> 667.30**
- 3. 2007.0 -> 609.92**
- 4. 2010.0 -> 600.29**
- 5. 2006.0 -> 521.04**

## 2.5 Which genre game has been released the most in a single year?

```
year_max_df = data.groupby(['Year', 'Genre']).size().reset_index(name='count')
year_max_idx = year_max_df\
.groupby(['Year'])['count'].transform(max) == year_max_df['count']
year_max_genre = year_max_df[year_max_idx].reset_index(drop=True)
year_max_genre = year_max_genre.drop_duplicates(subset=["Year", "count"],
keep='last').reset_index(drop=True)
# year_max_genre
genre = year_max_genre['Genre'].values
# genre[0]
plt.figure(figsize=(30, 15))
g = sns.barplot(x='Year', y='count', data=year_max_genre)
index = 0
for value in year_max_genre['count'].values:
    #print(asd)
    g.text(index, value + 5, str(genre[index] + '----' +str(value)),
    color='#000', size=11, rotation= 90, ha="center")
    index += 1
plt.xticks(rotation=90,fontsize=5.5)
```

```
plt.show()
```

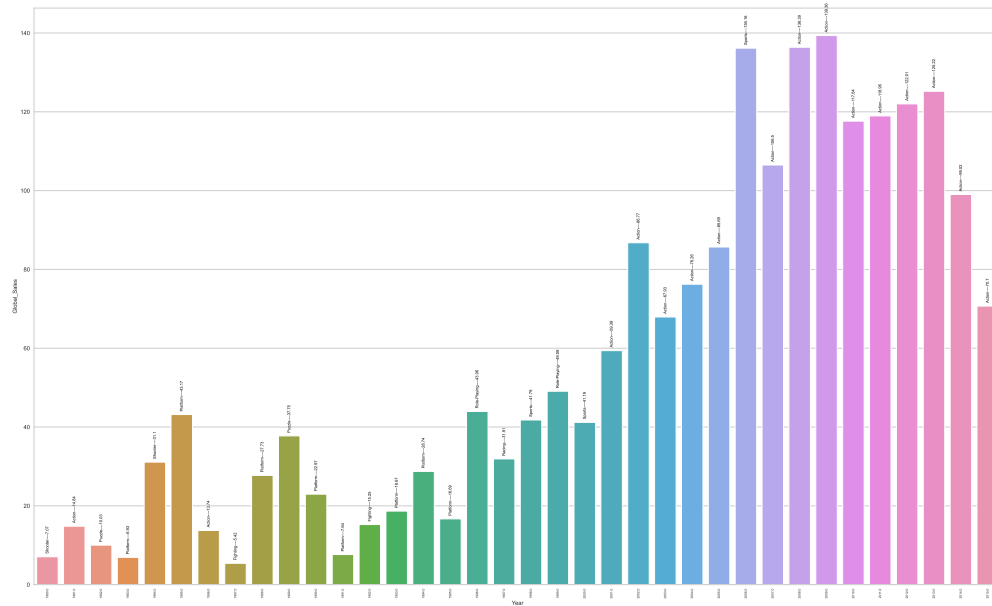


Answer is =>  
 2009 Action —> 272  
 2012 Action —> 266

## 2.6 Which genre game has been sold the most in a single year?

```
year_sale_dx = data.groupby(by=['Year', 'Genre'])\
['Global_Sales'].sum().reset_index()
year_sale = year_sale_dx.groupby(by=['Year'])\
['Global_Sales'].transform(max) == year_sale_dx['Global_Sales']
year_sale_max = year_sale_dx[year_sale].reset_index(drop=True)
# year_sale_max
genre = year_sale_max['Genre']
plt.figure(figsize=(30, 18))
g = sns.barplot(x='Year', y='Global_Sales', data=year_sale_max)
index = 0
for value in year_sale_max['Global_Sales']:
    g.text(index, value + 1, str(genre[index] + '----' + str(round(value, 2))),
           color='#000', size=7, rotation= 90, ha="center")
    index += 1
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=5.5)
```

```
plt.show()
```



