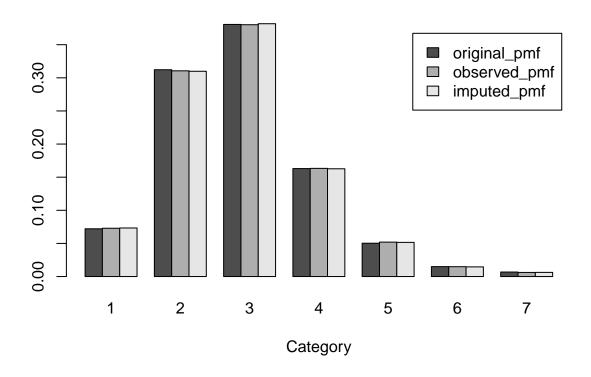
MAR 30% missing - MICE-CART

```
# sample MCAR dataset from PUMS
source("../../utils/sampleMAR30.R")
n = 10000
missing_col = c(1,3,7,9,10,11)
set.seed(2)
output_list <- sampleMAR30(n)</pre>
df <- output_list[['df']]</pre>
df_observed <- output_list[['df_observed']]</pre>
apply(is.na(df_observed), MARGIN = 2, mean)
                      NP
                            RMSP
                                    ENG MARHT
                                                  SCHL RACNUM
## 0.3074 0.0000 0.2605 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.3424 0.0000 0.3227 0.3078 0.3049
MICE-CART
Create 5 imputed dataset
library(mice)
##
## Attaching package: 'mice'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       cbind, rbind
imputed_df <- mice(df_observed,m=5,method="cart",print=F)</pre>
## Warning: Number of logged events: 50
Extract the 5 imputed dataset
d1 <- complete(imputed_df, 1)</pre>
d2 <- complete(imputed_df, 2)</pre>
d3 <- complete(imputed_df, 3)</pre>
d4 <- complete(imputed_df, 4)</pre>
d5 <- complete(imputed_df, 5)</pre>
imputed_sets = rbind(d1, d2, d3, d4, d5)
Diagnostics
Assess bivariate joint distribution
Assess trivariate joint distribution
# calculate rmse
numeric_df = sapply(df, as.numeric)
normalized_df = t(t(numeric_df-1)/(apply(numeric_df, MARGIN = 2, FUN = max)-1))
numeric_impute = sapply(d1, as.numeric)
normalized_impute = t(t(numeric_impute-1)/(apply(numeric_df, MARGIN = 2, FUN = max)-1))
missing_matrix = is.na(df_observed)
```

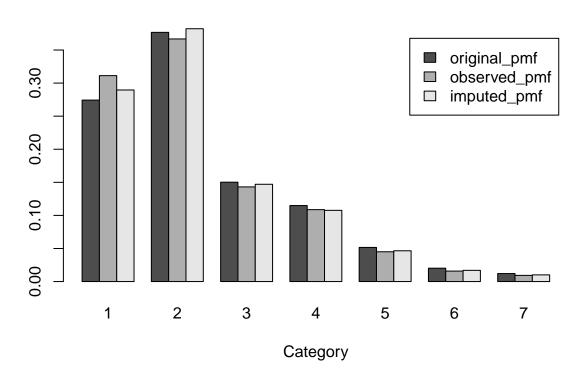
MICE-CART: VEH



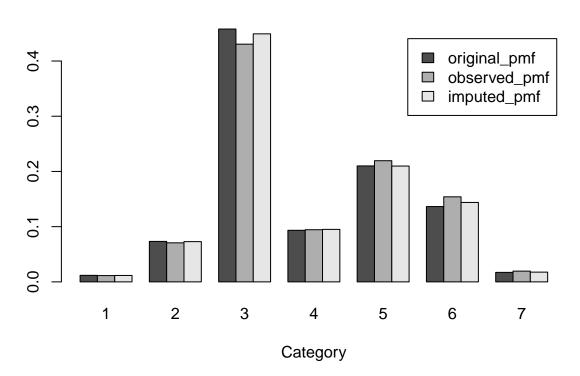
rmse = sqrt(sum((normalized_df[missing_matrix] - normalized_impute[missing_matrix])^2)/sum(missing_matrix)
rmse

[1] 0.2910818

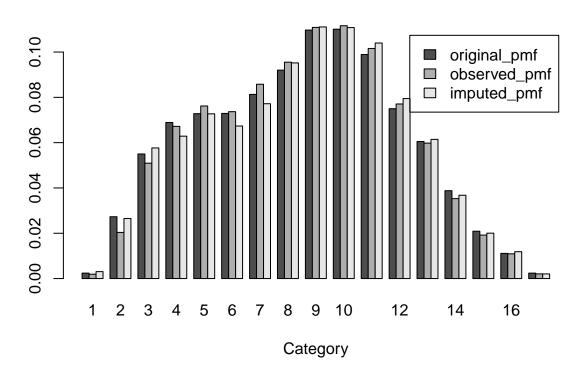
MICE-CART: NP



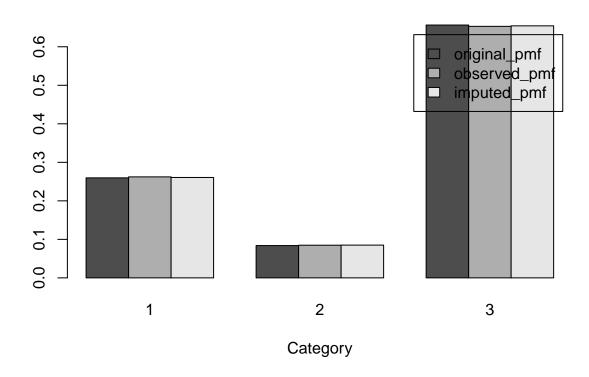
MICE-CART: SCHL



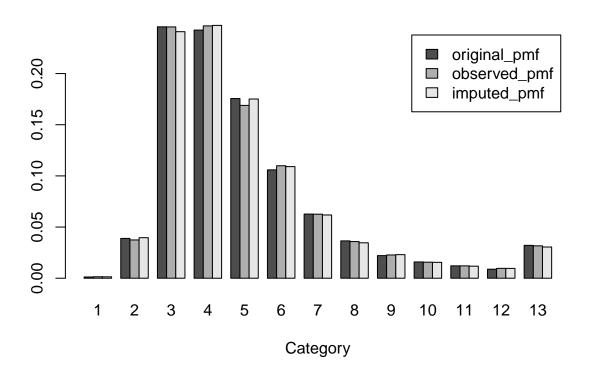
MICE-CART: AGEP



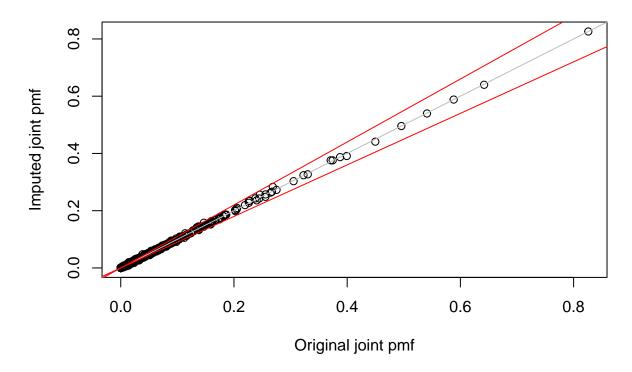
MICE-CART: WKL



MICE-CART: PINCP



Bivariate pmf



Trivariate pmf

