Directions: Use the information presented on pages 25 and 26 to answer questions 13 through 16.

### A.2.1.3

- **16.** The power switch is on. Which procedure will **best** determine the type of circuit that makes an electromagnet?
  - A Set switch 1 to S. Change switches 2 and 3 to every combination. Observe the motion of the metal weights.
  - B Set switch 1 to P. Change switches 2 and 3 to every combination. Observe the motion of the metal weights.
  - C Set switch 2 to a constant setting. Change switches 1 and 3 to every combination. Observe the motion of the metal weights.
  - D Set switches 2 and 3 to constant settings. Change switch 1 from P to S. Observe the motion of the metal weights. \*
  - A This procedure would not test both types of circuits.
  - B This procedure would not test both types of circuits.
  - C This procedure tests too many variables.
  - D Key: This procedure tests the type of circuits while holding other variables constant.

A.2.1.5, B.3.2.3

This is a Short Open-Ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points. Use the table below to answer question 14.

### **Plant Flowering Experiment**

		Number of Hours		Receives	Produces	
Species	Plant	In Light	In Dark	15 Minutes of Light during Dark Period?	Flowers?	
	1	14	10	no	yes	
Х	2	10	14	yes	yes	
	3	10	14	no	no	
	4	14	10	no	no	
Υ	5	14	10	yes	no	
	6	10	14	no	yes	

14. A gardener wanted two plant species in his house to flower at the same time. He read that light is one factor that can affect whether plants produce flowers. The gardener designed an experiment to determine the effect of light on his two plant species (X and Y). He placed three plants of each species in separate rooms. Each plant was exposed to periods of light and dark. Some plants received an additional 15 minutes of light at the same time during the dark period. The results of the gardener's experiment are shown in the table.

В.	Explain why 15 minutes of light helped one of the plants to produce flowers.

### SECOND OPEN-ENDED ITEM

### B.3.3.1

This is a short open-ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points.

11. The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska is over 19 million acres of land. Its unique habitat supports at least 45 species of land and marine animals, 36 species of fish, and 180 species of birds. Some people want to drill for oil in parts of the refuge. Scientists estimate that the total amount of recoverable oil in the refuge is between 5 and 16 billion barrels.

Part A:	Describe an environmental problem that could be caused by drilling for oil in Alaska.
Part B:	Describe a regional benefit of drilling for oil in Alaska.

## THIRD OPEN-ENDED ITEM

## A.2.2.3

This is a short open-ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points.

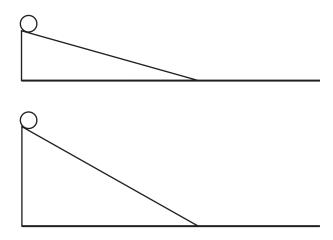
**12.** Answer parts A and B below about how a doctor uses microscopes.

Part A:	Describe one way microscopes are used to help doctors determine whether people are healthy.
	-
Part B:	Describe one way a doctor's job would be different if the doctor did <b>not</b> have a microscope as a tool for diagnosis.

### FIRST OPEN-ENDED ITEM

### A.2.1.2

Use the figures below to answer question 17.



17. An experiment is set up to investigate how different ramps affect a ball's speed.

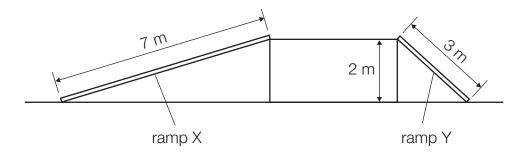
Part A:	Create a question that could be tested using these two ramps.
Part B:	State a hypothesis that could scientifically test the question.

Sampler Sequence	Scorepoint 2	Scorepoint 1	Scorepoint 0
17	50%	34%	16%

### **SECOND OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

### C.3.1.3

Use the diagram below to answer question 18.



**18.** A worker needs to move a box of heavy equipment from the ground to a platform 2 meters high. Rather than lift the box, the worker can use one of two ramps. Ramp X is 7 meters long and ramp Y is 3 meters long.

Part A:	Why would a worker us	se a ramp ra	ther than lift t	he box?		
Part B:	: Choose either ramp X (7 meters long) or ramp Y (3 meters long) and explain the benefits of using that ramp instead of the other ramp.					
		Sampler Sequence	Scorepoint 2	Scorepoint 1	Scorepoint 0	
		18	25%	39%	36%	

Directions: Use the information presented on pages 24 and 25 to answer questions 19 through 22.

