

# Yilun Wang(yilun830@bu.edu) - final project

## convert notebook to html then print as PDF

In [ ]:

```
!jupyter nbconvert --to html /content/Assignment_05_Yilun_Wang.ipynb
```

## main content

In [264]:

```
%matplotlib inline
```

In [329]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import statsmodels.api as sm
import seaborn as sns
```

In [266]:

```
# project tickers
pt = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/ProjectTickers.csv')
```

In [267]:

```
pt.head()
```

Out[267]:

	Ticker	Name	RetYTD
0	A	Agilent Technologies	-0.2080
1	AA	Alcoa Corp	0.4731
2	AAL	American Airlines Gp	0.0579
3	AAN	Aarons Holdings Company	-0.1327
4	AAON	Aaon Inc	-0.3456

In [267]:

## (2) Determine Risk Exposures

In [268]:

```
# upload stock return
data_return = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/efevj68i6ylkiw7c.csv')
```

In [269]:

```
# upload ff factors of year 2017-2021
ff_factors = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/FF-Factors-2017-2021.csv')
```

In [270]:

```
pt.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885
Data columns (total 3 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Ticker   1886 non-null      object
1   Name     1886 non-null      object
2   RetYTD   1886 non-null      float64
dtypes: float64(1), object(2)
memory usage: 44.3+ KB
```

In [271]:

```
data_return.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 114715 entries, 0 to 114714
Data columns (total 4 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   PERMNO  114715 non-null  int64
1   date    114715 non-null  int64
2   TICKER  114653 non-null  object
3   RET     114700 non-null  object
dtypes: int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 3.5+ MB
```

In [272]:

```
# change RET type to float, outliers would be transfer to "NaN"
data_return['RET'] = pd.to_numeric(data_return['RET'], errors='coerce')
```

In [273]:

```
# check again type
data_return.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 114715 entries, 0 to 114714
Data columns (total 4 columns):
 #   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0  PERMNO  114715 non-null    int64
 1  date    114715 non-null    int64
 2  TICKER  114653 non-null    object
 3  RET     114629 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(1)
memory usage: 3.5+ MB
```

In [274]:

```
# check null values
data_return.isna().sum()
```

Out[274]:

```
PERMNO    0
date       0
TICKER    62
RET       86
dtype: int64
```

In [275]:

```
# fill NA with 0
data_return['RET'].fillna(0, inplace=True)
```

In [276]:

```
# check NA again
data_return.isna().sum()
```

Out[276]:

```
PERMNO    0
date       0
TICKER    62
RET        0
dtype: int64
```

In [277]:

```
data_return.head()
```

Out[277]:

	PERMNO	date	TICKER	RET
0	10026	20170131	JJSF	-0.043918
1	10026	20170228	JJSF	0.048836
2	10026	20170331	JJSF	0.016293
3	10026	20170428	JJSF	-0.007229
4	10026	20170531	JJSF	-0.033289

In [278]:

```
ff_factors.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 60 entries, 0 to 59
Data columns (total 5 columns):
#   Column  Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   dateff  60 non-null         int64
1   mktrf   60 non-null         float64
2   smb     60 non-null         float64
3   hml     60 non-null         float64
4   rf      60 non-null         float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(1)
memory usage: 2.5 KB
```

In [279]:

```
ff_factors.head()
```

Out[279]:

	dateff	mktrf	smb	hml	rf
0	20170131	0.0194	-0.0113	-0.0274	0.0004
1	20170228	0.0357	-0.0204	-0.0167	0.0004
2	20170331	0.0017	0.0113	-0.0333	0.0003
3	20170428	0.0109	0.0072	-0.0213	0.0005
4	20170531	0.0106	-0.0252	-0.0375	0.0006

**Rename date column to "date" to match WRDS data "date" column for each stock**

In [280]:

```
# Rename date column to "date" to match WRDS data "date" column for each stock
ff_factors.rename(columns={'dateff': 'date'}, inplace=True)
ff_factors.head()
```

Out[280]:

	date	mktrf	smb	hml	rf
0	20170131	0.0194	-0.0113	-0.0274	0.0004
1	20170228	0.0357	-0.0204	-0.0167	0.0004
2	20170331	0.0017	0.0113	-0.0333	0.0003
3	20170428	0.0109	0.0072	-0.0213	0.0005
4	20170531	0.0106	-0.0252	-0.0375	0.0006

## Create loops for each stock to get new dataframe for each stock's monthly data

### create a vacant dataframe for final outputs

In [281]:

```
# create a vacant dataframe for final outputs
final_outputs = pd.DataFrame(columns=['TICKER', 'mktrf', 'smb', 'hml'])
final_outputs.head()
```

Out[281]:

TICKER	mktrf	smb	hml
--------	-------	-----	-----

### create loop

In [282]:

```

for x in pt['TICKER']:
    # create new df for x stock
    x_data = data_return[data_return["TICKER"] == x]

    # merge x_data & ff_factors for each x
    x_ff = pd.merge(x_data, ff_factors, on='date', how='outer')

    # Run OLS regression for each x (60 months) using FF 3-factor model
    y = x_ff["RET"] - x_ff["rf"]
    X = x_ff[['mktrf', 'smb', 'hml']]

    # Use statsmodels
    X = sm.add_constant(X) # adding a constant
    model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()

    # create a new df for our necessary parameters
    # model.params has 4 numbers: alpha/mktrf/smb/hml
    # tickers = X.name, and we also have other two r-squareds.
    # As a result, we get a new df with 7 parameters as following:
    new=pd.DataFrame({'mktrf': [model.params[1]],
                      'smb': [model.params[2]],
                      'hml': [model.params[3]],
                      'TICKER': [x]
                      })