**Answer is =>**

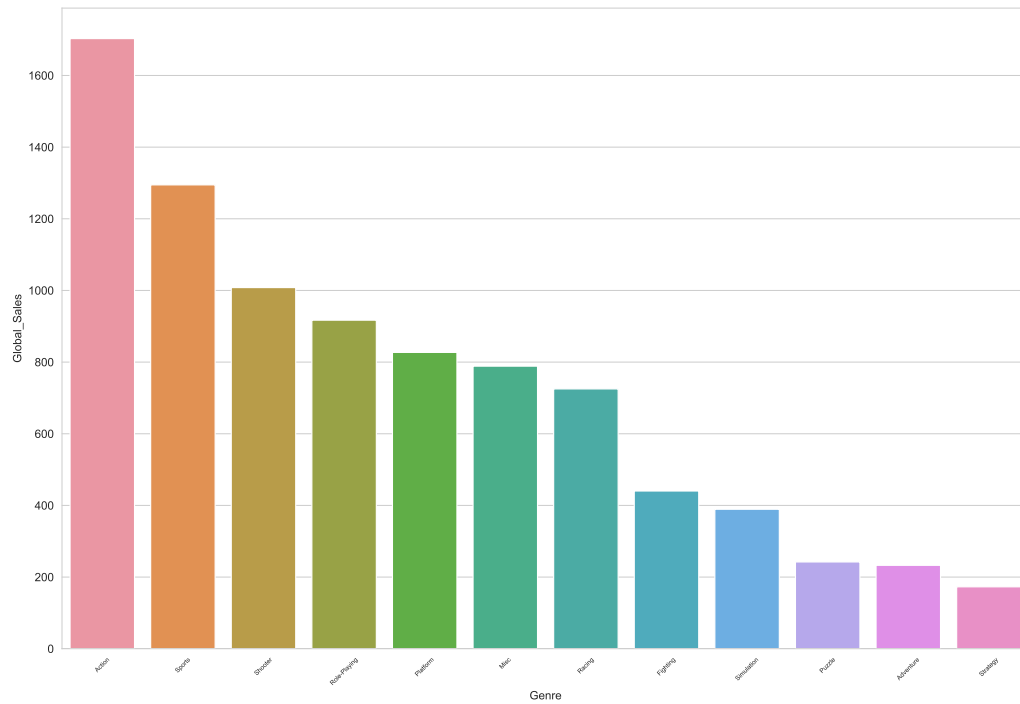
**2009 Action —> 139.36 million**

**2008 Action —> 136.39 million**

## 2.7 Which genre games have the highest sale price globally?

```
data_genre = data.groupby(by=['Genre'])['Global_Sales'].sum()
data_genre = data_genre.reset_index()
data_genre = data_genre.sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False)
# data_genre
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.barplot(x="Genre", y="Global_Sales", data=data_genre)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=5.5)
```

```
plt.show()
```



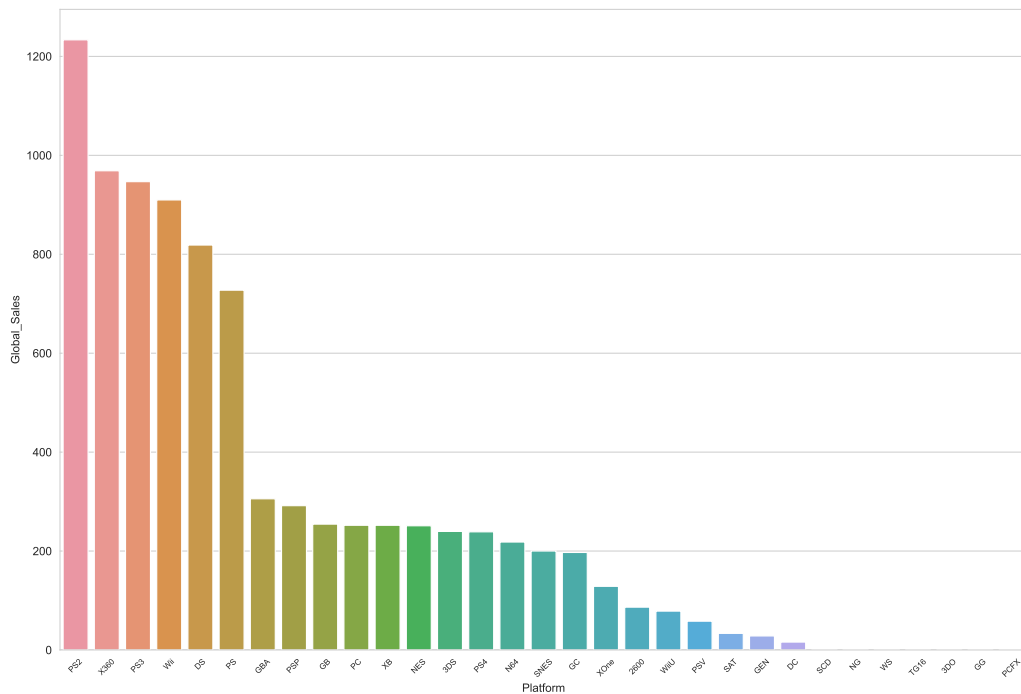
**Action and Sports are always in top**



## 2.8 Which platfrom has the highest sale price globally?

```
data_platform = data.groupby(by=['Platform'])['Global_Sales'].sum()
data_platform = data_platform.reset_index()
data_platform = data_platform.sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False)
# data_platform
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.barplot(x="Platform", y="Global_Sales", data=data_platform)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=7)
```

```
plt.show()
```



