# Lenguajes, Tecnologías y Paradigmas de la programación (LTP)

Práctica 6: Módulos y Polimorfismo en Haskell

(Parte 2: Polimorfismo ad hoc o sobrecarga)

DE VALÈNCIA

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### SESIÓN 2: Polimorfismo ad hoc o sobrecarga

#### OBJETIVOS DE LA PRÁCTICA

#### Polimorfismo ad hoc o sobrecarga:

Ver como crear nuestras propias jerarquías de tipos (Herencia):

- Utilizando la creación de tipos de datos
- Creando nuestras propias clases de tipos nuevas

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float
data Shape =
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float

data Shape = Pentagon Side Apothem
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float

data Shape = Pentagon Side Apothem | Circle Radius
```

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?

```
type Base = Float
type Height = Float
```

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?

```
type Base = Float
type Height = Float
data Shape = ...
```

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?

```
type Base = Float
type Height = Float
data Shape = ... | Rectangle Base Height
```

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?

type Base = Float

type Height = Float

data Shape = ... | Rectangle Base Height

perimeter :: Shape -> Float

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?
 type Base = Float
 type Height = Float
 data Shape = ... | Rectangle Base Height

perimeter :: Shape -> Float
 ...
perimeter (Rectangle b h) = 2 \* (b + h)

• ¿Y si quiero añadir Rectangle Base Height?
 type Base = Float
 type Height = Float
 data Shape = ... | Rectangle Base Height

perimeter :: Shape -> Float
 ...
perimeter (Rectangle b h) = 2 \* (b + h)

Ampliar Shape implica modificar la definición actual de su tipo

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem
data Circle = Circle Radius
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem
data Circle = Circle Radius

class Shape a where
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float
type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem
data Circle = Circle Radius

class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
```

```
type Side = Float

type Apothem = Float

type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem
data Circle = Circle Radius

class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
  area :: a -> Float
```

```
type Side = Float
type Apothem = Float

type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem
data Circle = Circle Radius

class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float → Define un comportamiento
  area :: a -> Float
```

```
type Side = Float

type Apothem = Float

type Radius = Float

data Pentagon = Pentagon Side Apothem

data Circle = Circle Radius

class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float → Define un comportamiento
  area :: a -> Float interfaces java
```

```
class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
  area :: a -> Float
```

```
class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
  area :: a -> Float
```

¿Cómo hago que Pentagon y Circle instancien la clase de tipos Shape?

```
class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
  area :: a -> Float

¿Cómo hago que Pentagon y Circle instancien la clase de tipos Shape?
```

instance Shape Pentagon where

```
class Shape a where
  perimeter :: a -> Float
  area :: a -> Float

¿Cómo hago que Pentagon y Circle instancien la clase de tipos Shape?

instance Shape Pentagon where
  perimeter (Pentagon s a) = 5 * s
  area ...
```

## **Ejercicios**

- Ejercicios Parte 2:
  - Ejercicios 6 9