    # Store the above items (TICKER, R-squared, Adj. R-squared, const, mktrf, smb,
    hml) to a row in the final_outputs dataframe.
    final_outputs=final_outputs.append(new,ignore_index=True)
    # finish!

```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:1
17: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of co
ncat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
x = pd.concat(x[:,order], 1)

```

In [283]:

```
# check our final results
final_outputs.head(20)
```

Out[283]:

	TICKER	mktrf	smb	hml
0	A	1.014152	-0.253674	-0.143608
1	AA	1.984149	0.527862	1.924844
2	AAL	1.315550	0.612825	1.248123
3	AAN	1.640807	0.141355	0.841349
4	AAON	0.516779	0.422130	-0.117068
5	AAP	1.112646	0.123161	0.469651
6	AAPL	1.314647	-0.344850	-0.714986
7	AAT	1.007945	0.384752	0.685424
8	AAWW	0.971779	0.591275	0.283819
9	ABBV	0.774071	0.083434	0.204134
10	ABC	0.520776	-0.279820	-0.040484
11	ABCB	0.893665	1.158212	1.270126
12	ABG	1.277690	0.165531	1.103423
13	ABM	1.238217	-0.426307	0.524660
14	ABMD	1.302492	0.935928	-1.006187
15	ABR	1.625833	0.853485	0.547468
16	ABT	0.764430	-0.304822	-0.266568
17	ABTX	0.717397	0.892790	0.768598
18	ABUS	2.344090	2.002693	0.223151
19	ACAD	0.540352	0.984864	-0.459562

In [284]:

```
final_outputs.isna().sum()
```

Out[284]:

```
TICKER      0
mktrf       0
smb         0
hml         0
dtype: int64
```

**Write the contents of the dataframe to a CSV file with the name "FF-Exposures.csv"**

In [285]:

```
final_outputs.to_csv("FF-Exposures.csv")
```

### (3) Calculate Financial Ratios

In [286]:

```
# import financials
fin = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/Project-2021-Financials.csv')
```

In [287]:

```
fin.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885
Data columns (total 21 columns):
 #   Column      Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   gvkey       1886 non-null   int64
 1   datadate    1886 non-null   int64
 2   fyear       1886 non-null   int64
 3   indfmt      1886 non-null   object
 4   consol     1886 non-null   object
 5   popsrc      1886 non-null   object
 6   datafmt     1886 non-null   object
 7   tic         1886 non-null   object
 8   curcd       1886 non-null   object
 9   at          1886 non-null   float64
10   ceq         1886 non-null   float64
11   csho        1886 non-null   float64
12   dt          1649 non-null   float64
13   ebit        1886 non-null   float64
14   lt          1881 non-null   float64
15   ni          1886 non-null   float64
16   oancf       1885 non-null   float64
17   sale        1886 non-null   float64
18   seq         1886 non-null   float64
19   costat      1886 non-null   object
20   prcc_c      1886 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(11), int64(3), object(7)
memory usage: 309.5+ KB
```



In [288]:

```
# rename column
fin.rename(columns={'tic':'Ticker'}, inplace=True)
fin.head()
```

Out[288]:

	gvkey	datadate	fyear	indfmt	consol	popsrc	datafmt	Ticker	curcd	at	...
0	1004	20210531	2020	INDL	C	D	STD	AIR	USD	1539.700	...
1	1045	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AAL	USD	66467.000	...
2	1075	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	PNW	USD	22003.222	...
3	1078	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	ABT	USD	75196.000	...
4	1161	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AMD	USD	12419.000	...

5 rows x 21 columns

In [289]:

```
# merge two datasets
df = pd.merge(fin, pt, how='outer', on='Ticker')
```

In [290]:

```
df.head()
```

Out[290]:

	gvkey	datadate	fyear	indfmt	consol	popsrc	datafmt	Ticker	curcd	at	...
0	1004	20210531	2020	INDL	C	D	STD	AIR	USD	1539.700	...
1	1045	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AAL	USD	66467.000	...
2	1075	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	PNW	USD	22003.222	...
3	1078	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	ABT	USD	75196.000	...
4	1161	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AMD	USD	12419.000	...

5 rows x 23 columns

# Create ratios

In [291]:

```
# create 4 market ratios and take the inverse
df['book/price'] = df['ceq'] / (df['prcc_c'] * df['csho'])
df['e/price'] = df['ni'] / (df['prcc_c'] * df['csho'])
df['sale/price'] = df['sale'] / (df['prcc_c'] * df['csho'])
df['ebit/price'] = df['ebit'] / (df['prcc_c'] * df['csho'])

# create 6 other ratios
df['price/cashflow'] = (df['prcc_c'] * df['csho']) / df['oancf']
df['totaldebt/totalassets'] = df['dt'] / df['at']
df['totaldebt/equity'] = df['lt'] / df['seq']
df['roa'] = df['ebit'] / df['at']
df['totaldebt/totalliabilies'] = df['lt'] / df['at']
df['totaldebt/capital'] = df['dt'] / (df['dt'] + df['ceq'])
```

In [292]:

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Int64Index: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885
```