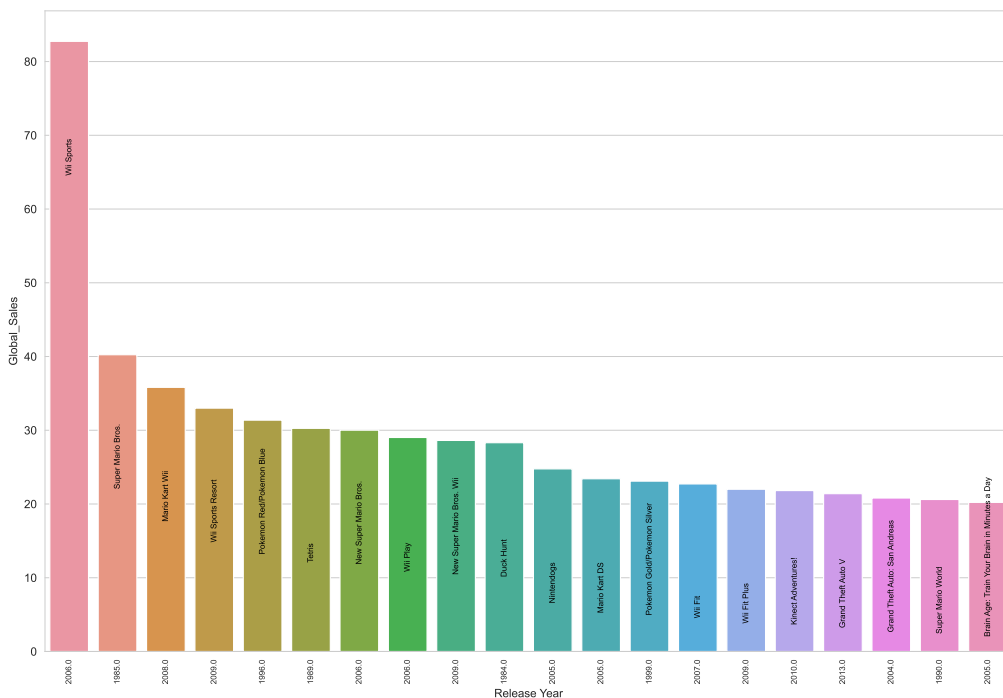
**The winner is PS2**

## 2.9 Which individual game has the highest sale price globally?

The winner is Wii Sports

```
top_game_sale = data.head(20)
top_game_sale = top_game_sale[['Name', 'Year', 'Genre', 'Global_Sales']]
top_game_sale = top_game_sale.sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False)
# top_game_sale
name = top_game_sale['Name']
year = top_game_sale['Year']
y = np.arange(0, 20)
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
g = sns.barplot(x='Name', y='Global_Sales', data=top_game_sale)
index = 0
for value in top_game_sale['Global_Sales']:
    g.text(index, value - 18, name[index],
           color='#000', size=7, rotation= 90, ha="center")
    index += 1
plt.xlabel('Release Year')
plt.xticks(y, top_game_sale['Year'], fontsize=7, rotation=90)
```

```
plt.show()
```



## 2.10 Sales comparison by genre

```
comp_genre = data[['Genre', 'NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales']]  
# comp_genre  
comp_map = comp_genre.groupby(by=['Genre']).sum()  
# comp_map  
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))  
sns.set(font_scale=1)  
sns.heatmap(comp_map, annot=True, fmt = '.1f')  
plt.xticks(fontsize=10)
```

```
plt.yticks(fontsize=10)
```

```
plt.show()
```

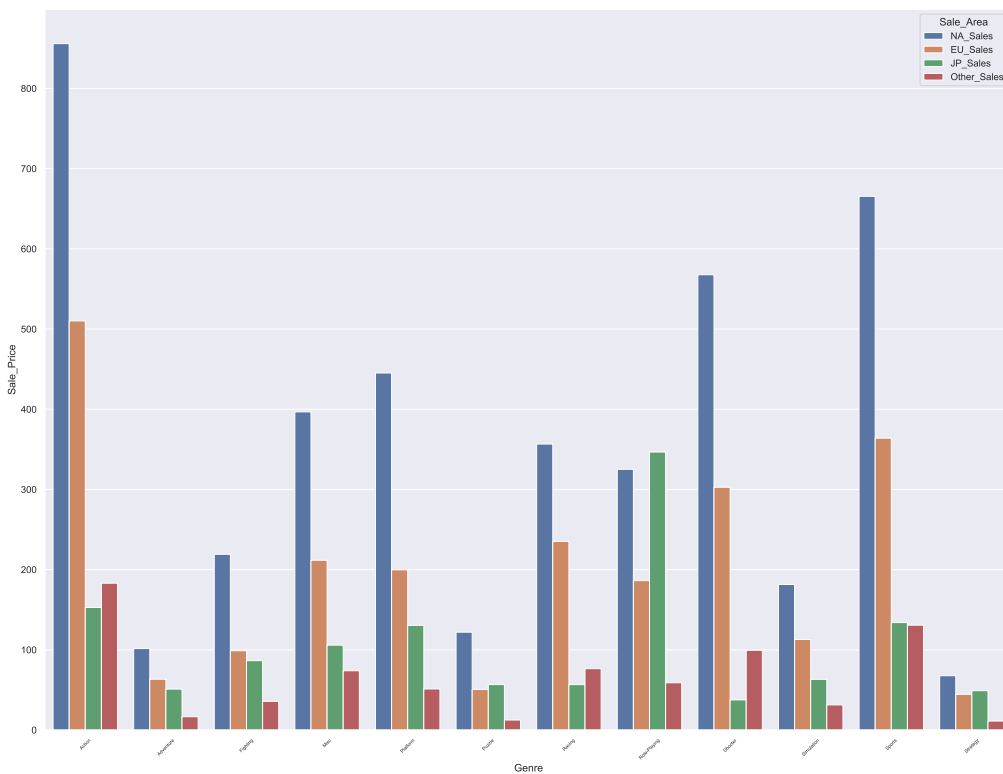


```
comp_table = comp_map.reset_index()
comp_table = pd.melt(comp_table, id_vars=['Genre'],
value_vars=['NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales'],
var_name='Sale_Area', value_name='Sale_Price')
comp_table.head()
```

```
##      Genre Sale_Area  Sale_Price
## 0    Action  NA_Sales      855.90
## 1  Adventure  NA_Sales      101.59
## 2   Fighting  NA_Sales      219.14
## 3      Misc   NA_Sales      396.70
## 4  Platform  NA_Sales      445.20
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
sns.barplot(x='Genre', y='Sale_Price', hue='Sale_Area', data=comp_table)
plt.xticks(rotation=45, fontsize=5.5)
```

```
plt.show()
```



