Proof of Normal Ganna update.

1. Wrife out prior -> Normal Ganna

Normal Gauria (M, X) m, c, a, b) $= N(M|M, (c\lambda)^{-1}) Gamma(\lambda|a, b) a-1-b\lambda$ $= \sqrt{\frac{c\lambda}{2\pi}} \exp \left\{-\frac{c\lambda}{2} (M-M)^{2}\right\} \times \frac{ba}{\Gamma(a)} \times \frac{b}{\Gamma(a)}$ $\propto \lambda^{\frac{1}{2}+a-1} \exp \left\{-\frac{c\lambda}{2} (M-M)^{2}\right\} e$ $M, \lambda \qquad a^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp \left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2} \left[cM^{2}-2cMM+cM^{2}+2b\right]$ $M, \lambda \qquad a^{-\frac{1}{2}} \exp \left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2} \left[cM^{2}-2cMM+cM^{2}+2b\right]\right\}$

2. Write out the Normal likelihood $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\}$ $d \quad \lambda^{2} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(\mu^{2}-2x\mu+x^{2})\right\} \qquad (7)$ $M_{1}\lambda \quad \lambda^{2}$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (7)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (8)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (8)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (8)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (8)$ $N(x \mid M, \lambda^{-1}) = \int \frac{\lambda}{2\pi} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda}{2}(x-h)^{2}\right\} \qquad (8$

$$P(M, \lambda \mid X_{1:N}) \propto P(M, \lambda) P(X_{1:N} \mid M, \lambda)$$

$$x \quad \lambda^{N/2} exp\{-\frac{\lambda}{2} \{CL^{1} - 2cmM + cm^{2} + 2b\}\}$$

$$x \quad \lambda^{N/2} exp\{-\frac{\lambda}{2} \{nM^{2} - 25xiM + 5xi^{2}\}\} CM$$

$$= \lambda^{M/2} \cdot V_{2}$$

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$$= \lambda^{M/2} \left[\frac{\lambda^{2} \{C+n\} - 2 \{cm + 2xi\} M}{C} + \frac{\lambda^{2} \{C+n\} - 2 \{cm + 2xi\} M}{C} + \frac{\lambda^{2} \{C+n\} - 2 \{cm + 2xi\} M}{C} \right]$$

$$A = \alpha + \frac{M}{2}$$

$$C = C + N$$

$$C =$$

$$M = \frac{Cm + 2x_i}{c + n}$$

$$B = b + \frac{1}{2} \left(cm^2 + CM^2 + 2x_i^2 \right).$$

7 (U, x(Xi:n) ~ Normal Gamma (M, C, A, B).