

Layered Architecture of Harmony OS and Its Performance and Security

Date: <2022-05-15>

Group ID : Reg_Grp_84

System: Harmony OS

Architecture: Layered architecture

Key Qualities: Performance & Security

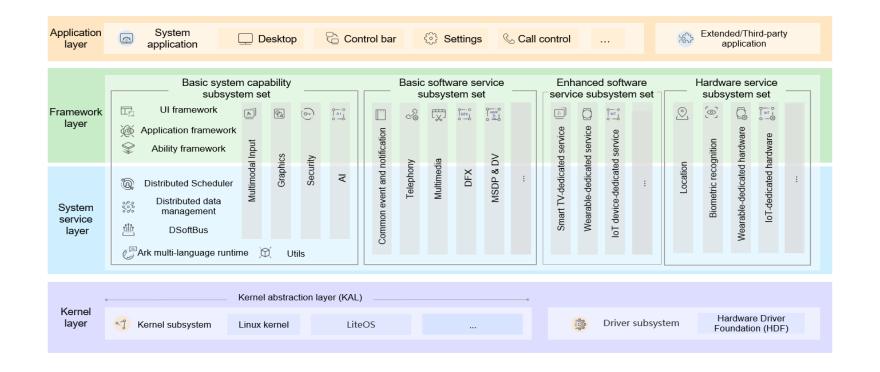
Student ID	Name with initials	
IT20228408	T.H.C Heshan	
IT20034740	J.M.S.U Jayasinghe	
IT20007188	T.O.M Dharmarathna	
IT20162696	D.K Hiththatiyage	

HARMONY OS









HARMONY OS ARCHITECTURE

LAYERED ARCHITECTURE OF HARMONY OS



Kernel Layer - The kernel abstraction layer (KAL) shields differences in kernel implementations and provides the upper layer with basic kernel capabilities, including process and thread management, memory management, file system, network management, and peripheral management



System Service Layer - This layer provides a complete set of capabilities essential for HarmonyOS to offer services for applications through the framework layer

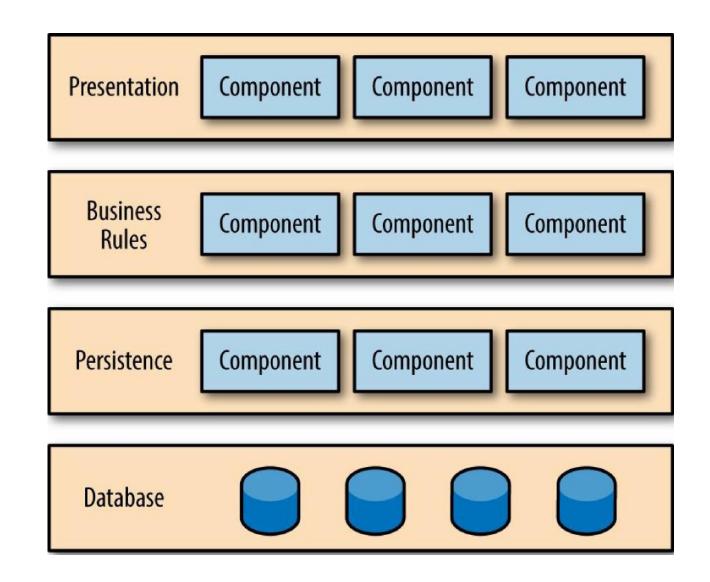


Framework Layer - This layer provides what you need to develop Harmony OS applications



Application Layer - This layer consists of system applications and third-party applications

HISTORY OF THE LAYERED ARCHITECTURE



EVOLUTION OF LAYERED ARCHITECTURE

Main frame / legacy systems

Single Tier Architecture

Two Tier Architecture

Three Tier Architecture

N Tier Architecture

WHY TO USE LAYERED ARCHITECTURE?