## 2.11 Sales comparison by platform

```
comp_platform = data[['Platform', 'NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales']]
comp_platform.head()
```

```
##   Platform  NA_Sales  EU_Sales  JP_Sales  Other_Sales
## 0      Wii    41.49    29.02     3.77      8.46
## 1      NES    29.08     3.58     6.81      0.77
## 2      Wii    15.85    12.88     3.79      3.31
## 3      Wii    15.75    11.01     3.28      2.96
## 4       GB    11.27     8.89    10.22      1.00
```

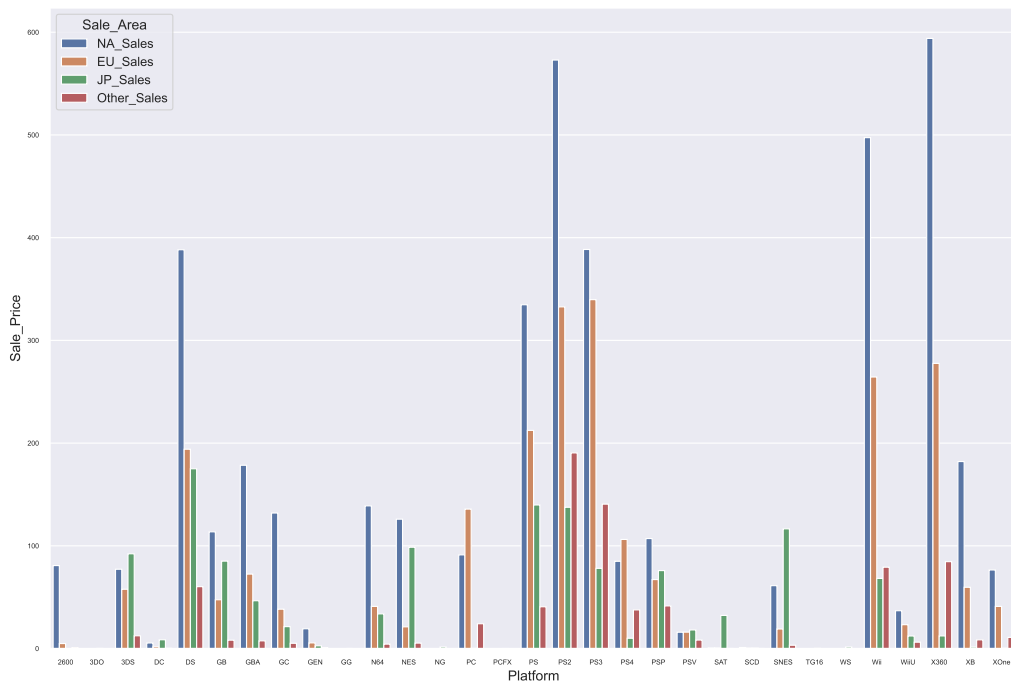
```
comp_platform = comp_platform.groupby(by=['Platform']).sum().reset_index()
# comp_table = comp_map.reset_index()
comp_table = pd.melt(comp_platform, id_vars=['Platform'],
value_vars=['NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales'],
var_name='Sale_Area', value_name='Sale_Price')
comp_table.head()
```

```
##   Platform  Sale_Area  Sale_Price
## 0      2600  NA_Sales      80.78
## 1       3D0  NA_Sales       0.00
## 2       3DS  NA_Sales      77.20
## 3        DC  NA_Sales       5.43
## 4        DS  NA_Sales     388.26
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
sns.barplot(x='Platform', y='Sale_Price', hue='Sale_Area', data=comp_table)
plt.xticks(fontsize=6)
```

```
plt.yticks(fontsize=6)
```