```
Data columns (total 33 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	gvkey	1886 non-null	int64
1	datadate	1886 non-null	int64
2	fyear	1886 non-null	int64
3	indfmt	1886 non-null	object
4	consol	1886 non-null	object
5	popsrc	1886 non-null	object
6	datafmt	1886 non-null	object
7	Ticker	1886 non-null	object
8	curcd	1886 non-null	object
9	at	1886 non-null	float64
10	ceq	1886 non-null	float64
11	csho	1886 non-null	float64
12	dt	1649 non-null	float64
13	ebit	1886 non-null	float64
14	lt	1881 non-null	float64
15	ni	1886 non-null	float64
16	oancf	1885 non-null	float64
17	sale	1886 non-null	float64
18	seq	1886 non-null	float64
19	costat	1886 non-null	object
20	prcc_c	1886 non-null	float64
21	Name	1886 non-null	object
22	RetYTD	1886 non-null	float64
23	book/price	1886 non-null	float64
24	e/price	1886 non-null	float64
25	sale/price	1886 non-null	float64
26	ebit/price	1886 non-null	float64
27	price/cashflow	1885 non-null	float64
28	totaldebt/totalassets	1649 non-null	float64
29	totaldebt/equity	1881 non-null	float64
30	roa	1886 non-null	float64
31	totaldebt/totalliabilities	1881 non-null	float64
32	totaldebt/capital	1649 non-null	float64

```
dtypes: float64(22), int64(3), object(8)
```

```
memory usage: 501.0+ KB
```

In [293]:

```
# check null value
df.isna().sum()
```

Out[293]:

```
gvkey          0
datadate       0
fyear          0
indfmt         0
consol         0
popsrc         0
datafmt        0
Ticker         0
curcd          0
at             0
ceq            0
csho           0
dt             237
ebit           0
lt             5
ni             0
oancf          1
sale           0
seq            0
costat         0
prcc_c         0
Name           0
RetYTD         0
book/price     0
e/price        0
sale/price     0
ebit/price     0
price/cashflow 1
totaldebt/totalassets 237
totaldebt/equity 5
roa            0
totaldebt/totalliabilities 5
totaldebt/capital 237
dtype: int64
```

## Winsorize

In [294]:

```
#import winsorize
from scipy.stats.mstats import winsorize
```

**winsorize for price/cashflow:**

In [295]:

```
# winsorize
df['price/cashflow'] = winsorize(df['price/cashflow'], (0.01,0.01))
df['price/cashflow'].describe()
```

Out[295]:

```
count      1886.000000
mean        18.696278
std         49.327257
min        -142.704032
25%          5.901279
50%         12.229813
75%         23.454398
max         340.564298
Name: price/cashflow, dtype: float64
```

## winsorize for totaldebt/totalassets:

In [296]:

```
# because we lose 237 values, which is a lot. So we fill the NA with average value
df['totaldebt/totalassets'].fillna(df['totaldebt/totalassets'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['totaldebt/totalassets'].describe()
```

Out[296]:

```
count      1886.000000
mean         0.330024
std          0.237333
min           0.000000
25%           0.176501
50%           0.330024
75%           0.430186
max           3.165332
Name: totaldebt/totalassets, dtype: float64
```

## winsorize for totaldebt/equity:

In [297]:

```
# winsorize
df['totaldebt/equity'] = winsorize(df['totaldebt/equity'], (0.01,0.01))
df['totaldebt/equity'].describe()
```

Out[297]:

```
count      1886.000000
mean         2.755861
std          5.741946
min        -24.094786
25%          0.759778
50%          1.538695
75%          3.468388
max          31.522617
Name: totaldebt/equity, dtype: float64
```

## winsorize for totaldebt/totalliabilities:

In [298]:

```
# winsorize
df['totaldebt/totalliabilities'] = winsorize(df['totaldebt/totalliabilities'], (0.01,0.01))
df['totaldebt/totalliabilities'].describe()
```

Out[298]:

```
count      1886.000000
mean         0.631315
std          0.256761
min          0.086737
25%          0.460233
50%          0.633081
75%          0.802777
max          1.552428
Name: totaldebt/totalliabilities, dtype: float64
```

## winsorize for totaldebt/capital:

In [299]:

```
# winsorize
df['totaldebt/capital'].fillna(df['totaldebt/capital'].mean(), inplace=True)
df['totaldebt/capital'].describe()
```

Out[299]:

```
count      1886.000000
mean         0.470835
std          0.392527
min         -3.714286
25%          0.276201
50%          0.470835
75%          0.588980
max          6.584568
Name: totaldebt/capital, dtype: float64
```

double check:

In [300]:

```
df.isna().sum()
```

Out[300]:

gvkey	0
datadate	0
fyear	0
indfmt	0
consol	0
popsrc	0
datafmt	0
Ticker	0
curcd	0
at	0
ceq	0
csho	0
dt	237
ebit	0
lt	5
ni	0
oancf	1
sale	0
seq	0
costat	0
prcc_c	0
Name	0
RetYTD	0
book/price	0
e/price	0
sale/price	0
ebit/price	0
price/cashflow	0
totaldebt/totalassets	0
totaldebt/equity	0
roa	0
totaldebt/totalliabilities	0
totaldebt/capital	0
dtype: int64	

Save variables to new csv

In [301]:

```
# save 10 ratios and ticker symbol to new dataframe
new=pd.DataFrame({'Ticker': df['Ticker'],
                  'book/price': df['book/price'],
                  'e/price': df['e/price'],
                  'sale/price': df['sale/price'],
                  'ebit/price': df['ebit/price'],
                  'price/cashflow': df['price/cashflow'],
                  'totaldebt/totalassets': df['totaldebt/totalassets'],
                  'totaldebt/equity': df['totaldebt/equity'],
                  'roa': df['roa'],
                  'totaldebt/totalliabilities': df['totaldebt/totalliabilities'],
                  'totaldebt/capital': df['totaldebt/capital'],
                  })

new.head(5)
```

