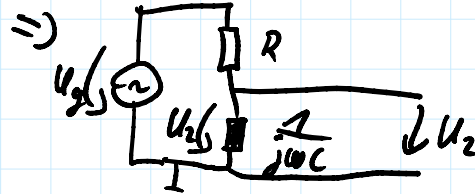
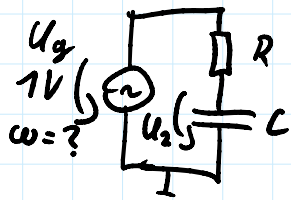


$$U_g \cdot \frac{Z_2}{Z_1 + Z_2} = \frac{U_2}{\cancel{U_g}}$$

$$Z_c = \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

$\omega = 2\pi f$



$$\frac{a}{\frac{b}{c}} = \frac{ac}{b}$$

$$U_2 = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C} \cdot U_g}{R + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{\frac{1}{j\omega C} \cdot U_g}{\frac{j\omega RC + 1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{1}{j\omega RC + 1} \cdot U_g$$

$$U_2 = H(\omega) \cdot U_g$$

$\Rightarrow H(\omega) = \frac{U_2}{U_g}$

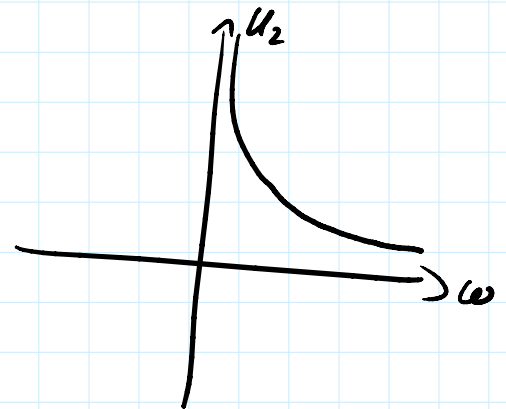
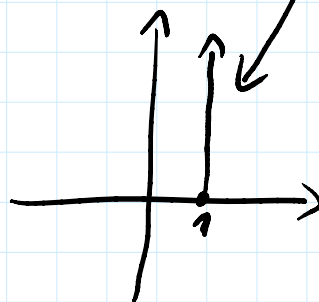
*Übertr.*

$$\omega \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow U_2 = 0$$

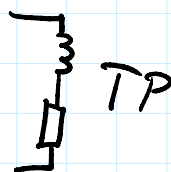
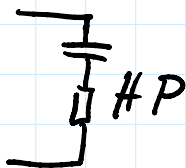
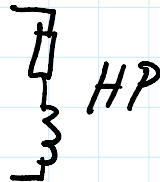
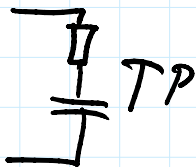
$$\omega \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow U_2 = U_g$$

$$\omega \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \varphi_2 = 0^\circ$$

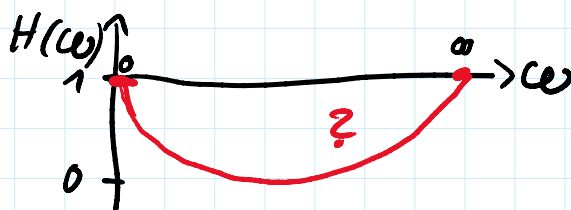
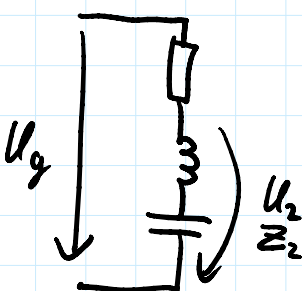
$$\omega \rightarrow \infty \Rightarrow \varphi_2 = -90^\circ$$



$$Z_L = j\omega L$$



$$Z_L = j\omega L \quad Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$

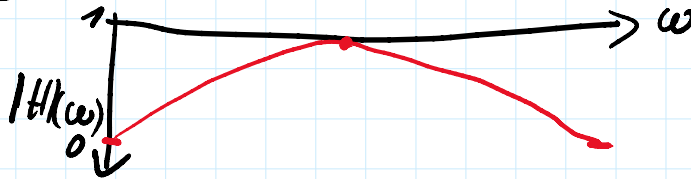
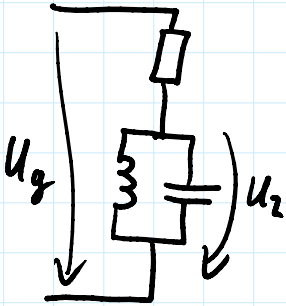


$$Z_2 = j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C} = j\omega L - j\frac{1}{\omega C} = j\left(\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}\right)$$

$$\omega L = \frac{1}{\omega C}$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$$