## **Cloud Study**

As part of a school project, a student records the types of clouds observed in the sky near the student's home for five days. These data are shown in the table below.

## **Types of Clouds**

Day	Observations		
Monday	wispy clouds that curl in thin streams		
Tuesday	puffy clouds that are mostly small and move slowly through the sky		
Wednesday	a layer of light grayish cloud that covers the entire sky		
Thursday	thin, wispy clouds that curl in thin streams		
Friday	very tall, puffy gray clouds that move quickly across the sky		

Directions: Use the information presented on pages 24 and 25 to answer questions 19 through 22.

The student also decides to sketch the clouds observed. The sketches are shown in the table below.

## **Daily Cloud Sketches**

Monday	
Tuesday	
Wednesday	
Thursday	
Friday	

### **MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEMS**

Directions: Use the information presented on pages 24 and 25 to answer questions 19 through 22.

#### A.2.2.3

- 19. When the student's parent heard about the cloud project, the parent gave the student a barometer and explained that it can help the student make weather predictions. How can this instrument help the student make weather predictions?
  - A It measures pressure changes. \*
  - B It measures temperature changes.
  - C It measures cloud precipitation.
  - D It measures wind speed.
  - A Key: Barometers are used to measure air pressure, and changes in air pressure generally indicate changes in the weather.
  - B Temperature changes are measured using thermometers.
  - C Precipitation is measured using rain gauges.
  - D Wind speed is measured using an anemometer.

A	В	С	D
47%	14%	20%	20%

#### D.2.1.3

- **20.** According to the student's observations, on which days would precipitation **most likely** have occurred?
  - A Monday and Tuesday
  - B Monday and Thursday
  - C Wednesday and Thursday
  - D Wednesday and Friday \*
  - A The clouds on Monday are cirrus clouds followed by light cumulus clouds on Tuesday. Neither of these is likely to cause precipitation.
  - B Both Monday and Thursday are clear days with some cirrus clouds, so rain is not likely.
  - C Slow rains seem likely for Wednesday, but the cirrus clouds on Thursday would not cause noticeable precipitation.
  - D Key: Wednesday is likely to have slow rains, while Friday is likely to have thunderstorms.

A	В	С	D
6%	11%	9%	74%

Directions: Use the information presented on pages 24 and 25 to answer questions 19 through 22.

#### D.1.3.1

- **21.** Which physical process caused the clouds observed by the student to form from water vapor in the air?
  - A condensation \*
  - B distillation
  - C evaporation
  - D sublimation
  - A Key: Water vapor is invisible. Condensation is required for droplets to form that make up clouds.
  - B Distillation is a method used to separate mixtures of substances with different boiling points.
  - C Evaporation forms water vapor, which is an invisible gas.
  - D Sublimation is a process that causes a solid to change to a gaseous state without going through the liquid phase. If sublimation occurred within a cloud, it would become invisible water vapor.

A	В	С	D
42%	7%	45%	6%

#### A.2.2.2

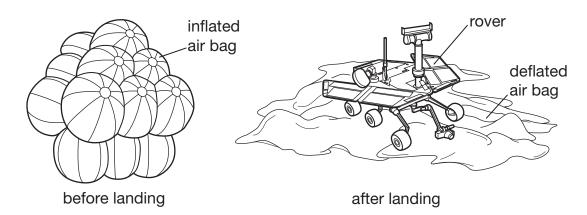
- 22. On a particular day, the student notices that the sky is filled with clouds of many different sizes. The student counts the number of big clouds, medium clouds, and little clouds, and records the number of each type. According to which quantity did the student organize the clouds?
  - A elevation
  - B water content
  - C temperature
  - D relative volume \*
  - A In order to organize the clouds, by elevation, the elevation above the land would have to be measured.
  - B The darkness of the clouds might indicate water content, but the darkness was not recorded.
  - C The temperature of the clouds would have to be recorded with some type of aerial probe in order to group the clouds by temperature.
  - D Key: Because the student recorded size, this is an indication of relative volume.

A	В	С	D
18%	24%	8%	49%

## **OPEN-ENDED QUESTIONS**

Use the diagram below to answer question 17.