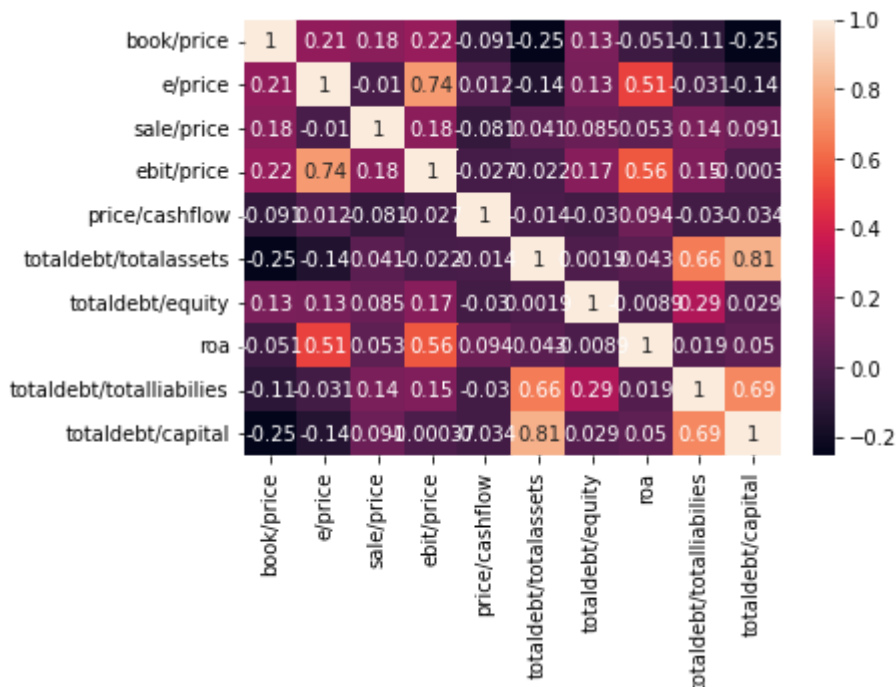
Out[301]:

	Ticker	book/price	e/price	sale/price	ebit/price	price/cashflow	totaldebt/totalassets	t
0	AIR	0.760488	0.027941	1.288865	0.051121	12.179491	0.133208	
1	AAL	-0.630953	-0.171320	2.568684	-0.473988	16.524425	0.694736	
2	PNW	0.740913	0.077616	0.477178	0.101023	9.269055	0.330024	
3	ABT	0.144202	0.028480	0.173496	0.036113	23.571338	0.256011	
4	AMD	0.043164	0.018205	0.094618	0.021176	49.328969	0.058942	

plot the heatmap

In [330]:

```
sns.heatmap(new.corr(), annot=True)
plt.show()
```





In [302]:

```
# dataframe to csv
new.to_csv("Fin-Ratios.csv")
```

## (4) Industry Indicators

In [303]:

```
# import temGICS.csv
temp = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-session02/main/tempGICSS.csv')
```

In [304]:

```
# import project tickers.csv
data1 = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-session02/main/ProjectTickers.csv')
```

In [305]:

```
temp.isna().sum()
```

Out[305]:

```
gvkey      0
datadate   0
fyear      0
indfmt     0
consol     0
popsrc     0
datafmt    0
tic        0
curcd      0
costat     0
ggroup     0
dtype: int64
```

In [306]:

```
data1.isna().sum()
```

Out[306]:

```
Ticker      0
Name        0
RetYTD      0
dtype: int64
```

In [307]:

```
# rename column
temp.rename(columns={'tic':'Ticker'}, inplace=True)
temp.head()
```

Out[307]:

	gvkey	datadate	fyear	indfmt	consol	popsrc	datafmt	Ticker	curcd	costat	ggroup
0	1004	20210531	2020	INDL	C	D	STD	AIR	USD	A	2010
1	1045	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AAL	USD	A	2030
2	1075	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	PNW	USD	A	5510
3	1078	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	ABT	USD	A	3510
4	1161	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AMD	USD	A	4530

In [308]:

```
# merge two datasets
df2 = pd.merge(temp, data1, how='outer', on='Ticker')
```

In [309]:

```
df2.head()
```

Out[309]:

	gvkey	datadate	fyear	indfmt	consol	popsrc	datafmt	Ticker	curcd	costat	ggroup
0	1004	20210531	2020	INDL	C	D	STD	AIR	USD	A	2010
1	1045	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AAL	USD	A	2030
2	1075	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	PNW	USD	A	5510
3	1078	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	ABT	USD	A	3510
4	1161	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AMD	USD	A	4530

In [310]:

```
# get dummy
df2 = pd.get_dummies(df2, columns=[ 'ggrou' ])
df2.head()
```

Out[310]:

	gvkey	datadate	fyear	indfmt	consol	popsrc	datafmt	Ticker	curcd	costat	...	ggrou
0	1004	20210531	2020	INDL	C	D	STD	AIR	USD	A	...	
1	1045	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AAL	USD	A	...	
2	1075	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	PNW	USD	A	...	
3	1078	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	ABT	USD	A	...	
4	1161	20211231	2021	INDL	C	D	STD	AMD	USD	A	...	

5 rows × 36 columns



In [311]:

df2.info()

&lt;class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'&gt;

Int64Index: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885

Data columns (total 36 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	gvkey	1886 non-null	int64
1	datadate	1886 non-null	int64
2	fyear	1886 non-null	int64
3	indfmt	1886 non-null	object
4	consol	1886 non-null	object
5	popsrc	1886 non-null	object
6	datafmt	1886 non-null	object
7	Ticker	1886 non-null	object
8	curcd	1886 non-null	object
9	costat	1886 non-null	object
10	Name	1886 non-null	object
11	RetYTD	1886 non-null	float64
12	gggroup_1010	1886 non-null	uint8
13	gggroup_1510	1886 non-null	uint8
14	gggroup_2010	1886 non-null	uint8
15	gggroup_2020	1886 non-null	uint8
16	gggroup_2030	1886 non-null	uint8
17	gggroup_2510	1886 non-null	uint8
18	gggroup_2520	1886 non-null	uint8
19	gggroup_2530	1886 non-null	uint8
20	gggroup_2550	1886 non-null	uint8
21	gggroup_3010	1886 non-null	uint8
22	gggroup_3020	1886 non-null	uint8
23	gggroup_3030	1886 non-null	uint8
24	gggroup_3510	1886 non-null	uint8
25	gggroup_3520	1886 non-null	uint8
26	gggroup_4010	1886 non-null	uint8
27	gggroup_4020	1886 non-null	uint8
28	gggroup_4030	1886 non-null	uint8
29	gggroup_4510	1886 non-null	uint8
30	gggroup_4520	1886 non-null	uint8
31	gggroup_4530	1886 non-null	uint8
32	gggroup_5010	1886 non-null	uint8
33	gggroup_5020	1886 non-null	uint8
34	gggroup_5510	1886 non-null	uint8
35	gggroup_6010	1886 non-null	uint8