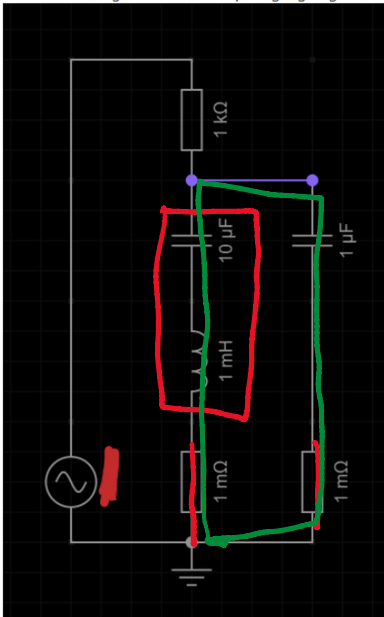
$$Z_L = j\omega L \quad Z_C = \frac{1}{j\omega C}$$



$$Z_2 = \frac{j\omega L \cdot \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}} = \frac{\frac{L}{C}}{j\omega L + \frac{1}{j\omega C}}$$

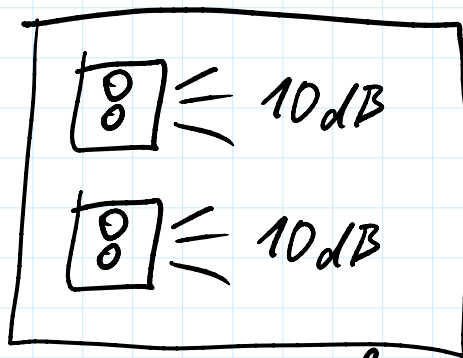
## 2. Passive Filter

Stelle Vermutungen über den Frequenzgang folgendes Filters auf:

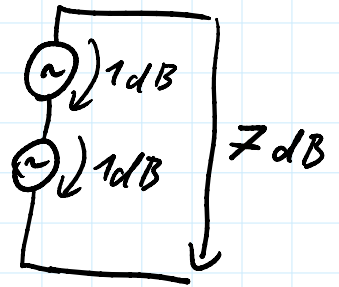


Die unteren Widerstände sind nur da, um den Simulator zu beruhigen. Du kannst sie ignorieren.





$\leq 13 \text{ dB}$



$$\frac{a}{\text{dB}} = 10 \cdot \log_{10} \left( \frac{a}{1 \text{ W}} \right)$$

$$\frac{a}{\text{dBm}} = \dots \frac{a}{1 \text{ mW}} = \dots \frac{a \cdot 1000}{1 \text{ W}}$$

$$10 \lg(2 \cdot a) = 10 \lg(a) + 10 \cdot \lg(2) \approx 10 \lg(a) + 3$$

$$\lg(a \cdot 1000) = \lg(a) + \lg(1000)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{\text{dB}} = \frac{a}{\text{dBm}} - 30 \text{ dB}$$

$$20 \text{ dBm} + 10 \text{ dB} = -10 \text{ dB} + 10 \text{ dB} = 0 \text{ dB} \\ = 30 \text{ dBm}$$

$$a = 10^{\frac{a \text{ dB}}{10}}$$

$$P = \frac{U^2}{R} = U^2$$

$$\frac{P}{\text{dB}} = 10 \lg(U^2) = 20 \lg(U)$$

$$U = 10^{\frac{U \text{ dB}}{20}}$$

$$P = -115 \text{ dBm} = -145 \text{ dB} = 10^{-\frac{145}{10}} = 10^{-14.5} = 10^{-2.5} \text{ pW}$$

$$10^{-7} = 0.1 \mu\text{V}$$