LAB 2: Body Mass Index Calculator

- Inputs: Weight of a person in kilogram and Height in meter (real numbers).
- Calculate the person's BMI (Body Mass Index).
- Outputs: The person's weight, height, BMI value, a BMI level statement, etc. BMI should also be a real number.

BMI Evaluation

- Body Mass Index Calculator $BMI = Weight/Height^2$
- Determine a BMI level statement

BMI level	BMI range(kg/m²)
Unreasonably small	BMI <10
Highly severely underweight	10 <= BMI <= 15
Severely underweight	15 < BMI <= 16
Underweight	16 < BMI < 18.5
Normal	18.5 =< BMI <= 25
Overweight	25 < BMI <= 40
Obese	40 < BMI <= 50
Severely obese	50 < BMI <= 60
Highly severely obese	60 < BMI <= 70
Unreasonably large	BMI > 70

The Game of BMI

Now what you need to do is as follows:

Step 1: get weight and height from keyboard as shown below:

```
Input weight (kg): 65.2 Typed in from Input height (m): 1.73 keyboard
```

Printed out on the screen by your program. They are called **prompting messages**.

Step 2: check whether the input data are valid. If *Height* is invalid, then print out "# Invalid height (>= 0.9m and <= 2.5m)". If *Weight* is invalid, then print out "# Invalid weight (>= 20kg and <= 200kg)". Then continue with getting a new set of data. Otherwise, do Step 3. **Step 3**: calculate the BMI value for the given weight and height. Then, determine the BMI level and present the following output on the monitor.

```
# Your weight(kg): 65.2

# Your height(m): 1.73

# Your BMI: 21.7849

BMI value

# Your BMI level is normal

BMI level
```

The Game of BMI (2)

Step 4: if BMI value is smaller than 10, then print out "# Either weight or height might be wrongly given (Step 4)."

- If weight is correctly given, then calculate the largest height **H** that will make the BMI value at least 10. **Print out** "# If given weight is correct, then the given height should be at most **H** m (Step 4)."
- Similarly, if height is correctly given, then calculate the smallest weight **W** that will make BMI value at least 10. **Print out** "# If given height is correct, then the given weight should be at least **W** kg (Step 4)."

On the other hand, if BMI value is greater than 70, then **print out** "# Either weight or height might be wrongly given. (Step4)"

- If weight is correctly given, then calculate the smallest height H that will
 make the BMI value at most 70. Print out "# If given weight is correct, then
 the given height should be at least H m (Step 4)."
- Similarly, if height is correctly given, then calculate the largest weight **W** that will make BMI value at most 70. Print out "# If given height is correct, then the given weight should be at most **W** kg (Step 4)." Then, continue with getting a new set of data. Otherwise, do Step 5.

 $BMI = Weight/Height^2$

The Game of BMI (3)

Step 5: If BMI level is not normal but its value is smaller than 18.5, then give an advice about the increase of the weight **W** to bring the BMI level into normal level. **Print out** "# Increase your weight to **W** kg to bring your BMI value to 18.5 (Step 5)".

On the other hand if BMI level is not normal but its value is greater than 25, then given an advice about the decrease of the weight **W** to bring the BMI level to normal. **Print out** "# Decrease your weight to **W** kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)". Then, continue with getting a new set of data.

Constraints on Program

You should use the following program template:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
                                          Use this statement to calculate BMI value.
using namespace std;
                                          The reason why it is done so just try to deal
                                          with a problem caused by making a
int main()
                                          comparison of a floating point number to
                                          another floating point number. Comparison of
  double myHeight;
                                          two floating point numbers is sometimes very
  double myWeight;
                                          tricky. Remember what you see a floating
  double myBMI;
                                          point number on monitor may not be what is
  bool testing = true
                                          exactly stored in computer memory.
  while (testing) {
      myBMI = round (myWeight/(myHeight*myHeight) *10)/10.0;
      Place your program here (the above line is part of your program. It is
not necessarily being the first line)
  return 0;
```

Constraints on Input Data

- Weight should be greater than or equal to 20kg and less than or equal to 200kg.
- Height should be greater than or equal to 0.9m and less than or equal to 2.5m.

Other Materials Needed

You have to define the variables used in the program as "double" for storing real numbers. For example:

```
double myWeight;
double myHeight;
double myBMI;
```

You may use some Boolean (logical) operators to express a condition in if (...) statement. For example:

```
If ( myWeight >= 30.3 && myHeight <= 100) {
...}
else if (myWeight <= 50 || myHeight != 200.8) {
...}
else {
...}</pre>
```

- && is logical AND. X && Y is true only when X and Y are both true.
- Add "include <cmath>" into the program because you may use a function called sqrt to calculate the square root of a number.

Follow All Requirements

- Output must exactly the same as that shown in the example
- Must use the given program template
- Must follow input format
- Must follow output format
- Must use multiple selection if (...) else if (...) to a great extent, at least eight times of else if. If not, the score is reduced by 10 points.
- Must follow the coding styles as possible as you can
 - Avoiding using variables which do not have expressive power. That is, a variable name should carry the meaning of an object in which the variable intends to represent.

If you don't follow the requirements, up to 50% of the points for your lab will be deduced.

Example Inputs and Outputs (1)

