

Rev Programming Language

SER502-SPRING2023-TEAM - 22



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Introduction

- We have named our language as Rev Language and in this language we generated tokens using python Lexer file.
- We Generated Parse Tree using prolog.
- For the files which we are giving as an input we have .rev extension
- In this Language, We start our program with "init" and end with "exit".
- For Tokens we have used Python version 3.11.

Tools Used

- Tokens Generation : Python
- For Compilation, Parsing : SWI Prolog
- Other Tools : VS Code, Git

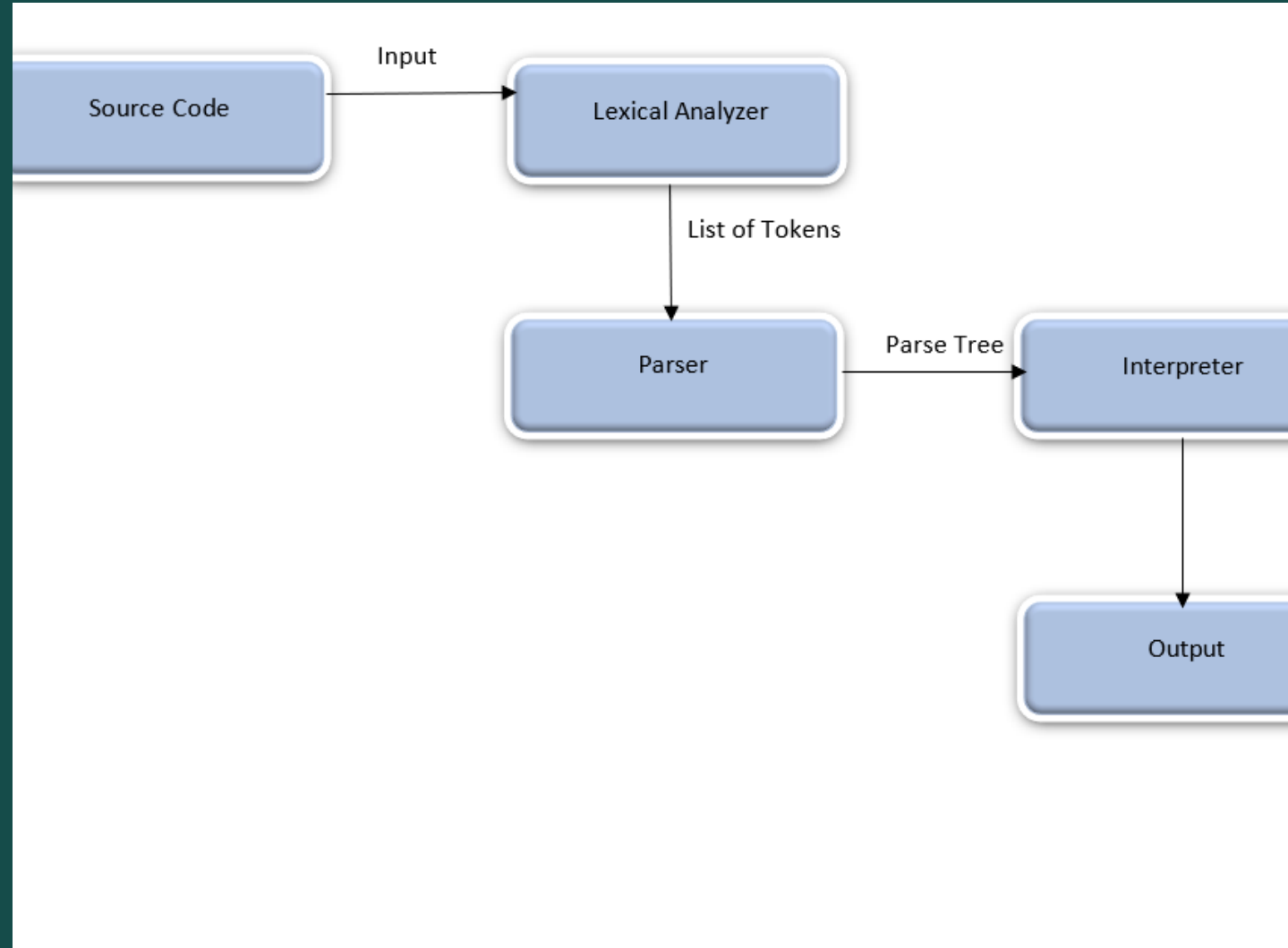
Program design and execution flow

Lexical Analyzer:

- Breaks down source code into meaningful tokens.
- Follows grammar rules set for the specific language being compiled.
- Produces a token list.