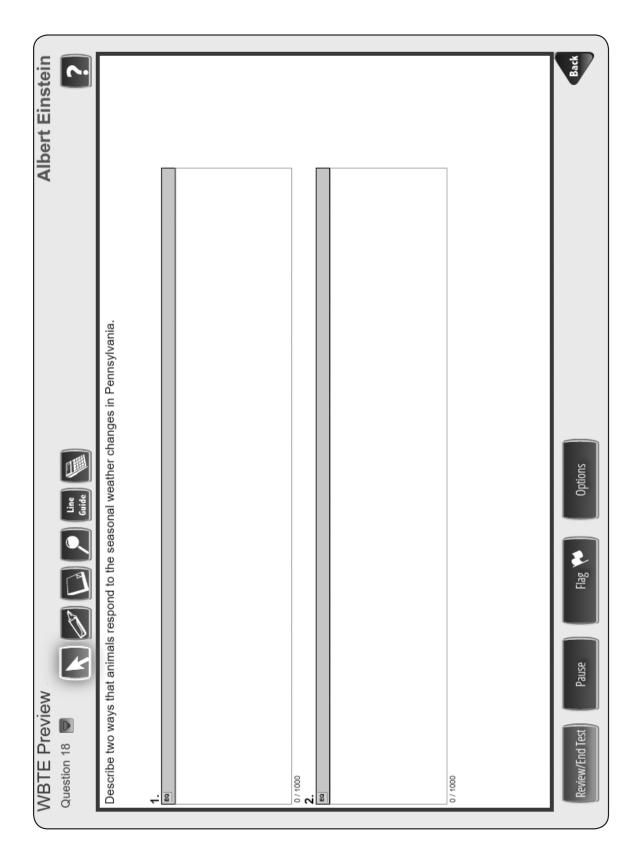
### **Mars Exploration Rover Landing System**



17. The landing system for the Mars Exploration Rover spacecraft used a system of air bags to protect its fragile rover during landing. Engineers first used a computer simulation to test the new air bag design; then they used crash tests with various types of vehicles.

Part A:	Describe one benefit of using a computer simulation to test the air bag design before conducting crash tests.

Part B:	Explain how crash tests help engineers test the air bag design.



### **PSSA SCIENCE GRADE 8**

### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

Use the food web below to answer question 17.

The title is Food Web. The labels on the food web from bottom to top, and left to right are: plants, rabbit, deer, and wolf. There is an upward pointing arrow from plants to rabbit and from plants to deer. There is an upward pointing arrow from rabbit to wolf, and from deer to wolf.

- **17.** A student drew a basic food web of a forest ecosystem.
  - **Part A.** Describe what the arrows represent in the food web.
  - **Part B.** Explain why the ecosystem supports fewer wolves than deer.

## **PSSA SCIENCE GRADE 8**

### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

**18.** Antibiotics and vaccinations are used by many people around the world to treat and prevent illnesses.

Describe a possible positive effect and a possible negative effect of the widespread use of antibiotics or vaccinations.

**Positive Effect:** 

**Negative Effect:** 

### **PSSA SCIENCE GRADE 8**

#### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

17. Meteor Crater is a rimmed, bowl-shaped feature that lies in the desert of northern Arizona. The crater measures 1,200 meters (m) in diameter, with the crater floor lying 180 m beneath the rim. The rim rises about 60 m above the surrounding desert. In the early twentieth century, most scientists theorized that the crater formed as a result of volcanic activity (volcanism theory). However, Daniel Barringer proposed that a powerful meteor impact formed the crater (impact theory).

Part A: Explain why the impact theory is classified as a theory rather than an opinion.

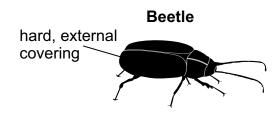
Part B: Barringer's impact theory was eventually accepted by a majority of scientists. Describe what is needed for a new theory to become widely accepted by the scientific community.

AFTER YOU HAVE CHECKED YOUR WORK, CLOSE YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET AND TEST BOOKLET SO YOUR TEACHER WILL KNOW YOU ARE FINISHED.



### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

18. Use the drawing below to answer the question.



Beetles have a hard, external covering on their bodies.

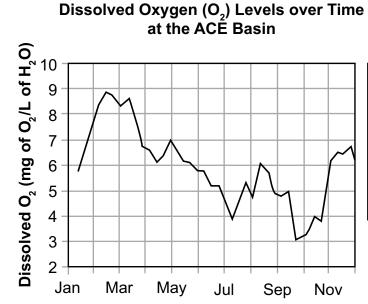
Part A: Describe one function of the hard, external covering on the beetle.
Part B: Identify a human body structure and describe how its function is similar to the hard, external covering of a beetle.
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AFTER YOU HAVE CHECKED YOUR WORK, CLOSE YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET AND TEST BOOKLET SO YOUR TEACHER WILL KNOW YOU ARE FINISHED.



### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

17. Use the information below to answer the question.



**Month** 

Dissolved Oxygen (O<sub>2</sub>) Requirements for Some Organisms

<u> </u>		
Organism	Minimum Dissolved O <sub>2</sub> Requirement (mg/L)	
bass	5	
hake	4	
crab	3	
shark	2	
halibut	1	

Scientists measured dissolved oxygen levels at the Ashepoo, Combahee, and Edisto (ACE) Basin National Estuarine Research Reserve.

**Part A:** Based on the data shown in the graph and the data table, predict which organism(s) would likely survive year-round in the ACE Basin.

**Part B:** Describe a possible reason for the changes in dissolved oxygen levels observed in the ACE Basin throughout the year.

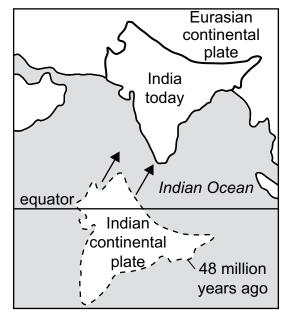
AFTER YOU HAVE CHECKED YOUR WORK, CLOSE YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET AND TEST BOOKLET SO YOUR TEACHER WILL KNOW YOU ARE FINISHED.

STOP

### **OPEN-ENDED ITEM**

### 18. Use the diagram below to answer the question.

#### **Movement of the Indian Continental Plate**



The diagram illustrates the movement of the Indian continental plate and its eventual collision with the Eurasian continental plate.

**Part A:** Describe the natural process that moved the Indian continental plate from its location 48 million years ago to its current location.

**Part B:** Describe the results of the collision between the Indian continental plate and the Eurasian continental plate.

AFTER YOU HAVE CHECKED YOUR WORK, CLOSE YOUR ANSWER BOOKLET AND TEST BOOKLET SO YOUR TEACHER WILL KNOW YOU ARE FINISHED.

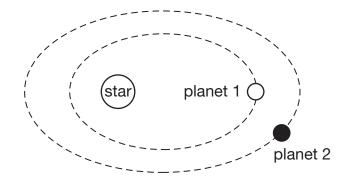
STOP

## FIRST OPEN-ENDED ITEM

### D.3.1.2

This is a short open-ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points.

Use the diagram and table below to answer question 10.



**Mass Comparison** 

Object	Mass (kg)
planet 1	6.0 x 10 <sup>24</sup>
planet 2	6.5 x 10 <sup>23</sup>
star	2.0 x 10 <sup>30</sup>

**10.** Answer parts A and B below about the movements of the objects in this star system.

Part A:	How is the movement of planet 1 in this star system influenced by the other two objects in this star system?
Star:	
Planet 2	:
Part B:	Which part of this star system has the greatest influence on movement of objects within the star system? Explain your answer.

### SECOND OPEN-ENDED ITEM

#### B.3.3.1

This is a short open-ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points.

11. The Arctic National Wildlife Refuge in Alaska is over 19 million acres of land. Its unique habitat supports at least 45 species of land and marine animals, 36 species of fish, and 180 species of birds. Some people want to drill for oil in parts of the refuge. Scientists estimate that the total amount of recoverable oil in the refuge is between 5 and 16 billion barrels.

Part A:	Describe an environmental problem that could be caused by drilling for oil in Alaska.
Part B:	Describe a regional benefit of drilling for oil in Alaska.

## THIRD OPEN-ENDED ITEM

## A.2.2.3

This is a short open-ended (SOE) question. It is worth two points.

**12.** Answer parts A and B below about how a doctor uses microscopes.

Part A:	Describe one way microscopes are used to help doctors determine whether p1eople are healthy.
-	
Part B:	Describe one way a doctor's job would be different if the doctor did <b>not</b> have a microscope as a tool for diagnosis.
	a interoscope as a toor for anagrosis.
-	
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