

## C Programs to Insert Keys into a B-Tree

The C program that follows implements the insert program described in the text. The only difference between this program and the one in the text is that this program builds a B-tree of order five, whereas the one in the text builds a B-tree of order four. Input characters are taken from standard I/O, with q indicating end of data.

The program requires the use of functions from several files:

```
    driver.c Contains the main program, which parallels the driver program described in the text very closely.
    insert.c Contains insert(), the recursive function that finds the proper place
```

for a key, inserts it, and supervises splitting and promotions.

Contains all support functions that directly perform I/O. The

btio.c Contains all support functions that directly perform I/O. The header files fileio.h and stdio.h must be available for inclusion in btio.c.

btutil.c Contains the rest of the support functions, including the function split() described in the text.

All the programs include the header file called bt.h.

```
/* bt.h...
     header file for btree programs
#define MAXKEYS
                  MAXKEYS/2
#define MINKEYS
#define NIL
#define NOKEY
                  (-1)
#define NO
                  0
#define YES
typedef struct {
    short keycount;
                                 /* number of keys in page
    char key[MAXKEYS];
                                /* the actual keys
    short child[MAXKEYS+1];
                                /* ptrs to rrns of descendants*/
} BTPAGE;
```

(continued)

```
#define PAGESIZE sizeof(BTPAGE)
extern short root;    /* rrn of root page */
extern int btfd; /* file descriptor of btree file */
extern int infd; /* file descriptor of input file */
/* prototypes */
btclose();
btopen();
btread(short rrn, BTPAGE *page_ptr);
btwrite(short rrn, BTPAGE *page_ptr);
create_root(char key, short left, short right);
short create_tree();
short getpage();
short getroot();
insert (short rrn, char key, short *promo_r_child, char *promo_key);
ins_in_page(char key, short r_child, BTPAGE *p_page);
pageinit (BTPAGE *p_page);
putroot(short root);
search_node(char key, BTPAGE *p_page, short *pos);
split(char key, short r_child, BTPAGE *p_oldpage, char *promo_key,
                                  short *promo_r_child, BTPAGE *p_newpage);
Driver.c
/* driver.c...
        Driver for btree tests:
                Opens or creates b-tree file.
                Gets next key and calls insert to insert key in tree.
                If necessary, creates a new root.
*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "bt.h"
main()
          promoted; /* boolean: tells if a promotion from below */
     short root,  /* rrn of root page
    promo_rrn; /* rrn promoted from below
                                                                                     * /
                                                                                      */
     char promo_key,/* key promoted from below
   key;    /* next key to insert in tree
                                                                                      */
          key;
                                                                                      * /
                                  /* try to open btree.dat and get root */
     if (btopen())
        root = getroot();
                                  /* if btree.dat not there, create it */
```

root = create\_tree();

(continued)

```
while ((key = getchar()) != 'q') {
    promoted = insert(root, key, &promo_rrn, &promo_key);
        if (promoted)
            root = create_root(promo_key, root, promo_rrn);
    btclose();
Insert.c
/* insert.c...
        Contains insert() function to insert a key into a btree.
      Calls itself recursively until bottom of tree is reached.
      Then inserts key in node.
      If node is out of room,
          - calls split() to split node
          - promotes middle key and rrn of new node
*/
#include "bt.h"
/* insert() ...
Arguments:
                       rrn of page to make insertion in
      *promo_r_child: child promoted up from here to next level
                       key to be inserted here or lower
      key:
      *promo_key:
                       key promoted up from here to next level
* /
insert(short rrn, char key, short *promo_r_child, char *promo_key)
    BTPAGE page,
                          /* current page
                                                                 */
                          /* new page created if split occurs
                                                                 */
           newpage;
    int found, promoted; /* boolean values
    short pos,
                          /* rrn promoted from below
           p_b_rrn;
                                                                 * /
    char
           p_b_key;
                          /* key promoted from below
    if (rrn == NIL) {
                              /* past bottom of tree... "promote"*/
        *promo_key = key;
                              /* original key so that it will be */
        *promo_r_child = NIL;/* inserted at leaf level
        return (YES);
    btread(rrn, &page);
    found = search_node(key, &page, &pos);
    if (found) {
     printf("Error: attempt to insert duplicate key: %c \n\007", key);
      return (0);
```