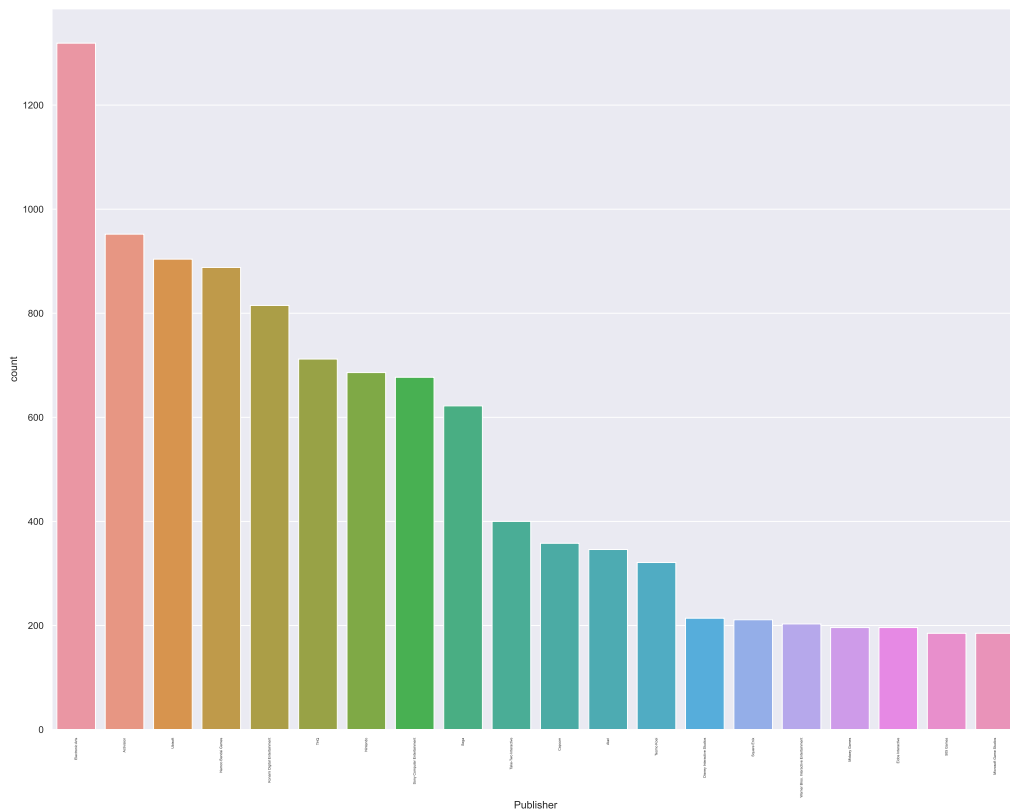
```
plt.show()
```



## 2.12 Top 20 Publisher

```
top_publisher = data.groupby(by=['Publisher'])\
['Year'].count().sort_values(ascending=False).head(20)
top_publisher = pd.DataFrame(top_publisher).reset_index()
# top_publisher
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
sns.countplot(x="Publisher", data=data,
order = data.groupby(by=['Publisher'])\
['Year'].count().sort_values(ascending=False).iloc[:20].index)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=4)
```

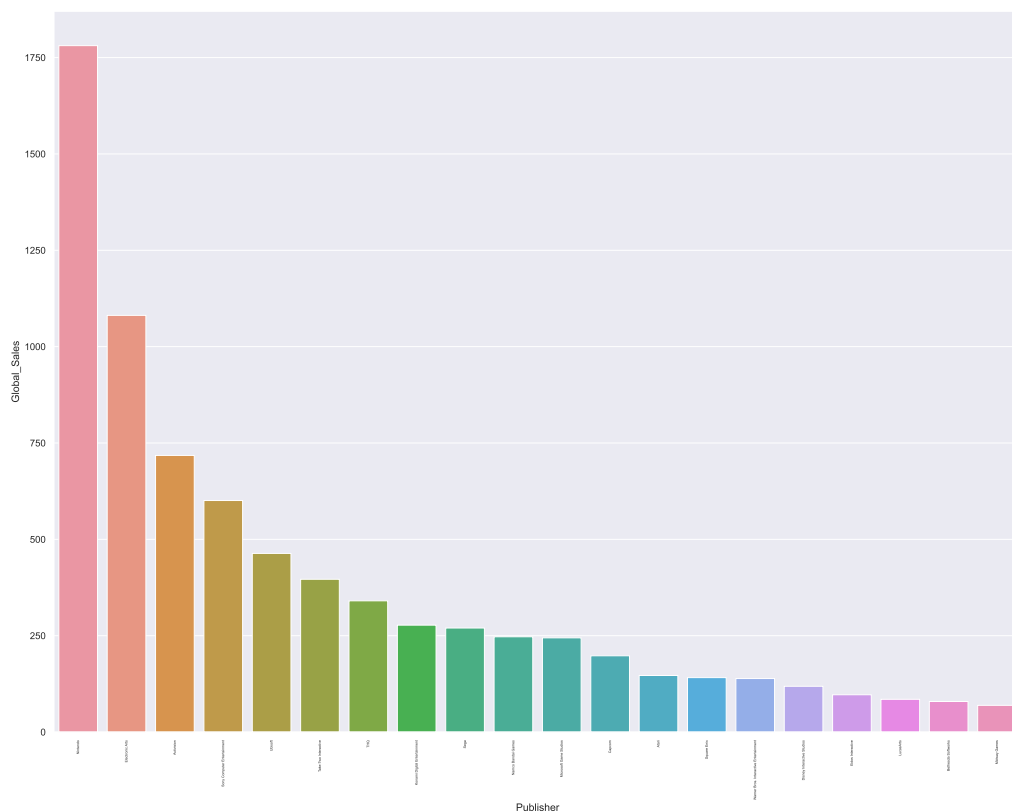
```
plt.show()
```



## 2.13 Top global sales by publisher

```
sale_pbl = data[['Publisher', 'Global_Sales']]
sale_pbl = sale_pbl.groupby('Publisher')\
['Global_Sales'].sum().sort_values(ascending=False).head(20)
sale_pbl = pd.DataFrame(sale_pbl).reset_index()
# sale_pbl
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
sns.barplot(x='Publisher', y='Global_Sales', data=sale_pbl)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=4)
```

```
plt.show()
```





## 2.14 Publisher comparison

```
comp_publisher = data[['Publisher',
'NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales',
'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales',
'Global_Sales']]
comp_publisher.head()
```

```
##  Publisher  NA_Sales  EU_Sales  JP_Sales  Other_Sales  Global_Sales
## 0  Nintendo    41.49    29.02     3.77         8.46         82.74
## 1  Nintendo    29.08     3.58     6.81         0.77         40.24
## 2  Nintendo    15.85    12.88     3.79         3.31         35.82
## 3  Nintendo    15.75    11.01     3.28         2.96         33.00
## 4  Nintendo    11.27     8.89    10.22         1.00         31.37
```

