

# UNIX ASSIGNMENT – 4

NAME:C.PAVITHRA

ROLL NO:422127

SECTION: A

Generate different C programs that induce a segmentation fault error, select these examples of your choice, and employ the GDB utility for debugging on Linux.

## 1.factorial:

### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int num;
    unsigned long long factorial = 1;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if (num < 0) {
        printf("Factorial of a negative number is not defined.\n");
    } else {
        int i = 1;

        while(i<=num) {
            factorial *= i;
            i++;
            printf("Factorial of %d is %llu\n", num, factorial);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

## Gdb:

```

student@at-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~$ cd Desktop/422127_unixlab
student@at-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~/Desktop/422127_unixlab$ gcc -g exp.c
student@at-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~/Desktop/422127_unixlab$ gdb ./a.out
GNU gdb (Ubuntu 9.2-0ubuntu1-20.04) 9.2
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This is free software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law.
Type "show copying" and "show warranty" for details.
This GDB was configured as "x86_64-linux-gnu".
Type "show configuration" for configuration details.
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from ./a.out...
(gdb) run
Starting program: /home/student/Desktop/422127_unixlab/a.out
Enter a positive integer: 5
Factorial of 5 is 1
Factorial of 5 is 2
Factorial of 5 is 6
Factorial of 5 is 24
Factorial of 5 is 120
[Inferior 1 (process 7186) exited normally]
(gdb) list
1      #include <stdio.h>
2      int main() {
3          int num;
4          unsigned long long factorial = 1;
5          printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
6          scanf("%d", &num);
7          if (num < 0) {
8              printf("Factorial of a negative number is not defined.\n");
9          } else {
10             int i = 1;
11
12             while(i<=num) {
13                 factorial *= i;
14                 ...

```

```

11         while(i<=num) {
12             factorial *= i;
13             i++;
14             printf("Factorial of %d is %llu\n", num, factorial);
15         }
16     }
17     return 0;
18 }
19
20 (gdb)
Line number 21 out of range; exp.c has 20 lines.
(gdb) break 11
Breakpoint 1 at 0x55555555211: file exp.c, line 12.
(gdb) run
Starting program: /home/student/Desktop/422127_unixlab/a.out
Enter a positive integer: 5

Breakpoint 1, main () at exp.c:12
12     while(i<=num) {
(gdb) print i
$1 = 1
(gdb) print num
$2 = 5
(gdb) next
13         factorial *= i;
(gdb) next
14         i++;
(gdb) print factorial
$3 = 1
(gdb) next
15         printf("Factorial of %d is %llu\n", num, factorial);
(gdb) print i
$4 = 2
(gdb) next
Factorial of 5 is 1
12     while(i<=num) {
(gdb) print i
$5 = 2
(gdb) print num
$6 = 5
(gdb) next
13         factorial *= i;
(gdb) next
14         i++;
(gdb) print factorial
$7 = 2
(gdb) next
15         printf("Factorial of %d is %llu\n", num, factorial);
(gdb) print i
$8 = 3
(gdb) print num
$9 = 5
(gdb) next
16     }
(gdb) print i
$9 = 3
(gdb) print num
$9 = 5
(gdb) next
17     return 0;
(gdb)

```

```

$5 = 2
(gdb) print num
$6 = 5
(gdb) next
13      factorial *= i;
(gdb) next
14      i++;
(gdb) print i
$7 = 2
(gdb) next
15      printf("Factorial of %d is %llu\n", num, factorial);
(gdb) next
Factorial of 5 is 2
12      while(i<=num) {
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
Factorial of 5 is 6
Factorial of 5 is 24
Factorial of 5 is 120
[Inferior 1 (process 7199) exited normally]
(gdb) disassemble main
Dump of assembler code for function main:

```

```

0x0000555555551a9 <+0>:    endbr64
0x0000555555551ad <+4>:    push    %rbp
0x0000555555551ae <+5>:    mov     %rsp,%rbp
0x0000555555551b1 <+8>:    sub     $0x20,%rsp
0x0000555555551b5 <+12>:   mov     %fs:0x28,%rax
0x0000555555551be <+21>:   mov     %rax,-0x8(%rbp)
0x0000555555551c2 <+25>:   xor     %eax,%eax
0x0000555555551c4 <+27>:   movq    $0x1,-0x10(%rbp)
0x0000555555551cc <+35>:   lea     0xe35(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556008
0x0000555555551d3 <+42>:   mov     $0x0,%eax
0x0000555555551d8 <+47>:   callq   0x555555550a0 <printf@plt>
0x0000555555551dd <+52>:   lea     -0x18(%rbp),%rax
0x0000555555551e1 <+56>:   mov     %rax,%rsi
0x0000555555551e4 <+59>:   lea     0xe38(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556023
0x0000555555551eb <+66>:   mov     $0x0,%eax
0x0000555555551f0 <+71>:   callq   0x555555550b0 <__isoc99_scanf@plt>
0x0000555555551f5 <+76>:   mov     -0x18(%rbp),%eax
0x0000555555551f8 <+79>:   test    %eax,%eax
0x0000555555551fa <+81>:   jns     0x5555555520a <main+97>
0x0000555555551fc <+83>:   lea     0xe25(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556028
0x000055555555203 <+90>:   callq   0x55555555080 <puts@plt>
0x000055555555208 <+95>:   jmp     0x5555555524a <main+161>

