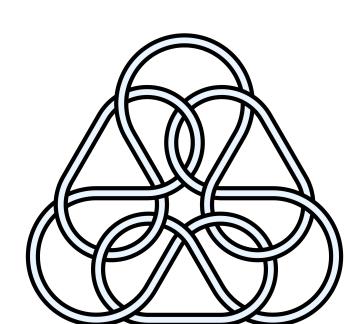
# For Loops

## WHILE LOOP REVIEW

- Three main parts of a while loop
  - 1) Initialization
  - 2) Terminating Condition
  - o 3) Update



#### COUNTER

- Three main parts of a loop
  - 1) Initial condition

```
int j = 0;
while (j < 10) {
    printf("Skip Day Penalty\n");
    j = j + 1;
}</pre>
```



## COUNTER

Three main parts of a loop2) Terminating Condition

```
int j= 0;
while (j < 10) {
    printf("Skip Day Penalty\n");
    j = j + 1;
}
```



## COUNTER

Three main parts of a loop3) Update

```
int j = 0;
while (j < 10) {
    printf("Skip Day Penalty\n");
    j = j + 1;
}</pre>
```



 For Loops combine all three steps into one line of code

```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Skip Day Penalty\n");
}</pre>
```



• Mainly used for iterating over a finite set

```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Skip Day Penalty\n");
}</pre>
```



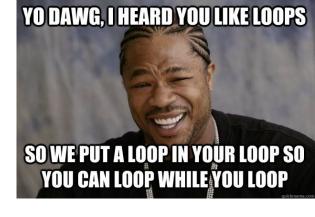
```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    /*Code here*/
}</pre>
```



 A for loop still has all three parts of a loop

Initialization
 i = 0

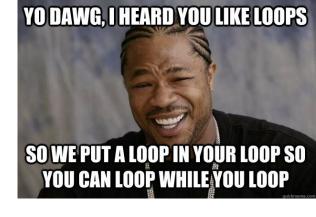
```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    /*Code here*/
}</pre>
```



 A for loop still has all three parts of a loop

2) Update
a) i++

```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    /*Code here*/
}</pre>
```



 A for loop still has all three parts of a loop

3) Terminationa) i < 10</li>

```
int i;
for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    /*Code here*/
}</pre>
```

• Final format

```
SO WE PUT A LOOP IN YOUR LOOP SO YOU CAN LOOP WHILE YOU LOOP
```

```
For (initialization; termination; update) {
   /*Code here*/
}
```

 Modify the box of \*'s → use for loops instead of while loops

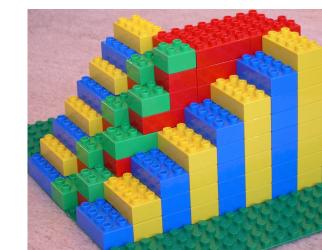


## COMBINING LOOPS AND IF STATEMENTS

 Loops and if statements can be combined as many times as necessary

• Ex: mystery\_while.c

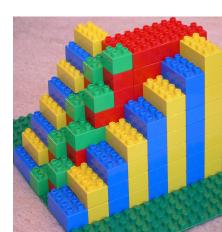
What will this code print? Task: write the output



## COMBINING LOOPS AND IF STATEMENTS

 Loops and if statements can be combined as many times as necessary

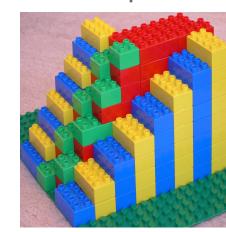
- For each while loop:
  - Find the initialization
  - Find the update
  - Find the terminating condition



## COMBINING LOOPS AND IF STATEMENTS

• For loops combine all three into one step

• Ex: mystery\_for.c



- What will this code print out?
- Where are the initalization / update / terminating steps?