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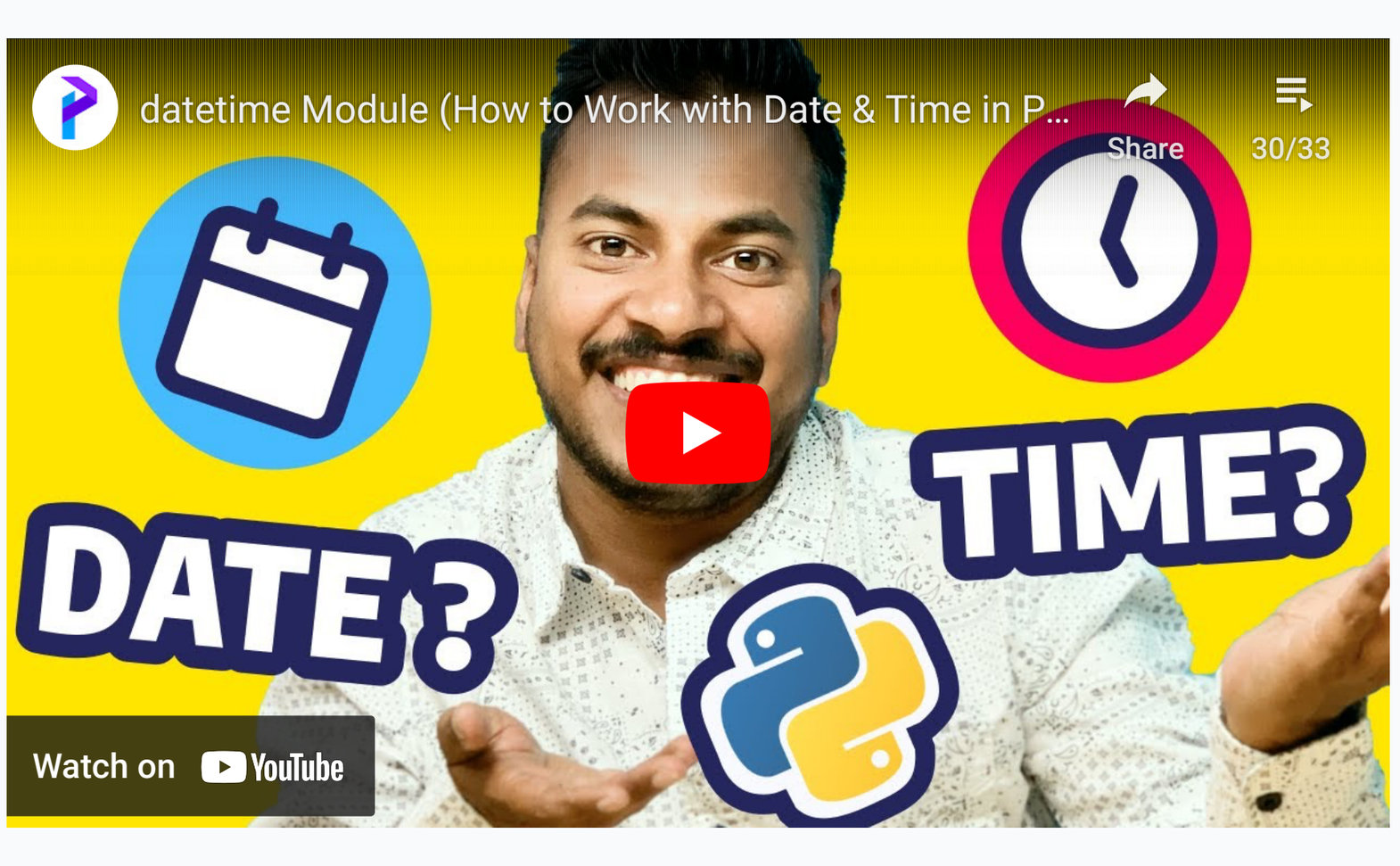
In this article, you will learn to convert date, time and datetime objects to its equivalent string (with the help of examples)

Video: Dates and Times in Python



The `strftime()` method returns a string representing date and time using date, time or datetime object.

Example 1: datetime to string using strftime()

The program below converts a `datetime` object containing current date and time to different string formats.

```
from datetime import datetime

now = datetime.now() # current date and time

year = now.strftime("%Y")
print("year:", year)

month = now.strftime("%m")
print("month:", month)

day = now.strftime("%d")
print("day:", day)

time = now.strftime("%H:%M:%S")
print("time:", time)

date_time = now.strftime("%m/%d/%Y, %H:%M:%S")
print("date and time:",date_time)
```

When you run the program, the output will something like be:

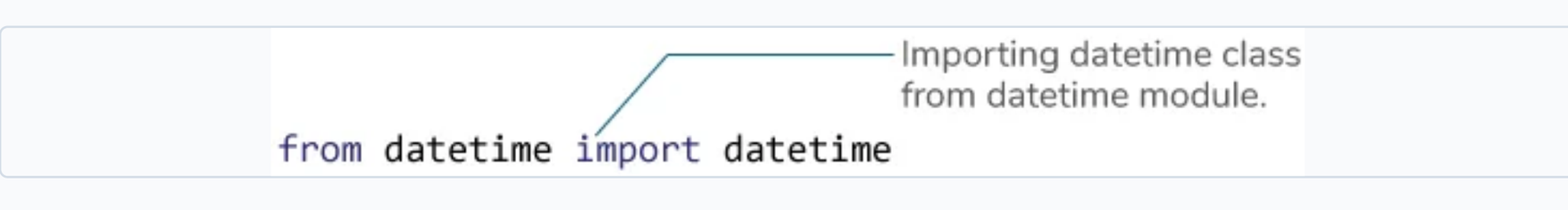
```
year: 2018
month: 12
day: 24
time: 04:59:31
date and time: 12/24/2018, 04:59:31
```

Here, `year`, `day`, `time` and `date_time` are strings, whereas `now` is a `datetime` object.

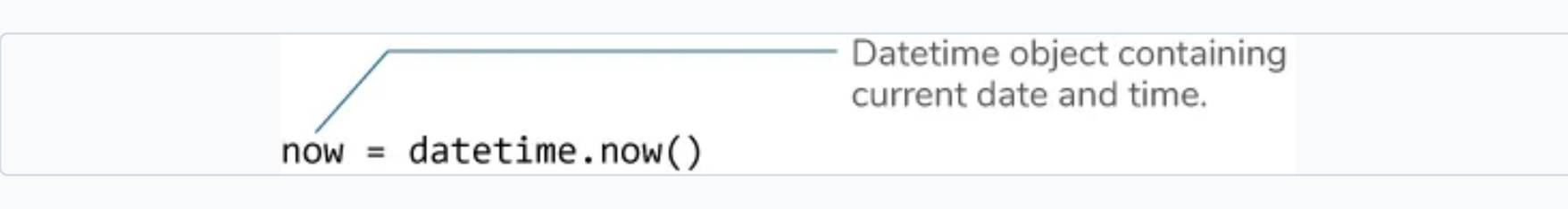
How strftime() works?

In the above program, `%Y`, `%m`, `%d` etc. are format codes. The `strftime()` method takes one or more format codes as an argument and returns a formatted string based on it.

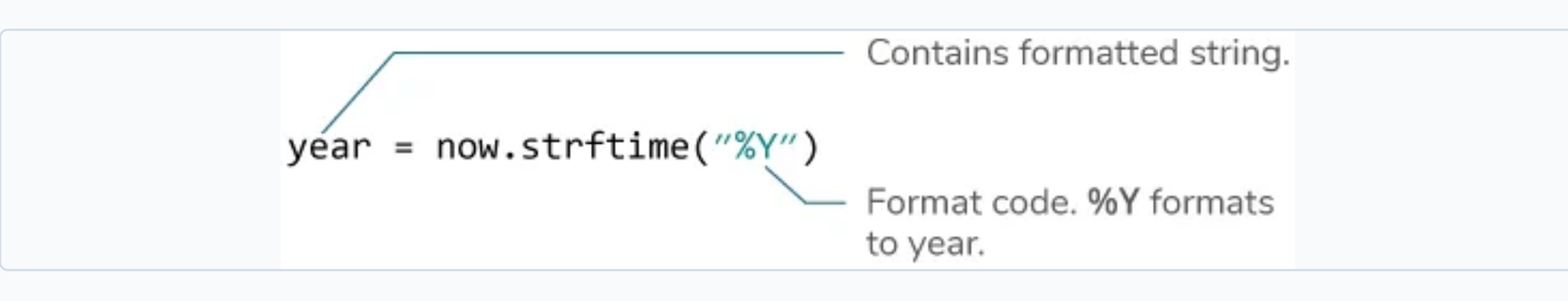
1. We imported `datetime` class from the `datetime` module. It's because the object of `datetime` class can access `strftime()` method.



