# Numerical Differentiator and Integrator

```
Open "numerical calculus output.txt" For Output As #1
Screen 12
Dim Shared DEFAULT NUMERICAL DERIVATIVE STEP##
Dim Shared DEFAULT N TRAPEZOID%
Dim Shared DEFAULT N SIMPSON13%
Dim Shared DEFAULT N SIMPSON38%
DEFAULT NUMERICAL DERIVATIVE STEP## = 1E-7
DEFAULT N TRAPEZOID% = 100
DEFAULT N SIMPSON13% = 100
DEFAULT N SIMPSON38% = 51
Dim Shared FUNCTION NUMBER% 'Function used all over the program
FUNCTION NUMBER% = 1
'START: Main Driver code
pl "...... Numerical Differentiator and Integrator .........."
main:
FUNCTION NUMBER% = in int%(" -> Enter Function Number (as defined in program): ")
mode% = in int%(" -> Enter mode (0: Differentiation, 1: Integration): ")
Select Case mode%
 Case 0
   main differentiate
 Case 1
   main integrate
 Case Else
   pl "ERROR: Invalid mode " + s$(mode%)
End Select
GoTo main
'END: Main Driver code
Sub main differentiate
 x## = in_float64##(" -> Differentiation Domain Point: ")
 diff step## = in float64##(" -> Differentiation Step (0 for default): ")
 If diff step## = 0 Then
   diff step## = DEFAULT NUMERICAL DERIVATIVE STEP##
 End If
 pl "Derivative at " + s$(x##) + ": " + s$(numericalDerivative##(x##, diff_step##))
End Sub
Sub main integrate
 a## = in float64##(" -> Integration Lower Limit: ")
 b## = in float64##(" -> Integration Upper Limit: ")
```

```
integration intervals% = in int%(" -> Integration Interval Count (0 for default): ")
 pl "RESULTS"
  pl " Trapezoid: " + s$(trapezoid##(a##, b##, integration intervals%))
  pl " Simpson 1/3: " + s$(simpson13##(a##, b##, integration intervals%))
  pl "Simpson 3/8: " + s$(simpson 38##(a##, b##, integration intervals%))
End Sub
'Function Definitions
Function f1## (x##)
 f1## = x## - (3 ^ 0.5)
End Function
Function f2## (x##)
  f2## = (x## * x## * x##) - (x## * x##) + 1
End Function
Function f3## (x##)
  f3## = (x## * Exp(x##)) - Cos(x##)
End Function
Function f4## (x##)
  f4## = (x## * x## * x##) - Sin(x##) + 4
End Function
Function f5## (x##)
  f5## = (x## * Exp(x##)) - 1
End Function
Function f## (x##) 'Function used all over the program
  Select Case FUNCTION NUMBER%
   Case 2
     f## = f2##(x##)
   Case 3
      f## = f3##(x##)
   Case 4
      f## = f4##(x##)
   Case 5
     f## = f5##(x##)
   Case Else
      f## = f1##(x##)
  End Select
End Function
'...... Differentiation .........
Function numerical Derivative## (x##, h##)
  numericalDerivative## = (f##(x## + h##) - f##(x##)) / h##
End Function
Function numerical Derivative Def## (x##)
```

```
numericalDerivativeDef## = numericalDerivative##(x##,
DEFAULT NUMERICAL DERIVATIVE STEP##)
End Function
'...... Integration ..........
Function trapezoid## (a##, b##, n%)
 range## = b## - a##
 If range## = 0 Then
   trapezoid## = 0
   Exit Function
 End If
 If n% < 2 Then
   n% = DEFAULT_N_TRAPEZOID%
 End If
 h## = range## / n\%
 res## = f##(a##)
 res## = res## + f##(b##)
 For i\% = 1 To n\% - 1
   res## = res## + (2 * f##(a## + (i% * h##)))
 Next i%
 trapezoid## = res## * (h## / 2)
End Function
Function simpson13## (a##, b##, n%)
 range## = b## - a##
 If range## = 0 Then
   simpson13## = 0
   Exit Function
 End If
 If n% < 2 Then
   n% = DEFAULT N SIMPSON13%
 End If
 If n% Mod 2 <> 0 Then
   n\% = n\% + 1' Must be even
 End If
 h## = range## / n\%
 res## = f##(a##)
 res## = res## + f##(b##)
 For i% = 1 To n% - 1
   If (i% Mod 2) = 0 Then
     m\% = 2
   Else
```

```
m\% = 4
   End If
   res## = res## + (m% * f##(a## + (i% * h##)))
  Next i%
  simpson13## = res## * (h## / 3)
End Function
Function simpson38## (a##, b##, n%)
  range## = b## - a##
 If range## = 0 Then
   simpson38## = 0
   Exit Function
  End If
 If n% < 2 Then
   n% = DEFAULT N SIMPSON38%
  End If
  r\% = n\% \text{ Mod } 3
 If r% <> 0 Then
   n\% = n\% + (3 - r\%) 'Must be multiple of 3
  End If
  h## = range## / n\%
  res## = f##(a##)
  res## = res## + f##(b##)
 For i% = 1 To n% - 1
   If (i% Mod 3) = 0 Then
     m\% = 2
   Else
     m\% = 3
   End If
   res## = res## + (m% * f##(a## + (i% * h##)))
  Next i%
  simpson38## = res## * h## * (3 / 8)
End Function
'..... Formatting .....
Sub p (st$) ' Print and log a given string WITHOUT line break
  Print st$:
 Print #1. st$:
End Sub
Sub lb ' Print and log a line break
  Print
 Print #1. ""
End Sub
```

```
Sub pl (st$) 'Print and log given string WITH line break
 Print st$
 Print #1. st$
End Sub
Function s$ (i##)
 s = LTrim$(RTrim$(Str$(i##)))
End Function
'..... INPUT ......
Function in str$ (caption$)
 p (caption$)
 Input "", v$
 Print #1, v$
 in str$ = v$
End Function
Function in int% (caption$)
 p (caption$)
 Input "", v%
  Print #1, s$(v%)
  in int\% = v\%
End Function
Function in float64## (caption$)
 p (caption$)
 Input "", v##
 Print #1, s$(v##)
 in float64## = v##
End Function
```

