### **TASK**

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# CUSTOMER SENTIMENT ANALYSIS

Food Delivery Service Of Customer Sentiment Analysis

### INTRODUCTION

- →In today's fast-paced world, food delivery services play a crucial role in customer convenience and satisfaction. Companies like QuickEats rely on customer feedback to improve their services and stay competitive. To enhance their 30-minute delivery guarantee, QuickEats implemented customer sentiment analysis to understand how customers feel about their delivery experience.
- →By analyzing feedback from app reviews, social media, and customer support interactions, QuickEats identified key pain points and positive trends. This data-driven approach allowed them to optimize delivery operations, improve customer support, and refine their marketing strategies.
- →This case study explores how sentiment analysis helped QuickEats address delivery issues and enhance customer satisfaction.

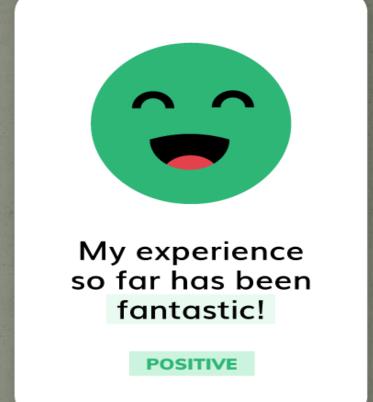
#### Customer Sentiment Review

❖ Customer sentiment analysis helps to understand how consumers feel about Food Delivery service and by categorizing feedback into three main types:

- POSITIVE SENTIMENT
- NEGATIVE SENTIMENT
- NEUTRAL SENTIMENT

### \* POSITIVE SENTIMENT

- Customers who appreciate food delivery often highlighting the Food Quality And Quick Delivery Timing.
- Easy to ordering And fresh hot food
- Secure Packaging And Generous portions
- Friendly Delivery Staff And Great value



# NEUTRAL SENTIMENT

- The service is generally reliable, with deliveries mostly arriving on time.
- The app is user-friendly and offers a good selection of restaurants.
- Food temperature is not maintained, sometimes arriving lukewarm
- Overall, the service is convenient but could improve in consistency and efficiency.



# \* NEGATIVE SENTIMENT

- Frequent delays, especially during peak hours, making it unreliable.
- Food often arrives cold or in poor condition.
- Customer service is slow to respond and not always helpful.
- Overall, the service needs significant improvement in efficiency and reliability.

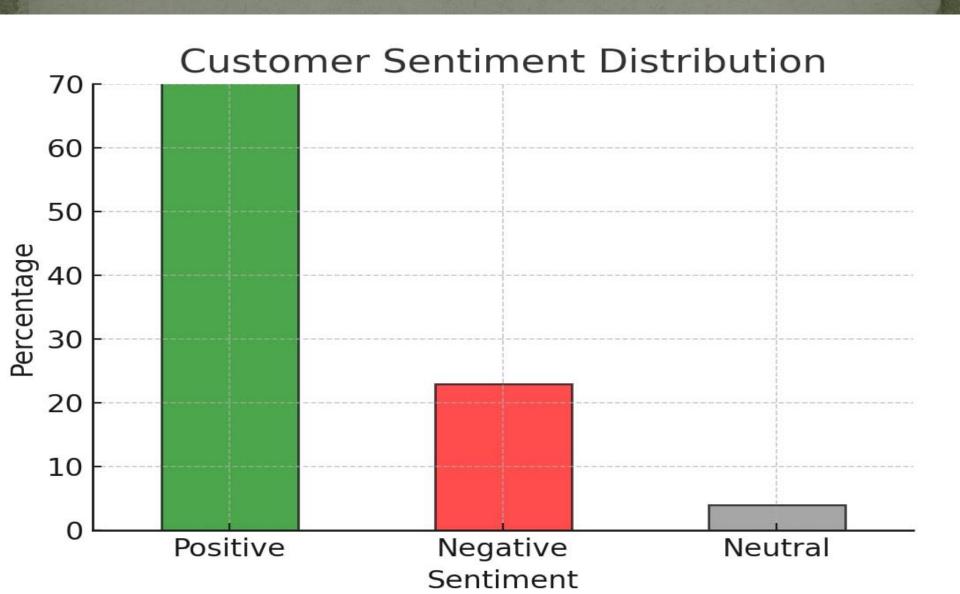






```
import random
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import pandas as pd
    from textblob import TextBlob
    # Generate synthetic customer reviews with predefined sentiment distribution
    positive reviews = ["Great product!", "Loved it!", "Highly recommend!", "Best purchase ever!", "Excellent quality!"] * 13
    negative_reviews = ["Terrible experience.", "Not worth it.", "Very disappointed.", "Worst product ever.", "Bad quality."] * 3
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    neutral reviews = ["It's okay.", "Average product.", "Not bad, not great.", "Meh.", "Fine, I guess."] * 4
    # Combine and shuffle reviews
    all reviews = positive reviews + negative reviews + neutral reviews
    random.shuffle(all reviews)
    def get sentiment(text):
        analysis = TextBlob(text)
        if analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0:
            return "Positive"
        elif analysis.sentiment.polarity < 0:
            return "Negative"
        else:
            return "Neutral"
    sentiments = [get sentiment(review) for review in all reviews]
    # Create DataFrame
    df = pd.DataFrame({"Review": all_reviews, "Sentiment": sentiments})
    # Count sentiment occurrences
    sentiment_counts = df["Sentiment"].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
    # Plot sentiment distribution - Bar Chart
    plt.figure(figsize=(6, 4))
    colors = ["green", "red", "gray"]
    sentiment counts.plot(kind="bar", color=colors, alpha=0.7, edgecolor="black")
    plt.title("Customer Sentiment Distribution")
    plt.xlabel("Sentiment")
    plt.ylabel("Percentage")
    plt.show()
    # Plot sentiment distribution - Pie Chart
    plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
    sentiment counts.plot(kind="pie", colors=colors, autopct='%1.1f%', startangle=90, wedgeprops={'edgecolor': 'black'})
    plt.title("Customer Sentiment Distribution (Pie Chart)")
    plt.ylabel("") # Hide y-label for clarity
    plt.show()
```

## OUTPUT:



### Pie chart:

#### Customer Sentiment Distribution (Pie Chart)