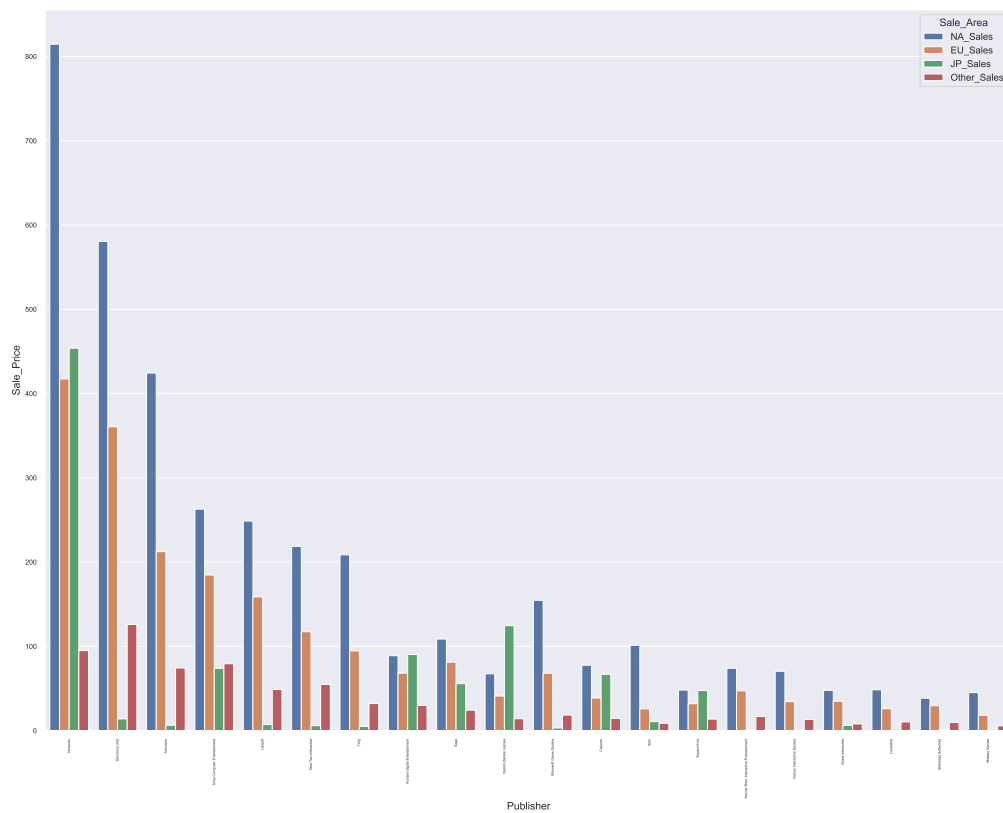
```
comp_publisher = comp_publisher.groupby(by=['Publisher'])\
.sum().reset_index().sort_values(by=['Global_Sales'], ascending=False)
comp_publisher = comp_publisher.head(20)
# comp_publisher
comp_publisher = pd.melt(comp_publisher, id_vars=['Publisher'],\
value_vars=['NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales'],\
var_name='Sale_Area', value_name='Sale_Price')
comp_publisher
```

```
##           Publisher  Sale_Area  Sale_Price
## 0           Nintendo    NA_Sales    814.59
## 1    Electronic Arts    NA_Sales    580.58
## 2       Activision    NA_Sales    424.34
## 3 Sony Computer Entertainment    NA_Sales    262.79
## 4           Ubisoft    NA_Sales    248.69
## ..           ...           ...           ...
## 75 Disney Interactive Studios Other_Sales    13.15
## 76      Eidos Interactive Other_Sales     7.90
## 77           LucasArts Other_Sales    10.28
## 78      Bethesda Softworks Other_Sales     9.81
## 79      Midway Games Other_Sales     5.69
##
## [80 rows x 3 columns]
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 15))
sns.barplot(x='Publisher', y='Sale_Price',
hue='Sale_Area', data=comp_publisher)
plt.xticks(fontsize=4, rotation=90)
```

```
plt.yticks(fontsize=8)
```

