

CPSC 314

Computer Graphics

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Lecture 9: Hierarchies, Rotations

Preliminaries

- Announcements
 - A1 face to face grading starts today.
 - A2 was released on Friday, on schedule.
- Today: wrapping up transformations
 - Quiz 1 summary. Save any questions to end of class or Piazza
 - A2 preview
 - Scene Graphs and Object3D
 - Mathematics of Rotation (Textbook Chapter 2.5)

Quiz 1 results

⌚ Average Score

85%

🏆 High Score

100%

📉 Low Score

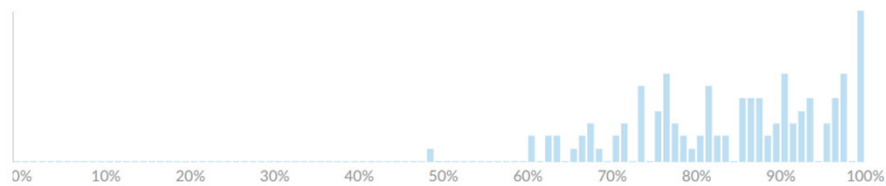
49%

📊 Standard Deviation

5.08

🕒 Average Time

39:01

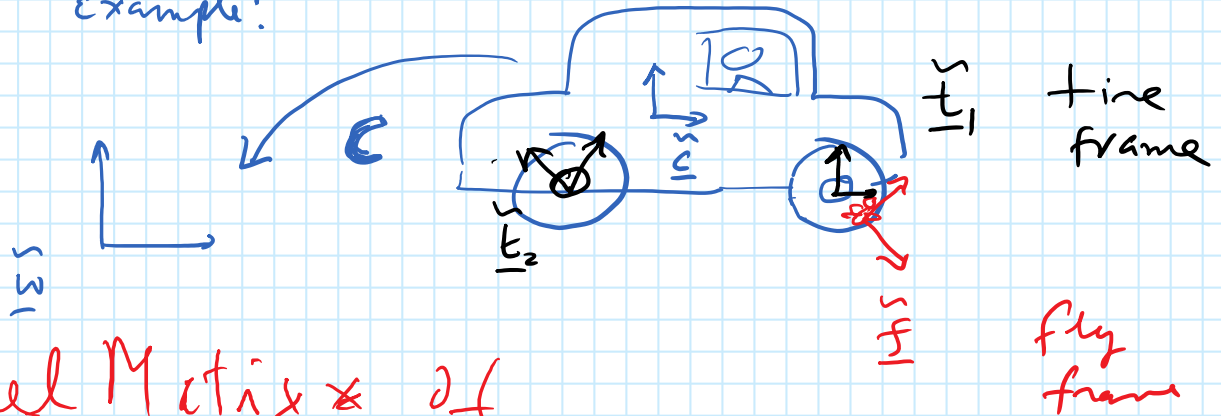


Next Class

- Rotation, Normals, Cameras and Projection
Read Chapter 10

Scene Graphs

example:

