#### **A Quantum Chemist Meets Cheminformatics**

Jan H. Jensen, University of Copenhagen







#### **How I met RDKit**

Prediction of pKa values using the PM6 semiempirical method

Jimmy C. Kromann, Frej Larsen, Hadeel Moustafa and Jan H. Jensen

Department of Chemistry, University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark

#### **RDKit**

2016

## Prediction of $pK_a$ Values for Druglike Molecules Using Semiempirical Quantum Chemical Methods

2017

Published as part of The Journal of Physical Chemistry virtual special issue "Mark S. Gordon Festschrift". Jan H. Jensen,\*\*,†® Christopher J. Swain,‡ and Lars Olsen

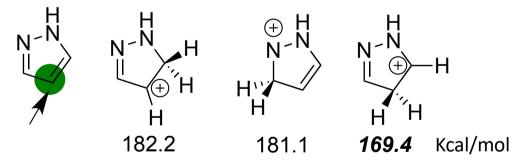
2018

## Fast and accurate prediction of the regioselectivity of electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions†

Jimmy C. Kromann, pa Jan H. Jensen, the Monika Kruszyk, bc Mikkel Jessing and Morten Jørgensen\*b

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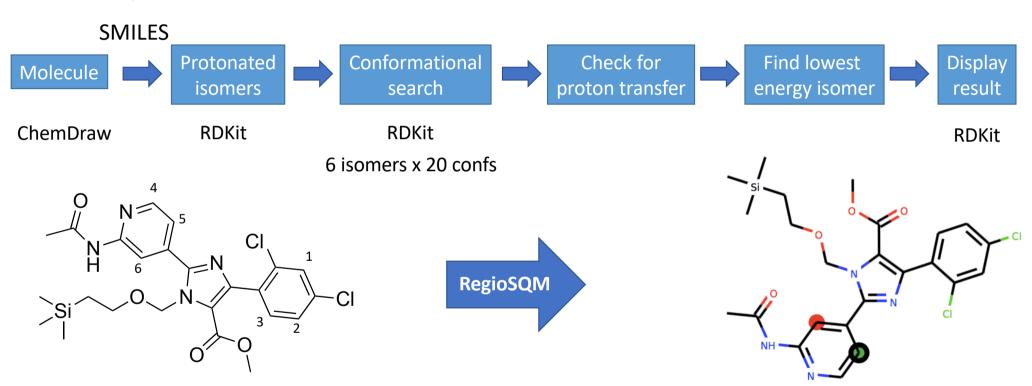


PM3/COSMO heat of formation

90% success rate for 520 compounds

#### **Workflow / Automation**

('[C;R;H1:1]=[C,N;R;H1:2]>>[CH2:1][\*H+:2]') ('[C;R;H1:1]=[C,N;R;H0:2]>>[CH2:1][\*+;H0:2]')



 ${\tt c1cnc(cc1c1n(c(c(n1)c1ccc(cc1Cl)Cl)C(=0)0C)COCC[Si](C)(C)C)NC(=0)C} \\ {\tt SMILES}$ 

github.com/jensengroup/RegioSQM

#### Web server

regiosqm.org

RegioSQM

Usage FAQ

## Predict Regioselectivity

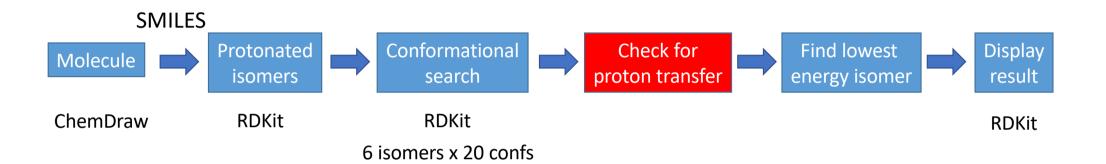
of electrophilic aromatic substitution reactions in heteroaromatic systems

Insert SMILES here

**Happy Predicting** 

For example this calculation.

#### xyz2mol



$$\begin{array}{c} O \\ N \\ N \\ O \\ O \end{array}$$

if quick:

G=nx.Graph()

G.add\_edges\_from(bonds)

UA\_pairs = [list(nx.max\_weight\_matching(G))]

return UA\_pairs

xyx2mol converts an xyz file to an RDKit mol object

(needs the molecular charge)

Atomic Coni

github.com/jensengroup/xyz2mol

Universal Structure Conversion Method for Organic Molecules: From Atomic Connectivity to Three-Dimensional Geometry

Yeonjoon Kim and Woo Youn Kim\*

#### Last example

A graph-based genetic algorithm and generative model/Monte Carlo tree search for the exploration of chemical space†

Jan H. Jensen

2004

An RDKit implementation of

Stochastic Voyages into Uncharted Chemical Space Produce a Representative Library of All Possible Drug-Like Compounds

Aaron M. Virshup, †,§ Julia Contreras-García, †,§,# Peter Wipf, †,§ Weitao Yang,\*,†,§ and David N. Beratan\*,†,§

and

A Graph-Based Genetic Algorithm and Its Application to the Multiobjective Evolution of Median Molecules