ALLOWS US TO THINK IN CONCERNS



EASIER TO UNDERSTAND AND WRITE CODE



EASIER TO EXTEND

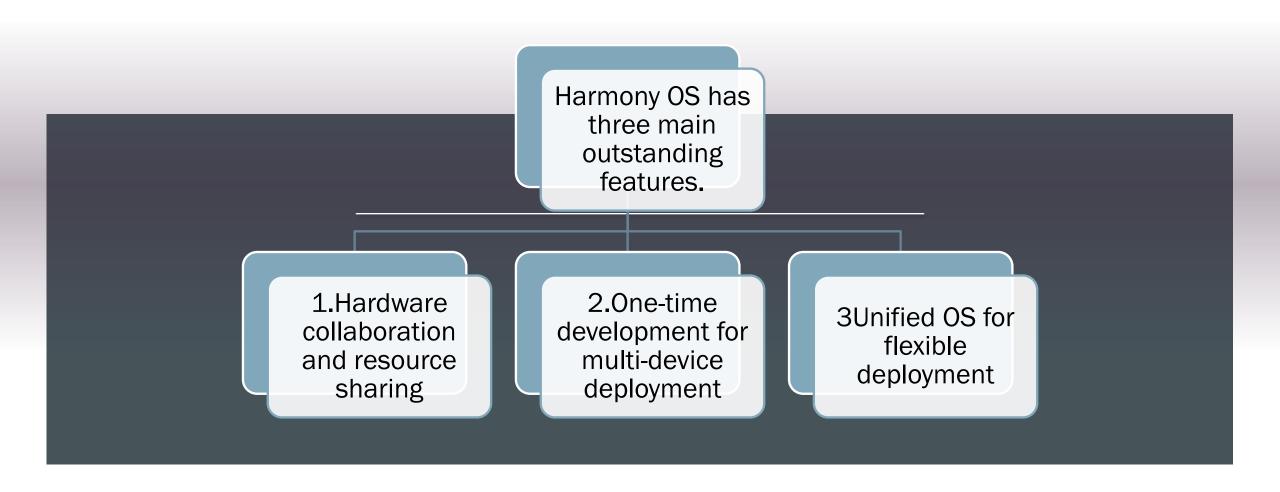


LAYERING HELPS TO
DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN
THE TASKS ASSIGNED TO
EACH LAYER OF THE
ARCHITECTURE



DATA TRANSFER IS CONSISTENT AND MADE AVAILABLE ALWAYS IN THE LAYERS

PERFORMANCE OF HARMONY OS



HARDWARE COLLABORATION AND RESOURCE SHARING

- DSoftBus: a communication base for interconnecting devices.
- Distributed device virtualization: enables cross-device resource convergence, device management and data processing.
- Distributed data management: leverages DSoftBus to manage application data and user data distributed on different devices.
- Distributed scheduler: builds a unified distributed service management mechanism

One time development for Multi-device deployment

 Harmony OS provides the application, ability and UI frameworks, which allow you to reuse service and UI logic during application development.

Unified OS for flexible deployment

 Harmony OS leverages component-based and miniaturized oriented designs to allow on-demand deployment for diversified devices adapting to different hardware resources and business characteristics.

OTHER FEATURES THAT IMPROVES THE PERFORMANCE



App guard: The apps on AppGallery are verified as safe, having passed rigorous security checks.



Super device: Super Device makes it easier than ever to transfer tasks and share data between devices.



Smart Listening: Touch the audio control panel section to transfer your music to a new audio device.



Control panel: Control panel takes you to the most commonly used settings allowing you to manage media audio, shortcut switches and paired devices with greater ease.



Service center: Service center get direct access to many new information that has been waiting for you.

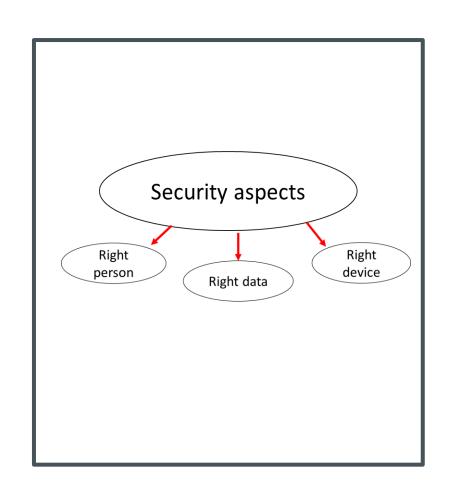


Celia suggestions: Celia suggestions is a homescreen app that recommends services that are likely to pique your interest, based on your usage habits.



Large folders: Design the easy to navigate homescreen by categorizing apps.