## **OUTPUT**

### ## EXAMPLE 1: f(x) = x - sqrt(3)

- -> Enter Function Number (as defined in program): 1
- -> Enter mode (0: Differentiation, 1: Integration): 0
- -> Differentiation Domain Point: 5
- -> Differentiation Step (0 for default): 0

Derivative at 5:.999999999983981

## ## EXAMPLE 2: $f(x) = x^3 - x^2 - 1$

- -> Enter Function Number (as defined in program): 2
- -> Enter mode (0: Differentiation, 1: Integration): 1
- -> Integration Lower Limit: 0
- -> Integration Upper Limit: 10
- -> Integration Interval Count (0 for default): 0

RESULTS

Trapezoid: 2176.9

Simpson 1/3: 2176.666666666667 Simpson 3/8: 2176.66666666667

## ## EXAMPLE 3: f(x) = x \* exp(x) - 1

- -> Enter Function Number (as defined in program): 3
- -> Enter mode (0: Differentiation, 1: Integration): 1
- -> Integration Lower Limit: -10
- -> Integration Upper Limit: 10
- -> Integration Interval Count (0 for default): 0

#### **RESULTS**

Trapezoid: 199046.2785244964 Simpson 1/3: 198241.8120663023 Simpson 3/8: 198244.5161341935

## ## EXAMPLE 4: $f(x) = x^3 - \sin(x) + 4$

- -> Enter Function Number (as defined in program): 4
- -> Enter mode (0: Differentiation, 1: Integration): 0
- -> Differentiation Domain Point: -100
- -> Differentiation Step (0 for default): .000001

Derivative at -100: 29999.13738148052