dtypes: float64(1), int64(3), object(8), uint8(24)

memory usage: 235.8+ KB

In [312]:

```
# delete useless columns
del df2['gvkey']
del df2['datadate']
del df2['fyear']
del df2['indfmt']
del df2['consol']
del df2['popsrc']
del df2['datafmt']
del df2['curcd']
del df2['costat']
del df2['Name']
del df2['RetYTD']
```

In [313]:

```
df2.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885
Data columns (total 25 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Ticker                 1886 non-null   object
1   ggroup_1010            1886 non-null   uint8
2   ggroup_1510            1886 non-null   uint8
3   ggroup_2010            1886 non-null   uint8
4   ggroup_2020            1886 non-null   uint8
5   ggroup_2030            1886 non-null   uint8
6   ggroup_2510            1886 non-null   uint8
7   ggroup_2520            1886 non-null   uint8
8   ggroup_2530            1886 non-null   uint8
9   ggroup_2550            1886 non-null   uint8
10  ggroup_3010            1886 non-null   uint8
11  ggroup_3020            1886 non-null   uint8
12  ggroup_3030            1886 non-null   uint8
13  ggroup_3510            1886 non-null   uint8
14  ggroup_3520            1886 non-null   uint8
15  ggroup_4010            1886 non-null   uint8
16  ggroup_4020            1886 non-null   uint8
17  ggroup_4030            1886 non-null   uint8
18  ggroup_4510            1886 non-null   uint8
19  ggroup_4520            1886 non-null   uint8
20  ggroup_4530            1886 non-null   uint8
21  ggroup_5010            1886 non-null   uint8
22  ggroup_5020            1886 non-null   uint8
23  ggroup_5510            1886 non-null   uint8
24  ggroup_6010            1886 non-null   uint8
dtypes: object(1), uint8(24)
memory usage: 73.7+ KB
```

## Save variables to new csv

In [314]:

```
# dataframe to csv
df2.to_csv("Industry.csv")
```

## (5) Run OLS explanatory for 4 categories

### a. Risk Regressions:

In [315]:

```
# import FF exposures csv
ffl=pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/FF-Exposures.csv')
```

In [316]:

```
# rename column
ffl.rename(columns={'TICKER':'Ticker'}, inplace=True)
```

In [317]:

```
# merge FF exposures and tickers retYTD
dfa = pd.merge(ffl, pt, how='outer', on='Ticker')
```

In [318]:

```
dfa.head()
```

Out[318]:

	Unnamed: 0	Ticker	mktrf	smb	hml	Name	RetYTD
0	0	A	1.014152	-0.253674	-0.143608	Agilent Technologies	-0.2080
1	1	AA	1.984149	0.527862	1.924844	Alcoa Corp	0.4731
2	2	AAL	1.315550	0.612825	1.248123	American Airlines Gp	0.0579
3	3	AAN	1.640807	0.141355	0.841349	Aarons Holdings Company	-0.1327
4	4	AAON	0.516779	0.422130	-0.117068	Aaon Inc	-0.3456

In [319]:

```
# Run OLS regression
y = dfa["RetYTD"]
X = dfa[['mktrf', 'smb', 'hml']]
# Use statsmodels
X = sm.add_constant(X) # adding a constant
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
model.summary()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:1
17: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of co
ncat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
    x = pd.concat(x[::order], 1)
```

Out[319]:

OLS Regression Results

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	RetYTD	<b>R-squared:</b>	0.095
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	0.093
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	65.51
<b>Date:</b>	Thu, 28 Apr 2022	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	2.76e-40
<b>Time:</b>	01:50:54	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	79.945
<b>No. Observations:</b>	1886	<b>AIC:</b>	-151.9
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	1882	<b>BIC:</b>	-129.7
<b>Df Model:</b>	3		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
<b>const</b>	-0.0981	0.011	-8.783	0.000	-0.120	-0.076
<b>mktrf</b>	0.0082	0.009	0.957	0.339	-0.009	0.025
<b>smb</b>	-0.0120	0.004	-2.736	0.006	-0.021	-0.003
<b>hml</b>	0.1068	0.008	13.814	0.000	0.092	0.122

<b>Omnibus:</b>	642.171	<b>Durbin-Watson:</b>	2.005
<b>Prob(Omnibus):</b>	0.000	<b>Jarque-Bera (JB):</b>	3599.566
<b>Skew:</b>	1.492	<b>Prob(JB):</b>	0.00
<b>Kurtosis:</b>	9.074	<b>Cond. No.</b>	4.56

Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

Through the regression, we can find the R-squared is 0.095 and Adj.R-squared is 0.093, which is not good. The explanatory level is low. Also, mktrf and hml's coefficient are positive(0.0082 and 0.1068), which means the size and market exposure have positive effect on stock return. Finally, the negative coefficient(-0.0120) of smb means that size exposure has negative effect on stock return.