## Btio.c

```
Contains btree functions that directly involve file i/o:
   btopen() -- open file "btree.dat" to hold the btree.
   btclose() -- close "btree.dat"
    getroot() -- get rrn of root node from first two bytes of btree.dat
   putroot() -- put rrn of root node in first two bytes of btree.dat
    create_tree() -- create "btree.dat" and root node
    getpage() -- get next available block in "btree.dat" for a new page
    btread() -- read page number rrn from "btree.dat"
    btwrite() -- write page number rrn to "btree.dat"
*/
#include "stdio.h"
#include "bt.h"
#include "fileio.h"
             /* global file descriptor for "btree.dat" */
int btfd;
btopen()
    btfd = open("btree.dat", O_RDWR);
    return(btfd > 0);
}
btclose()
{
    close(btfd);
short getroot()
```

```
short root;
    long lseek();
    lseek(btfd, 0L, 0);
    if (read(btfd, &root, 2) == 0) {
        printf("Error: Unable to get root.\007\n");
        exit(1);
    return (root);
putroot(short root)
      lseek(btfd, 0L, 0);
      write(btfd, &root, 2);
short create_tree()
    char key;
    btfd = creat("btree.dat",PMODE);
    close(btfd);
                      /* Have to close and reopen to insure */
                       /* read/write access on many systems. */
    btopen();
    key = getchar();
                      /* Get first key. */
    return (create_root(key, NIL, NIL));
short getpage()
    long lseek(), addr;
    addr = lseek(btfd, OL, 2) - 2L;
    return ((short) addr / PAGESIZE);
btread(short rrn, BTPAGE *page_ptr)
      long lseek(), addr;
      addr = (long)rrn * (long)PAGESIZE + 2L;
      lseek(btfd, addr, 0);
      return ( read(btfd, page_ptr, PAGESIZE) );
btwrite(short rrn, BTPAGE *page_ptr)
    long lseek(), addr;
    addr = (long) rrn * (long) PAGESIZE + 2L;
    lseek(btfd, addr, 0);
    return (write(btfd, page_ptr, PAGESIZE));
```

## Btutil.c

```
/* btutil.c...
     Contains utility functions for btree program:
     create\_root() -- get and initialize root node and insert one key
     pageinit() -- put NOKEY in all "key" slots and NIL in "child" slots
     search_node() -- return YES if key in node, else NO. In either case,
                  put key's correct position in pos.
     ins_in_page() -- insert key and right child in page
     split() -- split node by creating new node and moving half of keys to
                     new node. Promote middle key and rrn of new node.
#include "bt:h"
create_root(char key, short left, short right)
    BTPAGE page;
    short rrn;
   rrn = getpage();
    pageinit(&page);
    page.key[0] = key;
   page.child[0] = left;
   page.child[1] = right;
    page.keycount = 1;
   btwrite(rrn,&page);
    putroot(rrn);
    return(rrn);
pageinit(BTPAGE *p_page) /* p_page: pointer to a page */
    int j;
    for (j = 0; j < MAXKEYS; j++) {
        p_page->key[j] = NOKEY;
        p_page->child[j] = NIL;
    p_page->child[MAXKEYS] = NIL;
search_node(char key, BTPAGE *p_page, short *pos)
                 /* pos: position where key is or should be inserted */
    for (i = 0; i < p_page->keycount && key > p_page->key[i]; i++ )
    *pos = i;
```

```
if ( *pos < p_page->keycount && key == p_page->key[*pos] )
       return (YES); /* key is in page */
       return (NO); /* key is not in page */
}
ins_in_page(char key, short r_child, BTPAGE *p_page)
    int i;
    for (i = p_page->keycount; key < p_page->key[i-1] && i > 0; i--) {
       p_page->key[i] = p_page->key[i-1];
       p_page->child[i+1] = p_page->child[i];
    p_page->keycount++;
   p_page->key[i] = key;
   p_page->child(i+1) = r_child;
/* split ()
Arguments:
     key:
                     key to be inserted
                    key to be promoted up from here
     promo_key:
     r_child:
                    child rrn to be inserted
     promo_r_child: rrn to be promoted up from here
     p_oldpage: pointer to old page structure
                    pointer to new page structure
     p_newpage:
{\tt splitCchar\ key,\ short\ r\_child,\ BTPAGE\ *p\_oldpage,\ char\ *promo\_key,}\\
                                  short *promo_r_child, BTPAGE *p_newpage)
    int i:
                              /* tells where split is to occur
                                                                      */
    char workkeys[MAXKEYS+1];/* temporarily holds keys, before split
    short workch[MAXKEYS+2]; /* temporarily holds children, before split*/
   for (i=0; i < MAXKEYS; i++) {
                                       /* move keys and children from */
     workkeys[i] = p_oldpage->key[i]; /* old page into work arrays
     workch[i] = p_oldpage->child[i];
    }
   workch[i] = p_oldpage->child[i];
    for (i=MAXKEYS; key < workkeys[i-1] && i > 0; i--) {/* insert new key */
        workkeys[i] = workkeys[i-1];
       workch[i+1] = workch[i];
    workkeys[i] = key;
   workch[i+1] = r_child;
*promo_r_child = getpage();
                                      /* create new page for split,
                                      /* and promote rrn of new page */
pageinit(p_newpage);
                                                                 (continued)
```

``