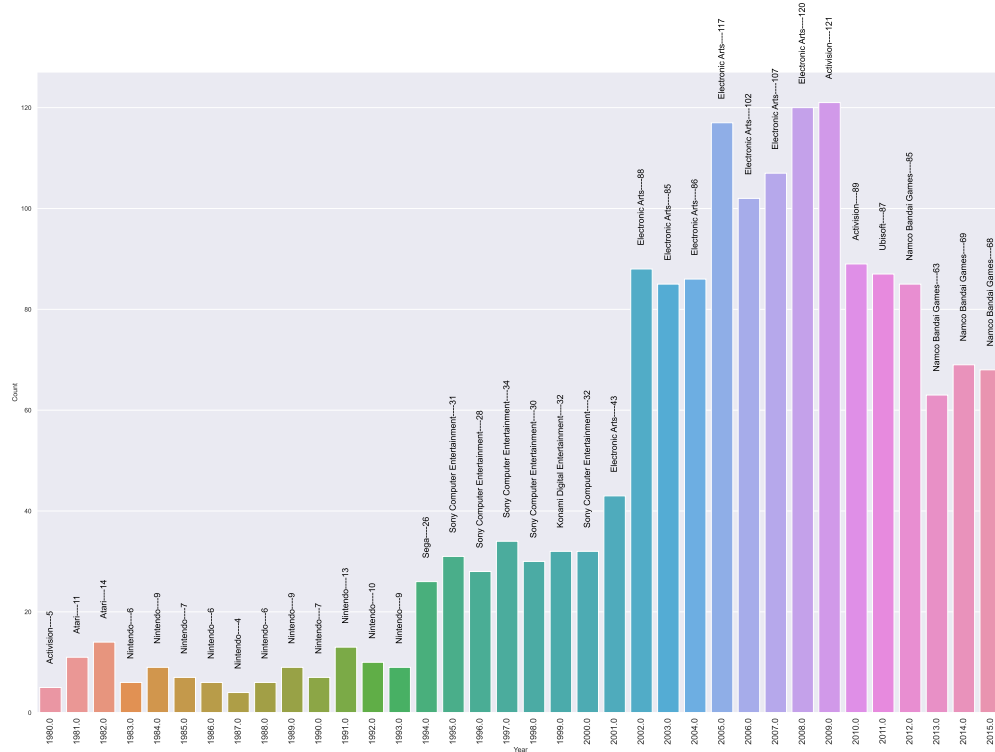
```
plt.show()
```



## 2.15 Top publisher by count each year

```
top_publisher = data[['Year', 'Publisher']]
top_publisher_df = top_publisher.groupby(by=['Year', 'Publisher'])\
.size().reset_index(name='Count')
top_publisher_idx = top_publisher_df.groupby(by=['Year'])\
['Count'].transform(max) == top_publisher_df['Count']
top_publisher_count = top_publisher_df[top_publisher_idx]\
.reset_index(drop=True)
top_publisher_count = top_publisher_count.\
drop_duplicates(subset=["Year", "Count"], keep='last').reset_index(drop=True)
# top_publisher_count
publisher = top_publisher_count['Publisher']
plt.figure(figsize=(30, 20))
g = sns.barplot(x='Year', y='Count', data=top_publisher_count)
index = 0
for value in top_publisher_count['Count'].values:
    # print(asd)
    g.text(index, value + 5, str(publisher[index] + '----' + str(value)),
           color='#000', size=15, rotation= 90, ha="center")
    index += 1
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=15)
```

```
plt.show()
```

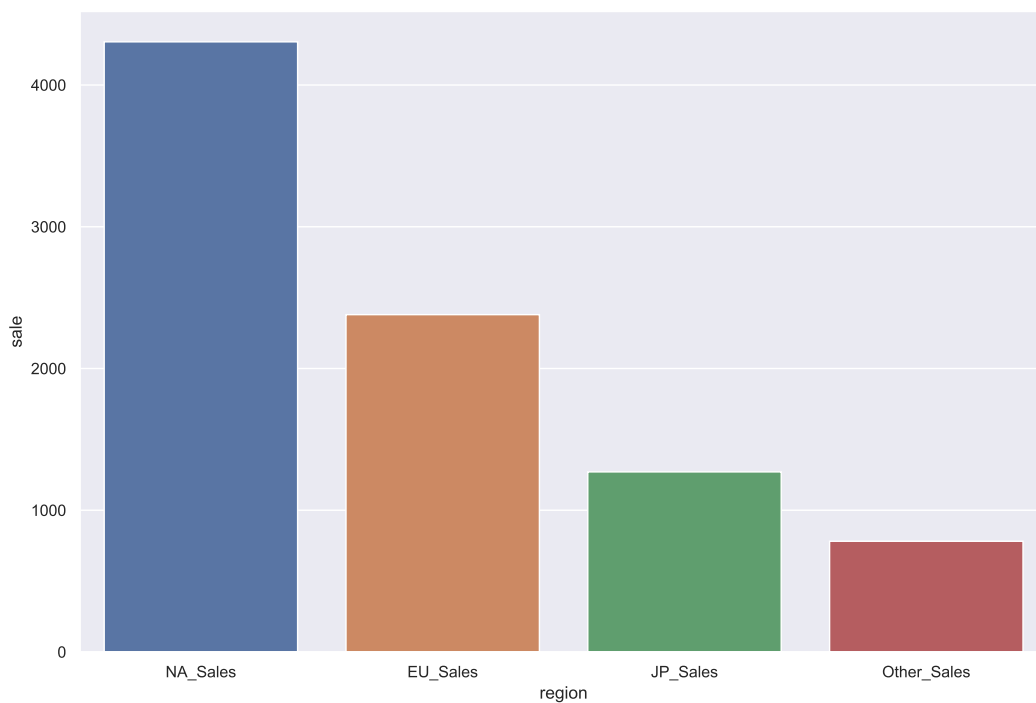


## 2.16 Total revenue by region

```
top_sale_reg = data[['NA_Sales', 'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales']]  
# pd.DataFrame(top_sale_reg.sum(), columns=['a', 'b'])  
top_sale_reg = top_sale_reg.sum().reset_index()  
top_sale_reg = top_sale_reg.rename(columns={"index": "region", 0: "sale"})  
top_sale_reg
```

```
##           region      sale  
## 0    NA_Sales  4304.72  
## 1    EU_Sales  2379.93  
## 2    JP_Sales  1270.55  
## 3  Other_Sales   781.14
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))  
sns.barplot(x='region', y='sale', data = top_sale_reg)
```