**h Financial Characteristics**



In [320]:

```
# import fin ratios csv
ff2=pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/Fin-Ratios.csv')

# merge FF exposures and tickers retYTD
dfb = pd.merge(ff2, pt, how='outer', on='Ticker')

# Run OLS regression
y = dfb["RetYTD"]
X = dfb[['book/price' , 'e/price' , 'sale/price','ebit/price','price/cashflow',
        'totaldebt/totalassets','totaldebt/equity','roa','totaldebt/totalliabilities','totaldebt/capital']]

# Use statsmodels
X = sm.add_constant(X) # adding a constant
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
model.summary()
```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:1
17: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of co
ncat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
  x = pd.concat(x[:,order], 1)

```

Out[320]:

#### OLS Regression Results

Dep. Variable:	RetYTD	R-squared:	0.085			
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared:	0.080			
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	17.46			
Date:	Thu, 28 Apr 2022	Prob (F-statistic):	9.87e-31			
Time:	01:50:54	Log-Likelihood:	70.268			
No. Observations:	1886	AIC:	-118.5			
Df Residuals:	1875	BIC:	-57.57			
Df Model:	10					
Covariance Type:	nonrobust					
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
const	-0.1639	0.017	-9.731	0.000	-0.197	-0.131
book/price	0.1370	0.014	9.704	0.000	0.109	0.165
e/price	-0.1240	0.063	-1.965	0.050	-0.248	-0.000
sale/price	0.0130	0.004	3.251	0.001	0.005	0.021
ebit/price	0.1436	0.071	2.020	0.043	0.004	0.283
price/cashflow	-0.0001	0.000	-1.105	0.269	-0.000	9.49e-05
totaldebt/totalassets	0.0759	0.041	1.855	0.064	-0.004	0.156
totaldebt/equity	-0.0020	0.001	-1.976	0.048	-0.004	-1.49e-05
roa	0.1464	0.044	3.322	0.001	0.060	0.233
totaldebt/totalliabilities	-0.0155	0.033	-0.463	0.644	-0.081	0.050
totaldebt/capital	0.0277	0.026	1.078	0.281	-0.023	0.078
Omnibus:	649.740	Durbin-Watson:	1.948			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	4325.518			
Skew:	1.454	Prob(JB):	0.00			
Kurtosis:	9.826	Cond. No.	849.			

#### Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

Through the regression, we can find the R-squared is 0.085 and Adj.R-squared is 0.080, which is not good. The explanatory level is low. Also, (book/price, sale/price, ebit/price, totaldebt/ totalassets, roa, totaldebt/capital)'s coefficient are positive, which means they have posive effect on stock return. Finally, the negative coefficient of (e/price, price/cashflow, totaldebt/equity, totaldebt/totalliabilities) means that they have negative effect on stock return.

c. Industry Dummies:

In [321]:

```
# import fin ratios csv
ff3=pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/Industry.csv')

# merge FF exposures and tickers retYTD
dfc = pd.merge(ff3, pt, how='outer', on='Ticker')
```

In [322]:

```
dfc.head()
```

Out[322]:

Unnamed: 0	Ticker	ggroup_1010	ggroup_1510	ggroup_2010	ggroup_2020	ggroup_2030	gc
0	0	AIR	0	0	1	0	0
1	1	AAL	0	0	0	0	1
2	2	PNW	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	ABT	0	0	0	0	0
4	4	AMD	0	0	0	0	0

5 rows × 28 columns

In [323]:

```
# Run OLS regression
y = dfc["RetYTD"]
X = dfc.iloc[:,2:-2]

# Use statsmodels
X = sm.add_constant(X) # adding a constant
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
model.summary()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:17: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
  x = pd.concat(x[:, :order], 1)
```

Out[323]:

## OLS Regression Results

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	RetYTD	<b>R-squared:</b>	0.326
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	0.317
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	39.07
<b>Date:</b>	Thu, 28 Apr 2022	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	6.29e-141
<b>Time:</b>	01:50:54	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	357.63
<b>No. Observations:</b>	1886	<b>AIC:</b>	-667.3
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	1862	<b>BIC:</b>	-534.2
<b>Df Model:</b>	23		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
<b>const</b>	-0.0525	0.006	-9.154	0.000	-0.064	-0.041
<b>gggroup_1010</b>	0.5675	0.023	24.634	0.000	0.522	0.613
<b>gggroup_1510</b>	0.1103	0.021	5.346	0.000	0.070	0.151
<b>gggroup_2010</b>	-0.0381	0.015	-2.473	0.013	-0.068	-0.008
<b>gggroup_2020</b>	0.0173	0.025	0.692	0.489	-0.032	0.066
<b>gggroup_2030</b>	-0.0150	0.031	-0.476	0.634	-0.077	0.047
<b>gggroup_2510</b>	-0.1555	0.039	-3.980	0.000	-0.232	-0.079
<b>gggroup_2520</b>	-0.1561	0.025	-6.242	0.000	-0.205	-0.107
<b>gggroup_2530</b>	-0.0101	0.025	-0.407	0.684	-0.059	0.039
<b>gggroup_2550</b>	-0.0987	0.022	-4.569	0.000	-0.141	-0.056
<b>gggroup_3010</b>	0.1308	0.047	2.770	0.006	0.038	0.223
<b>gggroup_3020</b>	0.0913	0.030	3.074	0.002	0.033	0.149
<b>gggroup_3030</b>	-0.1013	0.047	-2.145	0.032	-0.194	-0.009
<b>gggroup_3510</b>	-0.0140	0.018	-0.755	0.450	-0.050	0.022
<b>gggroup_3520</b>	-0.1115	0.016	-6.887	0.000	-0.143	-0.080
<b>gggroup_4010</b>	-0.0354	0.016	-2.275	0.023	-0.066	-0.005
<b>gggroup_4020</b>	-0.0700	0.021	-3.344	0.001	-0.111	-0.029
<b>gggroup_4030</b>	0.0563	0.025	2.215	0.027	0.006	0.106
<b>gggroup_4510</b>	-0.0562	0.019	-3.005	0.003	-0.093	-0.020
<b>gggroup_4520</b>	-0.1196	0.022	-5.412	0.000	-0.163	-0.076
<b>gggroup_4530</b>	-0.2003	0.027	-7.509	0.000	-0.253	-0.148
<b>gggroup_5010</b>	0.0643	0.054	1.193	0.233	-0.041	0.170
<b>gggroup_5020</b>	-0.0184	0.030	-0.606	0.545	-0.078	0.041
<b>gggroup_5510</b>	0.0932	0.026	3.584	0.000	0.042	0.144
<b>gggroup_6010</b>	0.0167	0.018	0.934	0.350	-0.018	0.052

<b>Omnibus:</b>	403.265	<b>Durbin-Watson:</b>	2.008
<b>Prob(Omnibus):</b>	0.000	<b>Jarque-Bera (JB):</b>	2314.656
<b>Skew:</b>	0.877	<b>Prob(JB):</b>	0.00
<b>Kurtosis:</b>	8.136	<b>Cond. No.</b>	2.02e+15

#### Warnings:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The smallest eigenvalue is 4.91e-28. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

Through the regression, we can find the R-squared is 0.326 and Adj.R-squared is 0.317, which is below 0.5 and not good. The explanatory level is low. Also, (ggrouop\_1010,1510,2020,3010,3020,4030,5010,5510,6010)'s coefficient are positive, which means they have posive effect on stock return. Finally, the negative coefficient of the rest ggrouops mean that they have negative effect on stock return.

## d. Combined Regressions:

In [324]:

