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#### 150120016

# **ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS**

# **ASSIGNMENT V**

# SCREENSHOT OF THE PROGRAM

```
Spherium — ekuklu@ssh:~/AoAHW5 — ssh ekuklu@ssh.itu.edu.tr — 120×30
[[ekuklu@ssh AoAHW5]$ g++ main.cpp -o main -std=c++11
[[ekuklu@ssh AoAHW5]$ ./main input.txt
(B) Glen F 29
-(B) Dane F 14
--(B) Blair F 11
---(R) Alex F 13
 ---(R) Casey F 35
--(B) Evan F 18
 ---(B) Hayden F 28
----(R) Kelly F 24
--(B) Naomi F 21
---(B) Morgan F 22
 ----(R) Ogden F 20
----(R) Quinn F 18
5th adult: Hayden
3rd non-adult: Dane
[ekuklu@ssh AoAHW5]$
```

# **ANSWERS OF QUESTIONS**

Briefly explain what you would do to correctly update the name of a person as a node in the Red-Black Tree.

Firstly, we would find the node with given name. Since red-black tree is also a binary search tree, we could find the proper node by using recursion technique. Then, we would delete that node and fix the table with following pseudocode:

```
PROCEDURE UPDATE-NODE(x, key):
P <- DELETE-NODE(x, key)
do while P is not root[x] and P is black
       if left[parent[P]] = P then
              J <- right[parent[P]]</pre>
              if color[J] is RED then
                     RECOLOR(J)
                     LEFT-ROTATE(parent[P])
              if color[right[J]] is BLACK and color[left[J]] is BLACK then
                     RECOLOR(J)
                    parent[P] <- P</pre>
              else if color[right[J]] is BLACK then
                     RECOLOR(J)
                     RIGHT-ROTATE(parent[P])
       else
              <<<same procedure for else but left and right swapped>>>
INSERT-NODE(x, key)
```

Briefly explain what you would do to correctly increment(by 1) the ages of all people in the Red-Black Tree.

Just like our print function, one might increment age field of all nodes with recursive approach: