

PROBLEMAS MATRICES

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$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 \\ -4 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 9 \\ -12 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

Obtén las matrices X e Y cumpliendo:

$$\begin{cases} 2X + 3Y = A & \xrightarrow{\times 3} 6X + 9Y = 3A \\ 6X - 2Y = B & \xrightarrow{\times (-1)} -6X + 2Y = -B \end{cases}$$

otra opción es usar Gauss ($F_2 - 3F_1$) / $11Y = 3A - B$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Y} = \frac{1}{11} (3A - B) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} \left(3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 \\ -4 & 12 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 9 \\ -12 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 12 & -24 \\ -12 & 36 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 12 & 9 \\ -12 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{11} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -33 \\ 0 & 33 \end{pmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}}$$

$$2X + 3Y = A$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{X} = \frac{1}{2} (A - 3Y) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 \\ -4 & 12 \end{pmatrix} - 3 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -8 \\ -4 & 12 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -9 \\ 0 & 9 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ -4 & 3 \end{pmatrix} = \boxed{\begin{pmatrix} 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -2 & \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}}$$

luego $\boxed{X = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -2 & \frac{3}{2} \end{pmatrix}, Y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}}$

cumplen esas dos ecuaciones.