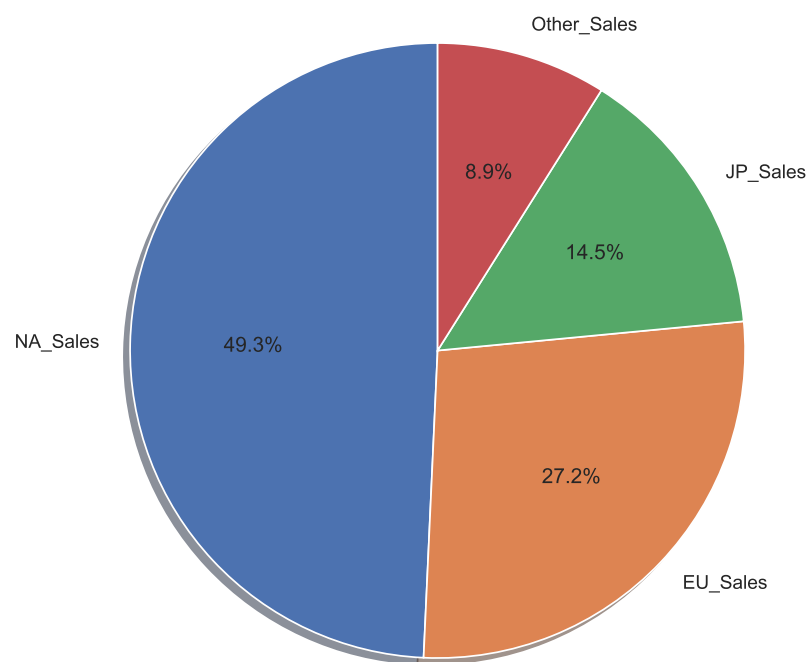


```
plt.show()
```



```
labels = top_sale_reg['region']
sizes = top_sale_reg['sale']
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
plt.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%', shadow=True, startangle=90)
```

```
plt.show()
```



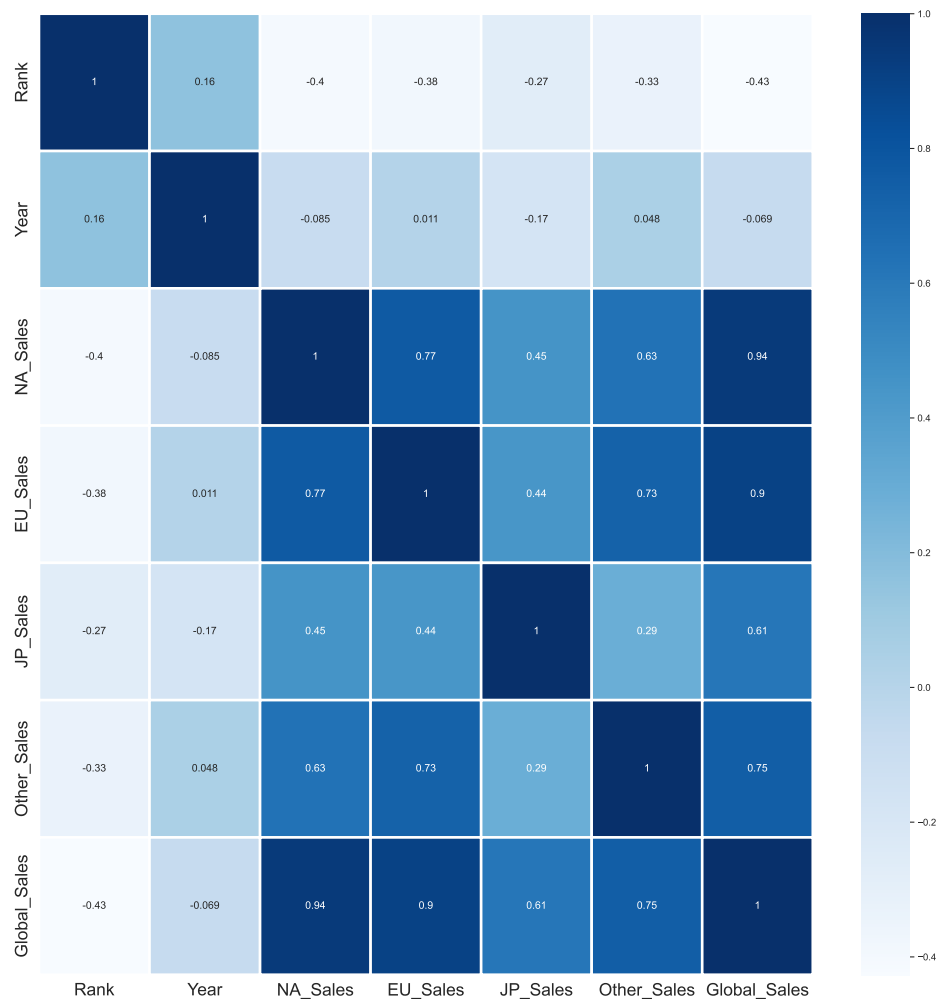
## 2.17 Relations of columns

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
sns.heatmap(data[['Rank', 'Year', 'NA_Sales',
                  'EU_Sales', 'JP_Sales', 'Other_Sales',
                  'Global_Sales']].corr(), cmap = "Blues", annot=True, linewidth=3)
plt.xticks(fontsize=20)
```

```
plt.yticks(fontsize=20)
```

```
plt.show()
```





```
import sys  
print(sys.version)
```

## 3.9.16 (main, Mar 8 2023, 10:39:24) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]

**End**