Parser:

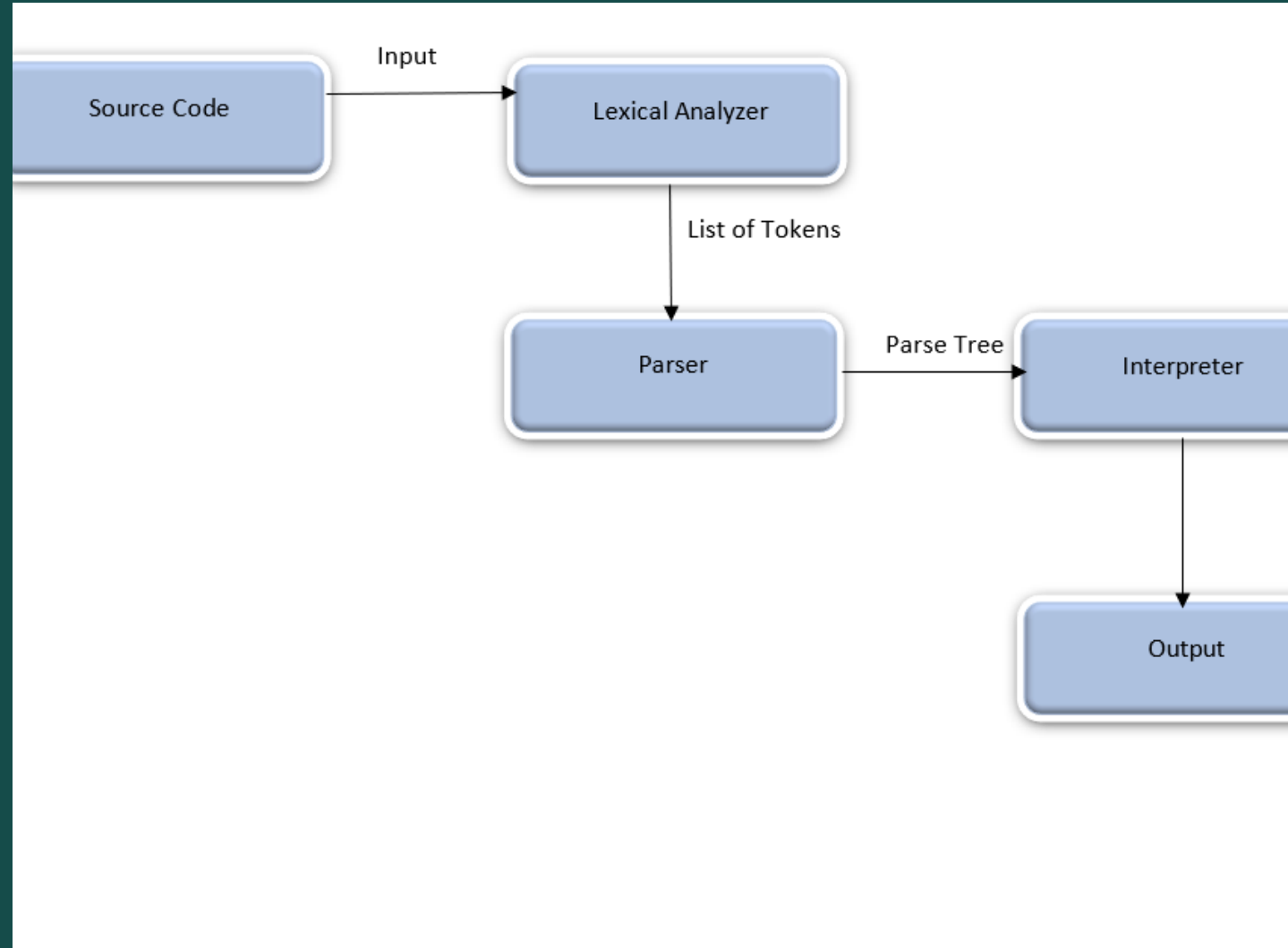
- Receives the token list produced by the lexer.
- Examines each token according to the grammar rules.
- Uses Prolog to construct a parse tree.
- Performs this stage once all tokens have been parsed.