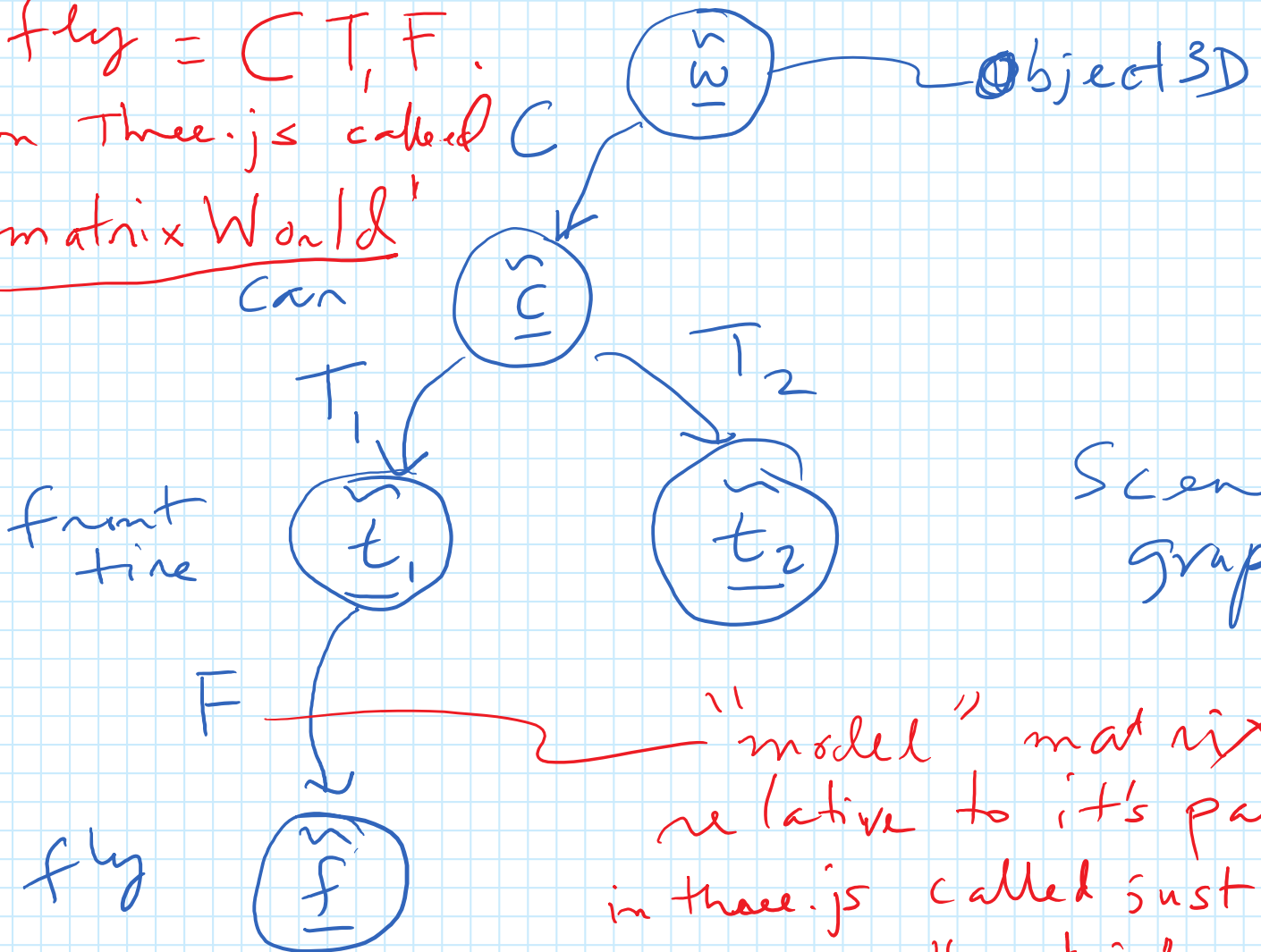


model Matrix of

fly = $C T, F$.

In Three.js called
"matrix World"

can



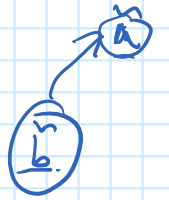
"model" matrix
relative to its parent
in three.js called just
"matrix"

In Three.js "Scene" \equiv world

"Object3D" \equiv node in
scene
graph.

Add an edge of the graph

Object3D.add



Mesh is a subclass of Object3D

§ Specifying the transformation matrix

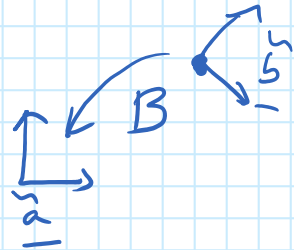
A standard way (in Three.js too) is to

Specify, separately,

T translation (position)

R rotation

S scale



The local matrix assumes a fixed order

$$M = T R S$$

(1) Translation

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & & & b_1 \\ & 1 & & b_2 \\ & & 1 & b_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(2) Scale $S = \begin{bmatrix} s_1 & & & 0 \\ & s_2 & & 0 \\ & & s_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} s_1 x \\ s_2 y \\ s_3 z \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

§ Rotation

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} \overset{3}{\boxed{R}} & \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \\ \hline 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M \begin{pmatrix} v \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} Rv \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Focus on 3×3 part of matrix

Rotations don't change the size of the vector