```
# combine datasets and tickers
f1 = pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/FF-Exposures.csv')
f1.rename(columns={'TICKER':'Ticker'}, inplace=True)
f2 =pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/Fin-Ratios.csv')
f3 =pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ChasteloveCNN/ba765-assignments/main/Industry.csv')

dff1 = pd.merge(f1, f2, how='outer', on='Ticker')
dff2 = pd.merge(dff1, f3, how='outer', on='Ticker')
dfff = pd.merge(dff2, pt, how='outer', on='Ticker')
```

In [325]:

```
df.ff.head()
```

Out[325]:

	Unnamed: 0_x	Ticker	mktrf	smb	hml	Unnamed: 0_y	book/price	e/price	sale/price
0	0	A	1.014152	-0.253674	-0.143608	1420	0.111695	0.025079	0.131
1	1	AA	1.984149	0.527862	1.924844	1020	0.425940	0.039111	1.10
2	2	AAL	1.315550	0.612825	1.248123	1	-0.630953	-0.171320	2.56
3	3	AAN	1.640807	0.141355	0.841349	1182	0.940491	0.143967	2.41
4	4	AAON	0.516779	0.422130	-0.117068	803	0.111730	0.014083	0.12

5 rows x 43 columns





In [326]:

dfff.info()

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1886 entries, 0 to 1885
Data columns (total 43 columns):
 #   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   Unnamed: 0_x                          1886 non-null   int64
 1   Ticker                                1886 non-null   object
 2   mktrf                                 1886 non-null   float64
 3   smb                                   1886 non-null   float64
 4   hml                                   1886 non-null   float64
 5   Unnamed: 0_y                          1886 non-null   int64
 6   book/price                           1886 non-null   float64
 7   e/price                              1886 non-null   float64
 8   sale/price                           1886 non-null   float64
 9   ebit/price                           1886 non-null   float64
10   price/cashflow                       1886 non-null   float64
11   totaldebt/totalassets                 1886 non-null   float64
12   totaldebt/equity                     1886 non-null   float64
13   roa                                   1886 non-null   float64
14   totaldebt/totalliabilities           1886 non-null   float64
15   totaldebt/capital                     1886 non-null   float64
16   Unnamed: 0                           1886 non-null   int64
17   ggroup_1010                          1886 non-null   int64
18   ggroup_1510                          1886 non-null   int64
19   ggroup_2010                          1886 non-null   int64
20   ggroup_2020                          1886 non-null   int64
21   ggroup_2030                          1886 non-null   int64
22   ggroup_2510                          1886 non-null   int64
23   ggroup_2520                          1886 non-null   int64
24   ggroup_2530                          1886 non-null   int64
25   ggroup_2550                          1886 non-null   int64
26   ggroup_3010                          1886 non-null   int64
27   ggroup_3020                          1886 non-null   int64
28   ggroup_3030                          1886 non-null   int64
29   ggroup_3510                          1886 non-null   int64
30   ggroup_3520                          1886 non-null   int64
31   ggroup_4010                          1886 non-null   int64
32   ggroup_4020                          1886 non-null   int64
33   ggroup_4030                          1886 non-null   int64
34   ggroup_4510                          1886 non-null   int64
35   ggroup_4520                          1886 non-null   int64
36   ggroup_4530                          1886 non-null   int64
37   ggroup_5010                          1886 non-null   int64
38   ggroup_5020                          1886 non-null   int64
39   ggroup_5510                          1886 non-null   int64
40   ggroup_6010                          1886 non-null   int64
41   Name                                  1886 non-null   object
42   RetYTD                               1886 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(14), int64(27), object(2)
memory usage: 648.3+ KB