Program design and execution flow

Interpreter:

- Examines the parse tree produced by the parser.
- Traverses each node in the parse tree.
- Analyzes each node using semantic rules.
- Modifies each node accordingly.



Features of Rev Language

➤ Data Types:

We have data types like integer,boolean and string.

Samples

```
int a = 23;
```

```
bool b = true;
```

```
varchar s = 'ser502';
```

➤ Arithmetic Operators:

Addition : '+'

Subtraction : '-'

Multiplication : '*'

Division : '/'

Samples

```
a = a * 5;
```

```
c = c/4;
```

Features of Rev Language

➤ Boolean Operators:

AND operation

Sample : p and q;

OR operation

Sample : p or q;

NOT operation

Sample : !q

➤ Assignment Operator

`' = '`

Sample code :

```
int a = 57;
```

```
varchar v = 'lang';
```


Features of Rev Language

➤ Loops:

For Loop

Sample For:

```
for(int a = 2;a < 13;a++)  
{  
    print a;  
}
```

➤ Loops

While Loop

Sample While:

```
int f = 0;  
while(f!=8)  
{  
    f = f + 1;  
}
```

Features of Rev Language

➤ Loops:

ForEach Loop

Sample Loop:

```
int r=5;
for x in each(1:10)
{
    x=x+r;
}
print x;
```

➤ Conditional Statements

If, else and else if statements,

Ternary Operator

Samples:

```
int s = 45;
If(s>=10)
{
    s = s+5;
}
else
{ s = s-5;}
print s;
```

Syntax description:

- { ----- > Start of the block
- } ----- > End of the block
- int ----- > Integer data type
- bool ----- > Boolean data type
- if-then-else ----- > Else if condition statement
- If-then -----> If condition statement
- true -----→ True
- false -----→ False
- = -----→ Assignment Operator