Nathan Brown,\*,† Ben McKay,† François Gilardoni,† and Johann Gasteiger‡

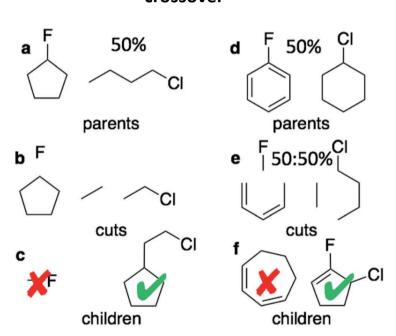
github.com/jensengroup/GB-GA

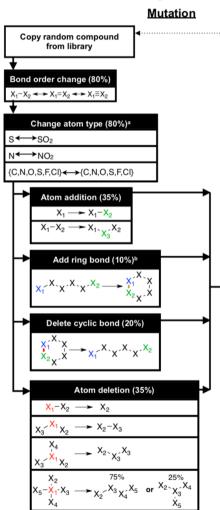
A graph-based genetic algorithm and generative model/Monte Carlo tree search for the exploration

of chemical space†

Jan H. Jensen 🗓

#### crossover



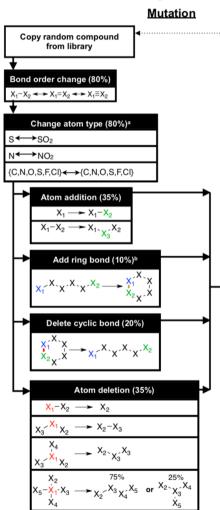


A graph-based genetic algorithm and generative model/Monte Carlo tree search for the exploration

of chemical space†

Jan H. Jensen 🗓

```
p = [0.15,0.14,0.14,0.14,0.14,0.14,0.15]
for i in range(10):
    rxn_smarts_list = 7*['']
    rxn_smarts_list[0] = insert_atom()
    rxn_smarts_list[1] = change_bond_order()
    rxn_smarts_list[2] = delete_cyclic_bond()
    rxn_smarts_list[3] = add_ring()
    rxn_smarts_list[4] = delete_atom()
    rxn_smarts_list[5] = change_atom(mol)
    rxn_smarts_list[6] = append_atom()
    rxn_smarts = np.random.choice(rxn_smarts_list, p=p)
```



# A graph-based genetic algorithm and generative model/Monte Carlo tree search for the exploration of chemical space†

25%

```
Atom deletion (35%)
                 Jan H. Jensen 🕩
p = [0.15, 0.14, 0.14, 0.14, 0.14, 0.14]
                                                                                 X_1 - X_2 \longrightarrow X_2
for i in range(10):
  rxn_smarts_list = 7*['']
  rxn_smarts_list[0] = insert_atom()
  rxn smarts list[1] = change bond order()
  rxn_smarts_list[2] = delete_cyclic_bond()
  rxn smarts list[3] = add ring()
  rxn_smarts_list[4] = delete_atom()
  rxn smarts list[5] = change atom(mol)
  rxn smarts list[6] = append atom()
  rxn_smarts = np.random.choice(rxn_smarts_list, p=p)
def delete_atom():
  choices = ['[*:1] \sim [D1] >> [*:1]', '[*:1] \sim [D2] \sim [*:2] >> [*:1] - [*:2]',
              '[*:1]~[D3](~[*;!H0:2])~[*:3]>>[*:1]-[*:2]-[*:3]',
              '[*:1]~[D4](~[*;!H0:2])(~[*;!H0:3])~[*:4]>>[*:1]-[*:2]-[*:3]-[*:4]',
              '[*:1]~[D4](~[*;!H0;!H1:2])(~[*:3])~[*:4]>>[*:1]-[*:2](-[*:3])-[*:4]']
  p = [0.25, 0.25, 0.25, 0.1875, 0.0625]
  return np.random.choice(choices, p=p)
```

#### Does it work?

#### GuacaMol: Benchmarking Models for de Novo Molecular Design

Nathan Brown, Marco Fiscato,\* Marwin H.S. Segler,\* and Alain C. Vaucher\*

#### Unpublished: finding molecules that absorb at 600 nm

Mating pool size: 20, mutation rate: 0.05, sTDA-xTB, 10 runs Starting from random molecule in the ZINC data base

O		Max gen.	Mean gen.	
F NH N	600 nm			
	GB	31	$19.9 \pm 6.8$	. /
	<b>SMILES</b>	50(1)	$18.2 \pm 12.1$	$\prec$
N O NH N NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub>	<b>DeepSMILES</b>	50(1)	$18.5 \pm 12.0$	ON
	SELFIES	50(2)	$32.3 \pm 14.1$	·

### **Summary/Outlook**

#### RDKit changed my research life

Quantum chemical studies need to be automated

Manual work replacing CPU power as rate limiting step

Mistakes become increasingly common

QM students need to learn Python/RDKit

"QM-needs" for RDKit
Conf search for finding global minimum
Generalized Born solvation model