```

```

0x0000555555551cc <+35>:   lea     0xe35(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556008
0x0000555555551d3 <+42>:   mov     $0x0,%eax
0x0000555555551d8 <+47>:   callq   0x555555550a0 <printf@plt>
0x0000555555551dd <+52>:   lea     -0x18(%rbp),%rax
0x0000555555551e1 <+56>:   mov     %rax,%rsi
0x0000555555551e4 <+59>:   lea     0xe38(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556023
0x0000555555551eb <+66>:   mov     $0x0,%eax
0x0000555555551f0 <+71>:   callq   0x555555550b0 <__isoc99_scanf@plt>
0x0000555555551f5 <+76>:   mov     -0x18(%rbp),%eax
0x0000555555551f8 <+79>:   test    %eax,%eax
0x0000555555551fa <+81>:   jns     0x5555555520a <main+97>
0x0000555555551fc <+83>:   lea     0xe25(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556028
0x000055555555203 <+90>:   callq   0x55555555080 <puts@plt>
0x000055555555208 <+95>:   jmp     0x5555555524a <main+161>
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
0x00005555555520a <+97>:   movl    $0x1,-0x14(%rbp)
0x000055555555211 <+104>:  jmp     0x55555555242 <main+153>
0x000055555555213 <+106>:  mov     -0x14(%rbp),%eax
0x000055555555216 <+109>:  cltq
0x000055555555218 <+111>:  mov     -0x10(%rbp),%rdx
0x00005555555521c <+115>:  imul    %rdx,%rax
0x000055555555220 <+119>:  mov     %rax,-0x10(%rbp)
0x000055555555224 <+123>:  addl    $0x1,-0x14(%rbp)
0x000055555555228 <+127>:  mov     -0x18(%rbp),%eax
0x00005555555522b <+130>:  mov     -0x10(%rbp),%rdx
0x00005555555522f <+134>:  mov     %eax,%esi
0x000055555555231 <+136>:  lea     0xe1f(%rip),%rdi    # 0x555555556057
0x000055555555238 <+143>:  mov     $0x0,%eax
0x00005555555523d <+148>:  callq   0x555555550a0 <printf@plt>
0x000055555555242 <+153>:  mov     -0x18(%rbp),%eax
0x000055555555245 <+156>:  cmp     %eax,-0x14(%rbp)
0x000055555555248 <+159>:  jle     0x55555555213 <main+106>
0x00005555555524a <+161>:  mov     $0x0,%eax
0x00005555555524f <+166>:  mov     -0x8(%rbp),%rcx
0x000055555555253 <+170>:  xor     %fs:0x28,%rcx
0x00005555555525c <+179>:  je      0x55555555263 <main+186>
0x00005555555525e <+181>:  callq   0x55555555090 <__stack_chk_fail@plt>
0x000055555555263 <+186>:  leaveq
--Type <RET> for more, q to quit, c to continue without paging--
0x000055555555264 <+187>:  retq
End of assembler dump.
(gdb) quit

```

## 2.addition:

### Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

    int x;

    int a = x;

    int b = x;

    int c = a+b;

    printf("%d\n",c);

    return 0;

}
```

### Gdb:

```
student@ai-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~$ cd Desktop/422127_unixlab
student@ai-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~/Desktop/422127_unixlab$ touch num.c
student@ai-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~/Desktop/422127_unixlab$ gcc -g num.c
student@ai-HP-ProDesk-600-G4-MT:~/Desktop/422127_unixlab$ gdb ./a.out
GNU gdb (Ubuntu 9.2-0ubuntu1~20.04) 9.2
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License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html>
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<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/bugs/>.
Find the GDB manual and other documentation resources online at:
<http://www.gnu.org/software/gdb/documentation/>.

For help, type "help".
Type "apropos word" to search for commands related to "word"...
Reading symbols from ./a.out...
(gdb) l
1      #include <stdio.h>
2      int main() {
3          int x;
4          int a=x;
5          int b=x;
6          int c=a+b;
7          printf("%d\n",c);
8          return 0;
9      }
10
(gdb) b 5
Breakpoint 1 at 0x115b: file num.c, line 5.
(gdb) info b
Num      Type           Disp Enb Address            What
1        breakpoint     keep y   0x000000000000115b in main at num.c:5
(gdb) disable b
(gdb) info b
Num      Type           Disp Enb Address            What
1        breakpoint     keep n   0x000000000000115b in main at num.c:5
(gdb) enable b
(gdb) r
Starting program: /home/student/Desktop/422127_unixlab/a.out
```

```

(gdb) disable b
(gdb) info b
Num      Type           Disp Enb Address              What
1        breakpoint     keep n   0x000000000000115b in main at num.c:5
(gdb) enable b
(gdb) r
Starting program: /home/student/Desktop/422127_unixlab/a.out

Breakpoint 1, main () at num.c:5
5      int b=x;
(gdb) p x
$1 = -8304
(gdb) p a
$2 = -8304
(gdb) p b
$3 = 0
(gdb) n
6      int c=a+b;
(gdb) p x
$4 = -8304
(gdb) p a
$5 = -8304
(gdb) p b
$6 = -8304
(gdb) p c
$7 = 0
(gdb) n
7      printf("%d\n",c);
(gdb) p x
$8 = -8304
(gdb) p a
$9 = -8304
(gdb) p b
$10 = -8304
(gdb) p c
$11 = -16608
(gdb) n
-16608
8      return 0;
(gdb) continue
Continuing.
[Inferior 1 (process 9748) exited normally]

```