Grammar

`prg ::= INIT stmt DLMTR END.`

`stmt ::= stmttop DLMTR stmt | stmt`

`stmttop ::= declare | assign | if-else | print | for | while`

`declare ::= DATATYPE IDNTFR | DATATYPE IDNTFR ASSGN data`

`data ::= FLOAT | CHAR | BOOL | VARCHAR | INT`

`comment ::= COMMENT VARCHAR`

`assign ::= IDNTFR ASSGN expressn`

`expressn ::= trm | trm ADD expressn | trm SUB expressn`

`trm ::= fctr | fctr MUL trm | fctr DIV trm`

`fctr ::= data | IDNTFR | OPENPRNTHS expressn CLOSEPRNTHS`

Grammar

if-else ::= IF OPENPRNTHS condition CLOSEPRNTHS OPENBRC stmtnt

DLMTR CLOSEBRC | IF OPENPRNTHS condition CLOSEPRNTHS OPENBRC stmtnt

DLMTR CLOSEBRC DLMTR ELSE OPENPRNTHS stmtnt DLMTR CLOSEPRNTHS | IF

OPENPRNTHS condition CLOSEPRNTHS OPENBRC stmtnt DLMTR CLOSEBRC

DLMTR, elif DLMTR ELSE OPENBRC stmtnt DLMTR CLOSEBRC

elif ::= elif1 | elif DLMTR elif1

elif1 ::= ELSEIF OPENPRNTHS condition CLOSEPRNTHS OPENBRC stmtnt DLMTR

CLOSEBRC

print ::= PRINT IDNTFR | PRINT STRTQT STRING ENDQT

while ::= WHILE OPENPRNTHS condition CLOSEPRNTHS OPENBRC stmtnt

CLOSEBRC

Grammar

$\text{for} ::= \text{FOR forRng OPENBRC stmt CLOSEBRC}$

$\text{forRng} ::= \text{IDNTFR IN RANGE OPENPRNTHS expressn COMMA}$

$\text{expressn CLOSEPRNTHS} \mid \text{OPENPRNTHS IDNTFR ASSGN expressn DLMTR}$

$\text{IDNTFR CMP expressn DLMTR CLOSEPRNTHS} \mid \text{OPENPRNTHS IDNTFR}$

$\text{ASSGN expressn DLMTR IDNTFR CMP expressn DLMTR expressn}$

CLOSEPRNTHS

$\text{condition} ::= \text{BOOL} \mid \text{IDNTFR CMP expressn} \mid \text{IDNTFR CMP expressn CNDOPR}$

condition

Sample Program for finding sum of first 5 numbers

```
init
{
int  num=5;
int  i=0;
int  sum=0;
while (i<num)
{
    i=i+1;
    sum=sum+i;
}
print  sum;
}
exit
```

Program-Output:
15
true

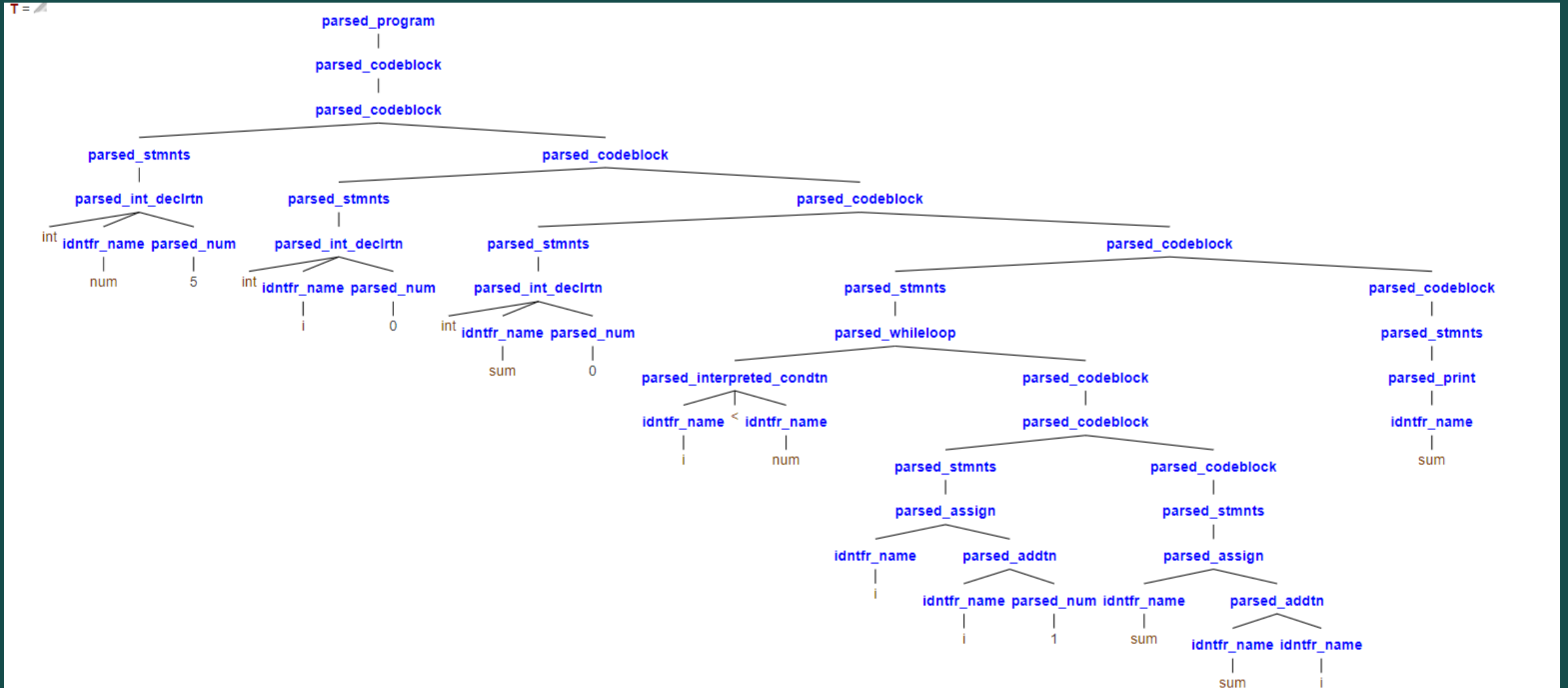
Sample Intermediate Code

```
program(T, [init, '{', int, num, =, 5, ,, int, i, =, 0, ,, int, sum, =, 0, ,, while, '(', i, <, num, ')', '{', i, =, i, +, 1, ,, sum, =, sum, +, i, ,,}', print, sum, ,,}', exit], []), exec_program(T, F)
```

```
15
F = [(int,num,5), (int,i,5), (int,sum,15)],
T =
  parsed_program(
    parsed_codeblock(
      parsed_codeblock(parsed_stmts(parsed_int_declrtn(int, idntfr_name(num), parsed_num(5))),
        parsed_codeblock(parsed_stmts(parsed_int_declrtn(int, idntfr_name(i), parsed_num(0))),
          parsed_codeblock(parsed_stmts(parsed_int_declrtn(int, idntfr_name(sum), parsed_num(0))),
            parsed_codeblock(
              parsed_stmts(
                parsed_whileloop(parsed_interpreted_condtn(idntfr_name(i), <, idntfr_name(num))),
                  parsed_codeblock(
                    parsed_codeblock(parsed_stmts(parsed_assign(idntfr_name(i), parsed_addtn(idntfr_name(i), parsed_num(1)))),
                      parsed_codeblock(parsed_stmts(parsed_assign(idntfr_name(sum), parsed_addtn(idntfr_name(sum), idntfr_name(i))))))
                  )
                )
              )
            )
          )
        )
      )
    )
  )
```

```
?- program(T, [init, '{', int, num, =, 5, ,, int, i, =, 0, ,, int, sum, =, 0, ,, while, '(', i, <, num, ')', '{', i, =, i, +, 1, ,, sum, =, sum, +, i, ,,}', print, sum, ,,}', exit], []), exec_program(T, F)
```


