```
from sympy import \ast
t = symbols('t', positive=True) # define variable t
s = symbols('s')
y = Function('y') # define function y(t)
\#deq = y(t).diff(t,2)+2*y(t).diff(t,1)+10*y(t)-2*sin(3*t) \# differential equation
deq = y(t).diff(t,2) + 2*y(t).diff(t,1) + 13*y(t) - 3*cos(5*t)
L_{deq} = laplace\_transform(deq,t,s,noconds=True) # take the Laplace transform of the differential equ
L_y = laplace\_transform(y(t),t,s, noconds=True) # define <math>L_y = L\{y(t)\}
Y = symbols('Y') # introduce symbol Y = L_y
L_{deq_1} = L_{deq.subs}(L_y, Y) # substitute Y for L{y(t)}
#ics = \{y(0):1, y(t).diff(t,1).subs(t,0):0\} # define initial conditions
ics = \{y(0):1, y(t).diff(t,1).subs(t,0):1\} # define initial conditions
L_{deq_2} = L_{deq_1.subs(ics)} # plug in initial conditions
Y_{soln} = solve(L_{deq_2}, Y) # solve for <math>Y_{sol} = Y(s) = L\{y(t)\}
y_soln = inverse_laplace_transform(Y_soln[0], s, t) # find the inverse Laplace transform
print('The solution is ', y_soln)
plot(y_soln, (t,0,10))
# Let us verify the solution above
y_soln_1 = dsolve(deq, y(t), ics=ics)
print('The solution is ', y_soln_1.rhs)
#The solution is (43*\sin(3*t)/111 + 49*\cos(3*t)/37)*\exp(-t) + 2*\sin(3*t)/37 - 12*\cos(3*t)/37
plot(y_soln_1.rhs, (t,0,10))
```

The solution is 15\*sin(5\*t)/122 - 9\*cos(5\*t)/61 + 187\*sqrt(3)\*exp(-t)\*sin(2\*sqrt(3)\*t)/732 + 70\*exp(-t)\*cos(2\*sqrt(3)\*t)/61

1.00

0.75

0.50

-0.25

-0.50

The solution is (187\*sqrt(3)\*sin(2\*sqrt(3)\*t)/732 + 70\*cos(2\*sqrt(3)\*t)/61)\*exp(-t) + 15\*sin(5\*t)/122 - 9\*cos(5\*t)/611.00