```
Input weight (kg): 5
Input height (m): 1.8
#Invalid weight (>= 20kg and <= 200kg)
Input weight (kg): 260
Input height (m): 1.8
#Invalid weight (>= 20kg and <= 200kg)
Input weight (kg): 90
Input height (m): 0.7
# Invalid height (>= 0.9m and <= 2.5m)
Input weight (kg): 90
Input height (m): 2.8
 Invalid height (>= 0.9m and <= 2.5m)
Input weight (kg): 70
Input height (m): 1.7
 Your weight(kg): 70
 Your height(m): 1.7
  Your BMI: 24.2
 Your BMI level is normal
Input weight (kg): 32
Input height (m): 2.1
 Your weight(kg): 32
  Your height(m): 2.1
  Your BMI: 7.3
 Your BMI level is Unreasonably small
 Either weight or height might be wrongly given (Step 4).
 If given weight is correct, then the given height should be at most 1.78885 m (Step 4)
 If given height is correct, then the given weight should be at least 44.1 kg (Step 4).
Input weight (kg): 32
Input height (m): 1.78885
 Your weight(kg): 32
 Your height(m): 1.78885
 Your BMI: 10
  Your BMI level is highly severely underweight
  Increase your weight to 59.1997 kg to bring your BMI value to 18.5 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 59.1997
Input height (m): 1.78885
  Your weight(kg): 59.1997
  Your height(m): 1.78885
 Your BMI: 18.5
  Your BMI level is normal
```

Example Inputs and Outputs (2)

```
Input weight (kg): 44.1
Input height (m): 2.1
  Your weight(kg): 44.1
  Your height(m): 2.1
 Your BMI: 10
  Your BMI level is highly severely underweight
  Increase your weight to 81.585 kg to bring your BMI value to 18.5 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 81.585
 (Input height (m): 2.1
 Your weight(kg): 81.585
  Your height(m): 2.1
  Your BMI: 18.5
 Your BMI level is normal
Input weight (kg): 180
Input height (m): 1.2
  Your weight(kg): 180
  Your height(m): 1.2
  Your BMI: 125
 Your BMI level is Unreasonably large
 Either weight or height might be wrongly given (Step 4).
If given weight is correct, then the given height should be at least 1.60357 m (Step 4). If given height is correct, then the given weight should be at most 100.8 kg (Step 4).
Input weight (kg): 180
Input height (m): 1.60357
 Your weight(kg): 180
  Your height(m): 1.60357
  Your BMI: 70
  Your BMI level is highly severely obese
 Decrease your weight to 64.2859 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 64.2859
Input height (m): 1.60357
  Your weight(kg): 64.2859
  Your height(m): 1.60357
  Your BMI: 25
 Your BMI level is normal
Input weight (kg): 70
Input height (m): 1.5
 Your weight(kg): 70
 Your height(m): 1.5
  Your BMI: 31.1
  Your BMI level is overweight
 Decrease your weight to 56.25 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
```

Example Inputs and Outputs (3)

```
Input weight (kg): 56.25
Input height (m): 1.5
 Your weight(kg): 56.25
 Your height(m): 1.5
 Your BMI: 25
 Your BMI level is normal
Input weight (kg): 90
Input height (m): 1.5
 Your weight(kg): 90
 Your height(m): 1.5
 Your BMI: 40
 Your BMI level is overweight
 Decrease your weight to 56.25 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 95
Input height (m): 1.5
 Your weight(kg): 95
 Your height(m): 1.5
 Your BMI: 42.2
 Your BMI level is obese
 Decrease your weight to 56.25 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 90
Input height (m): 1.3
 Your weight(kg): 90
 Your height(m): 1.3
 Your BMI: 53.3
 Your BMI level is severely obese
 Decrease your weight to 42.25 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 90
Input height (m): 1.2
 Your weight(kg): 90
 Your height(m): 1.2
 Your BMI: 62.5
 Your BMI level is highly severely obese
 Decrease your weight to 36 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 55
Input height (m): 2.0
 Your weight(kg): 55
 Your height(m): 2
 Your BMI: 13.8
 Your BMI level is highly severely underweight
 Increase your weight to 74 kg to bring your BMI value to 18.5 (Step 5)
```

Example Inputs and Outputs (4)

```
Input weight (kg): 74
Input height (m): 2.0
 Your weight(kg): 74
 Your height(m): 2
 Your BMI: 18.5
# Your BMI level is normal
Input weight (kg): 61
Input height (m): 2.0
# Your weight(kg): 61
 Your height(m): 2
 Your BMI: 15.3
 Your BMI level is severely underweight
 Increase your weight to 74 kg to bring your BMI value to 18.5 (Step 5)
Input weight (kg): 65
Input height (m): 1.0
 Your weight(kg): 65
 Your height(m): 1
 Your BMI: 65
 Your BMI level is highly severely obese
 Decrease your weight to 25 kg to bring your BMI value to 25 (Step 5)
```

Rules for Program Submission

- Put all the relevant files in the same folder.
- Name your folder SID_LabX, where ID is your student ID number and X is the number assigned to the lab. If a lab has N parts, N>1, then create N sub-folders with their names SID_LabX_N in the the folder SID_LabX.
 - For example, for Lab 2 with only one part and with student ID number 1041544, the name of the folder must be S1041544_Lab2. N is omitted if there is only one part.
 - Another example, similar to the above but Lab 2 has two parts. Then, you have to create a folder S1041544_Lab2 and two sub-folders S1041544_Lab2_1 and S1041544_Lab2_2
- Compress the folder into a file named SID_LabX.zip, for example, S1041533_Lab2.zip. Then, submit the compressed file
- If you violate this rule, your lab will not be graded. If graded other penalty will be applied.