SECURITY OF HARMONY OS



Ensures that Right person uses the Right data through the Right device

Right person = • Zero-trust model Right Person authenticated user

Ways used to implement identity authentication

- Multi-factor authentication
- Collaborative authentication

Right Device



To safeguard effective user data security on virtual devices



Ways used to ensure security on a virtual devices

- Secure Boot
- TEE
- Device Certification











Right Data

Ensures personal data, privacy, and confidential data are protected against disclose

Ways used to ensure Data protection

Data Generation

Data Storage

Data usage

Data Transmission and Destruction

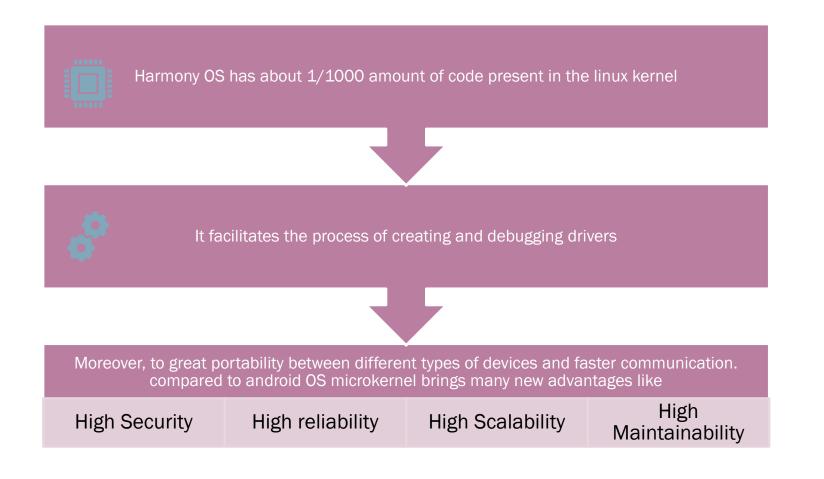
COMPARISON BETWEEN HARMONY OS AND OTHER MOBILE OPERATING SYSTEMS

- Harmony OS is way more advanced than Android in terms of growth area and development ecosystems.
- Some basic differences are listed below

HarmonyOS vs Android

Basis	HarmonyOS	Android
Kernel	Developed entirely on micro-kernel software.	Built using Linux kernel at its core.
Hardware Platform	Can be mounted on IoT devices along with smartphones and smart devices.	The only platform Android supports is mobile phones.
Engine	Built with a deterministic latency engine.	Deployed with Linux IPC mechanism.
Root Access	Does not support root access.	Supports root access.

LINUX KERNEL VS MICROKERNEL



Some microkernels include only 10,000 lines of code, allowing for formal verification and mathematical proof of the code's security. The microkernel's core is extremely reliable and dependable. Many system services are implemented as user-mode modules, which has no impact on system stability. Because numerous system services are shifted to the user-mode service module, it may be easily customized and expanded to meet the terminal's demands, resulting in excellent scalability. User mode modules can be started, stopped, uninstalled, and upgraded independently of each other

ROOT VS NO ROOT

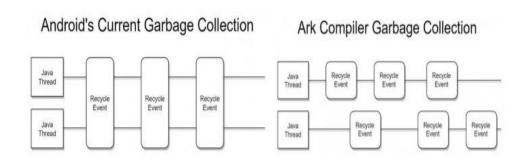
Many people like Android because it is so simple to use.

After all, few operating systems are as easily customizable as Android, thanks to features like root access and the ability to install third-party ROMs that totally alter the user experience.

In Harmony OS, though, things will be completely different. Huawei has verified that performing, obtaining root permissions, or anything similar will not be feasible in its operating system, claiming that this type of technique jeopardizes the platform's security.

ANDROID VS ARK COMPILERS

- Java is used to write the vast majority of existing Android apps.
- For the CPU to understand the instructions a Virtual Machine(VM) is needed in android which will cause the program to run slowly or even freeze
- The biggest advantage of the Huawei compiler is that it bypasses the VM
- To some extent, the Ark compiler advances the compilation process to the application development stage, thereby it greatly reduces the operating burden on smartphones and operating systems.





Android and iOS HarmonyOS, on the other development tools force hand, uses distributed Seamless Experience developers to rely on the channels underlying technology. Huawei managed to make the The application processing OS as lightweight as possible time has been lowered by so that the operating system **Enhanced Performance** 25.7% and has increased IPC can work properly on devices of performance by up to 5x the different types existing systems. Harmony OS works across Android, Windows, and Apple focus on specific devices and multiple devices and promotes Multifunctionality multi-language unification are limited to a single platform

Improved Security

Speed

RAM Efficiency

Cross Device Design

mostly Android in now responsible for 100% of all active malware, around the world

"Deterministic Latency
Engine, "mechanism
evaluates the characteristics
of each application in realtime in order to allocate
system resources as
efficiently as possible.

IOS is the most efficient. Harmony OS is medium, and android is the worst.

Harmony OS is a crossdevice design that includes everything from basic to distributed design interactives

Harmony OS is a cut above all the factors which is what makes it a preferable choice Harmony OS is a cut above all the factors which is what makes it a preferable choice

THANK YOU!