2. The `datetime` object containing current date and time is stored in `now` variable.



3. The `strftime()` method can be used to create formatted strings.



4. The string you pass to the `strftime()` method may contain more than one format codes.

Example 2: Creating string from a timestamp

```
from datetime import datetime

timestamp = 1528797322
date_time = datetime.fromtimestamp(timestamp)

print("Date time object:", date_time)

d = date_time.strftime("%m/%d/%Y, %H:%M:%S")
print("Output 2:", d)

d = date_time.strftime("%d %b, %Y")
print("Output 3:", d)

d = date_time.strftime("%d %B, %Y")
print("Output 4:", d)

d = date_time.strftime("%I%p")
print("Output 5:", d)
```


When you run the program, the output will be:

```
Date time object: 2018-06-12 09:55:22
Output 2: 06/12/2018, 09:55:22
Output 3: 12 Jun, 2018
Output 4: 12 June, 2018
Output 5: 09AM
```

Format Code List

The table below shows all the codes that you can pass to the `strftime()` method.

Directive	Meaning	Example
`%a`	Abbreviated weekday name.	Sun, Mon, ...
`%A`	Full weekday name.	Sunday, Monday, ...
`%w`	Weekday as a decimal number.	0, 1, ..., 6
`%d`	Day of the month as a zero-padded decimal.	01, 02, ..., 31
`%-d`	Day of the month as a decimal number.	1, 2, ..., 30
`%b`	Abbreviated month name.	Jan, Feb, ..., Dec
`%B`	Full month name.	January, February, ...
`%m`	Month as a zero-padded decimal number.	01, 02, ..., 12
`%-m`	Month as a decimal number.	1, 2, ..., 12
`%y`	Year without century as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01, ..., 99
`%-y`	Year without century as a decimal number.	0, 1, ..., 99
`%Y`	Year with century as a decimal number.	2013, 2019 etc.
`%H`	Hour (24-hour clock) as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01, ..., 23
`%-H`	Hour (24-hour clock) as a decimal number.	0, 1, ..., 23
`%I`	Hour (12-hour clock) as a zero-padded decimal number.	01, 02, ..., 12
`%-I`	Hour (12-hour clock) as a decimal number.	1, 2, ... 12
`%p`	Locale’s AM or PM.	AM, PM
`%M`	Minute as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01, ..., 59
`%-M`	Minute as a decimal number.	0, 1, ..., 59
`%S`	Second as a zero-padded decimal number.	00, 01, ..., 59
`%-S`	Second as a decimal number.	0, 1, ..., 59
`%f`	Microsecond as a decimal number, zero-padded on the left.	000000 - 999999
`%z`	UTC offset in the form +HHMM or -HHMM.	
`%Z`	Time zone name.	
`%j`	Day of the year as a zero-padded decimal number.	001, 002, ..., 366
`%-j`	Day of the year as a decimal number.	1, 2, ..., 366
`%U`	Week number of the year (Sunday as the first day of the week). All days in a new year preceding the first Sunday are considered to be in week 0.	00, 01, ..., 53
`%W`	Week number of the year (Monday as the first day of the week). All days in a new year preceding the first Monday are considered to be in week 0.	00, 01, ..., 53
`%c`	Locale’s appropriate date and time representation.	Mon Sep 30 07:06:05 2013
`%x`	Locale’s appropriate date representation.	09/30/13
`%X`	Locale’s appropriate time representation.	07:06:05
`%%`	A literal '%' character.	%

Example 3: Locale's appropriate date and time

```
from datetime import datetime

timestamp = 1528797322
date_time = datetime.fromtimestamp(timestamp)

d = date_time.strftime("%c")
print("Output 1:", d)

d = date_time.strftime("%x")
print("Output 2:", d)

d = date_time.strftime("%X")
print("Output 3:", d)
```

When you run the program, the output will be:

```
Output 1: Tue Jun 12 09:55:22 2018
Output 2: 06/12/18
Output 3: 09:55:22
```

Format codes `%c`, `%x` and `%X` are used for locale's appropriate date and time representation.

We also recommend you to check Python strptime(). The `strptime()` method creates a `datetime` object from a string.

Previous Tutorial:
Python datetime Module

Next Tutorial:
Python datetime.strptime()

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