Sample Intermediate Code Parse Tree



Sample Execution 1

```
init
{
  int r=1;
  int e=5;
  int v=8;

  if(r>e and e<v)
  {
    print r;
  }
  else
  {
    print e;
  }

  if(r>e or e<v)
  {
    print r;
  }
  else
  {
    print e;
  }

  if(r!=e)
  {
    print v;
  }
}
exit
```

Program-Output:

```
5
1
8
true ■
```

Sample Execution 2

```
init
{
  int r=5;
  for x in each(1:10)
  {
    x=x+r;

  }
  print x;
}
exit
```

Program-Output:

10
true

Sample Execution 3

```
init
{
int a=158;
varchar b='one fifty eight';
bool c=false;

print a;
print b;
print c;

}
exit
```

```
Program-Output:
158
one fifty eight
false
true
```

Sample Execution 4

```
init
{
int  a=2;
int  b=5;
int  sum;
int  sub;
int  mul;
int  div;

sum=a+b;
print sum;

sub=a-b;
print sub;

mul=a*b;
print mul;

div=b/a;
print div;

}
exit
```

Program-Output :

```
7
-3
10
2
true
```

Sample Execution 5

```
init
{
    int r=10;
    varchar tern='Output using Ternary operator: ';
    r>=5? r=r*2; : r=r/2;;
    print tern;
    print r;
}
exit|
```

```
Program-Output:
Output using Ternary operator:
20
true ■
```

THANK YOU