```

In [327]:

```
# Run OLS regression
y = dfff["RetYTD"]
X = dfff[['mktrf', 'smb', 'hml', 'book/price', 'e/price', 'sale/price', 'ebit/price',
'price/cashflow', 'totaldebt/totalassets', 'totaldebt/equity',
'roa', 'totaldebt/totalliabilities', 'totaldebt/capital', 'ggroup_1010', 'ggroup_1510',
'ggroup_2010', 'ggroup_2020', 'ggroup_2030', 'ggroup_2510', 'ggroup_2520',
'ggroup_2530', 'ggroup_2550',
'ggroup_3010', 'ggroup_3020', 'ggroup_3030', 'ggroup_3510', 'ggroup_3520',
'ggroup_4010', 'ggroup_4020', 'ggroup_4030', 'ggroup_4510', 'ggroup_4520',
'ggroup_4530', 'ggroup_5010',
'ggroup_5020', 'ggroup_5510', 'ggroup_6010']]

# Use statsmodels
X = sm.add_constant(X) # adding a constant
model = sm.OLS(y, X).fit()
model.summary()
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/statsmodels/tsa/tsatools.py:17: FutureWarning: In a future version of pandas all arguments of concat except for the argument 'objs' will be keyword-only
  x = pd.concat(x[:, :order], 1)
```

Out[327]:

## OLS Regression Results

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	RetYTD	<b>R-squared:</b>	0.382
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	0.370
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	31.71
<b>Date:</b>	Thu, 28 Apr 2022	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	5.93e-165
<b>Time:</b>	01:50:54	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	439.74
<b>No. Observations:</b>	1886	<b>AIC:</b>	-805.5
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	1849	<b>BIC:</b>	-600.4
<b>Df Model:</b>	36		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
<b>const</b>	-0.1091	0.019	-5.612	0.000	-0.147	-0.071
<b>mktrf</b>	-0.0161	0.008	-1.974	0.049	-0.032	-0.000
<b>smb</b>	-0.0174	0.004	-4.135	0.000	-0.026	-0.009
<b>hml</b>	0.0681	0.009	7.945	0.000	0.051	0.085
<b>book/price</b>	0.0684	0.014	4.956	0.000	0.041	0.095
<b>e/price</b>	-0.0326	0.053	-0.610	0.542	-0.137	0.072
<b>sale/price</b>	0.0026	0.004	0.679	0.497	-0.005	0.010
<b>ebit/price</b>	0.0841	0.062	1.353	0.176	-0.038	0.206
<b>price/cashflow</b>	-4.624e-05	9.36e-05	-0.494	0.621	-0.000	0.000
<b>totaldebt/totalassets</b>	-0.0429	0.039	-1.106	0.269	-0.119	0.033
<b>totaldebt/equity</b>	-0.0001	0.001	-0.123	0.902	-0.002	0.002
<b>roa</b>	0.0753	0.042	1.808	0.071	-0.006	0.157
<b>totaldebt/totalliabilities</b>	0.0193	0.035	0.555	0.579	-0.049	0.088
<b>totaldebt/capital</b>	0.0522	0.022	2.422	0.016	0.010	0.095
<b>ggroup_1010</b>	0.5254	0.025	21.305	0.000	0.477	0.574
<b>ggroup_1510</b>	0.0894	0.020	4.466	0.000	0.050	0.129
<b>ggroup_2010</b>	-0.0372	0.015	-2.474	0.013	-0.067	-0.008
<b>ggroup_2020</b>	0.0144	0.024	0.599	0.549	-0.033	0.062
<b>ggroup_2030</b>	-0.0403	0.031	-1.321	0.187	-0.100	0.020
<b>ggroup_2510</b>	-0.1685	0.038	-4.403	0.000	-0.243	-0.093
<b>ggroup_2520</b>	-0.1633	0.024	-6.707	0.000	-0.211	-0.116
<b>ggroup_2530</b>	-0.0064	0.025	-0.252	0.801	-0.056	0.043
<b>ggroup_2550</b>	-0.0993	0.022	-4.550	0.000	-0.142	-0.057
<b>ggroup_3010</b>	0.1097	0.048	2.279	0.023	0.015	0.204
<b>ggroup_3020</b>	0.0805	0.029	2.787	0.005	0.024	0.137

<b>gggroup_3030</b>	-0.1006	0.046	-2.201	0.028	-0.190	-0.011
<b>gggroup_3510</b>	0.0391	0.018	2.124	0.034	0.003	0.075
<b>gggroup_3520</b>	0.0012	0.019	0.062	0.951	-0.036	0.039
<b>gggroup_4010</b>	-0.1080	0.020	-5.345	0.000	-0.148	-0.068
<b>gggroup_4020</b>	-0.1056	0.021	-4.947	0.000	-0.148	-0.064
<b>gggroup_4030</b>	-0.0136	0.029	-0.475	0.635	-0.070	0.043
<b>gggroup_4510</b>	0.0059	0.019	0.309	0.757	-0.032	0.043
<b>gggroup_4520</b>	-0.0979	0.022	-4.541	0.000	-0.140	-0.056
<b>gggroup_4530</b>	-0.1510	0.026	-5.710	0.000	-0.203	-0.099
<b>gggroup_5010</b>	0.0317	0.052	0.605	0.545	-0.071	0.134
<b>gggroup_5020</b>	0.0036	0.029	0.122	0.903	-0.054	0.061
<b>gggroup_5510</b>	0.0719	0.026	2.754	0.006	0.021	0.123
<b>gggroup_6010</b>	0.0100	0.019	0.535	0.593	-0.027	0.047

**Omnibus:** 451.293      **Durbin-Watson:** 2.024

**Prob(Omnibus):** 0.000      **Jarque-Bera (JB):** 2689.708

**Skew:** 0.986      **Prob(JB):** 0.00

**Kurtosis:** 8.508      **Cond. No.** 2.34e+17

#### Warnings:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The smallest eigenvalue is 9.61e-29. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

We can find the R-squared is 0.382 and Adj.R-squared is 0.370, which are not good and below 0.5. So the explanatory power is low.